Applus⊕ laboratories

ilac-MRA **ENAC**
E N S A Y O S
Nº 9 / LE766

Bellaterra:	13th of May, 2019
Report Number:	19/19432-678
Client Reference:	**ECLER ACOUSTICS - NEEC AUDIO BARCELONA, S.L.**
	C/ Motors 166-168
	08038 Barcelona (Spain)

TEST REPORT

Requested test: Measurement of the sound absorption in a reverberation room, in accordance with the standard UNE-EN ISO 354:2004, of panels reference ***Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)***, 950 mm diameter and 40 mm thickness, 500 mm spaced.

Date of test: 8th of April, 2019

Test carried out by: Xavier Roviralta (Acoustics Laboratory – LGAI Technological Center)

Xavier Roviralta
Technical Manager of Acoustics
LGAI Technological Center S.A. (APPLUS)

1.- SCOPE OF THE TEST

Measurement of the sound absorption, in accordance with the standard UNE-EN ISO 354:2004, of panels reference **Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)**, 950 mm diameter and 40 mm thickness, 500 mm spaced.

2.- MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The equipment used in the test is the following:

- Spectrum analyser id. no.: 170701 (Bruel&Kjaer mod. Pulse LAN-XI)
- Microphone calibrator id. no.: 103032 (Bruel&Kjaer mod. 4231)
- Microphones id. no.: 103128, 103131, 170093 (Bruel&Kjaer mod. 4943), 170375 (G.R.A.S. mod 40AR)
- Sound sources id. no.: 103098 (AVM mod. DO12) and 103124 (CESVA mod. BP012)
- Noise generator id. no.: 103195 (Bruel&Kjaer mod. 1049)
- Power amplifier id. no.: 103097 (INTER mod. M700)
- Graphic equalizer id. no.: 170092 (INTER mod. EQ-9231)
- Thermo-hygrometer and barometer id. no.: 170680 (PCE mod. THB-40)
- Tape measurer id. no.: 103095 (Stanley mod. Powerlock)

3.- TEST PROCEDURE
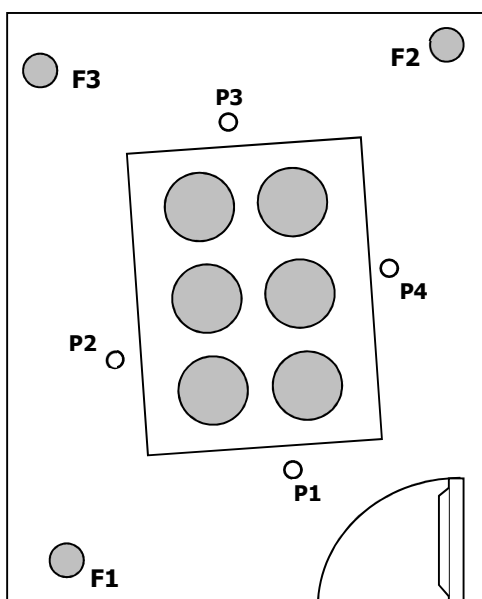
Schematic sketch of test arrengement

The test is carried out in accordance with the standard UNE-EN ISO 354:2004, 'Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room'; reverberation times of the room with and without test specimen are compared. The evaluation and rating is done in accordance with the standard UNE-EN ISO 11654:1998.

Around the room 4 microphones positions (P1 to P4, in figure) and 3 sound sources (F1, F2 and F3) positions are defined. Measurements are carried out exciting the room with pink or white noise and calculated from the measured reverberation times as specified in part 4.3.

4.- DEFINITIONS AND CLASSIFICATION

4.1. Reverberation time. Time, in seconds, that would be required for the sound pressure level to decrease by 60 dB after the sound source has stopped.

4.2. Equivalent sound absorption area of a room. Hypothetical area of a totally absorbing surface without diffraction effects which, if it were the only absorbing element in the room, would give the same reverberation time as the room under consideration.

4.3. Equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen. Difference between the equivalent sound absorption area of the reverberation room with and without the test specimen. To calculate this parameter the average reverberation time in the reverberation room is measured with and without the test specimen. From these reverberation times the equivalent sound absorption area, A_T, shall be calculated using the Sabine formula:

$$A_T = A_2 - A_1 = 55.3V \left(\frac{1}{c_2 T_2} - \frac{1}{c_1 T_1} \right) - 4V (m_2 - m_1)$$

where:

- c_1 and c_2 are the propagation speed of sound in air temperatures t_1 and t_2;
- V is the volume, in cubic metres, of the empty reverberation room;
- T_1 is the reverberation time, in seconds, of the empty reverberation room;
- T_2 is the reverberation time, in seconds, of the empty reverberation room after the test specimen has been introduced;
- m_1 and m_2 are the power attenuation coefficients, in reciprocal metres, of the empty reverberation room and with the test specimen, respectively. The value of m is calculated according to the International Standard ISO 9613-1 using the climatic conditions that have been present during the measurement.

