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EclerNet Manager

SOFTWARE EclerNet Software Application



USER MANUAL



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION4	
1.1 Release Notes	T.O.C.
2. MENUS AND TOOLBAR	
2.1 File Menu	REL INT
2.2 Edit Menu	INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES
2.3 View Menu	NOTE
2.4 Help Menu	ω <u>~</u>
2.5 The Toolbar	7 7
3. APPLICATION WINDOWS	MENUS & TOOLBAR
3.1 Available windows	R V
3.2 Device Groups Display Windows14	¥,
3.3 Channel Groups Display Windows15	APP
3.4 Graphic/Table Display Modes	
4. CONTEXT MENU: RIGHT MOUSE BUTTON 21	CONTEXT MENU
4.1 Device Context Menu	
4.1 Device context Menu	一一一一一
4.1 Device Context Menu	
4.2 Channel Context Menu	
4.2 Channel Context Menu	EclerNet PROJECT
 4.2 Channel Context Menu	PROJECT
4.2 Channel Context Menu.234.3 Device Group Context Menu.244.4 Channel Group Context Menu255. EclerNet PROJECT.26	PROJECT
4.2 Channel Context Menu.234.3 Device Group Context Menu.244.4 Channel Group Context Menu255. EclerNet PROJECT.265.1 Creating an EclerNet Project27	PROJECT
4.2 Channel Context Menu.234.3 Device Group Context Menu.244.4 Channel Group Context Menu255. EclerNet PROJECT.265.1 Creating an EclerNet Project275.1.1 Opening of a New File27	PROJECT
4.2 Channel Context Menu.234.3 Device Group Context Menu.244.4 Channel Group Context Menu255. EclerNet PROJECT.265.1 Creating an EclerNet Project275.1.1 Opening of a New File275.1.2 Insertion of New Devices in the Project27	PROJECT DEVICES
4.2 Channel Context Menu	PROJECT DEVICES
4.2 Channel Context Menu.234.3 Device Group Context Menu.244.4 Channel Group Context Menu255. EclerNet PROJECT.265.1 Creating an EclerNet Project275.1.1 Opening of a New File.275.1.2 Insertion of New Devices in the Project.275.1.3 Factory Preset Network Settings295.1.4 Creating a Device Group.29	PROJECT DEVICES
4.2 Channel Context Menu	PROJECT
4.2 Channel Context Menu.234.3 Device Group Context Menu.244.4 Channel Group Context Menu255. EclerNet PROJECT.265.1 Creating an EclerNet Project275.1.1 Opening of a New File.275.1.2 Insertion of New Devices in the Project.275.1.3 Factory Preset Network Settings295.1.4 Creating a Device Group.295.1.5 Creating a Channel Group325.1.6 Identification of Networked Devices35	PROJECT DEVICES

decler

	5.3.1	Reduced View	42	
	5.3.2	Detailed View	44	
	5.3.3	Types of Control	50	
	5.3.4	Table of Status Monitoring and Alarm Icons	52	
6.	COMPATI	BLE DEVICES	55	T.O.C.
	6.1 Ampli	ïers / Digital Audio Managers	56	. <u>.</u>
	6.1.1	NPA and NZA Amplifiers Series	56	
	6.1.2	NXA Series, Self-Powered Digital Audio Manager	70	INTF RELE
	6.2 MIMO	Series Digital Matrixes	92	INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES
	6.2.1	MIMO88 Digital Matrix	92	
	6.2.2	MIMO88 CONFERENCE Digital Matrix	189	σ Z
	6.2.3	MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG Matrixes	203	
	6.2.4	MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN Dante™ Matrixes	205	MENUS & TOOLBAR
	6.2.5	MIMO40C40DN, Dante™ Matrix for Conference with AEC	238	US BAR
	6.3 Audio	Players	261	
	6.3.1	DUO-NET PLAYER	261	
	6.4 Dante	™ Protocol Compatible Devices	294	APP WINDOWS
	6.4.1	DN44BOB	294	
	6.5 Video	Over IP Extenders and Matrixes	306	CONTEXT MENU
	6.5.1	VEO-XTI2L and VEO-XRI2L	306	AT ME
	6.6 WPNE	TTOUCH Device	315	Ž C
	6.6.1	Introduction	315	
		Local Configuration of the Unit		EclerNet PROJECT
	6.6.3	Connection to a UCP Server ("Connect to" Menu)	323	Net ECT
	6.6.4	Unit Configuration from EclerNet Manager	325	
	6.6.5	WPNETTOUCH as a UCP Server	327	_ 8
7.	USER CON	ITROL PANELS (U.C.P.)	329	COMPATIBLE DEVICES
	7.1 Introd	ıction	329	TIBLE
	7.2 Creati	ng UCPs	330	
	7.3 Functi	ons Assignment in the UCP	341	USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)
	7.4 Manag	ement of UCP from Remote Devices	350	JSER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)
	7.5 EclerN	et Manager "hIDDEN" Mode and Direct Access to Projects and UCPs	353	:Р)
	7.6 Error N	lessage from the Web Server Service	357	L
	7.7 Creati	ng a Customized Button for User Control Panels (UCP)	358	

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Thank you for your confidence in our products!

It is **VERY IMPORTANT** to carefully read this manual and to fully understand its contents to maximize and get the best performance from this Software.

Latest version of the application is always available on our website <u>www.ecler.com</u>

1. INTRODUCTION

EclerNet Manager is the software application that lets users build a digital audio system, including hardware devices from the following product families: NXA Powered digital audio managers, MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG digital matrixes, MIMO4040DN / MIMO4040CDN and MIMO7272DN Dante[™] matrixes, DUO-NET PLAYER, PAGENETDN Dante[™] paging console, DN44BOB Dante[™] audio interface, WPNET4KV, WPNET8K and WPNETEX digital control wall panels, and WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN screen control interfaces.

Using this software, it's possible to identify every device connected to the network and configure it, together with the digital accessories that can be connected to it, like the WPTOUCH / WPNET digital wall panels and the MPAGE16 / eMPAGE digital paging stations.

Once the project file that stores this configuration is created and stored, the EclerNet Manager application can also include UCPs (User Control Panels), which are graphical control screens, customised for the needs of each remote user.

The EclerNet Manager software (running a project in a computer, a WPNETTOUCH, a WPmSCREEN, a PAGENETDN or a MIMO4040DN / MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN unit) includes a webserver allowing the remote-control devices (WPNETTOUCH, PAGENETDN, WPmSCREEN, Windows® OS computers and tablets, Android® OS tablets and smartphones, iPhones®, iPads®, etc.) become web clients, recalling and managing those UCPs for an end user graphical, custom and friendly control experience.

PROJECT



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

1.1 RELEASE NOTES

The current version of EclerNet Manager, at the time of writing this document (v6.01r4), includes many improvements and modifications to make EclerNet platform more solid and reliable, as well as these new features:

- Project & UCP web server supporting HTML5 format, as Adobe Flash support was discontinued in most web browsers in January 2021
- MIMO4040DN CONFERENCE / MIMO4040CDN version support, including Acoustic Echo Cancelling feature (AEC)
- Support for the new MIMO7272DN device (8x8 analog inputs / outputs + 64x64 Dante input / output ports)
- New flexible audio Inputs / Outputs routing for the MIMO4040DN and MIMO4040DN CONFERENCE (MIMO4040CDN) and MIMO7272DN matrixes, based on Input and Output Ports
- New tooltips system for inputs and outputs routing information in the MIMO4040DN, MIMO4040CDN and MIMO7272DN matrixes
- Virtual controls management from TP-NET protocol for all MIMO matrixes
- Several UCP buttons can be stacked graphically on the screen, to allow for a batch of actions with a single click on the upper (visible) button
- Digital events can be triggered by automatic audio signal detection, using a DUCKER module as a trigger option in them (now available for MIMO4040DN, MIMO4040CDN and MIMO7272DN so far, and for the rest of MIMO models in the near future)
- UCP panel page scrolling methods can be completely disabled, to create a closed or guided panels' browsing structure, just using PAGE LINK buttons (jumps among UCP pages inside a panel)
- Secure mode included in UCPs, to activate the bottom HOME bar
- New EXTERNAL (or generic) kind of device can be added in an ENM project: it allows to create standard UCP panels that employ NET String buttons to control the EXTERNAL device, an entity that just has an IP address as its property in the project. Just changing this IP address is enough to make the panel valid to control any real external (not EclerNet native) HW device.

We encourage you to read this manual and to watch the video tutorials available at our YouTube channel for a complete training concerning the software application and hardware devices it can manage, as well as for full knowledge about EclerNet systems configuration and control.

For more information:

- Hardware / software User Manuals and software / firmware versions
- <u>EclerNet Manager YouTube channel</u>



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE

DEVICES

2. MENUS AND TOOLBAR

Following menus are available in the upper bar of the application window (matching keyboard shortcuts are given inside brackets):

2.1 FILE MENU

- New (ctrl + N): opens a new Project.
- *Open* (ctrl + O): opens a Project stored on a local hard disk or other data storage unit.
- *Save* (ctrl + S): saves the current Project on a local hard disk or other data storage unit.
- *Save As*: a dialog box lets you save the current Project with a different name and/or location.
- *Recent Projects*: displays a list of recently opened Projects and allows you to directly open one of them.
- *Exit*: closes the program.

🙄 E	clerNe	t Mana	ger – N
File	Edit	View	Help
Ne	w		ctrl + N
O	pen		ctrl + O
Save			ctrl + S
Save As			
Recent Projects >			•
Exit			

2.2 EDIT MENU

- *Add Device*: adds a new device to the current Project. *Parameters:*
 - *Device Type*: selects in a list of compatible EclerNet device types the one to add.
 - *Device Name*: allows the new device to be named.
- *Add Multiple Devices*: adds several new devices to the current Project.

Parameters:

- *Device Type*: selects in a list of compatible EclerNet device types the one to add.
- *Number*: number of devices to add.
- *Add Device Group*: opens a dialog box to create a new device group in the current Project.

Parameters:

• *Group Name*: allows the new device group to be named.

You can create a group within a group (see section: EclerNet **PROJECT**)

Edit	View H	elp
Ad	d Device	
Ad	d Multiple	Devices
Ad	d Device G	roup
Ad	d Channel	Group
De	lete	delete
Re	move from	Group

Project Settings... Preferences... • *Add Channel Group*: opens a dialog box to create a new channel group in the current Project.

Parameters:

• Group Name: allows the new channel group to be named.

You can create a group within a group (see section: <u>EclerNet</u> <u>PROJECT</u>)

- *Delete* (Delete key): allows a device, channel, device group or channel group to be deleted from the Project. In order to remove a component, select it first (by mouse or keyboard) in any application view.
- *Remove from Group*: allows a device to be removed from a device group or a channel to be removed from a channel group. In order to remove a component, select it first (by mouse or keyboard) in any application view.
- *Project Users*: opens the configuration window for users and passwords (also accessible by clicking on the *Users* button in the toolbar).



From this window you can create new generic users, delete or rename any existing ones and change passwords for them and for the two default user profiles: Administrator and Advanced User, which are blank by default. If passwords are assigned to one or another user in a project, when trying to perform certain operations a password is requested in order to be identified as Administrator or Advanced User. Thus, the project remains protected from any structural changes or operations made by users without such privileges that could jeopardize the normal operation of the system.

7

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	Administrator	Advanced User	Generic User
Auto-Lock	YES	YES	NO
Lock	YES	YES	NO
Design	YES	NO	NO
Save	YES	NO	NO
Save as	YES	NO	NO
New	YES	NO	NO
Load	YES	YES	NO
Exit	YES	YES	NO

The following table summarizes the privileges of the three possible user profiles:

As indicated, the Administrator has the highest rank in the privilege hierarchy, followed by the Advanced User and generic users. All actions that may involve structural changes in a project are enabled in DESIGN mode only, accessible to an Administrator only (add, delete or rename devices, drag devices "online" in a project, save the project, open a new project, save "presets", create carousel or event lists, add or edit remote controls, etc.). All these operations are disabled in the different menus and controls when EclerNet Manager is in DEPLOY mode (everyday use mode) (see section The toolbar), the only mode all other users (advanced and generic) have access to.

• **Project Settings**: opens the project general settings window (also accessible by clicking on the Settings button in the toolbar).

PLO	oject Settings		
Power Sequencing Time		1468	ms.
Enable Auto-Lock			
Timeout	e		min.
Enable e-mail Notificati	ons		
To Addresses			Test
			1
			Ì.
🗹 Enable Local Time/Date	Update Autom	atically	
0	K Can	cel	

 Power Sequencing Time (0 to 5000 milliseconds): sets the power sequence time delay between a device and following devices involved in the Project.



- Enable Auto-Lock and Timeout (1 to 30 minutes): when you have assigned a password to anyone of the high-level users (Administrator and/or Advanced User), you may enter the protect mode of the project, either by pressing the Lock toolbar button, or once "auto-lock" (automatic activation of the protect mode) time out has passed without user activity on the Project when the option Enable Auto-Lock is checked. To re-access the DEPLOY or DESIGN mode, you must enter the password respectively assigned to the Administrator or Advanced User.
- Enable e-mail Notifications: enables/disables sending emails from the specified address (From Address) and to the three possible specified destinations (To Addresses) in the dialog box. Includes a "Test" button to test this function operation (when pressed, a test e-mail is sent).
- Enable Local Time/Date Update Automatically: allows the unit internal clock to automatically sync with Windows time changes, an especially useful function for daylight saving time.

Notes: (about e-mail sending)

- The e-mails sent include the project name in their subject field.
- To be able to send these e-mails, SMTP settings for the PC have to be done in the Edit / Preferences menu.
- There is a notice in the following cases:
- o Alarms
- System Fault: for example, hardware failure (fuse, power supply...) of NPA series amplifiers.
- o Coded errors (hardware, firmware, DSP...)
- o RTC (Real Time Clock) reset
- When a device is disconnected from Ethernet.
- When you load a Project if some device is missing.
- For an event designed for this purpose (available in future versions).



	Preferences	- 6	8
Network Adapter	ThinkPad OneLink Dock USB GigaLAN (10.0.1.15)	¢	
Synchronization Option	Show Dialog	٢	
e-mail Configuration (SMTP)			
SMTP Server			
SMTP Port	25		
SSL			
SMTP Login			
SMTP Password			
Show This at Startup	×		
	OK Cancel		

 Network Adapter: allows to select the network card interface that EclerNet Manager will use to discover and get online with the EclerNet hardware devices. It's especially helpful when using a computer with more than one network interface card (Wireless, RJ45, etc.).

It's a must to select an option to be able to get online with hardware devices in a network.

- **Synchronization Option:** defines how a hardware device and its virtual counterpart in the application will be synchronized when entering the online mode. The options are:
 - **Get State from Physical Device**: The Project is updated with data from hardware devices at connection time.
 - Send State to Physical Device: hardware devices are updated with current Project data at connection time.
 - Show Dialog: a dialog box appears each time to choose between option 1 and 2.
- e-mail Configuration (SMTP): configuration of the computer SMTP parameters to enable sending e-mail notification of alarms, errors and certain events registered in the application. Parameters: SMTP Server, SMTP Port, SMTP Login, SMTP Password. If the SSL box is checked, it enables the use of mail accounts with Secure Sockets Layer protocol (gmail, hotmail, yahoo, etc.).
- **Show This at Startup:** show this dialog box each time EclerNet Manager is executed.

T.O.C.

PROJECT



2.3 VIEW MENU

- Show Devices: shows the devices view in the "Project Explorer", "Groups from Device Container" and "Members from Device Group:" windows.
- Show Channels: shows the Channels view in the "Project Explorer", "Groups from Channel Container" and "Members from Channel Group:" windows.
- Show User Control Panels: shows the view of the remote-control screens created for UCP (User Control Panels) or EclerNet Manager remote clients (see section USER CONTROL PANELS (U.C.P.)).
- Enter Detail Mode (return) / Exit Detail Mode (esc): toggles detailed view of the selected channel or device. The same function is performed by clicking on the Detail

icon in the upper right corner of the application window (

- Enter Design Mode / Exit Design Mode: enter / exit the application design mode. The same function is performed by clicking on the Design and Deploy toolbar buttons. All actions that may involve structural changes in a project are enabled in DESIGN mode only (primarily used by installers and / or high-level users), whereas DEPLOY mode can be considered as the system's daily management mode, not associated with structural changes. Operations considered as structural changes in a project are: add, delete or rename devices, drag devices "online" in a project, save the project, open a new project, save "presets", create carousel or event lists, add or edit remote controls, etc.).
- Show Toolbar / Hide Toolbar: shows/hides the toolbar under the menu bar.
- Show Project Explorer / Hide Project Explorer: shows/hides the Project browser window on the left side of the screen. The same function is performed by clicking on the Explorer toolbar button.

2.4 HELP MENU

- User Manual: displays this user manual.
- Visit the Ecler Web Site: direct access to www.ecler.com.
- **Report Logs**: provides direct access to the folder containing the system log files on your hard disk.
- About...: displays the current version of EclerNet Manager application.

er – NPA4000T Demo*		
Help		
User Manual		
Visit the Ecler Web Site		
About		

Help	
Devices	
/ Channels	
User Control Pa	inels
Detail Mode	esc
Design Mode	
ToolBar	
Project Explorer	

View

✓ Shov Shov

Shov

Exit

Exit

T.O.C.

PROJECT



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

> APP WINDOWS

> > CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)

2.5 THE TOOLBAR

The toolbar contains the following buttons for a direct access to functions:

📫 🖪 Explorer	🗥 Users 🔅 Settings 🔒 Lock 📵 Panic 🔟 ecler
--------------	---

- *Explorer*: same function as *View -> Show Project Explorer / Hide Project Explorer* menu entry: shows/hides the Project browser window on the left side of the screen.
- Design/Deploy: same function as View -> Enter Design Mode/Exit Design Mode menu entry: to enter/exit the application design mode. All actions that may involve structural changes in a Project are enabled in DESIGN mode only (primarily used by installers and/or high-level users), whereas DEPLOY mode can be considered as the system's daily management mode, not associated with structural changes. Operations considered as structural changes in a Project are: add, delete or rename devices, drag devices "online" in a Project, save the Project, open a new Project, save "Presets", create carousel or event lists, add or edit remote controls, etc.).
- Users: same function as Edit -> Project Users menu entry: opens the configuration window for users and passwords (see section: Edit Menu)
- **Settings**: same function as Edit -> Project Settings menu entry: opens the Project general settings window (see section: Edit <u>Menu</u>)
- *Lock*: when you have assigned a password to anyone of the high-level users (Administrator and/or Advanced User), you may enter the protect mode of the project, either by pressing the *Lock* toolbar button, or once "auto-lock" (automatic activation of the protect mode) time out has passed without user activity on the Project. To re-access the DEPLOY or DESIGN mode, you must enter the password respectively assigned to the Administrator or Advanced User.
- *Panic*: activating it mutes all the output channels of the Project (absolute silence of the system.) Deactivating it restores MUTES ON or OFF configuration as it was before activation.
- ECLER Logo: direct access to <u>www.ecler.com</u>

3. APPLICATION WINDOWS

3.1 AVAILABLE WINDOWS

The following windows are available in EclerNet Manager:

- *Project Explorer*. Project explorer for devices, channels and device or channel groups and control window design for EclerNet Manager remote clients. It can be enabled/disabled from the "*View -> Show/Hide Project Explorer*" menu or by the *Explorer* toolbar icon
- *Project Explorer Helper*. summary window, displayed at the bottom of the *Project Explorer* and showing:
 - A list of all devices in the Project (Device List)
 - A list of all channels in the Project (Channel List)
 - A list of devices detected on the network and currently not used in the Project (Online and Unused Device List)
 - Properties of the item selected in the Project Explorer (*Properties*)

💿 EclerNet Manager – New Project*	
File Edit View Help	
Explorer Desi	gn 🔀 Deplo
Project Explorer	
Devices	(1 groups)
🔻 📷 All	(2)
Device 01	MIMO88
► 💷 💿 Device 02	NZA4-180
Channels	(1 groups)
	(12)
Device 01 - OUT 1 : OUTP	и т 9
Device 01 - OUT 2 : OUTP	JT 2
Device 01 - OUT 3 : OUTP	UT 3
Device 01 - OUT 4 : OUTP	JT 4
Device 01 - OUT 5 : OUTP	
Device 01 - OUT 6 : OUTP	UT 6
Device 01 - OUT 7 : OUTP	
Device 01 - OUT 8 : OUTP	
Device 02 - CH1 : Channel	1
Online and Unused Device	
10.11.11.101 : 2210	MIMO88 (slave)
PRESERIE 4-180 10.11.12.19 : 2210	NZA4-180
PRESERIE 4-70 10.11.12.15 ; 2210	NZA4-400
PRESERIE 1 4-70	
10.11.12.17 : 2210	NZA4-70
PRESERIE 6-18 10.11.12.18 : 2210	NZA6-180
C PRESERIE I 6-70 10.11.12.16 : 2210	NZA6-70
PROTO 16x16 10.11.11.100 : 2210	MIMO88
PROTO 8x8 10.11.11.102 : 2210	MIMO88
[2011-02-10] [15:40:32] (Device) (Device)	vice 02) Added to

Devices are identified in this window by their assigned name and IP address.

The *Project Explorer Helper* can be displayed and hidden by clicking on the triangle icon in the lower left corner of the *Project Explorer*.

PROJECT

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3.2 DEVICE GROUPS DISPLAY WINDOWS

	🔹 Users 🔅 Settings 🔒 Lock 🖲 Panic 🔟 CCLC
— Project Explorer ———————— Groups f	om Device Container
Devices (3 groups)	OFF OWER
All (10) GROUP A (6)	POWER
▼ SUBGROUP A.1 (2) GROUP A	OFF CONTRACTOR ON ()
CROUP B	OFF ON T
Device 08 MIMO88	
Device 03 NZA4-180	
Device 04 NZA4-180 Device 05 NZA4-180 Members	from Device Group : All
Device 00 NRA2500T	
Device 03 MIMO88 Device 10 NPA2500T Device 01	POWER PRESET 01 - Empty 🗢 🖼 🖷
CROUP B (3) NZA4-180	POWER PRESET
Channels (1 groups) Device 02	01 - Empty 🗘 🕲 🕲 🕲
Designs (0 designs) NZA4-180 Device 03	POWER PRESET
NZA4~180	POWER PRESET
Device 04	01 - Empty 🗢 🕲 🕲 🐨
NZA4-180 Device 05	Power Preset 01 - Empty 🗘 🗑 🕲
MIMO88	POWER PRESET
Device 06	01 - Empty 🗘 🗒 🖨
MIMO88 Device 07	POWER PRESET 01 - Empty 🗢 🕲 🖷
MIMORS	POWER PRESET
Device 08	(0) 01 - Empty 💠 🛢 🗑 🗇
NPA2500T Device 09	POWER PRESET 01 - Empty 💠 🖽 📾
Device 09 NPA2500T	POWER PRESET
Device 10	01 - Empty 🔶 🗒 🕲

- Groups from Device Container: shows all existing device groups
- Members from Device Group: shows all existing devices and/or subgroups inside the group selected in the previous window.