The value of m can be calculated from the attenuation coefficient, α, which is used in International Standard ISO 9613-1 according to the formula:

$$m = \frac{\alpha}{10 \ \log \ (e)}$$

4.4. Sound Absorption Coefficient. The sound absorption coefficient, α_s, of a plane absorber (or an array of identical objects), shall be calculated using the formula:

$$\alpha_S = \frac{A_T}{S}$$

where:

- A_T is the equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen, in square meters;

- S is the area, in square meters, of the test specimen.

For discrete absorbers, the result should be expressed as equivalent sound absorption area per object, which is determined by dividing A_T by the number of objects tested, n:

$$A_{obj} = \frac{A_T}{n}$$

4.5. Practical sound absorption coefficient, α_p. Value of sound absorption coefficient depending of frequency, based upon measurements of sound absorption according standard ISO 354, and calculated using the formula:

$$\alpha_{pi} = \frac{\alpha_{i1} + \alpha_{i2} + \alpha_{i3}}{3}$$

where:

- α_{pi} is the practical sound absorption coefficient for the ith octave band;

- α_{i1}, α_{i2} and α_{i3}, are the sound absorption coefficients of the corresponding third-octave band within the ith octave band.

Values are given with 2 decimal and rounded in steps of 0,05 until a maximum value of $\alpha_{pi} = 1.00$ in case of rounded average values > 1.00.

4.6. Weighted sound absorption coefficient, α_w. Single-number defined as the value of the reference curve, at the frequency of 500 Hz, after shifting it according to the method laid down.

To evaluate the results of a measurement, the reference curve is shifted in steps of 0.05 towards the curve of practical sound absorption, α_p, until the sum of the unfavourable deviations is as large as possible but no more than 0.10. An unfavourable deviation at a particular frequency occurs when the result of measurement is less than the reference curve. The set of reference values used for comparison with measurement results (reference curve) is specified in the table below:

Frequency (Hz)	Reference curve value
250	0,80
500	1,00
1000	1,00
2000	1,00
4000	0,90
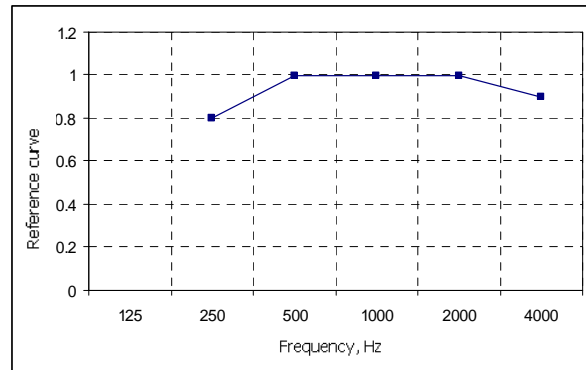
4.7. Shape indicators, L. M. H. If a practical sound absorption coefficient, α_{pi}, exceeds the shifted reference curve value on 0.25 or more, a shape indicator will be added.

When excess happens at 250 Hz, indicator L is used. For 500 and 1000 Hz octave bands, indicator M is used. For 2000 Hz and 4000 Hz octave bands, indicator H is used.

4.8. Absorption Classes. Absorption classes A to E are another classification method described in the International Standard ISO 11654 and it is used in wide band applications. The single-number, α_w, is compared with values given in the table below:

Absorption class	α_w
A	0,90; 0,95; 1,00
B	0,80; 0,85
C	0,60; 0,65; 0,70; 0,75
D	0,30; 0,35; 0,40; 0,45; 0,50; 0,55
E	0,15; 0,20; 0,25
Not classified	0,00; 0,05; 0,10

5.- UNCERTAINTY OF TEST

The uncertainty associated to the test has been calculated and is available to the petitioner. The expanded uncertainty has been calculated as the typical measurement uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

In the weighted sound absorption coefficient, α_w, the calculated expanded uncertainty is $U(\alpha_w)$= ±0,058. For classification purposes consider $U(\alpha_w)$= ±0,10.