When selecting a particular group (double-click or icon), previous windows change to display the contents of this group, as in the example after selecting "SUBGROUP A.1":

Explorer	Design 🔀	Deploy Users	🗱 Settings	Lock	
		Groups from Device	Group : GROUP A 🚃		
Devices	(3 groups)	SUBGROUP A.1			OFF ON ON
🕨 🛅 All	(10)	SUBGROUP ALL		2	
T GROUP A	(6)				
V 🕞 SUBGROUP A.1	(2)				
Device 09	NPA2500T				
Device 08	MIMO88				
Device 03					
Device 04		Members from Devie	e Group : SUBGROUP	A.1	
Device 05	NZA4-180	£			
Device 09	NPA2500T	NPA2500T Device 09	POWER	PRESET 01 - Empty	+ B B B
Device 10	NPA2500T		POWER	PRESET	
F T GROUP B	(3)	MIMO88 Device 08		01 - Empty	÷
Channels	(1 groups)				
	(52)				
🕨 🛅 All					

group container. Selecting a group in the *Project Explorer* also updates its detail windows.

You can create groups within groups (subgroups), as shown in the picture above. To include a device within a group, you must drag and drop it from its location onto the group. More information about this in chapter <u>EclerNet PROJECT</u>.

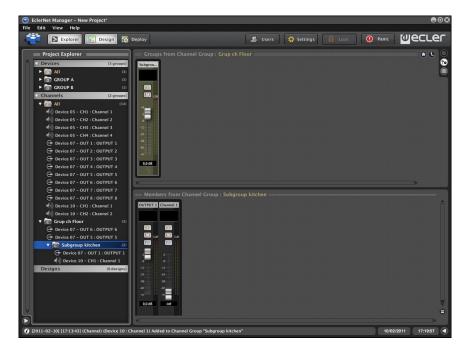
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3.3 CHANNEL GROUPS DISPLAY WINDOWS

					-		🌣 Set	tings			🕛 Panio		lecr	-e
— Project Explorer ————													🕥	
Devices (3 groups)	All Grup ch .													
▶ 🚋 All (3)														
GROUP A G3	S	1 2020												
Channels (2 groups)														
All (14)														
(19) Device 05 - CH1 : Channel 1	1													
(1) Device 05 - CH2 : Channel 2														
(1) Device 05 - CH3 : Channel 3	-12													
n)) Device 05 - CH4 : Channel 4	-24													
G Device 07 - OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	-36 -36													
Device 07 - OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	-20 -20													
Device 07 - OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3 Device 07 - OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	0,0 dB 0,0 dB													
Device 07 - OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4 Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5	0 0													
Device 07 - OUT 6 : OUTPUT 6														
Device 07 - OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7													_	
Device 07 - OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8	Members from	m Channe	l Group	: All										
(中)) Device 10 - CH1 : Channel 1	Channel 1 Channel :	2 Channel 3	Channel 4	OUTPUT 1	OUTPUT 2	OUTPUT 3	OUTPUT 4	OUTPUT 5	OUTPUT 6	OUTPUT 7	OUTPUT 8	Channel 1	Channel 2	
(小)) Device 10 - CH2 : Channel 2														
▼ Carup ch Floor (3)				6	6	1	-		1	1		6	1	
				. 🖾				. 👜 "				-	-	
Device 07 - OUT 6 : OUTPUT 6 Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 6														
Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5		1921		1920	1931									
Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Subgroup kitchen (2)	0 0		0.000							.=				
G Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5		0 	•							1	1			
Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Subgroup kitchen (2) Device 07 - OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	•		- - -	0 6 -12	0 6 -12	0 -12	9 -12	0 6 -12	0 	0 -4 -12			
Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Device 07 - OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1 Device 10 - CH1 : Channel 1	0	0 -8 -12 -24		0 6 -12 -24	0 -6 -12 -24	0 6 -12 -24	0 -6 -12 -24							
Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Device 07 - OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1 Device 10 - CH1 : Channel 1		0 -6		- - -	0 6 -12	0 6 -12	0 -12							
Device 07 - OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 Subgroup kitchen (2) Device 07 - OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1 (1) Device 10 - CH1 : Channel 1	0 0 4 4 -12 -12 -24 -24 -38 -38	0		0 6 2 2 3	0 6 -12 -24 -38	0 -0 -12 -24 -38	0 -0 -12 -24 -38							

- Groups from Channel Container: shows all existing channel groups.
- **Members from Channel Group**: shows all existing channels and/or subgroups within the group selected in the previous window.

When selecting a particular group (double-click or icon), previous windows change to display the contents of this group, as in the example after selecting "*Group ch Floor*":



icons are used to go back in the group structure towards its root or the upper group container. Selecting a group in the *Project Explorer* also updates its detail windows.

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

You can create groups within groups (subgroups), as shown in the picture above. To include a device within a group, you must drag and drop it from its location onto the group. <u>See section: EclerNet PROJECT.</u>

Clicking on the "Show / Hide More Information" icon in the lower right corner of the screen expands each channel viewing area with extra information, and two new icons appear above the previous one

With the two new icons, you can select units (volts or watts) and scale (RMS or peak) used to display the LED metering of the channel output signal (amplified) (function available with NPA series).









• *Device*: device detailed display window, appearing only when *Detail* mode is enabled. Shows all general controls for the device and/or one or more device channels (input selection, output configuration, network settings, DSP, monitoring, etc.)



Ventana Device para un dispositivo de la serie NPA

There are several ways to turn on/off the *Detail* mode:

- Clicking on the Detail (
- From the "View -> Enter/Exit Detail Mode" menu entry
- Double clicking on a device or channel in any of the Project windows
- Pressing Return or Esc after a channel or device selection in any of the Project windows

T.O.C. & RELEASE NOTES

MENUS & TOOLBAR



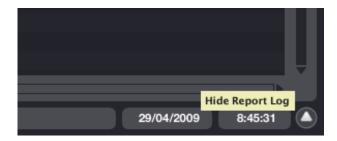
When the *Detail* mode is activated, the following icons appear in the lower right corner of the screen:

- Show / Hide Channel 1: shows/hides channel 1 controls for the selected device
- *Show / Hide Channel 2*: shows/hides channel 2 controls for the selected device...
- Show / Hide Channel n. ditto the above for channel n, in NZA devices with 4 or 6 channels
- Show / Hide Graph: shows/hides a window graphically displaying the frequency-response curves resulting from crossovers and equalization applied to the corresponding channel by DSP processing (see section: Detailed view).
- **Report Log**: shows a record of major operations performed on the Project over time.

oup "MAIN PA"
oup "MAIN PA"
oup "MAIN PA"
n

Shown/hidden by clicking on the triangle icon in the lower right corner of the EclerNet Manager screen.

The complete Report Log is stored as a text file on the hard disk. Report Logs option from the Help menu gives direct access to the folder containing log files or "report logs" generated since the system start-up.



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A separate file is created for each day of use (the file name includes the date). If you run and quit the application several times a day, this is reported in the file.

📕 Manager 200	19-04-29 - Notepad	
<u>File E</u> dit F <u>o</u> rmat	<u>Vi</u> ew <u>H</u> elp	
	2009-04-29 at 10:41:30 [10:41:30] "Application" "EclerNet Manager" "Application started"	~
[2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29]	<pre>[10:41:30] "Project" "New Project" "New Project file created" [10:50:57] "Device" "AMPLIFIER 2" "Added to Device Group "DELAY REINFORCEMENT"" [10:51:02] "Device" "AMPLIFIER 2" "Removed from Device Group "DELAY REINFORCEMENT"' [10:52:05] "Device" "Device 44" "Added to Project"</pre>	. 💻
[2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29]	[10:52:25] "Device" "Device 05" "Added to Project"	
[2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29]	[10:52:36] "Device" "Device 07" "Added to Project" [10:52:36] "Device" "Device 07" "Added to Device Group "FULL SHOW"" [10:52:39] "Device" "Device 08" "Added to Project"	
2009-04-29] 2009-04-29] 2009-04-29] 2009-04-29]	[10:52:41] "Device" "Device 09" "Added to Project" [10:52:41] "Device" "Device 09" "Added to Device Group "FULL SHOW"" [10:52:44] "Device" "Device 10" "Added to Project"	
[2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29] [2009-04-29]	[10:52:47] "Device" "Device 11" "Added to Project" [10:52:47] "Device" "Device 11" "Added to Device Group "FULL SHOW""	~
<		2

3.4 GRAPHIC/TABLE DISPLAY MODES

Groups and channels windows can be viewed in graphic format (reflecting images shown in the previous paragraph) or as a table by clicking on the dedicated icons in the upper right part of the screen (these icons are visible only when Detail mode is off).



AII DELAY REINFORCEME FULL SHOW			ices						
ILL SHOW	NT								
AIN PA									
EDUNDANT SYSTEM									
TAGE MONITORS									
Devices from (Group: FULL S	SHOW)
	Model	MAC	IP Address	DELAY REINE	FULL SHOW	MAIN PA	REDUNDANT	STAGE MONI	
ame 🔺	Model NPA2500T	MAC	IP Address 0.0.0.0	DELAY REINF		MAIN PA		STAGE MONI	
ame 🔺		MAC			\checkmark	Z			
	NPA2500T	MAC	0.0.0.0		\checkmark	∡ ∡			
ame MPLIFIER 2 MPLIFIER 3	NPA2500T NPA4000T	MAC	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0		\$ \$	✓ ✓ □			
ame MPLIFIER 2 MPLIFIER 3 MPLIFIER 4 MPLIFIER 5	NPA2500T NPA4000T NPA4000T	MAC	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0			∡ ∡			
ame MPLIFIER 2 MPLIFIER 3 MPLIFIER 4 MPLIFIER 5 MPLIFIER 6	NPA2500T NPA4000T NPA4000T NPA4000T	MAC	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0		5 5 5 5 5 5				
ame A MPLIFIER 2 MPLIFIER 3 MPLIFIER 4	NPA2500T NPA4000T NPA4000T NPA4000T NPA4000T	MAC	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0						
ame MPLIFIER 2 MPLIFIER 3 MPLIFIER 4 MPLIFIER 5 MPLIFIER 6 MPLIFIER 7	NPA2500T NPA4000T NPA4000T NPA4000T NPA4000T NPA4000T	MAC	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0		5 5 5 5 5 5				

Table mode view

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

APP



From the table mode view, you can add or remove devices or channels to/from existing groups by clicking on the corresponding check box.



To select the columns displayed in the table place the cursor on the table title bar and right-click.

		Group: FULL S			Model MAC IP Address UDP Port Subnet Mask					
Name	▲	Model	MAC		Gateway F	FULL SHOW	MAIN PA	REDUNDANT	STAGE MONI	
AMPLIFIER 2		NPA2500T		0.0.0.0		\checkmark	\checkmark			
AMPLIFIER 3		NPA4000T		0.0.0.0		\checkmark	\checkmark			
AMPLIFIER 4		NPA4000T		0.0.0.0						

To reverse the alphabetical listing order, left-click on any table header.

Name		Name 🔻
AMPLIFIER 2		SM AMPLIFIER B
AMPLIFIER 3		SM AMPLIFIER A
AMPLIFIER 4		FRONT PA
AMPLIFIER 5		AMPLIFIER 7
AMPLIFIER 6		AMPLIFIER 6
AMPLIFIER 7		AMPLIFIER 5
FRONT PA		AMPLIFIER 4
SM AMPLIFIER	A	AMPLIFIER 3
SM AMPLIFIER	в	AMPLIFIER 2

Ascending alphabetical order view/Descending alphabetical order view

DELAY REINFORCEMENT REDUNDANT SYSTEM STAGE MONITORS Devices from Group: FULL SHOW = NPA2500T AMPLIFIER 2 POWER PRESET 01 - Empty • . PRESET 01 - Empty NPA4000T AMPLIFIER 3 POWER POWER 01 - Empty POWER PRESET 01 - Empty AMPLIFIER 9 PRESET 01 - Empty NPA4000T AMPLIFIER (POWER POWER PRESET 01 - Empty POWER PRESET 01 - Empty EPONT PA - . NPA4000T SM AMPLIFIER A PRESET 01 - Empty POWER ÷ 🗉 6 POWER NPA4000T SM AMPLIFIER B 01 - Empty • •

Graphic mode view

4. **CONTEXT MENU: RIGHT MOUSE BUTTON**

Right-clicking on various Project elements will open a context menu with possible actions for each case.

4.1 DEVICE CONTEXT MENU

Available from any device view (Project Explorer, Project Explorer Helper, Groups window, etc.).

Options:

- Rename (F2): renames device.
- Edit Comments: allows a brief comment about the device to be added/modified (configuration, role in the Project, etc.) These comments can be viewed from EclerNet Manager, placing the cursor over a device or channel (or from the hardware device itself with NPA Series: see NPA series hardware manual for more details.)
- Delete: totally removes the device from the Project. If the virtual device was associated with a hardware device on the network, this last one will appear in the "Online and Unused Device List" from Project Explorer Helper after its deletion.

Rename	F2
Edit Comments	
Delete	delete
Remove from Gro	up
Move Up	ctrl + up
Move Down	
Activate Device F	inder
Network Configu	ration
Change Password	l.
Disconnect	
Detach	
Firmware Upgrad	e
Reboot	

- *Remove from Group*: removes the device from the group the context menu has been opened for.
- *Move Up* (ctrl + \uparrow): moves up the selected device (changes the order within a group).
- *Move Down* (ctrl + \downarrow): moves down the selected device (changes the order within a group).
- Activate / Deactivate Device Finder. activates/deactivates the blinking of the front panel light indicators (LCD display for NPA series, LEDs for NXA series, MIMO88, MIMO88SG and other devices) on targeted hardware, thus allowing easy identification on site. Simultaneously, the frame of the device shown in EclerNet Manager windows also blinks, making it possible to link a virtual device of the Project with its hardware equivalent, for example to configure its network settings or to check its identity before changing its settings.

RELEASE NOTES



- *Network Configuration*: allows Ethernet parameters to be entered (and verified later) for the related device (IP address, subnet mask, gateway and UDP port). The MAC address is a read-only parameter, unique and assigned by the manufacturer to any Ethernet device.
- Change Password: allows the password to be assigned or changed in order to protect the device. When a device has this type of password (blank per default = OFF) assigned in a Project,



the device cannot be re-programmed from other Projects unless you enter the correct password. Any change in the new Project will not be effective in the *hardware* device until password is entered, and it's indicated in the device status window by an exclamation mark on the connection indicator (

- *Connect / Disconnect*: connects (or disconnects) the device to the network, to make it available for remote control from EclerNet Manager.
- **Detach**: breaks the link between an EclerNet virtual device and its physical counterpart. The hardware device, if detected "online" on the network, becomes part of the "Online and Unused Device List" in the Project Explorer Helper window.
- *Firmware Upgrade*: opens a dialog box that allows you to load a device *firmware* file (with .bin extension) and to transfer it to the related device. The device must be "online" to perform this operation.
- *Reboot*: resets the device, following the usual boot sequence.

T.O.C.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



4.2 CHANNEL CONTEXT MENU

Available from any channel view (*Project Explorer, Project Explorer Helper*, Groups window, etc.).

Options:

- **Rename (F2):** allows the channel to be renamed.
- Edit Comments: allows a brief comment about the channel to be added/modified (configuration, role in the Project, etc.).

Rename	F2
Edit Comments	
Remove from Group	delete
Go to Device	
Move Up	ctrl + up
Move Down	ctrl + down

- **Remove from Group:** removes the channel from the group the context menu has been opened for.
- **Go to Device**: automatically selects the device the targeted channel belongs to, showing it in the currently active windows (graphic or table).
- Move Up (ctrl + 1): moves up the selected channel (changes the order within a group).
- Move Down (ctrl + ↓): moves down the selected channel (changes the order within a group).

4.3 DEVICE GROUP CONTEXT MENU

Available from any device group view (*Project Explorer*, Groups window).

Options:

- *Rename* (F2): allows the device group to be renamed.
- *Edit Comments*: allows a brief comment about the device group to be added/modified (configuration, role in the Project, etc.).
- *Delete*: totally removes the group from the Project.
- *Add Devic*e: adds a new device to the group and therefore to the Project.
- *Add Multiple Devices*: adds several new devices to the current Project.

Parameters:

- *Device Type*: selects in a list of compatible EclerNet device types the one to add.
- *Number*: number of devices to add.
- *Add Device Grou*p: opens a dialog box to create a new device group in the current Project.

Parameters:

• *Group Name*: allows the new device group to be named.

You can create a group within a group (<u>see section EclerNet</u>) <u>PROJECT</u>)

- *Empty*: removes all devices from the group, leaving it empty.
- Move Up (ctrl + 1): moves up the selected group (changes the order).
- *Move Down* (ctrl + \downarrow): moves down the selected group (changes the order).
- *Connect* All: connects all group devices to the network, so they become available for remote control from EclerNet Manager.
- *Activate Device Finder*: enables the *Device Finder* for all online devices within the group.
- **Deactivate Device Finder**: disables the Device Finder for all online devices within the group.

Rename	F2
Edit Comments	
Delete	delete
Add Device	
Add Multiple Devi	ces
Add Device Group)
Empty	
Move Up	
Move Down	ctrl + down
Connect All	
Activate Device Fi	nder
Deactivate Device	Finder



DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

4.4 CHANNEL GROUP CONTEXT MENU

Available from any channel group view (Project Explorer, Groups window).

Options:

- 1. Rename (F2): allows the channel group to be renamed.
- 2. Edit Comments: allows a brief comment about the channel group to be added/modified (configuration, role in the Project, etc.).

Rename	F2
Edit Comments	
Delete	delete
Add Channel Group	
Empty	
Move Up	
Move Down	

- 3. Delete: totally removes the group from the Project.
- 4. Add Channel Group: opens a dialog box to create a new channel group in the current Project.

Parameters:

Group Name: allows the new channel group to be named. 0

You can create a group within a group (see section EclerNet PROJECT)

- 5. *Empty*: removes all channels from the group, leaving it empty.
- 6. *Move Up* (ctrl + \uparrow): moves up the selected group (changes the order).
- 7. *Move Down* (ctrl + \downarrow): moves down the selected group (changes the order).

PROIFCT		WINDOWS	TOOLBAR	RELEASE NOTES	
	CONTEXT MENU	AFF	œ	ø	T.O.C.
EclerNet			MENUS	INTRODUCTION	

RELEASE NOTES

TOOLBAR

PROJECT



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS APP

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

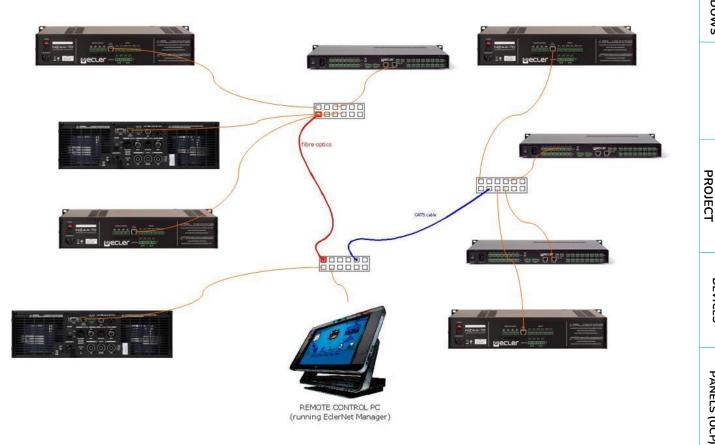
EclerNet PROJECT 5.

A Project is a configuration and remote-control file for EclerNet device network. It contains a number of EclerNet virtual devices, structured according to a hierarchical arrangement of control groups for such devices and/or for their audio channels.

The purpose of a Project, once online, is to configure, remotely control and monitor a number of hardware devices connected to an Ethernet network. The network can include any combination of EclerNet compatible devices: NZA series amplifiers, NPA series amplifiers, MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO7272DN and MIMO4040CDN digital matrixes, DUO-NET PLAYER, etc.

The created file has the .enp extension and must be opened and operated from the EclerNet Manager application.

A Project can be created and edited offline, without being connected to the site Ethernet network, and later turned to online or real system management mode from a PC connected to the same network EclerNet compatible devices are connected to.



Example of EclerNet network including NZA, NPA and MIMO88 devices, the computer running EclerNet Manager and Ethernet network infrastructure that interconnects them.

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5.1 CREATING AN ECLERNET PROJECT

The steps for setting up a Project from scratch are:

5.1.1 OPENING OF A NEW FILE

File -> New menu entry (or Ctrl + N keyboard shortcut). The default new Project window appears, looking like the following:

 EclerNet Manager - New Project File Edit View Help 		008
E Explorer Design	🐯 Deploy 🏾 🤱 Users 🛛 🏘 Settings 🔒 Lock 🛛 🕘	
Devices (1 groups) All (0) Channels (1 groups) Designs (0 designs)	Croups from Device Container All Members from Device Group : All Members from Device Group : All	
Device List		

5.1.2 INSERTION OF NEW DEVICES IN THE PROJECT

Edit -> Add Device menu entry. A dialog box opens to select the device type and assign it a custom name:

) EclerNet Manager – New Project e Edit View Help		_ u ×
Explorer Desig	n 👺 Deploy 🔹 Users 🔅 Settings 🔒 Lock	
Project Explorer Devices (1 groups) All (0) Channels (1 groups) Designs (0 designs)	Groups from Device Container	
	Add New Device Device Type MIMO88 Device Name Device 01 OK Cancel	, Ų
Device List		
) [2011-02-14] [14:06:52] (Device) (NO L	ABEL (10.11.11.231:2210)) New Device found online	14/02/2011 14:08:59

WINDOWS	TOOLBAR	RELEASE NOTES	
AFT	œ	&	0.C.
	MENUS	INTRODUCTION	

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After clicking OK, the new device appears in the various Project windows:

- 1. Project Explorer
- 2. Project Explorer Helper
- 3. Groups from Device Container or Groups from Channel Container
- 4. Members from Device Group or Members from Channel Group

🕤 EclerNet Manager - New Project ^o
File Edit View Help
Project Explorer Groups from Device Container Over the second seco
Channels (1 groups)
Designs (0 designs)
Members from Device Group : All
MIMO88 POWER PESET Device 01 01 - Empty # 10 0
== Device List
Device 01 MIM088
0
2 [2011-02-14] [14:11:08] (Device) (Device 01) Added to Project 14/02/2011 14:12:36
 ⑦ EclerNet Manager - New Project[®] ● ③ ③ File Edit View Help
😤 🗈 Explorer 🕞 Design 🐺 Deploy 🌋 Users 🔅 Settings 🔒 Lock 🔘 Panic UECLEC
✓ Devices (1 groups) ✓ m All (1)
V Devices (1 groups) All Device MIMOS8
V Devices (1 groups) V Devices (1 groups) V Devices MiMOS8 V Channels (1 groups) V Channels (1 groups) V Channels (1 groups)
Devices (1 groups) All All Device MIM088 Channels (1 group)
V Devices (1 groups) All (1) Device MIMOS8 V Channels (1 groups) Channels (1 groups) Call (6)
Devices (1 groups) Image: Device MM088 Channels (1 groups) Image: Designs (0 designs)
Devices (1 groups) All (1) Device MIMOS8 Channels (1 groups) All (1) Designs (0 designs) 12 12
V Devices (1 groups) V Device MI038 (1 groups) V Device MI038 (1 groups) Designs (0 designs)
Devices (1 groups) All (1) Device MM088 Channels (1 groups) All (6) Designs (0 designs) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (3)
V Devices (1 groups) V Device MM088 Channels V Designs (1 groups) O Designs (0 designs)
Devices (1 group) Device MM088 Channels (1 group) Designs (0 design) Designs (0 design) Members from Channel Group : All
Devices (1 group) Image: Device MM08 Channels (1 group) Image: Device MM08 O designs (0 design)
Device Li groupi Designs (0 design) Designs (0 design) Members from Channel Group : All Members from Channel Group : All
Device list
Devices (1 group) Images (1 group)
Device List Members from Channel Group : All Device 01 Mimoss Device 01 Mimoss

Added devices automatically appear in the "*All*" device and channel default groups, which respectively contain all the Project devices and channels. You can also add devices to the Project by right-clicking on a device group (*Add Device* option in the context menu).

T.O.C.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



5.1.3 FACTORY PRESET NETWORK SETTINGS

The factory default network settings for EclerNet Manager compatible devices are as follows:

- IP: 192.168.0.100
- Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Gate: 192.168.0.1
- UDP Port: 2210

5.1.4 CREATING A DEVICE GROUP.

There are two ways to create a device group:

- 1. Edit -> Add Device Group menu entry
- **2.** Right-clicking on Devices in Project Explorer and Add Device Group option in the context menu

Project Explorer	Device Grou
🕆 🔻 🚏 Project "Manual"	
▼ 🕞 Devices (1 groups)	AII
▼ all (15 devices) Add New Device Group	×
► Barement AMP #1	
Group Name Basement AMPS	
► 🕂 🖬 First Floor AMP #1	
► III FI ST FLOOT AMP #2	
Outdoor Zone 1 A OK Cancel	
► 🕅 🖬 Obuloor Zone 2 AMP #2 NRA1000T	

After their creation, the new groups appear in the corresponding Project windows.

Project Explorer		— Groups from Device Co	ontainer
🕶 欎 Project "Manual"			POWER
🔻 ि Devices	(3 groups)	All	OFF 0
V 🔂 All	(15 devices)	Basement AMPS	POWER OFF 0
Basement AMP #1	NPA4000T		
Basement AMP #2	NPA4000T	First Floor AMPS	OFF 0
First Floor AMP #1	NPA4000T		
First Floor AMP #2	NPA4000T		
Outdoor Zone 1 AMP #1	NPA4000T		
Outdoor Zone 2 AMP #2	NPA4000T		
Outdoor Zone 3 AMP #3	NPA4000T		
Safety Perimeter AMP #1	NPA4000T		
► ■■ Safety Perimeter AMP #2	NPA4000T		
► ■ Safety Perimeter AMP #3	NPA4000T		
► ■■■ Second Floor AMP #1	NPA4000T		
Second Floor AMP #2	NPA4000T		
► 🔲 Technical Spaces AMP #1	NPA4000T		
Technical Spaces AMP #2	NPA4000T		
► 🗾 Technical Spaces AMP #3	NPA4000T		
Basement AMPS	(0 devices)		
📅 First Floor AMPS	(0 devices)		
► 🕞 Channels	(1 groups)		

INTRODUCTION MENUS APP CONTEXT MENU & & APP CONTEXT MENU RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS



💿 EclerNet Manager – New I	Project	
File Edit View Help		
Explorer	Design 🔀 Deploy	🔹 Users 🔅 Settings 🔒
Project Explorer		Groups from Device Container
Devices	(2 groups)	
all 🔂	(0)	All
T D GRUP AMP1	(1)	GRUP AMP1
📅 Subgroup AM	IP 1A (0)	
V Channels	(2 groups)	
a 1	Add New Device Group	8
C 8		
Desigr Group	Name Subgroup AMP 1A	
		om Device Group : GRUP
	OK Cancel	
		14
		a contraction advised

You can also create groups within groups:

Assigning a device to a group of devices is as simple as dragging it from any window and dropping it in any window displaying the group. A green frame appears indicating that the destination of the drag and drop operation is validated and included in the Project.

The table mode view is another way to assign, where a device can be included or excluded in/from a device group by directly clicking on the column with the group name.

Example: different ways to assign the "Basement AMP #1" device to the "Basement AMPS" group:





💿 EclerNet Manager - Manual*	
File Edit View Help	
Explorer	
📃 Project Explorer 📟	
🔶 🔻 📫 Project "Manual"	
V 🕞 Devices	(3 groups)
T T All	(15 devices) Basement
► ■ Basement AM	
▼ 🔍 🖬 💭 Basement AM	AMP #2 NPA4000T First Floor
(i) CH1 : Channel	
(1) CH2 : Channel	
► First Floor A	
► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ► ►	
► ■ Outdoor Zon ► ■ Outdoor Zon	
► Cuttoor Zon	
► Cutation 2011	meter AMP #1 NPA4000T
Safety Perime	NPA40001
► ■■■ Safety Perime	
► ■■■■ Second Floor	De a sus sus t
► 🗰 🛄 Second Floor	or AMP #2 NPA4000T NPA4000T First Floor
► Echnical Sp.	paces AMP #1 NPA4000T
► ■■■ Technical Sp.	First Floor
► Technical Sp	NPA4000T
	Device "Basement AMP #1" Outdoor Z
First Floor AMPS	(0 devices) NPA4000T
► Second Floor AMP #1	NPA4000T
► ■ Second Floor AMP #2	NPA4000T
► [Line Technical Spaces AMP #1	NPA4000T
► [[H]] Technical Spaces AMP #2	NPA4000T Devices from Group: Basement AMPS
► [[]] Technical Spaces AMP #3	NPA4000T
Basement AMPS	(0 devices)
🕞 First Floor AMPS	(0 devices)
Channels	(1 groups)
E Device List	
Basement AMP #1	NPA4000T
Basement AMP #2	NPA4000T
EITER First Floor AMP #1	

A device group provides both management and supervision (from the group control interface) of some controls concerning all devices in the same group (e.g. to sequentially turn on/off all group amplifiers by pressing the group *POWER* key).

First Floor AMPS	OFF ON	
Devices from Group: First	Floor AMPS	
Devices from Group: First NPA4000T First Floor AMP #1	POWER PRESET	+

INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES

decler

5.1.5 CREATING A CHANNEL GROUP

There are two ways to create a channel group:

- **1.** Edit -> Add Channel Group menu entry
- **2.** Right-clicking on *Channels* in *Project Explorer* and *Add Channel Group* option in the context menu

😨 EclerNet Manager – Nev	w Project*
File Edit View Help	
Explorer	🔁 Design 🙀 Deploy 🔹 Users 🔅 Settings 🔒 Lock
Project Explorer	Groups from Channel Container
Devices	(1 groups) Basemen
T All	
Channels	(2 groups)
C All	(0)
C Basement LEF	Add New Channel Group 🛞
Designs	Group Name Basement AMPs
	OK Cancel
	48 48

After creation, new groups appear in the corresponding Project windows.

😁 EclerNet Manager – New Project*	
File Edit View Help	
📫 🖪 Explorer 📄 Design 📑 D	ieploy 🎩 Users 🏟 Settings 🔒 Lock 🚺 Pani
🔤 Project Explorer 🛛 🛁	Groups from Channel Container
← OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7 ← OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8	All Basemen
Channels (2 group	is) is a manufacture of the second se
► 🛜 All (3	2) 0 0
Basement LEFT side ch	
Device 04 - OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	-12
Device 03 - OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	
Device 03 - OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	-48 -48
▼ C Subgroup A2	(3)
Device 03 - OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	0.0 dB 0.0 dB
Device 02 - OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8	
Device 02 - OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7	
Designs (0 design	s)
Device List	Members from Channel Group : Basement LEFT side ch
Device 01 MIMO	88 OUTPUT 1 OUTPUT 2 OUTPUT 3 Subgrou
Device 02 MIMO	88
Device 03 MIMO	
D Device 04 MIMO	
C	
0	
P	

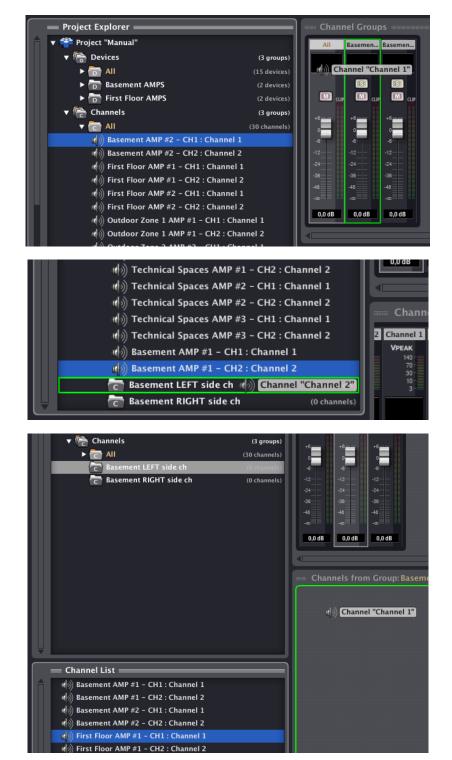


As with device groups you can also create channel groups within other channel groups.

Assigning channels to a channel group is done using the same "drag and drop" procedure already described for the device assignment to device groups.

Similarly, it is possible to achieve this in a very practical way with table mode.

Examples of different ways of assigning a channel to a channel group:





A channel group provides both management and supervision (from the group control interface) of some controls concerning all channels in the same group (e.g. to vary the volume or enable/disable MUTE or SOLO for all group channels by pressing the group M or S key).

Channel Groups	T.O.C.
All Basemen Basemen Channel Group "Basement RIGHT side ch"	INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES
+6 $+6$ $+6$ $+6$ 0 0 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6	MENUS & TOOLBAR
-24 -24 -24 -24 -24 -36 -36 -36 -48 -48 -48 -48 -60 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -5	APP WINDOWS
0,0 dB 0,0 dB -11,3 dB	CONTEXT MENU
Channel 1 Channel 2 VPEAK VPEAK 140 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 30 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	EclerNet PROJECT
	COMPATIBLE DEVICES
	USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

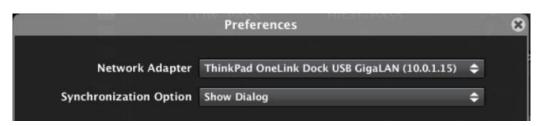
INTRODUCTION

MENUS



5.1.6 IDENTIFICATION OF NETWORKED DEVICES

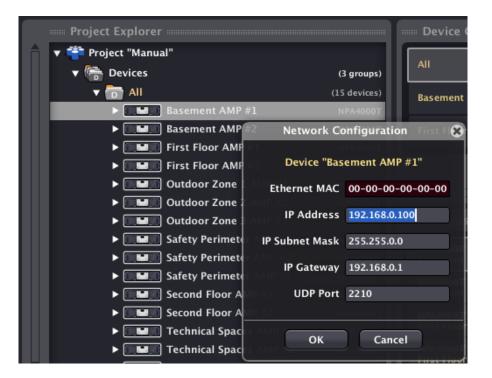
It's a must to select an option in the Edit -> Preferences -> Network Adapter menu to be able to discover and/or get online with hardware devices in a network.



There are two methods to identify a Project device with its hardware counterpart on the network:

1. Configuration of device network parameters.

Using the *Network Configuration* option in the device context menu (right-click), you obtain network parameters that uniquely identify the hardware device configured with exactly the same parameters:



If there is no hardware device with the entered IP address in the network, selecting *Connect* from the context menu won't establish the connection between the device and EclerNet Manager (blinking red connection icon).



If there is such a device in the network, selecting *Connect* from the context menu opens the synchronization window which allows the Project virtual device current status to be sent to the hardware device, or the reverse: updating the Project virtual device status with the hardware device actual status. Once connection has been established (blinking green connection icon), the device is removed from the "Online and Unused Device List" in Project Explorer Helper.

Once synchronized, the device appears in EclerNet Manager with its green connection icon lit.

2. Direct identification with an online device.

The Project Explorer Helper window (Online and Unused Device List) displays all devices detected on the network and not assigned to Project virtual devices. You can use the "drag and drop" method to associate each one with its virtual counterpart in the Project:



After release, a window appears asking you to confirm the link between the hardware device and the Project virtual device. After confirmation, the device disappears from the "Online and Unused Device List" and a blinking red icon appears, indicating that connection is not established.



You can also drag an existing device from the *Project Explorer Helper* (Online and Unused Device List) and drop it directly on the device group "All" or any other device group of the Project to include it:



Or even add to the project all devices of the network by clicking on the "+" button located in the upper right corner of Project Explorer Helper:



Device identification can be cancelled using the Detach option in the context menu.

T.O.C.

ALLOCATION OF NETWORK PARAMETERS

EclerNet compatible devices (MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040DN, DUO-NET PLAYER, NXA, DUO-NET, NZA, NPA, etc.) do not support dynamic allocation protocol for network addresses, or DHCP, ie: they can't dynamically negotiate IP addresses and require manually configured and fixed IP addresses. It is highly recommended that both EclerNet devices (MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040DN, DUO-NET PLAYER, NZA, NPA, etc.) and the computer running EclerNet Manager are configured with static network addresses from the same range in order to have a full connectivity between all of them.

An example of a small local network of this type may have the following network settings in its EclerNet devices:

DEVICE	IP ADDRESS	IP SUBNET MASK
MIMO88 (first floor)	10.5.5. <mark>10</mark>	255.255.255.0
MIMO88 (second floor)	10.5.5. <mark>11</mark>	255.255.255.0
MIMO88 (outdoor areas)	10.5.5. <mark>12</mark>	255.255.255.0
NZA6-180 (first floor)	10.5.5. <mark>20</mark>	255.255.255.0
NZA6-80 (second floor)	10.5.5. <mark>21</mark>	255.255.255.0
NZA4-700 (oudoor areas)	10.5.5. <mark>22</mark>	255.255.255.0
PC (running EclerNet Manager)	10.5.5. <mark>100</mark>	255.255.255.0

Up to 255 devices, each with a different IP address (in the range 10.5.5.1 - 10.5.5.255), could be part of this example network.

If you want to know your local network TCP / IP configuration, a simple method is to open the Windows command console (Start-> Run-> CMD) and to run **ipconfig /all** command. More information with the following link:

http://www.microsoft.com/resources/documentation/windows/xp/all/proddocs/enus/ipconfig.mspx?mfr=true

Despite not supporting DHCP, EclerNet devices (and generally any device with static IP) **can coexist with dynamic IP devices**, as a DHCP server usually reserves a fraction of the addressing range for dynamic allocation and another fraction for static allocation.

T.O.C.



5.1.7 CONNECTING THE DEVICE

Once a device has been identified (network parameters assigned), its connection status icon is lit in red.

— Project Explorer —————	
🔹 🔻 👕 Project "Manual"	
🔻 ि Devices	(3 groups)
🔻 📅 All	(19 devices)
V MAIN PA	NPA4000T
ဖြား CH1 : MAIN PA LEFT	
ား CH2 : MAIN PA RIGHT	
V MAIN PA	NPA4000T
။ (၈)) CH1 : MAIN PA LEFT	
👘 CH2 : MAIN PA RIGHT	
Basement AMP #1	NPA4000T
► 📰 Basement AMP #2	NPA4000T
First Floor AMP #1	NPA4000T
► 💷 First Floor AMP #2	NPA4000T
MAIN PA	NPA4000T
MAIN PA	NPA2500T
Outdoor Zone 1 AMP #1	NPA4000T
Outdoor Zone 2 AMP #2	NPA4000T
Outdoor Zone 3 AMP #3	NPA4000T
Safety Perimeter AMP #1	NPA4000T

In the device context menu, a new option is available: Connect.

🔤 Project Explorer 🔤]	D
ү 👘 Project "Manual"		
🔻 ि Devices	(3 groups)	All
🔻 📅 All	(19 devices)	Bas
MAIN PA	Rename F Edit Comments	2 Fir:
(小))CH2 : MAIN F ▼ □□□□ MAIN PA (小))CH1 : MAIN F	Delete delet Remove from Group	te
ฟ沙 CH2 : MAIN F ► ■ Basement A	Move Up ctrl + u Move Down ctrl + dow	
 ► ■ Basement / ► ■ First Floor ► ■ First Floor 	Activate Device Finder Network Configuration	
MAIN PA	Connect	
► ■ MAIN PA ► ■ Outdoor Zc	Detach Firmware Upgrade	- D
► Dutdoor Zc		NP/ MA
► 🛄 Outdoor Zone ► 🛄 Safety Perime		NP/ MA

T.O.C. INTRODUCTION & **RELEASE NOTES** MENUS & TOOLBAR WINDOWS APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet PROJECT COMPATIBLE DEVICES



Selecting it opens the context menu window for the synchronization mode. From this window you must choose a synchronization mode for the device:

- send the current status of the Project virtual device to the hardware device or
- update the virtual device status in the Project with actual status of hardware device

Once connection has been established (blinking green connection icon), the device is removed from the "Online and Unused Device List" in Project Explorer Helper.

Once synchronized, the networked hardware device appears in EclerNet Manager with its green connection icon lit.

) EclerNet Manager – Manual°			
Fi	le Edit View Help			
4	Explorer			
ſ	— Project Explorer —————		Device Groups	1
ľ	🔻 🏥 Project "Manual"		POWER	
ш	🔻 🛜 Devices	(3 groups)	All OFF ON	
ш	🔻 📷 All	(19 devices)	Basement AMPS OFF ON	
ш	V MAIN PA			
ш	() CH1 : NO LABE		First Floor AMPS OFF ON	
	CH2 : NO LABEI NO LABEL			
ш	V MAIN PA	NPA4000T		
	🕪 CH1 : MAIN PA LEFT			
	H) CH2 : MAIN PA RIGHT			
ш	Basement AMP #1	NPA4000T		
	Basement AMP #2	NPA4000T		
ш	First Floor AMP #1	NPA4000T		
	First Floor AMP #2	NPA4000T	-	
	MAIN PA	NPA4000T		
	MAIN PA	NPA2500T		
	Outdoor Zone 1 AMP #1	NPA4000T	NPA4000T POWER PRESET	h
	Outdoor Zone 2 AMP #2	NPA4000T	MAIN PA 01 - EMPTY PRESET	

When a device is *online* and connected, all remote control and monitoring operations provided by EclerNet Manager can be performed, starting with the simplest, device powering up:

😁 EclerNet Manager - Manual*		e	08
File Edit View Help			
Explorer			er
			1
Outdoor Zone 1 AMP #1	NPA4000T	POWER	
Outdoor Zone 2 AMP #2	NPA4000T	All OFF ON	
Outdoor Zone 3 AMP #3	NPA4000T	Basement AMPS OFF ON	
Safety Perimeter AMP #1	NPA4000T		
► ■ Safety Perimeter AMP #2 ► ■ Safety Perimeter AMP #3	NPA4000T NPA4000T	First Floor AMPS OFF ON	
Sarety Perimeter AMP #3 Second Floor AMP #1	NPA4000T NPA4000T		
Second Floor AMP #1	NPA40001 NPA4000T		
Second Floor AMP #2 Technical Spaces AMP #1	NPA4000T		
Technical Spaces AMP #1	NPA4000T		
▼ □□□□ Technical Spaces AMP #2	NPA40001		
(b) CH1 : Channel 1	NPA40001		
(b) CH2 : Channel 2			
Basement AMPS	(2 devices)	-	
Main PA	NPA4000T		
MAIN PA	NPA4000T	Devices from Group: Basement AMPS	
First Floor AMPS	(2 devices)	NPA4000T POWER PRESET	n
🔻 🛜 Channels	(3 groups)	MAIN PA	
	(32 channels)	NPA4000T POWER PRESET C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
Basement LEFT side ch	(0 channels)	Device "MAIN PA"	
Basement RIGHT side ch	(0 channels)		
		NO LABEL	

RELEASE NOTES



5.2 CUSTOMIZING AN ECLERNET PROJECT

It is advisable to perform some customization tasks on the Project in order to facilitate understanding and subsequent handling, such as:

- **Rename devices**. The name given to a device when adding it to the Project may neither be particularly handy nor descriptive. You can later rename the devices to meet those necessities.
- Rename device or channel groups. Ditto as above.
- **Rename device channels**. All channels are displayed by default with the name "Channel 1", "Channel 2", etc. It's really handy to choose a name referring to the device they belong to or representing their functional role in the installation:



• Add/edit comments for devices, channel or device groups. The context menu for these items (Edit Comments) allows associating a short text as a comment.



Placing the cursor over an item displays the associated comment window.

🔻 📷 First Floor AMPS		(2 devices)	
▼ 💽 First Floor	AMP #1	NPA4000T	Bevices from Groun
(句)) CH1 : Show	Device "First Floo	r AMP #1"	
။) CH2 : Show	Amplifier for the	stereo PA installed in	the Showroom in the first
► 🛄 🖬 First Floor	floor. It feeds a co	ouple of UMA215 spe	akers at the front of the stage.
Francis in the second s			NPA4000T

• **Define Project options** such as e-mail notifications, users, passwords, etc.: <u>See section: Edit Menu: section "Project Users and Project Settings</u>

Passwords are blank by default for new Projects and are not requested to open them later, unless you edited them with the previous option.

• Save the Project. The File -> Save or File -> Save As menu entries allow the Project to be saved on your local hard drive or another storage device, keeping the same name and location (Save) or with the ability to change both (Save As).

5.3 ECLERNET PROJECT CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

5.3.1 REDUCED VIEW

The reduced view (*Detail* mode disabled) of a NPA, NZA, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040DN, DUO-NET PLAYER, etc. device has the following appearance:

NPA4000T Device 01	Power	PRESET 01 - Empty	• • • •
NZA4–400 Device 02	POWER	PRESET 01 - Empty	• • • •
MIMO88 Device 03	POWER	PRESET 01 - Empty	• • •

There are a number of user controls and icons or indicators to monitor the device:

NPA4000T First Floor AMP #1	Device model and name
POWER	Device remote Power switch (not available for MIMO88)
	Status monitoring and alarms window. <u>See Table of Status</u> <u>Monitoring and Alarm Icons</u>
PRESET 03 - EQ Dynamics ON 🗘	Active <i>Preset</i> window: indicates the <i>Preset (*)</i> currently active in the device
	Presets management icons (**):
	 Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset)
	Copy Device Preset (copies the current Preset)
	Paste Device Preset (pastes the previously copied
	Preset to another Preset)

T.O.C.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



(*) A Preset is a snapshot of all the device settings at the time of saving: input selection, volume, EQ DSP, compressor settings, etc. For MIMO88, you can select which parts of the configuration will be stored in a given Preset:

	Device "Device 01"
Preset Name	Emergeny preset
Save Data	🗹 Inputs
	🗹 Outputs
	🗹 Matrix
	🗹 Pagers/Duckers
	🗹 Event/Remote Enables
	🗹 Link Groups

Only those parts of a Preset will overwrite existing device settings when recalling this Preset, other MIMO88 parameters and settings won't be affected. For example, if only the Matrix is enabled when you save a Preset, the future recall of this Preset will overwrite the state of the M88 matrix only (crossing points between inputs and outputs, enabled or not, and their levels), without affecting any other setting (inputs, outputs, Pagers/Duckers, remote control enabling and link groups of the matrix, etc.).

Presets management is especially useful when a device has to behave differently at different times and/or for different applications without manually and individually editing its configuration.

(**) With Presets management, you can:

- Save a Preset with a specific name in the list of potential Presets of a device.
- Copy a Preset to a temporary memory
- Paste to a destination *Preset* the contents of another *Preset* previously copied in the temporary memory, in the same or another compatible device. This is especially useful when trying to clone *Presets* from one device to another or when you want to create a *Preset* by modifying an already existing one.
- When performing the pasting operation, all the content is pasted except the Preset name to be defined at the time of saving.
- Save a Preset on hard disk (right-click + Save Preset to file...)
- Load a Preset from hard disk (right-click + Load Preset from file...)