6.- TEST ELEMENT DESCRIPTION

The main characteristics of the test element are listed below (references are provided by the test petitioner). LGAI Technological Center, S.A. is not responsible for the documentation and/or information provided for the petitioner

Type of test specimen	Sound absorbing panels
Model / Reference (*)	**_Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)_**
Supplied by	ECLER ACOUSTICS - NEEC AUDIO BARCELONA, S.L
Date received	1st of April, 2019
Test specimen area, _S_	12,62 m^2 – 2,90 x 4,35 m
Test specimen height	40 mm
Test specimen composition (*)	Panels reference **_Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)_**.
	Nominal dimensions: 950 mm diameter
	Nominal thickness: 40 ±3 mm
	Nominal density: 40 kg/m^3
	Materials: made from 100 % polyester fibres, where 65% are recycled from fibre coming from PET-bottles.
	Exposed face of panel is painted
Test arrangement	Test specimen installed on the reverberation room floor. Test specimen mounting Type A mounting according to UNE-EN ISO 354:2004 Annex B.
	Test specimen composed of 6 panels in a 2x3 grid (specific array of objects), spaced 500 mm. Panels placed directly against the room floor. _See Figure 1._
Perimeter frame	Wooden battens, 20x40 mm (width x height). 250 mm gap from panels. _See Figure 1._
Test element assembling (carried out by/date)	Applus Laboratories-LGAI TC / 8th of April, 2019

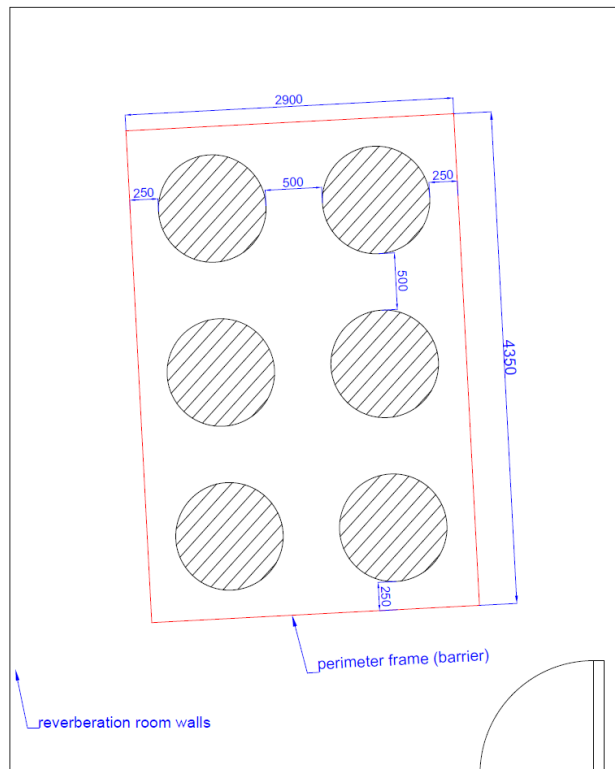_(*) Data provided by the test petitioner_
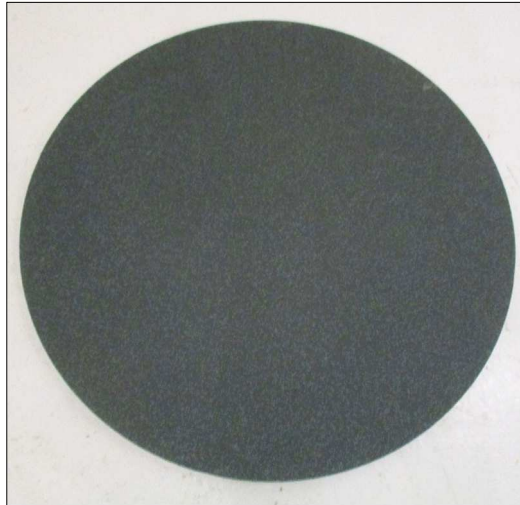
Images 1 to 3 *Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)*
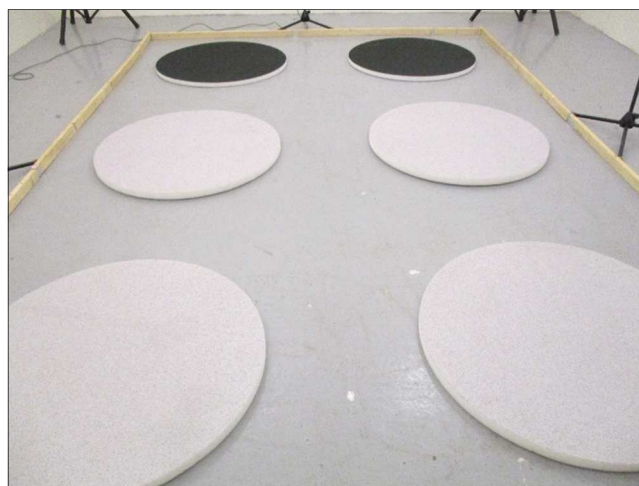
Image 4 Test specimen installation into the reverberation room