T.O.C.

5.3.2 DETAILED VIEW

The detailed view (Detail mode enabled) of a NPA device has the following appearance:



PANELS (UCP)



For NZA series amplifiers, the aspect is slightly different:





COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

In case of a MIMO88 digital matrix:

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Detailed views of different EclerNet devices are extensively documented along the chapters of this user manual.

Additionally, and for all EclerNet devices, by clicking on the Show / Hide Graph icon (bottom right corner of the screen), you can display the window with frequency response curves resulting from DSP processing for equalization and crossovers applied to the device channels (see DSP processing section).



Examples of graphical panel respectively for NZA amplifier and MIMO88 matrix

In the graphical window for NPA and NZA series, the numbered icons located in the lower right corner allow you to activate/deactivate the graphical display for the device channels identified by the colour code of their own icons (red: Channel 1, Blue: Channel 2, etc.).

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INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES

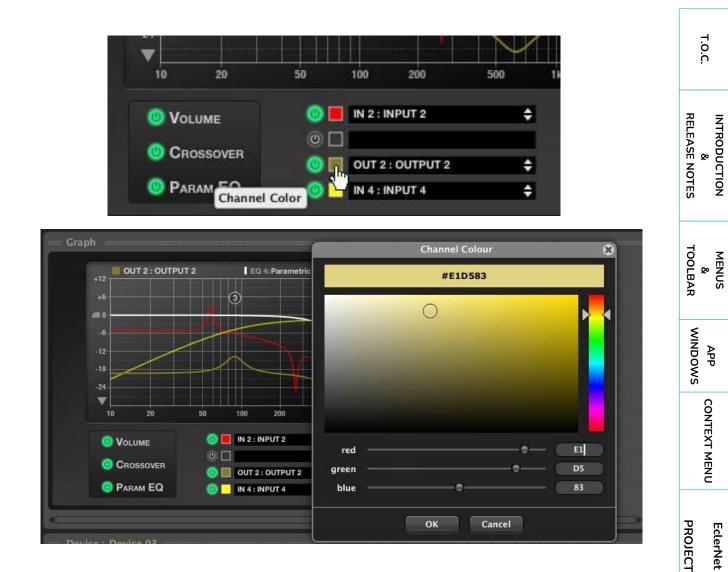
T.O.C.

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



In the case of MIMO88, you can select which input or output channels are displayed, what colour will appear in the chart (double-click on Change Colour icon), and even have a summary of the selected filter parameters (in the upper band of the window).



The graph displays the frequency response using a frequency X axis (logarithmic, in Hz) between 10 and 20,000 Hz, and a gain Y axis (in dB) between +12 dB and -30 dB, or between +12 dB and -72 dB (depending on the status of the Vertical Range button, located in the lower left corner of the graph).

DEVICES

5.3.2.1 VERTICAL RANGE

This control, located in the lower left corner of the graph, allows you to choose between two different ranges of values for the graph Y-axis (gain in dB).

When the button has a pointing down triangle shape, the gain range is between +12 dB and -30 dB. When the button has a pointing up triangle shape, the gain range is between +12 dB and -72 dB.

The curve can be displayed as solid (filled) or as contour line only (outlined), depending on the SOLID button status.

Only one of the available channels is selected as active. The active channel is displayed with greater intensity than the rest, which appears semi-transparent. Channel selection is done by clicking with the mouse on the desired device channel's panel.

If the MUTE function of any channel is activated, this channel graph is represented as a horizontal line at the bottom of the chart.

Only one of the filters in the active channel is considered as the active filter in the graph. This filter individual response is represented with a white line. The filters selection is done by clicking on the panel where the targeted filter controls are displayed. For parametric equalization, individual selection of each of the filters is done through numerical identifiers in the control panel (from 1 to 8).

The active channel filters whose type is not *Bypass* are represented in the graph as circular markers. The low-pass *crossover* is labelled "L", the high pass *crossover* is labelled "H", and parametric filters have a numerical identifier, from 1 to 8.

The graph allows interactive editing of the filter's parameters using their markers. To do this, you just have to point the mouse on the filter marker you want to edit, to click on it and drag it on the surface of the chart while holding the button pressed.

The active filter marker is displayed with greater intensity than the others (which appear semi-transparent) and shows an animation with arrows indicating the available moving directions; *crossovers*, for example, can only be moved horizontally (*Frequency* parameter), while *High-Shelf*, *Low Shelf* filters and *Parametric EQ* can move horizontally (*Frequency* parameter) parameter) and vertically (*Gain* parameter).

For filters with a Q parameter (*Parametric EQ*, *All-Pass order 2*), Q value may also be edited through graphic markers using the mouse wheel.

-24 -60 **V**

T.O.C.

COMPATIBLE

PANELS (UCP)

DEVICES

5.3.2.2 FILLED CURVES (SOLID)

This other control, located in the lower right corner of the graph, allows you to select the option to fill the chart or not.

A black SOLID word over a white rectangle means the graphic curve is filled. A white SOLID word over a black rectangle means the graphic curve is only outlined.

5.3.3 **TYPES OF CONTROL**

600

150•

20

FREQUENCY

20

0,0 dB

LINK

SELEC[®]

IN 1

¢

The detailed view of an EclerNet device contains various types of user controls, which allow you to adjust parameters for DSP processing. The main types of controls are:

MAX

GAIN



MENUS & TOOLBAR +18 WINDOWS APP CONTEXT MENU RELEASE PROJECT ¢

MIN

0,00 ms

DELAY

decler

SOLID

SOLID

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

5.3.3.1 ADJUSTMENT POTENTIOMETERS

To rotate a potentiometer, place the mouse cursor over it, left click, hold the mouse button, and drag up (or right) to rotate clockwise or down (or left) to rotate counterclockwise.



You can also change a potentiometer value by hovering over with the mouse, pressing the left mouse button, and turning the mouse wheel.

Double-clicking a potentiometer will reset it to the default position (depending on the parameter).

5.3.3.2 CHANNEL FADER

The *fader* is a graphic sliding control. To move the fader, point the mouse cursor on it, left click, hold the mouse button, and drag up or down.

You can also change a *fader* value by hovering over with the mouse, pressing the left mouse button, and turning the mouse wheel.

Double-clicking it will restore the default position (0 dB).

5.3.3.3 BUTTONS

All buttons operate the same way: to activate a button, you should point the mouse cursor on it, press and release the mouse left button.

5.3.3.4 SELECTORS

Some parameters must be chosen with selectors from a list of available values. These controls are identified by their double arrow pointing up and down on their right side.

To select a new value in the list, click the control with the mouse and a list of all available values will appear. Select the new value with the mouse by left click on it. The list will be closed, and the new element will appear selected in the control.





Bypass Parametric EQ Low-Shelf 6dB/oct Low-Shelf 12dB/oct High-Shelf 6dB/oct High-Shelf 12dB/oct Low-Pass 6dB/oct High-Pass 6dB/oct High-Pass 12dB/oct All-Pass order 1



T.O.C. INTRODUCTION

RELEASE NOTES

MENUS & TOOLBAR

EclerNet

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

5.3.3.5 NUMERICAL VALUES

Some of the above controls have an associated display showing the numerical value. These displays can also be used to edit the parameter value.

To edit a numerical value, you just must place the mouse cursor over it and left click. Automatically, the control enters edit mode allowing typing the desired value (only numbers without units).

Pressing the ENTER key will update the associated control value. Pressing the ESC key will cancel the editing and keep the previous value.

Double-clicking some controls will reset them to their default position.

5.3.4 TABLE OF STATUS MONITORING AND ALARM ICONS

lcons indicating the status of any system function, or any alarm triggering appear in different windows:

-	Device disconnected.
	• Steady red: the device has been manually disconnected (with Disconnect option).
	• Blinking red: EclerNet Manager tried to connect to the device, but this one is not available.
	Device connected: Blinking green.
	The device is correctly connected to EclerNet Manager
	Device connected and synching.
	The device is establishing the connection to EclerNet Manager
	Device connected with warning.
	The device is connected, but there is a problem.
	If the icon is displayed in a device status area, then another icon indicates the kind of problem (invalid EclerNet protocol version, unsynched, etc.).
	If the icon is displayed in a channel status area, it's indicating a problem with the device (it is recommended to consult the device status area for more information).
V	Invalid EclerNet protocol version.
_	The current version of EclerNet Manager does not allow its connection to networked devices (Version mismatch between software and firmware). Therefore, no connection can be established, but it is possible to upgrade the firmware from Project Explorer Helper.

•	Invalid password.		
	The password entered in the device is incorrect.		
Ċ.	Device unsynched.		
5 2	The two icons are alternatively displayed.		
	Hardware content (state, presets) does not match the device content in	T.O.C.	
	EclerNet Manager.	.,	
Ċ	Device powered.		
	The device is switched on (POWER ON).	& RELEASE NOTES	INTRODUCTION
P	Channel protect alarm.	₩ NOT	DUCTIO
	The electronic protection alarm is activated for the channel. It lights up for a few	.ES	ž
	seconds during the boot sequence and it's normal.		
	Channel thermal alarm.	ТО	z
	The thermal protection alarm is activated for the channel.	& TOOLBAR	MENUS
		Ŕ	0,
2	Channel load alarm.	٤	
	The impedance load protection alarm is activated for the channel.	WINDOWS	
•	Device mains voltage alarm.	SMO	5
· •	The AC power voltage alarm is activated for the device.	COL	
		CONTEXT MENU	
0	Device system error.	T ME	
	Device error alarm (some component inside the device is malfunctioning)	č	
	Device system fault.	P	ш
	Device malfunction alarm (blown fuse, protection system permanently	PROJECT	EclerNet
	triggered, etc.).	7	et
	This alarm appears along with a fault window in the device LCD.		
_	Slave link fault.	DE 20	
	MASTER-SLAVE connection between two MIMO88s is not valid (physical link	DEVICES	COMPATIRI F
	between the LINK BUS connector on the back panel of both MIMO88 units and	S I	Π
	crossover CAT5 cable). Possible Causes:		
	Connection is lacking or is defective	PAN	
	The rear panel switch of the SLAVE unit is not on SLAVE position	PANELS (UCP)	
V	Invalid Slave version.		
	Software - firmware version mismatch in the SLAVE unit of a pair of MIMO88s		

\odot	Channels group set in SOLO mode
CAN	Can Bus DC Power Fail (MIMO units)
Ŷ	NXA units self-test has reported one or more channels having issues



Some of these icons are device dependent, being only available for some series and/or models.

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

6. COMPATIBLE DEVICES

• Amplifiers / Digital Audio Managers:

- NPA Series
- o <u>NZA Series</u>
- o <u>NXA Series</u>

• Digital Matrixes:

- o <u>MIM088</u>
- <u>MIMO88 CONFERENCE</u>
- o <u>MIMO88SG & MIMO1212SG</u>
- o <u>MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN Dante™ Matrixes</u>
- o <u>MIMO40C40DN Dante™ Matrix for Conference with AEC</u>

Audio Players:

- o <u>DUO-Net Player</u>
- Dante[™] Protocol Compatible Devices:
 - o <u>DN44BOB</u>

• Video Over Ip Extenders and Matrixes:

- VEO-XTI2L and VEO-XRI2L
- Digital Controls & Panels:
 - WPNETTOUCH

6.1 AMPLIFIERS / DIGITAL AUDIO MANAGERS

6.1.1 NPA AND NZA AMPLIFIERS SERIES

6.1.1.1.1 NPA SERIES DETAILED VIEW

The top section of the detailed window provides the following items:

Device: First Flo	_	_	Dynamics ON 💠 🔳 🖨	FIRMWARE v1.00r7
GENERATOR SIGNAL PINK NOISE \$ 600, 2k, 5k 150, 5k 150, 10k 20, 20k FREQUENCY	CONFIG OUTPUT MODE VOLUME LINK ANTICLIP MODE MAINS PROTECT NOW COUNT OPERATING TIME	0FF S0FT 265 V 232,3 V 0	NETWORKING ETHERNET MAC OD-1a-96-00-00-11 ADDRESSING MODE IP ADDRESS 10.0.100.9 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0.0.0 GATEWAY 10.0.0.2	AES/EBU STATUS MIN MAX ATTENUATION 0,0dB

Device: First Floor	Device model and name
POWER	Device power switch
	Status monitoring and alarms window.
	See Table of Status Monitoring and Alarm Icons
PRESET 03 - EQ Dynamics ON 🖨	Active Preset window: indicates the Preset currently
	active in the device (<u>See section: Reduced view</u>)
	Presets management icons:
	Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset)
	Copy Device Preset (copies the current Preset)
	 Paste Device Preset (pastes the previously copied Preset)
	(<u>See section: Reduced view</u>)
FIRMWARE v1.00r7	Unit's firmware version

RELEASE NOTES



GENERATOR SIGNAL SINEWAVE $000^{2k}, 5k$ $150^{2k}, 5k$ 10k $20^{2k}, 5k$ 10k $20^{2k}, 5k$ 10k $20^{2k}, 5k$ 10k $20^{2k}, 5k$ 10k 10k	Internal signal generator offering pink noise, white noise, sine wave and polarity check, with frequency adjustable between 10 and 20,000 Hz	Т.О.С
CONFIG OUTPUT MODE STEREO VOLUME LINK OFF ANTICLIP MODE SOFT MAINS PROTECT 265 V NOW 232,3 V COUNT O OPERATING TIME 742 h. 18 min.	Device configuration. See <i>(1)</i>	INTRODUCTION
NETWORKING ETHERNET MAC 00-1a-96-00-00-11 ADDRESSING MODE MANUAL IP ADDRESS 10.0.100.9 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0.0.0 GATEWAY 10.0.0.2	Network parameters configuration. See (2)	MENUS & TOOLBAR V
AES/EBU STATUS 1	Digital AES/EBU input: a VALID message is displayed when a valid AES/EBU signal is input in the device. Provides a ±12 dB <i>trim</i> adjustment	APP WINDOWS

PROJECT



(1) Device configuration.

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the parameter setting window:

Device Con	nfiguration 🛛 🛞
Device "First	t Floor AMP #1"
RECOUCH Output Mode	STEREO 🗢
Volume Link	OFF 🗢
Anticlip Mode	SOFT 🗢
Maximum Mains Voltage	265 volts
Enable Mains Voltage Alarm	₫ Contraction Contraction
	Cancel 0,00 ms

🕗 CONFIG

Change Device Configuration

For an NPA Series amplifier, adjustable parameters are:

• Output Mode: STEREO/BRIDGE/PARALLEL.

Selects the operating mode of the device amplified outputs: stereo, bridged or parallel (see the *hardware* NPA Series owner's manual).

• Volume Link: ON/OFF.

Determines if both channels' volume controls of an amplifier are linked (ON) or independent (OFF).

• Anticlip Mode: SOFT/MID/HARD.

The protection system against saturation can operate in SOFT, MID, or HARD mode.

Maximum Mains Voltage: 200 to 280 V AC (version for 230 V AC nominal voltage.)

Determines the AC mains voltage threshold above which overvoltage occurs.

• Enable Mains Voltage Alarm: Determines whether threshold exceeding should trigger or not a system alarm.

T.O.C.



The window hereunder shows the adjustments made, the real time reading of the voltage (*NOW*), the number of times it exceeded the threshold (*COUNT*) and the cumulative operating time of the device (*OPERATING TIME*):

CONFIG	
OUTPUT MODE	STEREO
VOLUME LINK	OFF
ANTICLIP MODE	SOFT
MAINS PROTECT	265 V
NOW	232,3 V
COUNT	0
OPERATING TIME	742 h. 18 min.

(2) Network parameters configuration.

Exactly the same window and same parameters than those available with *Network Configuration* in the device context menu:

Network Co	onfiguration 🛛 😣
Device "Firs	t Floor AMP #1"
Ethernet MAC	00-1a-96-00-00-11
IP Address	10.0.100.9
IP Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
IP Gateway	10.0.0.2
UDP Port	2210
2004 MIN	
ОК	Cancel

See section Creating an EclerNet Project for more details.

The lower right section of the device channel window presents the following appearance for NPA Series:

MON	ITOR
	PROTECT
COUNT	0
т	MPERATURE
т	36,4 %
COUNT	0
	LOAD (Q)
z	8,6
COUNT	0
	POWER (W)
	234.8
	330.9
v	OLTAGE (V)
RMS	44.8
PEAK	63.6
æ.cc	DNFIG
0.00	GAIN
-	26 dB
14	PEAK LIMITER
	OFF
-	
MIN	OAD ERROR
MAX	0,5
MAX	50

T.O.C. & MENUS RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR



CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

	Counter for the number of times the device protection alarm has been triggered	
TEMPERATURE T 36,4 % COUNT 0	Heat sink internal temperature meter (in % of alarm triggering threshold) Counter for the number of times the device temperature alarm has been triggered	T.O.C.
LOAD (Ω) z 8,6 count 0	Load impedance at the device terminals <i>(1)</i> Counter for the number of times the device load impedance alarm has been triggered	INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES
POWER (W) RMS 234,8 PEAK 330,9	RMS power meter at the channel output terminals Peak power meter at the channel output terminals	TOC
VOLTAGE (V) RMS 44,8 PEAK 63,6	RMS voltage meter at the channel output terminals Peak voltage meter at the channel output terminals	MENUS & TOOLBAR
CONFIG GAIN 26 dB VPEAK LIMITER	Channel configuration. See <i>(2)</i>	APP WINDOWS
MAX OFF LOAD ERROR MIN 0,5 MAX 50		CONTEXT ME

(1) The real time measurement of load impedance and the activation of the relevant alarm are affected by the functional state of hardware and the installation cabling load (in case of crossing or open circuit in a speaker line, faulty amplifier, etc.), as well as by some audio program and volume transients produced over the time.

This may generate occasional measurement inaccuracies, leading to a false alarm triggering:

It is important to note that the load impedance alarm triggering can be due to a combination of temporary factors which are not abnormal in the installation. Check after triggering if the triggering condition is maintained over time, i.e., whether it is a false alarm or a true one requiring maintenance.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

Change Channel Configuration

(2) Channel configuration.

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the parameter setting window:

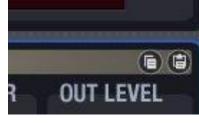
For NPA Series an amplifier, adjustable parameters are:

- Amplifier total Gain: 26/32/ 38 dB
- Vpeak Limiter Threshold. maximum peak output voltage to which the equipment limiter reacts.
 - 40 to 119 V/OFF for NPA4000T 0
 - 40 to 99 V/OFF for NPA2500T \cap
- Maximum Load/Minimum Load: between 0.2 and 100 ohms. Load measurement range outside which the load impedance alarm (LOAD) is triggered and counted (COUNT).
- **Enable Load Alarm**: enables/disables the triggering of the load impedance alarm.

Additionally, there are two icons named "Copy Channel Data" and "Paste Channel Data" in the control window of each device channel (upper right part).

Clicking on "Copy Channel Data" in a channel (source channel) stores all parameters in a temporary memory.

Clicking on "Paste Channel Data" in a channel, copies in the destination channel the parameters stored temporarily during the last "Copy Channel Data" operation, configuring the destination channel like the source channel.



					GAIN 26 dB	
Bypass	Chann	el Conf	iguration	÷		*
600 . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Channe	l "Show	room Left	ch"	GR	THRESHOLD
	ENCI Gain	26 dB	20.* * 20	\$		
Vpeak Limite	r Threshold			-• (OFF	volts
Min	iimum Load	•—			0,5	ohms
Max	imum Load		-•	- •	50,0	ohms
Enable	Load Alarm	₹				
FREQU		к	Cancel			

CONFIG



RELEASE NOTES

ecler

EclerNet

6.1.1.1.2 NZA SERIES DETAILED VIEW

Device: Device 01	Device model and name
POWER	Device power switch
	Status monitoring and alarms window. See <u>Table of</u> <u>status monitoring and alarm icons</u>
PRESET 03 - EQ Dynamics ON	Active <i>Preset</i> window: indicates the <i>Preset</i> currently active in the device (<u>See section: Reduced view</u>)
	 Presets management icons: Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset) Copy Device Preset (copies the current Preset) Paste Device Preset (pastes the previously copied Preset) (See section: Reduced view)
FIRMWARE v1.00r7	Unit's <i>firmware</i> version
GENERATOR SIGNAL SINEWAVE 600, 2k 150 - 0 - 10k 20 - 20k FREQUENCY 1.000 Hz	Internal signal generator offering pink noise, white noise, sine wave and polarity check, with frequency adjustable between 10 and 20,000 Hz
CONFIG ANTICLIP MODE SOFT AUTO STANDBY ON OPERATING TIME	Device configuration. See <i>(1)</i>
NETWORKING ETHERNET MAC 00-1a-96-00-00-11 ADDRESSING MODE MANUAL IP ADDRESS 10.0.100.9 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0.0.0 GATEWAY 10.0.0.2	Network parameters configuration. See <i>(2)</i>

INTRODUCTION

RELEASE NOTES

T.O.C.

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP (

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet PROJECT

> COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)





The top section of the detailed window provides the following items:

(1) Device configuration.

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the parameter setting window:

Device "	Device 01"	
Anticlip Mode	SOFT	¢
Auto-Standby Mode	ON	¢
Auto-Standby Mode	ON	

Change Device Configuration
VOLUME LINK OFF

For NZA series amplifiers, adjustable parameters are:

Anticlip Mode: SOFT/MID/HARD.

The protection system against saturation can operate in Soft, Mid or Hard mode.

• *Auto-Standby Mode*: ON/OFF. Enables/disables the automatic sleep mode (low consumption) when no input signal is detected in any channel of the amplifier.

The next window shows the status of the adjustments made, as well as the number of accumulated operating hours of the device (*OPERATING TIME*):

🕗 CONFIG —		
ANTICLIP MODE	SOFT	
AUTO STANDBY	OFF	
OPERATING TIME	22.2	

(2) Network parameters configuration.

Exactly the same window and same parameters than those available with the *Network Configuration* option from the device context menu:

See section: Creating an EclerNet Project



INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES

T.O.C.

MENUS & TOOLBAR



The lower right section of the device channel window presents the following appearance for NZA Series:



	Presence signal indicator (green) at the channel input
LEVEL 0,0 dB	Reading of the channel's volume control position on the hardware front panel. The position of this hardware control is a part of amplifier <i>hardware</i> and is not remotely adjustable from EclerNet Manager application. It determines the maximum signal level coming out from this amplifier channel output (0 dB means no attenuation or, which is equivalent, maximum volume).
REMOTE B ◆ NONE A ✓ B C D E F	VCA port selector for remote control of channel volume, with a total of 4 or 6 ports, depending on the NZA amplifier model. Connecting for example a potentiometer to the VCA port of a channel of the amplifier allows you to remote control its volume. The maximum volume of a channel, whether it is assigned to a VCA port or not, will always be determined by the position of its hardware volume control.
DEMOTE	for a simultaneous remote control of all assigned channels. Metering of the control voltage detected at the selected VCA port (port
REMOTE B ◆ 0,0 dB	B in the example). The metering is proportional to the volume control applied to the channel: 0 dB indicates maximum volume (zero attenuation due to VCA remote control).
CONFIG 26 dB OUTFUT MODE SINGLE COMP. MODE COMPRESSOR	Channel configuration. See <i>(1)</i>

T.O.C.

INTRODUCTION & **RELEASE NOTES**

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS APP

CONTEXT MENU



CONFIG

Change Channel Configuration

MAX MIN

MIN

(1) Channel configuration.

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the parameter setting window:

Bypass	NZA Channel	Configuration	0	8
	Channel	"NO LABEL"		
	Gain	26 dB	¢	
	Output Mode	SINGLE	¢	
Com	pressor Mode	COMPRESSOR	¢	

For NZA series amplifiers, adjustable parameters are:

- Amplifier total Gain: 26 / 32 dB
- Output Mode: SINGLE / BRIDGE / PARALLEL
 - In SINGLE mode, a channel is absolutely independent of the other amplifier 0 channels for all settings (input selection, volume, EQ, compressor settings, etc.). In this mode, each channel has its own control window in EclerNet Manager.
 - In BRIDGE and PARALLEL modes, channels are linked, set and controlled 0 by pair, appearing in software as a unique control panel for each pair of linked channels. Possible pairs are always made of consecutive channels: 1&2, 3&4, 5&6 (depending on NZA device, whether 4 or 6 channels).
- Compressor Mode: COMPRESSOR /VPEAK LIMITER (voltage peak limiter).

It determines how the GUI of the channel compressor will look, with a choice between the aspect of a classic compressor and a voltage peak limiter for the output signal of the amplifier (see COMPRESSOR section).

INTRODUCTION

T.O.C.



6.1.1.1.3 INPUT

The input section contains the following controls:

- **SELECT**: allows you to select this channel input amongst available sound sources:
 - IN1 / IN2, etc.: amplifier's analogue input 1, 2, etc. (and also IN1+2, IN3+4, etc., for NZA series)
 - DIG IN1 / DIG IN2: amplifier's digital input 1 or 2 (available in NPA series)
 - **GEN**: internal generator signal, controlled from the GENERATOR panel.
- LINK: links channels for simultaneous operation (available in NPA series)
- VOLUME: channel volume, adjustable between –infinity and 0dB. There are two Vu meter-type level indicators to the right of the channel fader: the left bar displays the input signal level and the right one the channel output signal level after processing.
- SOLO: mutes all device channels except those with SOLO function enabled.
- MUTE: mutes this channel audio signal.
- **INVERT**: allows the input signal phase to be inverted (180 degrees shift).

6.1.1.1.4 CROSSOVER

The *CROSSOVER* section contains the FILTER *TYPE* and *FREQUENCY* parameters for each of the two filters (low-pass and high-pass) composing the *crossover*. It splits the audio frequency spectrum in two parts, creating the two bands usually used in two-way speakers.

CROSSOVER	
LOW-PASS	HIGH-PASS
ТҮРЕ	ТҮРЕ
Bessel 24dB/oct 🖨	Bypass 🗢
2k 5k 150 200 20k FREQUENCY 1.000 Hz	2k 5k 150 200 5k 10k 200 5k 20k 5k 10k 20k 5k

- **FILTER TYPE**: allows you to select the crossover filter type. You can select one of the following filter types.
 - o Butterworth 6, 12, 18 or 24 dB/oct
 - \circ $\,$ Bessel 12, 18 or 24 dB/oct $\,$
 - o Linkwitz-Riley 12 or 24 dB/oct
- **FREQUENCY**: is made of a potentiometer and a numerical value to adjust the filter cut-off frequency within the 20 Hz 20 kHz range.



1

GEN



6.1.1.1.5 PARAMETRIC EQ

This section groups the eight parametric filters available per channel, very useful for a precise correction of the frequency response.

Available parameters are described below (the parameters are always displayed for one of the 8 filters, the one



with its numeric indicator filled in white, as filter #2 in the image):

- **ON/OFF**: turns on/off the parametric EQ, affecting all filters from this section. When the value is OFF (top left button greyed out), there is no filter processing (all filters are bypassed). In the opposite case (green button), operation is determined by the other parameters.
- **FILTER TYPE**: type of filter used. You can select one of the following filter types (adjustable controls for each filter type are shown between brackets):
 - Bypass: filter not used.
 - Parametric EQ (FREQUENCY, GAIN, Q): classic parametric equalizer filter with adjustable central frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz), gain or attenuation at central frequency (between +12 dB and -60 dB) and bandwidth (1/Q, Q between 0.3 and 200).
 - Low-Shelf and High-Shelf with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY, GAIN): shelving type filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz) and gain or attenuation (between +12 dB and -60 dB).
 - Low-Pass and High-Pass with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY): these are low-pass and high-pass filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz).
 - All-Pass order 1 and 2 (FREQUENCY, Q in order 2): all-pass filters that do not affect the signal amplitude, but the phase at certain frequencies (in contrast with delay, which changes phase at all frequencies). This type of filter is mainly used to compensate for phase errors in speakers or other causes, such as phase shifts introduced by the crossover.



6.1.1.1.6 COMPRESSOR

The compressor section offers a processing of the input signal dynamic behaviour, allowing the output intensity to be controlled not to exceed certain levels. Available settings are:

- **ON/OFF**: turns the compressor on/off (green button/grey button). When in OFF mode, the rest of the section controls are disabled.
- **THRESHOLD**: compression threshold. Composed of a potentiometer and a numerical value, and used to specify the input signal level at which compression begins to occur. This parameter ranges from +18 dB to -36 dB.



- *RATIO*: compression ratio. It also includes a potentiometer and its associated numerical value. This parameter determines the output volume reduction ratio when the input signal level rises above the threshold. A value of 1:1 states that the signal level does not undergo changes, while the extreme value of inf:1 represents a signal limiter, with which any signal above the threshold will be limited to that threshold level.
- *ATTACK* (potentiometer and numerical value): attack time. Determines the time the compressor takes to respond when the input level rises above the threshold. The range extends from 0.1 ms to 500 ms.
- *RELEASE* (potentiometer and numerical value): determines how quickly the compressor stops operating once the signal input level drops below the threshold. In this case, the range covers from 1 ms to 5 s.

Setting the compressors' *ATTACK* and *RELEASE* times correctly is not an easy task: too short release or attack times result in excessive and perceptible low frequencies distortion; on the other hand, too long times could make a limiter useless if damages already occurred before limitation starts.

In order to help you to correctly set these values, the *AUTO* parameter automatically select *ATTACK* and *RELEASE* values, using the *crossover* high-pass filter cut-off frequency as internal reference.

When AUTO is enabled, ATTACK and RELEASE controls editing is disabled, but used values are still displayed.

Additionally, some devices (NZA series) can display the compressor function in voltage peak limiter mode, changing the GUI appearance, as shown in the attached image.

In this mode, the limiting threshold appears in volt units and RATIO, ATTACK and RELEASE controls are disabled.



T.O.C.

6.1.1.1.7 DELAY

The DELAY section allows you to set an independent delay time for each channel, which is applied between input and output.

The delay time can be specified in different units, selected with *UNITS* parameter. Available units are milliseconds, seconds, seconds, and the seconds of the second sec

centimetres and meters. *DELAY* can be set between 0 and 1000 milliseconds.

To avoid weird and annoying noises in the output signal, the value change made with the *DELAY* potentiometer is not effective until the mouse button is released. At that time audio will be temporarily muted (for a variable time, depending on the delay value used) for the new setting to be effective

6.1.1.1.8 COPYING AND PASTING SETTINGS BETWEEN CHANNELS

Copy Channel Data and Paste Channel Data icons (), located in the upper right corner of the control panel of each device channel, are used to copy all settings from one amplification channel in a temporary memory and paste them in another amplification channel.

- Channel copying and pasting can be done within a single device or from a device channel to a channel of another device.
 - In the latter case, copying and pasting operation can only be made between channels of the same device series (you cannot copy a channel from an NPA amplifier and paste it into a NZA amplifier, or vice versa).
 - To clone the full configuration of all channels from one device to another, use Copy Device Preset and Paste Device Preset from the icons to the right of the preset name in the upper section of the device configuration.





RELEASE NOTES INTRODUCTION

T.O.C.



6.1.2 NXA SERIES, SELF-POWERED DIGITAL AUDIO MANAGER

6.1.2.1 INTRODUCTION TO NXA SERIES

NXA is a series of "all-in-one" digital audio devices: a multichannel self-powered digital manager, an evolution of the EclerNet NZA series of amplifiers integrating a digital audio matrix. In some projects, a digital amplifier with Ethernet/RS-232 remote control is essential, yet insufficient to meet all requirements, as input signal mixing, source selection, priorities, self-diagnostics for the correct operation of the device, user control interface, etc. Adding a digital matrix to the equipment list may exceed the budget. This is where the NXA series fits perfectly: an amplifier/processor hybrid digital device, a complete audio solution that provides multiple methods of remote control with a long list of features.

NXA device programming is performed with the EclerNet Manager application, either via a CAT5 point-to-point connection (directly from the computer to the NXA device) or from a remote point of the Ethernet network it is linked to.

The remote management for NXA and in general for any EclerNet compatible device (as NZA or NPA amplifiers, or MIMO88 matrix) can be done in the following ways:

- with the EclerNet Manager application, either via a CAT5 point-to-point connection (directly from the computer to the NXA) or from a point of the Ethernet network it is linked to
- from EclerNet clients of Ethernet Manager, or UCPs (User Control Panels): several simultaneous web clients, each with its own custom control panel, and EclerNet Manager acting as a web server. EclerNet Manager allows to create such control panels in a very simple and intuitive manner
- from external "third-party" control devices (Crestron®, AMX®, Extron®, VITY®, Medialon®, RTI®, etc.), using for this the **TP-NET** Ecler communication protocol integrated in the NXA series and the Ethernet or RS-232 communication of the device

The NXA has 4 or 6 analogue audio inputs and 4 or 6 amplified outputs (4 or 6 channels, depending on model), from 80W per channel up to 400W per channel (depending on model). All inputs are balanced, at a nominal line level, while the amplified outputs can be set to work in SINGLE, PARALLEL or BRIDGE mode.



With EclerNet Manager **you can configure the NXA for all types of audio processing tasks** (DSP or Digital Signal Processing) on incoming signals, such as:

- Independent audio input mixer for each channel of the device (mixing matrix), allowing to generate a different mixing than the ones made in the other channels
- Independent controls per channel: VOLUME, MUTE, SOLO, PHASE INVERSION, MAX. VOL (upper volume limit) and MIN. VOL (lower volume limit)
- LP and HP crossover filters, up to 4th order, per channel
- Bank of 8 parametric EQ filters, per channel
- Compressor with THRESHOLD, COMP. RATIO, ATTACK, RELEASE, and MAKE-UP KNEE GAIN settings, per channel
- Delay, up to 1000 milliseconds, per channel
- DUCKER function (priority): an input can be configured with highest priority, being able to reduce and replace the audio content of any channel, when its signal exceeds the detection threshold. This feature is vital in emergency/evacuation systems, which should play a specific alarm and/or evacuation message instead of the regular audio program when an emergency scenario is detected
- 5 configuration memories (presets) are available

As inputs for hardware control devices, the NXA has 4 or 6 GPI ports (depending on model), or General-Purpose Inputs, 0-10 VDC. These control inputs can be connected to external devices such as contact closures, potentiometers, Ecler WPm / WPa series panels, 0-10 VDC voltage sources, etc.

The GPI inputs can be programmed to control certain functions of the NXA device from external hardware devices:

- recall one of the 5 available Presets (through a WPmVOL-SR, WPaVOL-SR or WPTOUCH wall panel)
- select a sound source in a preset list of the unit audio inputs for one channel or multiple channels simultaneously (through a WPmVOL-SR or WPTOUCH wall panel)
- adjust the audio volume of one or more inputs, or one or more outputs (through a WPmVOL, WPaVOL, WPmVOL-SR, WPaVOL-SR or WPTOUCH wall panel)

RELEASE NOTES



Other remarkable features of the NXA series are:

- TP-NET external remote-control protocol, via Ethernet and RS-232 (compatible with Crestron®, AMX®, RTI®, VITY®, etc.)
- POWER ON/OFF button and/or front panel volume controls deactivated by software, preventing unauthorized tampering
- Front panel volume controls can be assigned to one or more audio inputs or one or more amplified outputs
- Self-diagnostics function for the correct operation of the amplifier, with FAULT relay: allows the device failure detector to switch to an external redundant system, replacing the faulty unit with a spare one
- Integrated "Anti-clip" system

For more information about NXA Serie's hardware, refer to the product manual.

6.1.2.2 GENERAL SECTIONS OF THE DEVICE

The top section of the detailed window provides the following items:



NXA6-80	Device model and name
	Device power switch
	Status monitoring and alarms window. <u>See Table of</u> status monitoring and alarm icons
PRESET 03 - EQ Dynamics ON \$	Active <i>Preset</i> window: indicates the <i>Preset</i> currently active in the device
	 Presets management icons: Save Device Preset: saves the current Preset in memory (click on the mouse left button) or in a folder on your PC (click on the mouse right button) Copy Device Preset: copies the current Preset Paste Device Preset: pastes the previously copied Preset

T.O.C.



FIRMWARE v1.02r9	Unit's firmware version
GENERATOR SIGNAL PINK NOISE ◆ 600, 2 ^k , 5k 190 • 10k FREQUENCY	Internal signal generator providing pink noise, white noise, sine wave and polarity check, with frequency adjustable between 10 and 20,000Hz
CONFIG ANTICLIP MODE SOFT AUTO STANDBY ON PRESET 1 START UP ON LEVEL KNOSS ENABLED OPERATING TIME 122 h. 23 min.	Device configuration. <i>See (1)</i>
NETWORKING ETHERNET MAC 00-13-96-00-e6-97 ADDRESSING MODE MANUAL IP ADDRESS 10.11.11.156 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0.0.0 GATEWAY 192.168.0.1	Network parameters configuration. See (2)

(1) Device configuration

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the parameter setting window:

CONFIG Change Device Configuration

The adjustable parameters are:

• Anticlip Mode: SOFT/MID/HARD.

The protection system against saturation can operate in SOFT, MID, or HARD mode.

• Amp Test Mode: OFF / 1 MINUTE / 1 HOUR

Defines the frequency of the unit selfdiagnostic test, which confirms its correct operation, checking the amplified audio signal presence at its outputs; if no signal is detected, the rear panel FAULT relay is switched on

 NXA Device Configuration
 S

 Device "NO LABEL"

 Anticlip Mode
 SOFT

 Amp Test Mode
 1 MINUTE

 Auto-Standby
 ✓

 Preset 1 Start Up
 ✓

 Enable Power Button
 ✓

 Enable Level Knobs
 ✓

• Auto-Standby: ON/OFF.

Enables / disables the automatic sleep mode (low-consumption) when no input signal is detected on any of the amplifier channels.

EclerNet COMPATIBLE

PROJECT

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

DEVICES



• Preset 1 Start Up: ON/OFF

Allows to automatically retrieve the preset number 1 stored in the unit memory each time the equipment is initialized (the power supply is switched off and on again). This ensures the same starting conditions for your setup each time the device is turned on (at the beginning of the day, etc.)

• Enable Power Button: ON/OFF

Allows to enable or disable the front panel POWER switch, so in the latter case the device is protected against accidental on/off switching or unauthorized use of the unit

• Enable Level Knobs: ON/OFF

Allows to enable or disable the front panel LEVEL rotary knobs, so in the latter case the device is protected against accidental or unauthorized adjustment of the unit's inputs and outputs

The next window shows the status of the adjustments made, as well as the number of accumulated operating hours of the device (OPERATING TIME):

CONFIG			
ANTICLIP MODE	SOFT	AMP TEST MODE	1 MINUTE
AUTO STANDBY	ON	POWER BUTTON	ENABLED
PRESET 1 START UP	ON	LEVEL KNOBS	ENABLED
OPERATING TIME	122 h. 23 min.		

(2) Network parameters configuration

Exactly the same window and same parameters than those available with *Network Configuration* in a device context menu:

Network Co	onfiguration 🛛 🚷
Device "Firs	t Floor AMP #1"
Ethernet MAC	00-1a-96-00-00-11
IP Address	10.0.100.9
IP Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
IP Gateway	10.0.0.2
UDP Port	2210
20% MBI	
	Cancel



Below this, we can find 3 tabs for the detailed configuration of:

- Front panel KNOBS and rear panel GPIs
- VIRTUAL buttons and volume controls from UCP panels
- DUCKER (priority triggered by audio signal level) section

20 * 20k FREQUENCY 1.000 Hz	OPERATING TIME	SUBNET MASK GATEWAY
KNOBS/GPIS	VIRTUALS DUCKER	
	KNOBS CDIC	

Section **KNOBS/GPIs** allows configuring the function to be performed by the LEVEL rotary knobs on the front panel, as well as the function of the rear panel GPI ports:

FRONT PANEL KNOBS	GPIS
	1 2 3 4 5 6
KNOB1 58 INPUT VOL.	GP11 0 PRESETS 💠 🗌 🗌 🗌 🗌 🗌
KNOB2 28 INPUT VOL.	GP12 0 INPUT VOL.
KNOB3 2 INPUT VOL.	GPI3 0 SOURCE SEL.
KNOB4 12 OUTPUT VOL.	
KNOB5 18 OUTPUT VOL.	
KNOB6 80 OUTPUT VOL.	GPI6 0 OUTPUT VOL.

The front panel **LEVEL controls** are displayed as KNOB 1 to 4 (or 1 to 6, depending on models). To the right of each of them is displayed the value (=position) of the front panel LEVEL hardware knob, read in real time, from 0 to 100 (in this example 58, 28, 2, etc.)

FRONT PANEL	KNORS	
	NNOD0	
KNOB1	OUTPUT VOL.	÷
КНОВ2	INPUT VOL.	
КНОВЗ	✓ OUTPUT VOL.	
КНОВ4	OUTPUT VOL.	÷
KNOB5	OUTPUT VOL.	¢
KNOB6	OUTPUT VOL.	÷

For each of them, the drop-down menu allows to

select the control function of certain audio inputs or outputs of the unit:

After selecting the type of volume control (INPUTs or OUTPUTs), the inputs or outputs simultaneously affected by each control knob have to be checked in boxes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. Clicking with the mouse activates (green) or deactivates them. In the above example, we see the following control settings:

- LEVEL 1 controls the inputs 1 and 2 levels
- LEVEL 2 controls the inputs 3 and 4 levels
- LEVEL 3 controls the input 5 level
- LEVEL 4 controls the outputs 3 and 4 levels
- LEVEL 5 controls the output 2 level
- LEVEL 6 controls the output 6 level

A LEVEL control can simultaneously control multiple inputs and outputs, but NOT the other way around: the application automatically manages that one input or output is associated with a single control knob, and not simultaneously with several ones T.O.C.



The unit's **GPI** ports (0-10 VDC control ports) on the rear panel are displayed as GPI 1 to 4 (or 1 to 6, depending on models). To the right of each of them is displayed the value of the signal (voltage) received on the central pin of each GPI port, read in real time (0 to 100 scale). A WPmVOL / WPaVOL or WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR wall panel, or similar, connected to a GPI will deliver this full range, 0 to 100 values, when gestured.

For each of them, the drop-down menu allows to select the control function from the following options:

GPIs				1	2	3	4	5	6	
GPI1	0	PRESETS	ŧ							
GPI2	0	INPUT VOL.								
GP13	0	OUTPUT VOL.								INPUTS OUTPUTS
GPI4	0	SOURCE SEL. ✓ PRESETS								
GP15	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							
GP16	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							

• **INPUT VOL**.: volume control of one or more audio inputs of the unit. The boxes of the targeted inputs must be checked: clicking with the mouse activates (green) or deactivates them. In the following example GPI #2 controls the volume of inputs 1 and 2:

GPIs										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	
GPI1	0	PRESETS	¢							
GPI2	0	INPUT VOL.	¢							

• **OUTPUT VOL**.: volume control of one or more audio outputs of the unit. The boxes of the targeted outputs must be checked: clicking with the mouse activates (green) or deactivates them. In the following example GPI #4 controls the volume of the outputs 1, 3, 4 and 6:

GPIs				-	-		-	
			<u> </u>		3		6	
GPI1 0	PRESETS	÷						
GPI2 0	INPUT VOL.	¢						
GPI3 0	INPUT VOL.	¢						
GPI4 0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢						



 SOURCE SEL.: selection of input sources for one or more-unit channels, using the 5-positions selector knob of a WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR or similar wall panel. The boxes of the inputs composing the carousel of selectable sound sources (INPUTS, upper half of the boxes to the right of the drop-down menu), and the outputs that will be affected by this selection of sources (OUTPUTS, lower half of the boxes to the right of the drop-down menu) must be checked: clicking with the mouse activates (green) or deactivates them.

From the following example, we can deduce the following configuration:

GPIs										
ui 15				1	2	3	4	5	6	
GPI1	0	PRESETS	¢							
GPI2	0	INPUT VOL.	¢							
GP13	0	SOURCE SEL.	¢							INPUTS OUTPUTS
GPI4	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							
GP15	0	SOURCE SEL.	¢							INPUTS OUTPUTS
GPI6	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							

- GPI3: allows to select sound sources for outputs 2 and 3. The sound sources are selected using the selector knob of a WPmVOL-SR/WPaVOL-SR unit, connected to GPI3, as follows:
 - Position 0: OFF (no source)
 - Position 1: input 1
 - Position 2: input 3
 - Position 3: input 4
 - Position 4: input 6
- GPI5: allows to select sound sources for outputs 4 and 6. The sound sources are selected using the selector knob of a WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR unit, connected to GPI5, as follows:
 - Position 0: OFF (no source)
 - Position 1: input 1
 - Position 2: input 2
 - Position 3: input 5
 - Position 4: OFF

I The carousel of options for one of these selector knobs may include a maximum of 4 inputs, so that the first position of the hardware selector (WPaVOL-SR or similar) corresponds to OFF (no input selected). The next positions, up to a maximum of 4, consecutively correspond to the inputs being part of the carousel of selectable sound sources (INPUTS, upper half of the boxes to the right of the drop-down menu). If less than 4 options are selected, the last selector positions without associated input also correspond to the OFF selection (no input), as with the GPI 5 in the example above.

PROJECT



When a LEVEL control and a GPI are associated to control the volume of the same input or output, both are concatenated ("in series"), so that the highest level of one of them at a given time will determine the maximum volume control that can reach the other when set to its maximum position. Examples, with KNOB 1 and GPI 1 controlling the channel 2 volume:

- GPI 1 at 100%: moving LEVEL 1 can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 100%
- KNOB 1 al 100%: acting on GPI 1 can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 100%
- GPI 1 at 75%: moving LEVEL 1 can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 75%
- KNOB 1 at 75%: acting on GPI 1 can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 75%
- o etc.
- **PRESETS**: recall of one of the five presets in the NXA memory, using the 5-way selector knob of a WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR or similar wall panel.
 - Selector position 0: preset 1 recall
 - Selector position 1: preset 2 recall
 - Selector position 2: preset 3 recall
 - Selector position 3: preset 4 recall
 - Selector position 4: preset 5 recall

The TAB named **VIRTUALS** allows to link "A" and "B" VIRTUAL controls of an NXA unit to virtual buttons and volume controls (faders, knobs) in UCP panels.