Image 5 Test specimen ready for the test

Figure 1. Test specimen and perimeter frame, installation on the reverberation room (mm)

7.- TEST CONDITIONS

Reverberation room characteristics			
Shape:	Parallelepiped	Total surface area (S_t):	238,1 m²
Dimensions:	7,835 × 4,956 × 6,271 m	Number of diffusers:	14
Volume (V):	243,5 m³	Dimensions of diffuser:	1,5 m²

Environmental conditions of reverberation room		
Room state:	Empty	With test specimen
Temperature:	19,6 ºC	19,5 ºC
Humidity:	47,5 %	48,5 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	994,8 hPa	995,6 hPa

8.- REVERBERATION TIMES AND EQUIVALENT SOUND ABSORPTION AREA

In the following table the reverberation time values of the test room without and with the test element are given, as well as the calculated equivalent sound absorption areas.

Frequency (Hz)	Reverberation time of the empty room, T_1 (s)	Reverberation time of the room with the test specimen, T_2 (s)	Equivalent sound absorption area, A_T (m²)
100	16,87	12,00	0,9
125	12,68	9,99	0,8
160	10,82	7,98	1,3
200	11,47	7,41	1,9
250	11,86	7,51	1,9
315	10,94	6,42	2,5
400	10,29	5,60	3,2
500	10,06	5,17	3,7
630	9,80	4,87	4,1
800	9,54	4,51	4,6
1000	8,97	4,23	4,9
1250	7,85	3,79	5,4
1600	6,85	3,48	5,6
2000	5,80	3,19	5,5
2500	4,85	2,89	5,5
3150	3,98	2,58	5,4
4000	2,93	2,12	5,2
5000	2,24	1,73	5,3

9.- RESULTS

The test results are listed below, corresponding to two considerations about the test specimen:

- Section 9.1.: **Sound absorption coefficient, α_{s},** for the specific set up of panels, considering as test specimen area, S, the area covered by this specified array of objects

- Section 9.2.: **Equivalent sound absorption area per object, A_{obj},** for each of the panels composing the test specimen

9.1. RESULTS – Sound absorption coefficient, α_s

Measurement of sound absorption according to UNE-EN ISO 354:2004

ECLER ACOUSTICS - NEEC AUDIO BARCELONA, S.L.

Test specimen:

Panels reference *Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)*, 950 mm diameter and 40 mm thickness, 500 mm spaced
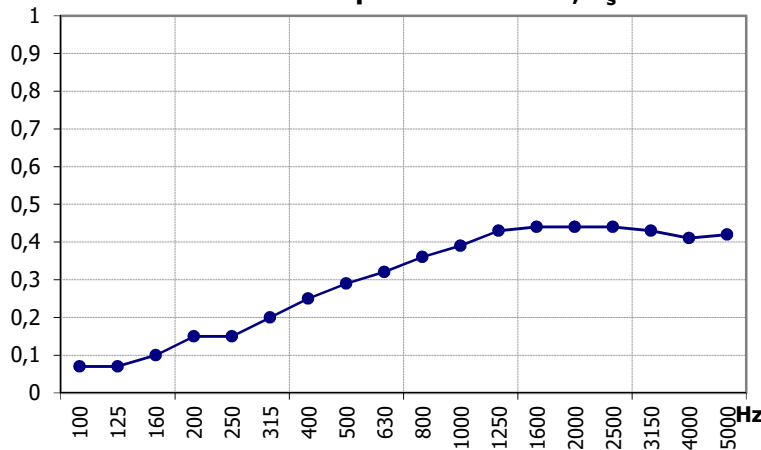
Test specimen area, S: 12,62 m² – 2,90 x 4,35 m
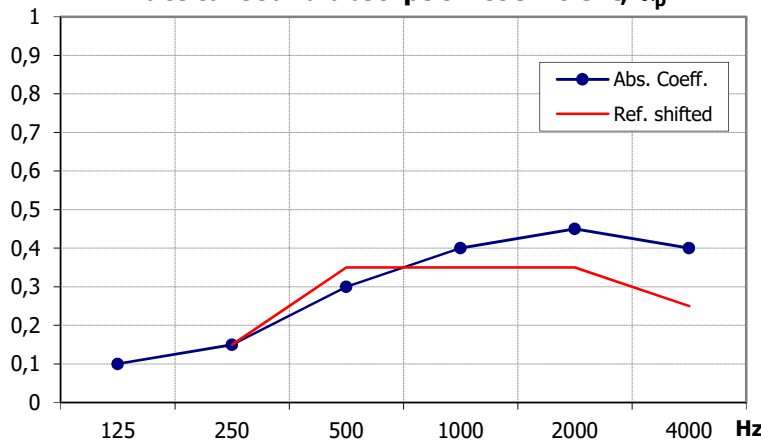
Date of test: 8th of April, 2019

Sound absorption coefficient, α_s

Freq. (Hz)	α_s
100	0,07
125	0,07
160	0,10
200	0,15
250	0,15
315	0,20
400	0,25
500	0,29
630	0,32
800	0,36
1000	0,39
1250	0,43
1600	0,44
2000	0,44
2500	0,44
3150	0,43
4000	0,41
5000	0,42

Practical sound absorption coefficient, α_p

Freq. (Hz)	α_p
125	0,10
250	0,15
500	0,30
1000	0,40
2000	0,45
4000	0,40

Sound absorption coefficient, α_s

Practical sound absorption coefficient, α_p

- Abs. Coeff.
- Ref. shifted

Weighted sound absorption coefficient (EN ISO 11654)
α_w = 0,35
It is highly recommended to use the single number "weighted sound absorption coefficient" (α_w) together with frequency-dependent values of sound absorption coefficient.

Absorption classes according to α_w (EN ISO 11654)
A (>0,85)
B (0,80 to 0,85)
C (0,60 to 0,75)
D (0,30 to 0,55)
E (0,15 to 0,25)
Not classified (<0,15)

The results reported in this document relate only to the sample, product or item delivered to LGAI Technological Center the appointed day having been tested under the conditions established in this document.

9.2. RESULTS – Equivalent sound absorption area per object, A_{obj}

Measurement of sound absorption according to UNE-EN ISO 354:2004

ECLER ACOUSTICS - NEEC AUDIO BARCELONA, S.L.

Test specimen:

Panels reference *Acoustic panels LEA (Lightweight Ecological Absorbent)*, 950 mm diameter and 40 mm thickness, 500 mm spaced.

Test specimen area, S (area of specified array of objects): 12,62 m^2 – 2,90 x 4,35 m
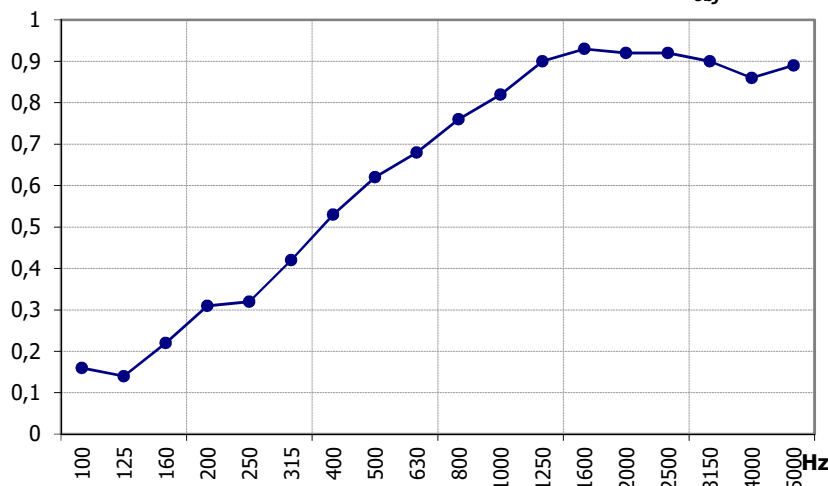
Number of objects: 6

Date of test: 8th of April, 2019

Equivalent sound absorption area per object, A_{obj}

Freq. (Hz)	α_s
100	0,16
125	0,14
160	0,22
200	0,31
250	0,32
315	0,42
400	0,53
500	0,62
630	0,68
800	0,76
1000	0,82
1250	0,90
1600	0,93
2000	0,92
2500	0,92
3150	0,90
4000	0,86
5000	0,89

Equivalent sound absorption area per object, A_{obj}