KNOBS/GPIS	VIRTUALS	UCKER			
VIRTUALS		123	4 5 6		
VIRTUALIA 75	SOURCE SEL.		INPUTS OUTPUTS	VIRTUAL1B 78	SOURCE VOL.
VIRTUAL2A 100 VIRTUAL3A 16	SOURCE SEL.	¢	OUTPUTS	VIRTUAL2B 99 VIRTUAL3B 46	SOURCE VOL.
VIRTUAL4A 0	OUTPUT VOL.	•		VIRTUAL4B	
VIRTUALSA 0 VIRTUAL6A 0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢		VIRTUALSB 0 VIRTUAL6B 0	

PROJECT



Options are:

 Just control an INPUT or OUTPUT (or group of inputs or outputs) volume with a virtual fader or rotary knob in a UCP. In this case, just proceed to program "A" virtual controls, exactly in the same way as the front panel hardware knobs of the NXA, explained just above these lines:

VIRTUALS									
VINTUALS			1	2	3	4	5	6	
VIRTUAL1A 75	INPUT VOL.	¢							
VIRTUAL2A 100	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							

In this case, "B" virtuals are not available, as won't have any function.

- Combined source selector + volume control functions:
 - Use a UCP button as a source selector (or input selector) for one or several output channels (for this purpose use "A" VIRTUALs: 1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A)
 - Volume control of the selected source for the selected destination channels (for this purpose use "B" VIRTUALs: 1B, 2B, 3B, 4B, 5B, 6B)

You can create UCP panels that include virtual controls for the above purpose, like in this example: a control panel that will allow the user to select a sound source from 4 choices and adjust the volume at which this source will be played in a given output zone. This is equivalent to selecting an input from 4 options and adjusting the matrix "crosspoint" level of the selected source for the desired channel or channels in an NXA unit:



INTRODUCTION MENUS & & RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR

T.O.C.



In the following example, the NXA VIRTUALS section is programmed like this, selecting for each "A" virtual control which INPUTS will make part of the selection list (IN1, 2, 3 and 4 in the example, seen as green boxes) and for which channel (or NXA's outputs) will be this selection effective (just one channel or OUTPUT in the example, seen as green box):

KNOBS/GPI	S I	VIRTUALS	DUCK	ER										
VIRTUALS				1		4		6						
VIRTUAL1A	75	SOURCE SEL.	¢						INPUTS OUTPUTS	VIRTUAL18	81	SOURCE VOL.	¢	
VIRTUAL2A	100	SOURCE SEL.	¢				=		INPUTS OUTPUTS	VIRTUAL2B	99	SOURCE VOL.	¢	
VIRTUAL3A	16	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							VIRTUAL3B	46			
VIRTUAL4A	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							VIRTUAL48	0			
VIRTUAL5A	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							VIRTUAL5B	0			
VIRTUAL6A	0	OUTPUT VOL.	¢							VIRTUAL6B	0			

In the above example, the configuration shows:

- VIRTUAL 1A allows to select IN1, 2, 3 or 4 as a sound source for output channel 1, and VIRTUAL 1B allows to adjust the volume of the selected source for output channel 1
- VIRTUAL 2A allows to select IN1, 2, 3 or 4 as a sound source for output channel 2, and VIRTUAL 2B allows to adjust the volume of the selected source for output channel 2

...we can the build one panel to manage music sources and volume for OUT1, connected to the loudspeakers in an office, Office #1, and another panel to manage the same for OUT2, connected to the loudspeakers in Office #2, like these ones:



T.O.C. & & RELEASE NOTES



Positioning the mouse cursor on top of each green rectangle a tooltip will appear, indicating the numerical value of the virtual control that will select this source for this channel:

1	KITODO/GETO FILLONEO DOONETI	
	VIRTUALS	
	VINIUALO 1 2 3 4 5 6	
	VIRTUAL2A 100 SOUNCE SEL.	
	VIRTUALBA 16 OUTPUT VOL.	

In the above example, these values are:

IN1: 25 / IN2: 50 / IN3: 75 / IN4:100

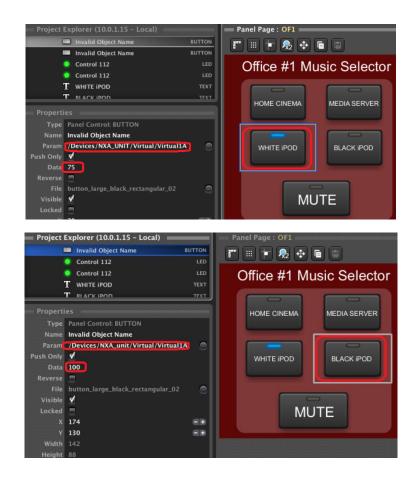
...and the picture shows this information as well:

- the NXA channel affected by this source selection with VIRTUAL 1A will be OUTPUT1
- the NXA channel affected by this source selection with VIRTUAL 2A will be OUTPUT2

Then, virtual buttons to select sources (IN1 to IN4) in the UCP panel for OUTPUT1 (Office 1) must be programmed linking them to VIRTUAL 1A, like this







And the fader to control the selected source in the above panel must be linked to VIRTUAL 1B, like this:





Now let's repeat all the above for the second UCP panel (Office 2), but this time using VIRTUALs 2A and 2B:

O Control 112	Office 2 Music
Properties Type Panel Control: BUTTON Name Invalid Object Name Paran / Devices/NXA_unit/Virtual/Virtua Push Only Data 25 Reverse	HOME CINEMA
T MEDIA SERVER TEXT	Office 2 Music Selector
Properties	
Type Panel Control: BUTTON Name Invalid Object Name	HOME CINEMA MEDIA SERVER
Param /Devices/NXA_unit/Virtual/Virtual2A Push Only	
Data 50 Reverse	WHITE IPOD BLACK IPOD

....and values 75 and 100 for the other 2 selection buttons. The volume fader for Office #2 UCP panel should be configured like this:

	Vumeter Channel 5 (post) VUM	ETER	Office 2 Music Selector	\frown
Properties				
Туре	Panel Control: FADER			10
Name	Volume Channel 5		HOME CINEMA MEDIA SERVER	
Param	/Devices/NXA_unit/Virtual/Virtual2B			
Min.	0	- D		
Max.	100	= D		
File	fader_mid_white_01		WHITE IPOD BLACK IPOD	5
Visible	₹			
Locked				
x	385	= D		
Y	37	= D	A 41 JTTT	
Width	42		MUTE	0
Height	280			
Steps	200	= H		

The third tab here is the **DUCKER** one. This module gives priority to one of the device's audio input compared to other active signals in the output channels (zones) chosen as a destination, attenuating these signals ("override") and thus allowing the diffusion of top priority audio messages or other content.





The INPUT selector defines the audio input your microphone, audio player or sound source will be connected to in order to act as a trigger of the DUCKER function. The list shows the 4 or 6 available inputs, depending on model.

I The NXA series inputs accept line level signals, so the DUCKER function requires this type of signal from the device to be connected to them.

The destination zone keys in the central part of the section (1 to 4 or 1 to 6, depending on model) allow selecting the unit's output channels (destination zones) for the DUCKER module with a mouse click. If a zone is selected (green LED indicator), the DUCKER module will affect it when the input signal exceeds the activation threshold.

The LED indicator on the left of the module indicates the active or inactive state of the DUCKER function (activation threshold exceeded). It lights up in green when the DUCKER function is active.

The module rotary knobs are used to adjust the operation of the DUCKER function:

- **THRESHOLD**: activation threshold. When the module's input signal (INPUT selector) exceeds this threshold, the DUCKER function is activated, sending the signal to the destination zones and attenuating the other audio signals sent to the same zones (-80 to 0dB)
- **DEPTH**: attenuation applied on the rest of the signals sent to the destination zone(s) during the time the DUCKER function is active (0 to 80dB)
- *ATTACK*: attack time. Determines the time the DUCKER takes to respond when the level rises above the threshold (activating the attenuation of other signals in the destination zones). The range extends from 5 ms to 2 sec.
- *HOLD*: amount of time the DUCKER function remains active once the signal falls back below the detection threshold. The setting range extends from 10 ms to 3 sec.
- *RELEASE*: determines the time elapsed until attenuation stops after the time fixed for HOLD. In this case, the range extends from 50 ms to 3 sec.

PROJECT

6.1.2.3 DEVICE CHANNELS

The detailed view of a NXA device displays the configuration of the unit's 4 or 6 channels (depending on model). Each channel offers the following parameters and settings:

6.1.2.3.1 INPUTS

First find the input selection activated for the channel in question, and their relative mixing levels. Here is a picture of the matrix mixer for each unit channel.

With a double click on the knobs, each input can be activated (white knob) or muted (grey knob) in the corresponding mixing channel. The knob setting (click, hold and drag the mouse up / down) defines the level of each input in the mix.

In the example on the right, the channel mix includes the internal

generator (maximum level, 0 dB), input 1 (-24.7 dB), input 2 (-15.3 dB), input 5 (0 dB) and input 6 (-5.3 dB).

6.1.2.3.2 VOLUME, SOLO, MUTE, POLARITY

Volume fader and additional controls:

- VOLUME: channel volume, adjustable from -infinity to 0 dB. There are two VU-meter bar graphs to the right of the channel fader: the left bar displays the channel input signal level and the right one the output signal level of the same channel after processing.
- SOLO: mutes all device channels except those whose SOLO function is enabled.
- MUTE: mutes audio for this channel.
- **POLARITY**: allows the input signal phase to be inverted (180 degrees shift).









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T.O.C.

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)

6.1.2.3.3 CROSSOVER

The CROSSOVER section contains the FILTER TYPE and FREQUENCY parameters for each of the two filters (low-pass and high-pass) composing the crossover. It splits the audio frequency spectrum in two parts, creating the two bands generally used in two-way speakers.

- FILTER TYPE: allows you to select the crossover filter type. You can select one of the following filter types.
 - Butterworth 6, 12, 18 or 24dB/oct 0
 - Bessel 12, 18 or 24dB/oct 0
 - Linkwitz-Riley 12 or 24dB/oct 0
- FREQUENCY: is composed of a potentiometer and a numerical value to adjust the filter cut-off frequency within the 20Hz - 20kHz range.

6.1.2.3.4 PARAMETRIC EQ

This section groups the eight parametric filters available per channel, very useful for a precise correction of the frequency response.

Available parameters are described below (the parameters are always displayed for one of the 8 filters, the one with white background for its number indicator, as filter #2 in the image):

- ON/OFF: turns on/off the parametric EQ, affecting all filters from this section. When it is OFF (top left button greyed out), there is no filter processing (all filters are bypassed). In the opposite case (green button), operation is determined by the other parameters.
- FILTER TYPE: type of filter used. You can select one of the following filter types (adjustable controls for each filter type are shown between brackets):
 - **Bypass**: filter not used.
 - Parametric EQ (FREQUENCY, GAIN, Q): classic parametric equalizer filter with adjustable central frequency (between 20Hz and 20kHz), central frequency gain or attenuation (between +12dB and 60dB) and bandwidth (1/Q, Q between 0.3 and 200).
 - Low-Shelf and High-Shelf with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY, GAIN): shelving type filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20Hz and 20kHz) and gain or attenuation (between +12dB and -60dB).
 - Low-Pass and High-Pass with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY): these are low-pass and high-pass filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20Hz and 20kHz).



RELEASE NOTES

APP

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

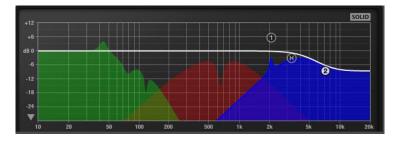
USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



• All-Pass order 1 and 2 (FREQUENCY, Q in order 2): all-pass filters that do not affect the signal amplitude, but the phase at certain frequencies (in contrast with delay, which changes phase at all frequencies). This type of filter is mainly used to compensate for phase errors in speakers or other causes, such as phase shifts introduced by the crossover.



It is recommended to use the graphical representation of the channel EQ to help you during the adjustment (*Show/Hide Graph* icon in the lower right corner of the EclerNet Manager application window):



From v4 onwards: New EQ export / import feature that allows to export the EQ section from devices like MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO88 CONFERENCE, NXA series, etc. to a *.eqs file that can be imported in other devices:

Jel	3	Save EQ	Settings to			
€ ∋ - ↑	📙 « Ecler 🕨 EclerNet	Man ⊧	~ C	Buscar en Ecler	Net Manager	
Organizar 👻 🛛	Nueva carpeta				833 -	
 Papelera de Dropbox MKT DATA BASE 		^ ~	Nombre bin controls librar	×		Fect 18/1 18/1
Nombre	s					
Tipo	: *.eqs					

- It's available just when the EQ section is ON
- Exporting an EQ set with 8 filters (for instance, MIMO88 output EQ), for instance, to a device that supports 6 filters (like NXA units) will result in ignoring filters 7 and 8

T.O.C.



6.1.2.3.5 COMPRESSOR

The compressor section offers a dynamic behaviour processing of the channel signal, allowing the output intensity to be controlled not to exceed certain levels.

Available settings are:

- **ON/OFF**: turns the compressor on/off (green button/grey button). In OFF mode, the other section controls are disabled.
- THRESHOLD: compression threshold. Composed of a potentiometer and a numerical value and used to specify the input signal level at which compression begins to occur. This parameter ranges from +18dB to -36dB.
- **RATIO**: compression ratio. It also includes a potentiometer and its associated numerical value. This parameter determines the output volume reduction ratio when the input signal level rises above the threshold. A value of 1:1 states that the signal level does not undergo changes, while the extreme value of inf:1 represents a signal limiter, with which any signal above the threshold will be limited to that threshold level.



- ATTACK (potentiometer and numerical value): attack time. Determines the time the compressor takes to respond when the input level rises above the threshold. The range extends from 0.1 ms to 500 ms.
- **RELEASE** (potentiometer and numerical value): determines how quickly the compressor stops acting once the signal input level drops below the threshold. In this case, the range covers from 1msec to 5sec.
- KNEE (HARD / SOFT): determines how compression is applied in the transition zone or "knee" once the compression threshold has been crossed, giving a response curve with a rounded edge or a sharper angle
- MAKE-UP gain: additional gain applied to the channel signal once compressed, with the aim of recovering the decibels lost due to the compression, for a maximum signal level

89

Setting compressors' ATTACK and RELEASE times correctly is not

an easy task: too short release or attack times result in excessive and perceptible low frequencies distortion; on the other hand, too long times could make a limiter useless if damages already occurred before limitation starts.

In order to help you to correctly set these values, the AUTO parameter automatically select ATTACK and RELEASE values, using the crossover high-pass filter cut-off frequency as internal reference.

When AUTO is enabled, the editing with ATTACK and RELEASE controls is disabled, but used values are still displayed.

Additionally, the compressor function can be displayed in voltage peak limiter mode, changing the GUI appearance, as shown in the screenshot beside.

In this mode, the limiting threshold appears in volt units and the other controls are disabled (right screenshot).

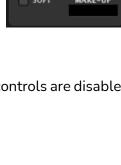
6.1.2.3.6 DELAY

The DELAY section allows you to set an independent delay time for each channel, which is applied between input and output.

The delay time can be specified in different units, selected with the UNITS parameter. Available units are milliseconds, seconds,

centimetres and meters. The DELAY can be set between 0 and 1000 milliseconds.

To avoid weird and annoying noises in the output signal, the value change made with the DELAY potentiometer is not effective until the mouse button is released. At that time audio will be temporarily muted (for a variable time, depending on the delay value used) for the new setting to be effective.









T.O.C.

DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)



6.1.2.3.7 OUT LEVEL

Displays parameters and settings related to the output level of the channel:

- **ENABLED**: signal presence indicator (green) at the channel input
- LEVEL: when a front panel LEVEL control and/or a GPI port are assigned to the volume control of a channel, the LEVEL window displays in decibels the attenuation applied to the channel output, due to the setting of the LEVEL control and/or GPI port in

question, considered as connected "in series". In the above example we see that a global attenuation of 30 dB is applied.

• MIN and MAX: lower and upper limits fixed for any LEVEL and/or GPI volume control associated with the channel. In the above example, whether you choose a LEVEL control, a GPI control, or both to control a channel volume, the overall volume range applied to the channel is always between -30 dB and -10 dB.

6.1.2.3.8 CONFIG

Channel configuration.



Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the channel parameter setting window:

- Amplifier total Gain: 26 / 32dB
- Output Mode: SINGLE / BRIDGE / PARALLEL.
 - In SINGLE mode, a channel is 0 absolutely independent of the other amplifier channels for all settings (input selection, volume, EQ settings,

NXA Channel Configuration Channel "NO LABEL" Output Gain 26 dB ۵ Output Mode SINGLE ۵ Compressor Mode VPEAK LIMITER ок Cancel

compressor, etc.). In this mode, each channel has its own control window in EclerNet Manager application.

- In BRIDGE and PARALLEL modes, channels are linked, set and controlled 0 by pair, appearing in software as a unique control panel for each pair of linked channels. Possible pairs are always made of consecutive channels: 1&2, 3&4, 5&6 (4 or 6 channels, depending on the NXA device).
- Compressor Mode: COMPRESSOR/VPEAK LIMITER (voltage peak limiter).

It determines how the GUI of the channel compressor will look, with a choice between a classic compressor and a voltage peak limiter for the output signal of the amplifier (see COMPRESSOR section).



T.O.C. INTRODUCTION MENUS & TOOLBAR APP

RELEASE NOTES

WINDOWS



6.1.2.3.9 . COPYING AND PASTING SETTINGS BETWEEN CHANNELS

Copy Channel Data and Paste Channel Data icons (), located in the upper right corner of the control panel of each device channel, are used to copy all settings from one amplification channel in temporary memory and paste them in another amplification channel.

- Channel copying and pasting can be done within a single device or from a device channel to a channel of another device
 - In the latter case, copying and pasting operation can only be made between channels of the same device series (you cannot copy a channel from an NPA amplifier and paste it into a NXA amplifier, or vice versa)
 - To clone the full configuration of all channels from one device to another, use Copy Device Preset and Paste Device Preset from the icons to the right of the preset name in the upper section of the device configuration.



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)

6.2 MIMO SERIES DIGITAL MATRIXES

6.2.1 MIMO88 DIGITAL MATRIX

6.2.1.1 MIMO88 INTRODUCTION

The MIMO88 is a digital audio matrix, with 8 inputs and 8 outputs (+ 2 additional monitoring outputs), expandable to 16 inputs/16 outputs by linking a second MIMO88 unit.

MIMO88 programming is done with EclerNet Manager, either via a CAT5 point-to-point connection (directly from computer to MIMO88) or from a remote point of the Ethernet network it is linked to.

Remote management for MIMO88 and in general for any compatible EclerNet device (as NXA, NZA or NPA amplifiers, or DUO-NET PLAYER, MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN, etc.) can be done in the following ways:

- With EclerNet Manager, either via a CAT5 point-to-point connection (directly from computer to MIMO88) or from a point of the Ethernet network it is linked to
- From EclerNet clients of Ethernet Manager or UCP (User Control Panel): several simultaneous web clients, each with its own custom graphic control panel, and EclerNet Manager acting as a web server. EclerNet Manager allows you to create such control panels in a very simple and intuitive manner
- from external "third-party" control devices (Crestron®, AMX®, Extron®, VITY®, Medialon®, RTI®, etc.), using for this the TP-NET Ecler communication protocol integrated in MIMO88 (and also in NZA and NPA amplifiers, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN, DUO-NET PLAYER, etc.)

With EclerNet Manager you can configure the MIMO88 for all types of audio processing tasks (DSP or *Digital Signal Processing*) on incoming signals, such as:

- matrix router-mixer with adjustable level for the matrix crossover points, giving a separate mix of different inputs for each output
- mono or stereo channel processing
- level control, mute, vu-meters and phase adjustment for inputs and outputs
- internal signal generator (sine wave, pink noise, white noise, polarity test)
- parametric EQ on inputs and outputs
- "crossover" filters on outputs
- delays on inputs and outputs
- noise gate/compressor on input channels
- limiter on outputs
- input channel priority assignment (ducking)
- virtual and physical messaging consoles (paging)
- automatic mixer



As control inputs and outputs for hardware devices, the MIMO88 features:

- 8 GPI inputs (General Purpose Input), 0 10 VDC, connectable to external devices such as contact closures, potentiometers, ECLER WP series panels, 0 - 10 VDC power supply, etc. <u>See MIMO88 GPIs/GPOs section</u>.
- 8 GPO outputs (General Purpose Outputs), as NC/NO relays. <u>See MIMO88</u> <u>GPIs/GPOs section</u>.

GPIO inputs and outputs can be programmed to trigger some functions of the MIMO88, such as:

- recall a Preset with an external contact closure
- activate/deactivate a MUTE control with an external physical switch
- set a volume from an external physical control such as a WP Series panel or a potentiometer
- activate a GPO

It is also possible to combine different triggers according to a boolean logic operator to trigger a particular function. Example: if you close a contact connected to GPI1 and a contact connected to GPI2, *Preset#*3 is recalled (Boolean operator AND applied to GPI2 and GPI1 inputs).

Similarly, GPO outputs can be programmed to react to certain triggers and may thus control external devices such as light indicators, audio/video players, lights, motors, electrical circuits, etc.

For more information about GPIs and GPOs, see <u>MIMO88 EVENTS section</u> which also includes the management of events triggering based on a calendar.

Additionally, MIMO88's rear panel provides two connectors for Ecler digital control bus (ER-Bus): REMOTE 1 and REMOTE 2. This control bus is compatible with Ecler digital devices for remote control such as:

- WPTOUCH: programmable digital touch panel (to select sound sources or Presets and adjust volume and MUTE)
- eMPAGE or MPAGE16: digital touch console for real time voice messaging or "paging"

See <u>MIMO88 PAGERS/DUCKERS</u>, <u>MIMO88 REMOTES section</u> and <u>MIMO88 EVENTS</u> <u>section</u>.

For more information about MIMO88's hardware, refer to the product manual.

RELEASE NOTES

T.O.C.

PROJECT



6.2.1.2 8X8 AND 16X16 SETUPS

Individually, a MIMO88 unit is a 8x8 audio matrix, i.e. with 8 inputs and 8 outputs. In a configuration with two MIMO88s connected by LINK BUS in MASTER-SLAVE mode, the couple is behaving for all purposes as a single matrix with 16 inputs and 16 outputs. In that case it is important to note the following points:

- The hardware MASTER / SLAVE switch of the back panel must be set before powering on, one unit set in MASTER position and the other in SLAVE position
- For software settings with EclerNet Manager, you have to configure the MASTER unit in 16x16 mode. <u>See MIMO88 general section</u>
- The physical link between the two units is a CAT5 crossover cable.

This linking CAT5 cable must be a crossed cable), point-to-point (i.e. directly between LINK BUS ports of both units and without any type of intermediate hardware, such as Ethernet switches or routers, etc.) and with a maximum length of 100 meters. This link connects the two units for all purposes: digital audio and control signals.

- It is important to select the 16x16 operating mode from the start of the configuration tasks of a new EclerNet Project. Such adjustment shall be made from the CONFIG section of the MASTER MIMO88 detailed view. Configuration changes when switching from 16x16 to 8x8 mode or vice versa can lead to the loss of any settings made for system programming.
- All programming and remote control of the couple is done from EclerNet Manager on the MASTER unit, showing all functions of the resulting 16x16 matrix (16 inputs, 16 outputs, 16x16 matrix, 16 paging zones, etc.).
- The SLAVE unit doesn't need not be included as a device in the Project, nor to be connected to the network via its Ethernet port since it is totally controlled by the link to your MASTER unit
- If you connect both units (MASTER and SLAVE) to the network, the application will detect and display them in the Project Explorer Helper (Online and Unsused Devices) as "MIMO88" and "MIMO88 (slave)", respectively MASTER and SLAVE.



MASTER and SLAVE MIMO88 units are automatically detected

T.O.C.



 A unit configured as SLAVE and included in the Project as an additional device has a detailed view named MIMO SLAVE, showing a very reduced control panel (see picture). You can however be connected to it, for example to remotely update its firmware or to change its network parameters.

🔲 Device : NO LABEL			
MIMOSLAVE	OPERATING TIM	4E	FIRMWARE V0.06r18
	NETWORKING		
	ETHERNET MAC	00-1a-96-00-00-fe	
	ADDRESSING MODE	MANUAL	
1	IP ADDRESS	10.11.11.101	
1	UDP PORT	2210	
1	SUBNET MASK	255.0.0.0	
	GATEWAY	192.168.0.1	

 If a Project has several MASTER-SLAVE couples, the only way for EclerNet Manager to manage each pair is the LINK BUS port of the physical connection between the two units. In other words, the application doesn't know which SLAVE unit is the counterpart for each MASTER unit. It is the user's task to identify them by editing their names and comments, making them useful for the "Device Finder" tool (activating a MIMO88 unit makes its front panel LEDs flashing until deactivation).

P	Couple controlled with just one single Ethernet Connection (the MASTER unit one)
	and the first of t
CAT5 crossover cable between LINK BUS ports of both units (up	UNUT 1 2 1 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 INPUTS UI C C Q Q C C C Q Q C
to 100 meters)	NUPUT 7: 7 C<
SLAV/E	INPUT 12 >12 C
	Two linked MIMO88 units become a real 16 x 16 matrix

CONTEXT MENU

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

EclerNet

PROJECT

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



"LINK" LED indicators on the MIMO88's front panel have different behaviours, depending on whether the unit operates in 8x8, 16x16 MASTER or16x16 SLAVE mode and on its status:

- 8x8 MASTER mode: LED off
- 16x16 MASTER mode:
 - Fast flashing green LED: correct MASTER-SLAVE connection, error-free communication
 - Fast flashing LED, alternating between green and red: communication error in the MASTER-SLAVE connection
 - Slow flashing LED, alternating between green and red: no BUS LINKconnected SLAVE is detected or it's another MASTER unit
- 16x16 SLAVE mode:
 - Fast flashing orange LED: correct MASTER-SLAVE connection, error-free communication
 - Fast flashing LED, alternating between orange and red: communication error in the MASTER-SLAVE connection
 - Slow flashing LED, alternating between orange and red: no BUS LINKconnected MASTER is detected or it's another SLAVE unit

If MASTER-SLAVE connection is invalid, a broken link symbol appears (green and red flashing rectangles) in EclerNet Manager, in the MASTER device status window. Possible causes are:

- no device connected to the BUS LINK of the MASTER unit
- connected equipment is another MASTER unit (its rear panel switch is in MASTER position instead of SLAVE)

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6.2.1.3 MIMO88 DEVICE DETAILED VIEW

The detailed view of a MIMO88 device has the following appearance:



There are two distinct parts. A top section intended for unit general configuration and settings, and a series of tabs at the bottom (INPUTS, MATRIX, OUTPUTS, etc.) to show the different sections of the device programming.

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6.2.1.4 MIMO88 GENERAL SECTION

The top section of the MIMO88 detailed window provides the following items:



Device : Device 04	Device model and name
	Status monitoring and alarms window. <u>See Table of</u> status monitoring and alarm icons.
PRESET 03 - EQ Dynamics ON	Active <i>Preset</i> window: indicates the <i>Preset</i> (configuration memory) currently active in the device
	 Presets management icons: Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset). See (1). Copy Device Preset (copies the current Preset). Paste Device Preset (pastes the previously copied Preset). Pasting can be made in another Preset of the same unit or another MIMO88 unit of the Project.
FIRMWARE v1.00r1	Unit's firmware version
	Signal selector for the MIMO88 headphone output: any one of the 8 inputs or outputs of a MIMO88 unit (8x8 mode) or 16 inputs or outputs of a MASTER-SLAVE couple (16x16 mode) or NONE. The signal selected by this selector will be sent
PHONES OUT 1: OUTPUT 1	Ine signal selected by this selector will be sent simultaneously to the front MONITOR output (unbalanced 3.5 mm jack and volume adjustment) and rear MONITOR 1 and 2 (balanced Euroblock connector). You can use the monitor output as an additional auxiliary send of the audio matrix

T.O.C.

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

PROJECT



GENERATOR SINEWAVE	Internal signal generator offering pink noise, white noise, sine wave and polarity check, with frequency adjustable between 10 and 20,000 Hz and level=0 dBV
CONFIG MODE 8x8 PRESET 1 START UP NO OPERATING TIME 0 h. 0 min. LOCAL TIME 11/11/2011 - 10:11:17	Reports on the configuration of the device, operating hours accumulated and time and date of the internal clock of the MIMO88 unit. To access the device configuration, click on the spanner icon. See <i>(2)</i>
 NETWORKING ETHERNET MAC 00-1a-96-00-d9-ff IP ADDRESS 10.11.11.25 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0.0.0 GATEWAY 192.168.0.1 	Reports on the configuration of the device network parameters. To access the configuration of the device network parameters, click on the spanner icon. See <i>(3)</i>
0	Edition of carousel lists (see <u>Carousel lists for MIMO88</u> <u>section).</u>
(†	Event Management (see <u>MIMO88 EVENTS section</u>).

(1) Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset)

Left-clicking this icon opens a window with the following options:



- Name of the Preset to save at the selected location (location number can't be changed)
- **Data saved in the Preset**: Inputs section, Outputs section, Matrix section, Pagers section (Pagers/Duckers), Event/Remote Enables, and finally Link Groups within the matrix.

RELEASE NOTES



The *Preset* stores data selected in the previous window only, so that recalling the *Preset* only changes (rewrite) data stored in this *Preset*, not affecting other parameters of the MIMO88.

This ability to save "partial" *Presets* allows a great freedom of management. Example: two *Presets* include MATRIX data only, with two different setups for inputs/outputs routings. By loading either of these two *Presets* during system operation, only such routing will change, respecting inputs and outputs settings the user made up to that point (volume, EQ, etc..), since data for INPUTS and OUTPUTS sections were not saved in any of the two *Presets*.

Right-clicking this icon opens a window with the following options:



- Load Preset from file: lets you load a Preset stored on a hard drive, external USB memory, etc.
- Save Preset from file: lets you save a Preset on a hard drive, external USB memory, etc.

These two functions are very useful for copying in a MIMO88 unit a *Preset* coming from another unit currently offline, or from another Project or facility. *Preset* files are saved on disk with a ". MIMO_preset" suffix.

Emergency preset- undo preset:

There are two special Presets among the 99 available Presets for MIMO88: Presets #98 and #99:

• **Preset #98** is what we might name an "Emergency Preset" (the save file could be renamed Emergency, if desired). When you call this Preset for recovery, the existing configuration is saved beforehand in the preset #99, or "UNDO Preset". Then Preset #98 is recalled. If you later recall Preset #99 (UNDO), MIMO88 recovers the exact settings it had before loading Preset #98.

Application example: let's imagine an emergency scenario, requiring to spread an evacuation message in all areas of a facility. In such a scenario, when a trigger (a contact closure that comes from the central fire panel, for example) appears, Preset #98 is recalled so that, when loaded, MIMO88 mutes all sound sources, except the evacuation message, and adjusts destinations and output volumes for the message to be delivered with the required intelligibility.

T.O.C.

PROJECT



The sequence would be:

- **1.** The system is operating normally
- 2. The central fire panel closes a contact that is connected to a MIMO88's GPI
- 3. This contact triggers an event recalling Preset #98 (EMERGENCY):
 - \circ the current configuration is saved in Preset #99 (UNDO)
 - Preset # 98 (EMERGENCY) is recalled
- **4.** When the contact is opened (end of emergency), manually or by another event with an inverted polarity on the same GPI input, Preset #99 (UNDO) is recalled, returning the system to its initial state as before the onset of the emergency scenario (point 1)

Preset #99 (UNDO) remains available in the *Presets* **list** only as long *Preset* #98 (EMERGENCY) is enabled.



(2) Device configuration.

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the following parameter setting window:

MIMO88 Devic	e Configuration	8
Devic	e "matrix"	
Mode	8x8 🖨	
Preset 1 Start Up	₫	
Local Date	()	
Local Time		
ок	Cancel	

- Mode: 8x8 or 16x16 operating mode (if you select the latter option, this unit is designated as MASTER of the MASTER-SLAVE couple, and the second unit must be connected as SLAVE by LINK BUS, with its back panel switch in SLAVE position)
- **Preset 1 Start Up**: when this box is checked, the M88 unit loads Preset #1 whenever initialized, that is, every time you turn it off then on again. Otherwise, the M88 will start with the last configuration, controls and parameters values before shutdown.
- Local Date / Local Time: date and time given by MIMO88's internal clock. Clicking on the circular icon located on its right synchronizes this unit's clock with Windows clock, after requesting confirmation

MIMO88 Device	e Configuration	8
Devic	e "matrix"	
Mode	8x8 🜩	
Preset 1 Start Up	₫.	
Local Date	() _•	
Local Time	() °	
ОК	Cancel	

T.O.C. & & RELEASE NOTES



(3) Network parameters configuration.

Exactly the same window and same parameters than those available with the *Network Configuration* option from the device context menu:

Network Co	onfiguration 🛛 😵
Device "Firs	t Floor AMP #1"
CONCEThernet MAC	00-1a-96-00-00-11
IP Address	10.0.100.9
IP Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
IP Gateway	10.0.0.2
UDP Port	2210
ОК	Cancel

It's important to note that EclerNet compatible devices (MIMO88, NZA, NPA, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040DN, DUO-NET PLAYER, etc.) do not support dynamic allocation protocol for network addresses, or DHCP, ie: they can't dynamically negotiate IP addresses and require manually configured and fixed IP addresses. It is highly recommended that both EclerNet devices (MIMO88, NZA, NPA, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040DN, DUO-NET PLAYER, etc.) and the computer running EclerNet Manager are configured with static network address within the same range, for full connectivity between all of them. An example of a small local network of this type may have the following network settings in its EclerNet devices:

EQUIPO	IP ADDRESS	IP SUBNET MASK
MIMO88 (first floor)	10.5.5.10	255.255.255.0
MIMO88 (second floor)	10.5.5.11	255.255.255.0
MIMO88 (outdoor areas)	10.5.5.12	255.255.255.0
NZA6-180 (first floor)	10.5.5.20	255.255.255.0
NZA6-80 (second floor)	10.5.5.21	255.255.255.0
NZA4-700 (outdoor areas)	10.5.5.22	255.255.255.0
PC (running EclerNet Manager)	10.5.5.100	255.255.255.0

Up to 255 devices, each with a different IP address (in the range of 10.5.5.**1** to 10.5.5.**255**), could be part of this example network.

If you want to know your local network TCP / IP configuration, a simple method is to open the Command Console (Start-> Run-> CMD) and to run the **ipconfig /all** command. More information with the following link:

http://www.microsoft.com/resources/documentation/windows/xp/all/proddocs/enus/ipconfig.mspx?mfr=true

Solution Supporting DHCP, EclerNet devices (and generally any device with static IP) can coexist with dynamic IP devices, as a DHCP server usually reserves a part of the addresses range for dynamic allocation and another part for static allocation

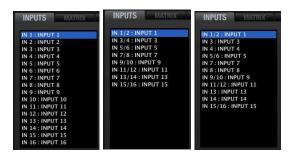


6.2.1.5 MIMO88 INPUTS SECTION

The INPUTS section of a MIMO88 device has the following appearance:



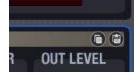
At the top left of the section there is a list of unit inputs, showing from 8 inputs (8x8 configuration, all channels in mono) to 16 inputs (16x16 configuration, all channels in mono) to all possible combinations of pairs of stereo channels with mono channels.



Examples with all inputs in mono, all inputs in stereo and a combination of mono and stereo inputs

When one of them is selected with the mouse (left button), it turns blue and is selected for the parameters' adjustment (EQ, GAIN, DELAY, GATE, etc.). With the context menu of one of the list inputs (right mouse button) you can rename it, edit its comment field, etc. The input number displayed by default is not editable

In the upper right corner of the INPUTS window, there are two icons named "Copy Channel Data" and "Paste Channel Data".



Clicking "*Copy Channel Data*" in a channel (source channel) stores all parameters in a temporary memory.

Clicking "*Paste Channel Data*" in a channel, copies in the destination channel the parameters stored temporarily during the last "Copy Channel Data" operation, configuring the destination channel as the source channel.

INPUTS section is composed of different groups of controls and indicators: INPUT, DELAY, PARAMETRIC EQ, GATE, COMPRESSOR, and LEVEL. The order of signal processing matches the graphic layout of the screen: INPUT -> DELAY -> PARAMETRIC EQ -> GATE -> COMPRESSOR -> LEVEL.

RELEASE NOTES

PROJECT



6.2.1.5.1 INPUT

- **SELECT**: allows you to select this channel input amongst available sound sources:
 - NONE: no input (muted channel input)
 - o **GEN**: internal generator signal, controlled from the GENERATOR panel
 - INx: where x is the numbering of one of the MIMO88's physical inputs (1 to 8 for inputs 1 to 8 linked to a MASTER unit and 9 to 16 for inputs 1 to 8 linked to a SLAVE unit.) Selecting this input type enables the sensitivity selector, with the selected option marked in green, as well as PHANTOM and GAIN settings:
 - Sensitivity:
 - 0 dB: LINE level signals
 - -20 dB: LOW LINE level signals, as delivered by MP3 players, iPod®, laptops, etc..
 - -40 dB: MIC level signals
 - GAIN: ±10 dB adjustment of the incoming signal gain
 - **PHANTOM**: toggles the remote DC power supply for the condenser microphones connected to this physical input
- MODE: MONO or STEREO. Selecting the STEREO mode associates this input to its counterpart (normal input pairs are 1 & 2, 3 & 4, 5 & 6, 7 & 8, 9 & 10, 11 & 12, 13 & 14 or 15 & 16) as a stereo input displayed as a single input (IN 1 / 2 or IN 3 / 4, etc.) in the input list and in the *Project Explorer* window), processing settings being equally applied to both inputs

When two inputs are linked as a stereo pair, they use the odd input settings effective before linking. If you split them again, each input returns to the settings it had before linking. In the MATRIX section, a stereo input is represented by the stereo link symbol (bound rings) between the two inputs constituting the normal pair:







6.2.1.5.2 DELAY

The DELAY section lets adjust an independent time delay for each input channel.

The delay time can be specified in different units, which are

determined by the UNITS selector (up and down arrows to the right of the text box). Available units are milliseconds, seconds, centimetres, and meters. DELAY can be set between 0 and 1000 milliseconds.

To avoid weird and annoying noises in the output signal, the value change made with the DELAY potentiometer is not effective until the mouse button is released. At that time audio will be temporarily muted (for a variable time, depending on the delay value used) for the new setting to be effective.

6.2.1.5.3 PARAMETRIC EQ

This section groups the four parametric filters available per input channel, very useful to correct the frequency response.

Available parameters are described below. After selecting one of the 4 filters (its numerical indicator has a white fill, as filter 1 in the image), its parameters are displayed, and their setting is enabled:

- **ENABLE/DISABLE**: enables/disables the parametric EQ, affecting all filters from this section. When the value is DISABLE (top left button greyed out), there is no filter processing (equivalent to BYPASS filters). In the opposite case (green button), EQ is enabled, and its operation depends on the rest of the parameters in this section
- **FILTER** *TYPE*: type of filter used. You can select one of the following filter types (adjustable controls for each filter type are shown between brackets):
 - *Bypass*: filter not used. Bypassed filters have a grey circle around their numbers (filter #2 or 4 in the picture), while operating filters (not in bypass mode) have a white circle (filter #1 or 3 in the picture)
 - *Parametric* EQ (FREQUENCY, GAIN, Q): classic parametric equalizer filter with adjustable central frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz), gain or attenuation at central frequency (between +12 dB and -60 dB) and bandwidth (1/Q, Q between 0.3 and 200).
 - *Low-Shelf* and *High-Shelf* with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY, GAIN): shelving type filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz) and gain or attenuation (between +12 dB and -60 dB).
 - Low-Pass y High-Pass with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY): these are low-pass and high-pass filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz).



T.O.C.

106



All-Pass order 1 and 2 (FREQUENCY in both, Q in order 2 only): all-pass filters that do not affect the signal amplitude, but the phase at certain frequencies (in contrast with delay, which changes phase at all frequencies). The main application of this type of filter is usually to compensate phase errors in speakers or phase shifts introduced by *crossover* filters



The white outer ring indicates that the filter is enabled. The white fill indicates the selected filter.



6.2.1.5.4 GATE

Noise gate section applied to the input signal, affecting its dynamic behaviour. It is very useful to reduce or eliminate background noise picked up by a microphone or existing in a recording, distinguishing between background noise and valid audio signal:

- When the input signal is below the detection threshold, the gate is "closed" or, which is the same, applies some attenuation to the signal (determined by the DEPTH setting in dB)
- When the input signal exceeds the detection threshold, attenuation stops, leaving the gate "open. " The transition time to this state is determined by the ATTACK parameter



 When the input signal falls below the detection threshold, the gate stays open without attenuation the amount of time determined by the HOLD parameter and finally closes, returning to the attenuation level set (the amount of time for this is set by the RELEASE parameter)

Available settings are:

- **ENABLE/DISABLE**: enables/disables the Noise Gate (green button/grey button). When in DISABLE mode, the rest of the section controls are disabled.
- **THRESHOLD**: detection threshold. Defines the input signal level below which the signal is attenuated with an amount indicated by DEPTH (closed gate). This parameter ranges from +18 dB to -80 dB.
- **DEPTH**: attenuation applied to the signal when it is below the detection threshold (closed gate). This parameter ranges from 0 dB to +80 dB.
- ATTACK: attack time. Determines the amount of time between the passing of the threshold and the cancellation of the attenuation applied to the input signal (open gate). Adjustment range from 0.1 ms to 500 ms
- HOLD: amount of time the gate stays open (without attenuation) once the signal falls back below the detection threshold. Adjustment range from 10 ms to 3 s
- **RELEASE**: release time. Determines the time it takes to close the gate again after the hold time. In this case, the range covers from 1 ms to 1 s.

A correct setting of the noise gate ATTACK, RELEASE and HOLD times is fundamental, for example to get a clear and intelligible voice signal from a speech made in a noisy environment.

108





6.2.1.5.5 COMPRESSOR

The compressor section offers a processing of the input signal dynamic behaviour, allowing you to modify the level differences between high- and low-level passages of the signal, thereby obtaining a resultant signal with a controlled dynamic margin. Available settings are:

- **ENABLE/DISABLE**: enables/disables the compressor (green button/grey button). When in DISABLE mode, the rest of the section controls are disabled.
- THRESHOLD: compression threshold. Specifies the input signal level at which compression begins to occur. This parameter ranges from +18 dB to -36 dB.
- *RATIO*: compression ratio. This parameter specifies how much the compressor reduces the level of an input signal exceeding the compression threshold. With a 1:1 value, the signal level remains unchanged, while with the extreme value of inf: 1, the compressor performs as a signal limiter, preventing the input signal to exceed the level defined by the compression threshold
- *GR* (*Gain Reduction*): VU meter-like indicator of the compression applied to the signal, displaying in decibels the reduction of the compressor output signal compared to the input signal
- *KNEE*: bend of the compression curve. Allows you to select a progressive (SOFT) or sharp (HARD) compressor response when the signal level is near the compression threshold, i.e. to let the transients pass through or not before the compressor starts operating
- *ATTACK*: attack time. Determines the time the compressor takes to respond when the input level rises above the threshold. The range covers from 0.1 ms to 500 ms
- *RELEASE*: determines how quickly the compressor stops acting once the signal input level falls back below the threshold. In this case, the range covers from 10 ms to 1 s.
- MAKE-UP: Additional gain for the signal after compression, from 0 to +10 dB. The
 audible effect of compression is usually a more uniform signal but a lower average
 intensity (volume). The additional MAKE-UP gain allows you to increase the
 average level or volume of the signal after it has been compressed, recovering
 presence and intensity.

Correctly setting compressors' ATTACK and RELEASE times is not an easy task: too short release or attack times result in excessive and perceptible low frequencies distortion; on the other hand, too long times could make a compressor useless since it would act too late, letting high intensity signal peaks pass through without applying any compression.



T.O.C.

DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

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6.2.1.5.6 LEVEL

Adjusts the overall level of the input channel that will be sent to the matrix, after pre-processing (EQ, DELAY, GATE, etc.):

- *VOLUME*: channel volume, adjustable between –infinity and 0 dB. There are two Vu meter-type level indicators to the right of the channel fader: the left bar displays the input signal level and the right one the channel output signal level after processing. Above the bar, the saturation indicator (CLIP) lights up when the input signal (before processing by EQ, compressor, etc..) exceeds the saturation level (+18 dBV).
- MUTE: MUTE: mutes audio for this channel.
- **POLARITY**: allows the input signal phase to be inverted (180 degrees shift).

6.2.1.5.7 FREQUENCY SHIFTER

Each input has a FREQUENCY SHIFTER (bottom right corner), an efficient system to reduce the risk of feedback loops (audio feedback or Larsen effect) when a microphone source is near the speaker(s) producing its signal, once amplified. When activated, this function slightly shifts the incoming signal frequency on the affected channel before sending it to the matrix mixer and then to the selected output. The shift is so slight

that it is barely noticeable to the listener, especially when it occurs in the frequency range of the human voice. A few cycles (Hz) displacement is enough to greatly increase the system protection against possible feedbacks.







RELEASE NOTES INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

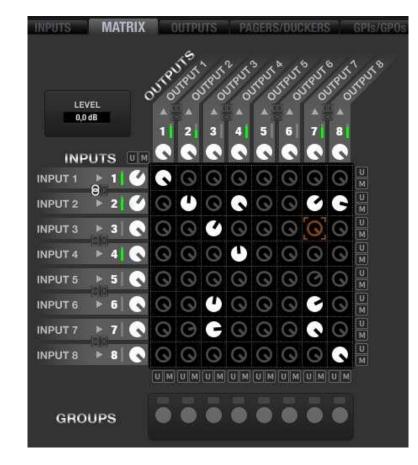
EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



6.2.1.6 MIMO88 MATRIX SECTION (I/O MATRIX)



The MATRIX section of a MIMO88 device has the following appearance:

The matrix inputs are represented in INPUTS column, on the left, while the outputs are arranged in OUTPUTS row, at the top.

In the central area there are controls for the crossing points (or "patches") between inputs and outputs, allowing to configure a custom mix of the desired inputs for each output, with individual level adjustment of each input in the mix. The input mix of for an output is independent of the other mixes (other outputs).

The LEVEL field located in the upper left corner displays the value of the *knob* selected with the mouse (orange in the matrix) and can be modified with the mouse from the *knob* itself (click and hold then drag) or from the LEVEL field using the computer keyboard (numerical value + ENTER).

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



6.2.1.6.1 INPUTS COLUMN

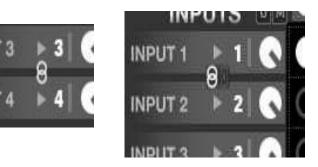
INPUTS column shows the device inputs (8 or 16 depending on the selected operating mode – 8x8 or 16x16). Next to the name of each input, there is a small VU meter and a level adjustment *knob*. The VU meter is a "pre-fader"-type, i.e., it displays the level of the signal taken before the level knob, matching the left bar of the VU meter for the same channel in the INPUTS section. The triangular-shaped indicator to the left of the input number matches the CLIP indicator in the left bar of the VU meter for the same channel in the INPUTS section.

The level adjustment knob is in fact the same LEVEL control that the channel *fader* within the INPUTS section. Changing one of them (MATRIX *knob* or INPUTS *fader*) changes the other at the same time as they are in fact distinct graphical representations of the same control: the amount of input signal that is sent to the matrix row to which it belongs.

Clicking on a *knob* with the left mouse button and holding it allows you to adjust the *knob* setting or amount of signal sent to the matrix row.

A double-click on a *knob* toggles the mute function of this send or "patch". The *knob* is filled in grey when MUTE is active and in white when it is not. This setting is exactly the same as the one from the INPUTS section (LEVEL: MUTE button).

Clicking on the **STEREO** symbol (two bound rings) between two naturally linked inputs (one odd input and the next one constituting the pair: 1&2, 3&4, 5&6, etc.) lets link them in stereo mode (symbol highlighted in white) or break the link, for mono mode (grey symbol). This setting is exactly the same as the one from the INPUTS section (LEVEL: MODE: MONO or STEREO).



Stereo linking of two inputs copies the odd channel status in the even channel of the pair, and from that moment all adjustments (level, mute, equalization, etc.) are simultaneously applied to both.



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

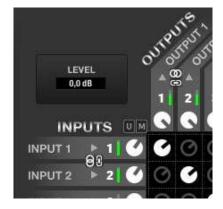
COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

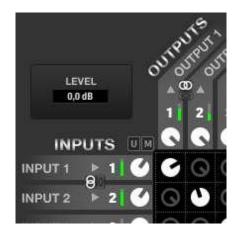
If **Link channels** mode is enabled (chain link symbol) in addition to stereo mode, levels and mute function of the 2 crossing points between these inputs and outputs are synchronized.

Examples

• Input 1 stereo, Output 1 stereo, both Link Channels controls enabled (the two crossing points are synchronized and always share the same values):



• Input 1 stereo, Output 1 stereo, both Link Channels controls disabled (the two crossing points are not synchronized and can have different values):





6.2.1.6.2 INPUTS-OUTPUTS CROSSING POINTS

The central square area, a table of 8 rows x 8 columns of knobs (8x8 Mode) or 16 rows x 16 columns of knobs (16x16 Mode), lets route inputs to outputs and set their levels.

Any input or combination of inputs can be sent to any output, with a custom level independent from other sends. So, to send multiple inputs to one output, that output receives a mix of the selected inputs, each one with the desired level, independent from the other levels of the matrix.

To patch an input to an output, you need to activate their crossing point by double-clicking on the *knob* located at the intersection line between inputs column and outputs row. A *knob* is filled in white when its crossover point is turned on and filled in grey when turned off (or in MUTE status.).

By left clicking on a crossing point *knob* and holding the mouse button, we can adjust the *knob* setting or amount of input signal sent to the output determined by this crossing point. The *knob* setting can be changed whether the crossover point is active or not. The *knob* setting and the MUTE function are always individual, affecting only the selected *knob* (coloured in orange) even if the source and/or destination stereo is stereo.

Additionally, there are some buttons marked as "U " (UNMUTE) and "M " (MUTE) in various locations of the matrix:

- At the top left of the matrix: they simultaneously act on all crossing points of the matrix (the 8x8 or 16x16 *knobs* it contains), activating or deactivating all sends from all inputs to all outputs.
- Under each column of the matrix: they simultaneously act on all crossing points of the column (the 8 or 16 *knobs* it contains), activating or deactivating all sends from all inputs to this output.
- To the right of each matrix row: they simultaneously act on all crossing points of the row (the 8 or 16 *knobs* it contains), activating or deactivating all sends from this input to all outputs.

114



6.2.1.6.3 OUTPUTS ROW

OUTPUTS row shows the device outputs (8 or 16 depending on the selected operating mode – 8x8 or 16x16). Next to the name of each output, there is a level adjustment *knob* and a small VU meter. The VU meter is a "post-fader"-type, i.e., it displays the level of the signal taken after the level knob, matching the right bar of the VU meter for the same channel in the OUTPUTS section. The triangular-shaped indicator above the channel number matches the CLIP indicator in the right bar of the VU meter for the same channel in the OUTPUTS section.

The level adjustment knob is in fact the same LEVEL control that the channel fader within the OUTPUTS section. Changing one of them (MATRIX *knob* or OUTPUTS fader) changes the other at the same time as they are in fact distinct graphical representations of the same control: the amount of output signal for the mix determined by the crossing points in this output column. This is MASTER control of this output signal, which is then processed by the settings made in OUTPUTS section.

Clicking on a *knob* with the left mouse button and holding it allows you to adjust the *knob* setting or amount of output signal.

A double-click on a *knob* toggles the MUTE function for this output. The *knob* is filled in grey when MUTE is active and in white when it is not. This setting is exactly the same as the one from the OUTPUTS section (LEVEL: MUTE button)

Clicking on the **STEREO** symbol (two bound rings) between two naturally linked outputs (one odd output and the next one constituting the pair: 1&2, 3&4, 5&6, etc.) lets link them in stereo mode (symbol highlighted in white) or break the link, for mono mode (grey symbol). This setting is exactly the same as the one from the INPUTS section (LEVEL: MODE: MONO or STEREO).

Stereo linking of two outputs copies the odd channel status in the even channel of the pair, and from that moment all adjustments (level, equalization, etc.) are simultaneously applied to both.

If **Link channels** mode is enabled (chain link symbol) in addition to stereo mode, levels and mute function of the 2 crossing points between these inputs and outputs are synchronized (<u>see examples in INPUTS column</u>).



RELEASE NOTES



6.2.1.6.4 MATRIX LINK GROUPS

Matrix Link Groups are a tool to group and synchronize matrix controls, so that operating one of them simultaneously operates all elements belonging to the same group.

Within a group there may be knobs for inputs, outputs, matrix crossing points or a mix of them.

To create or edit a group, you must click on a selection button in order to light it up in green, as for Group 2 in this image:



Then the control to select the group type will flash, indicating that the group is in edit mode, enabling the following actions:

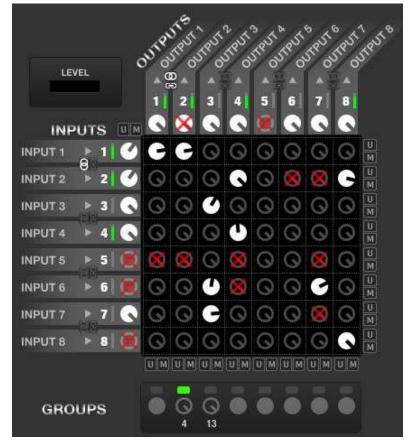
1. Selecting the group type (right mouse button):



- **Mute Group:** operating one of the included controls mutes or unmutes simultaneously all of them, maintaining independent level adjustments
- Volume Group: included controls always share the same level. Changing one of them has exactly the same effect on all group members, maintaining independent ON/OFF mute status
- **Mute & Volume Group**: level value ON/OFF mute status are both common to all elements of the group



- **Parallel Output Group**: columns belonging to one of these groups behave exactly the same for the routing of the input signals they receive (enabled/disabled crossing points, levels, mute ON or OFF, selection of sources from the carousel lists). This option is ideal when you need to combine individual rooms into a larger one, so that dedicated outputs always share the same audio content, and you must control only one of them to control all rooms. Output parameters (level, EQ, compressor for each output, OUT1, OUT2, and so on) of affected columns are still available for free individual settings (same content but different output levels and equalization if necessary)
- **2.** Selecting the group members: click on the knobs you want to include in the group being edited.



Whenever a member is added to the group, the new member, and the other members of the group blink.

Members that can't be included in the group because they belong to another one is displayed with a red cross superimposed.

Complete the group editing by pressing again your selection button (turns from green to grey shading again).



Once a group is created, any remote-control method applied on one of its elements will affect the entire group. For example, if one of the knobs of a Volume Group is assigned to a GPI (external potentiometer), a WPTOUCH control or a UCP virtual fader for remote management, operating one of these remote controls affects not only this knob but also, and simultaneously, all the knobs of the group (moving a single hardware potentiometer can change several volumes at a time in the matrix).

The restrictions of the groups are:

- Maximum of 8 simultaneous groups
- Maximum of 16 elements in each group (the counter under a group indicates the number of group members (4 and 13 for groups 2 and 3 in the example shown above)
- A single element cannot belong to multiple groups

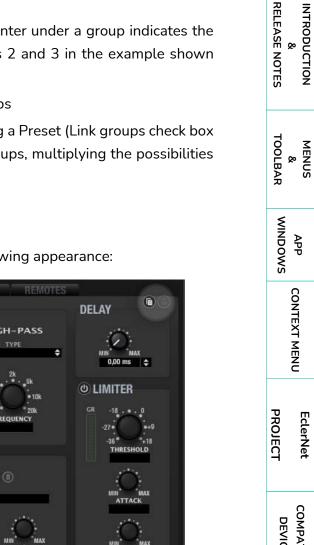
However, you can save groups configuration when saving a Preset (Link groups check box checked) so that different Presets have different link groups, multiplying the possibilities of control grouping.

6.2.1.7 MIMO88 OUTPUTS SECTION

MATRIX OUTPUTS PAGERS/DUCKERS INPUTS GPIs/GPOs REMOTES LEVEL CROSSOVER DELAY OUT 1 : OUTPUT OUTPUT LOW-PASS HIGH-PASS OUT 3 : OUTPUT 4 : OUTPUT Byp 1 S 5: OUTPUT : OUTPUT OUTPUT **O LIMITER O PARAMETRIC EQ** -28,0 dB

At the top left of the section there is a list of unit outputs, showing from 8 outputs (8x8 configuration, all channels in mono) to 16 outputs (16x16 configuration, all channels in mono) to all possible combinations of pairs of stereo channels with mono channels.

The OUTPUTS section of a MIMO88 device has the following appearance:



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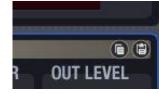
INPUTS MATRIX	INPUTS MATRIX	INPUTS MATRIX
INPUTS MATRIX OUT 1: OUTPUT 1 OUT 2: OUTPUT 2 OUT 3: OUTPUT 3 OUT 4: OUTPUT 4 OUT 5: OUTPUT 5 OUT 6: OUTPUT 6 OUT 7: OUTPUT 7 OUT 8: OUTPUT 8 OUT 9: OUTPUT 9 OUT 10: OUTPUT 10 OUT 12: OUTPUT 12 OUT 13: OUTPUT 13	INPUTS MATRIX OUT 1/2 : OUTPUT 1 OUT 3/4 : OUTPUT 3 OUT 5/6 : OUTPUT 5 OUT 7/8 : OUTPUT 7 OUT 9/10 : OUTPUT 9 OUT 11/12 : OUTPUT 11 OUT 13/14 : OUTPUT 13 OUT 15/16 : OUTPUT 15	OUT 1: OUTPUT 1 OUT 2: OUTPUT 2 OUT 3/4: OUTPUT 3 OUT 5/6: OUTPUT 5 OUT 7: OUTPUT 7 OUT 8: OUTPUT 8 OUT 9/10: OUTPUT 9 OUT 11: OUTPUT 11 OUT 12: OUTPUT 12 OUT 13/14: OUTPUT 13 OUT 16: OUTPUT 16
OUT 14 : OUTPUT 14 OUT 15 : OUTPUT 15 OUT 16 : OUTPUT 16		

Examples with all outputs in mono, all outputs in stereo and a combination of mono and stereo outputs

When one of them is selected with the mouse (left button), it turns blue and is selected for the parameter's adjustment (LEVEL, CROSSOVER, EQ, DELAY, LIMITER). With the context menu of one of the list outputs (right mouse button) you can rename it, edit its comment field, etc. The output number displayed by default is not editable.

OUTPUTS section is composed of different groups of controls and indicators: LEVEL, CROSSOVER, PARAMETRIC EQ, DELAY, LIMITER being the processing order applied to the output signals.

In the upper right corner of the OUTPUTS window, there are two icons named "Copy Channel Data" and "Paste Channel Data".



Clicking on "*Copy Channel Data*" in a channel (source channel) stores all parameters in a temporary memory.

Clicking on "*Paste Channel Data*" in a channel, copies in the destination channel the parameters stored temporarily during the last "Copy Channel Data" operation, configuring the destination channel as the source channel.

INTRODUCTION

RELEASE NOTES



6.2.1.7.1 LEVEL

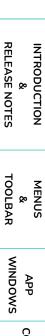
Adjusts the overall channel output level after processing (CROSSOVER, PARAMETRIC EQ, DELAY, LIMITER):

- VOLUME fader: output channel volume, adjustable between -infinity and 0 dB. There are two Vu meter-type level indicators to the right of the channel fader: the left bar displays the output channel signal level coming from the matrix and the right one the output channel signal level after processing (LEVEL, CROSSOVER, EQ, etc.). Above the bar, the saturation indicator (CLIP) lights up when the input signal (before processing by EQ, compressor, etc..) exceeds the saturation level (+18 dBV)
- SOLO: mutes all device channels except the one with the SOLO function enabled.
- MUTE: MUTE: mutes audio for this channel.
- **POLARITY**: allows the output signal phase to be inverted (180 degrees shift).
- MODE: MONO or STEREO. Selecting the STEREO mode associates this output to its counterpart (normal output pairs are 1&2, 3&4, 5&6,

7&8, 9&10, 11&12, 13&14 or 15&16) as a stereo output displayed as a single output (OUT 1 / 2 or OUT 3 / 4, etc.) in the output list, processing settings being equally applied to both outputs. When you select STEREO, the odd channel settings are assigned to the pair of channels. If you split them again, each output returns to the settings it had before linking. In the MATRIX display, STEREO inputs are displayed separately and are identified by their "link" symbol lit.

If Link channels mode is enabled in the MATRIX section (chain link symbol) in addition to stereo mode, levels and mute function of the 2 crossing points between these inputs and outputs are synchronized (see examples in INPUTS column section).





T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

WINDOWS



6.2.1.7.2 CROSSOVER

The CROSSOVER section contains the FILTER TYPE and FREQUENCY parameters for each of the two filters (low-pass and high-pass) constituting the *crossover*. It usually splits the audio frequency spectrum in two parts, creating the two bands usually used in two-way speakers.

- **FILTER TYPE**: allows you to select the crossover filter type. You can select one of the following filter types.
 - o Butterworth 6, 12, 18 or 24 dB/oct
 - o Bessel 12, 18 or 24 dB/oct
 - Linkwitz-Riley 12 or 24 dB/oct

Selecting one or another type of crossover filter automatically adjusts the number of filters available in the parametric equalizer for that channel. Using a 6 or 12 dB/oct crossover filter depletes one of the filters available in the parametric equalizer, while using a 18 or 24 dB/oct crossover filter depletes two filters.

• **FREQUENCY**: adjusts the filter cut-off frequency within the 20 Hz - 20 kHz range.



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION



6.2.1.7.3 PARAMETRIC EQ

This section groups the parametric filters available for each output channel, very useful to correct the frequency response. If no *crossover* filters are used in the channel, there will be a maximum of 8 parametric filters freely available, while using *crossover* reduces the number of available parametric filters, between 7 and 4 (value automatically updated when *crossover* filters are operated). <u>See CROSSOVER section</u>.

Available parameters are described below. After selecting one of the filters (its numerical indicator is filled, as filter 3 in the picture), its parameters are displayed, and their setting is enabled:



The white outer ring indicates that the filter is enabled. The white fill indicates the selected filter.

- ENABLE/DISABLE: enables/disables the parametric EQ, affecting all filters from this section. When the value is DISABLE (top left button greyed out), there is no filter processing (equivalent to BYPASS filters). In the opposite case (green button), EQ is enabled, and its operation depends on the rest of the parameters in this section
- **FILTER TYPE:** type of filter used. You can select one of the following filter types (adjustable controls for each filter type are shown between brackets):
 - *Bypass*: filter not used. Bypassed filters have a grey circle around their numbers (filter #2 or 4 in the picture), while operating filters (not in bypass mode) have a white circle (filter #1 or 3 in the picture)
 - Parametric EQ (FREQUENCY, GAIN, Q): classic parametric equalizer filter with adjustable central frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz), gain or attenuation at central frequency (between +12 dB and -60 dB) and bandwidth (1/Q, Q between 0.3 and 200).
 - Low-Shelf and High-Shelf with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY, GAIN): shelving type filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz) and gain or attenuation (between +12 dB and -60 dB).
 - Low-Pass y High-Pass with a 6 or 12 dB/oct slope (FREQUENCY): these are low-pass and high-pass filters with adjustable cut-off frequency (between 20 Hz and 20 kHz).

PROJECT



• *All-Pass* order 1 and 2 (FREQUENCY in both, Q in order 2 only): all-pass filters that do not affect the signal amplitude, but the phase at certain frequencies (in contrast with delay, which changes phase at all frequencies). The main application of this type of filter is usually to compensate phase errors in speakers or phase shifts introduced by *crossover* filters

From v4 onwards: New EQ export / import feature that allows to export the EQ section from devices like MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO88, CONFERENCE, NXA series, etc. to a *.eqs file that can be imported in other devices:

-+*8 		ETRIC EQ	5678		THRESHOLD ort EQ settings ort EQ settings		
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- It's available just when the EQ section is ON
- Exporting an EQ set with 8 filters (for instance, MIMO88 output EQ), for instance, to a device that supports 6 filters (like NXA units) will result in ignoring filters 7 and 8.

INTRODUCTION MENUS & APP RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS

T.O.C.

123

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)

6.2.1.7.4 DELAY

The DELAY section allows you to adjust an independent time delay for each output channel. This function is useful for example to temporarily align the different ways of a loudspeaker cabinet, using an output with a corresponding delay for each one of them.

The delay time can be specified in different units, which are determined by the UNITS selector (up and down arrows to the right of the text box). Available units are milliseconds, seconds, centimetres, and meters. DELAY can be set between 0 and 1000 milliseconds.

To avoid weird and annoying noises in the output signal, the value change made with the DELAY potentiometer is not effective until the mouse button is released. At that time audio will be temporarily muted (for a variable time, depending on the delay value used) for the new setting to be effective.

6.2.1.7.5 LIMITER

The limiter section offers a dynamic processing of the output signal, allowing you to limit its maximum level. This function is very useful for example when you want to moderate the maximum volume produced by the speakers of the system for several possible reasons, one of them (very obvious) being to avoid exceeding their power handling capacity to protect them from a failure. Available settings are:

- **ENABLE/DISABLE**: enables/disables the limiter (green button/grey button). When in DISABLE mode, the rest of the section controls are disabled.
- THRESHOLD: limitation threshold. Specifies the output signal level at which limitation begins to occur. This parameter ranges from +18 dB to -36 dB.
- **GR (Gain Reduction):** VU meter-like indicator of the limitation applied to the signal, displaying in decibels the reduction of the limiter output signal compared to the input signal
- ATTACK: attack time. Determines the time the limiter takes to respond when the output level rises above the threshold. The range covers from 0.1 ms to 500 ms
- **RELEASE**: determines how quickly the limiter stops acting once the signal output level falls back below the threshold. In this case, the range covers from 10 ms to 1 s.

Setting limiters' ATTACK and RELEASE times correctly is not an easy task: too short release or attack times result in excessive and perceptible low frequencies distortion; on the other hand, too long times could make a limiter useless since it would act too late, letting high intensity signal peaks pass through.

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6.2.1.8 MIMO88 PAGERS/DUCKERS SECTION

The PAGERS/DUCKERS section of a MIMO88 device has the following appearance:

IX OUTP	Puts PAC	GERS/DUCI	KERS GP	ls/GPUs	REMOTES	
TYPE PAGE	R \$	INPUT IN 5/6	•	PRIORITY 1	🖨 снім	IE MELODY 2
	2				6	7 8 OUTPUT 7 OUTPUT 8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15 16
OUTPUT 9	OUTPUT 10	OUTPUT 11	OUTPUT 12	OUTPUT 13	OUTPUT 14	OUTPUT 15 OUTPUT 16
PAGE	CHIME V	DL D				IAX MIN MAX RELEASE 495 ms
	TYPE PAGE	TYPE PAGER	TYPE PAGER INPUT IN 5/6	TYPE PAGER ¢ INPUT IN 5/6 ¢ 1 2 3 4 OUTPUT 1 OUTPUT 2 OUTPUT 3 OUTPUT 4 9 10 11 12 OUTPUT 9 OUTPUT 10 OUTPUT 11 OUTPUT 12 PAGE ANN MAX DETH	TYPE PAGER INPUT IN 5/6 PRIORITY 1 1 2 3 4 5 0UTPUT 1 0UTPUT 0UTPUT 0UTPUT 0UTPUT 0UTPUT 4 0UTPUT 5 9 10 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 14 15 15 16 16 16 11 12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 13 14 15 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 14	TYPE PAGER INPUT IN 5/6 PRIORITY Image: Constraint of the second

This section lets you configure the four application modules based on the attenuation (or muting) of an audio signal by another signal, allowing the diffusion of messages or other audio content with priority over other signals. These modules are named "P/D module 1 " to "P/D module 4" (short for "Pager/Ducker Module 1, 2, 3 or 4") and any of them can be configured as pager (real-time voice announcement for destination zones selected through an eMPAGE or MPAGE16 console, for example) or "ducker" or "override" (an audio signal has priority over all other ones that are attenuated or muted in the selected destination zones.)

From this section it's not possible to operate PAGER modules as usual (selecting destination zones of the PAGER, activating the PAGE or DUCK function, etc.), but only to set performance parameters and enable/disable possible destination zones.

It is important to notice that the configuration of the PAGERS/DUCKERS section can be stored in Presets, so that different Presets define different destination zones and settings for these 4 modules.

In the list of the left side of the section one of the four modules can be selected then configured using the controls on the right side (TYPE, INPUT, PRIORITY, etc.)

RELEASE NOTES



6.2.1.8.1 CONFIGURING A MODULE AS PAGER

This operating mode of the PAGER/DUCKER modules is suitable for the configuration of a voice announcement system in real time or "paging" through an eMPAGE or MPAGE16 console. With the eMPAGE / MPAGE16 unit, you can select a number of destination zones and send them the voice messages (announcements), reducing the existing audio content volume during the emission of the message.

Although the description of this section focuses on the module configuration for connection to an eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console, it is also possible to control a module configured as PAGER in other way from EclerNet remote clients.

It is important to notice that the configuration of the DUCKER section can be stored in *Presets*, so that different *Presets* define different destination zones for a PAGER module.

Once one of the four modules has been selected in the list, its operating mode as PAGER is chosen using the TYPE selector.

Then, the INPUT selector defines the MIMO88 audio input your eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console microphone will be connected to in order to send voice messages. The list shows the 8 or 16 available inputs of the system, depending on the 8x8 or 16x16 configuration (2 MIMO88s linked as MASTER-SLAVE). It is <u>highly recommended to use a high-pass filter</u> to process this input (120 or 150 Hz) in order to eliminate a great part of the ambient noise and LF interferences from the incoming signal, especially in applications with long runs of wiring. <u>See PARAMETRIC EQ section</u>.

The PRIORITY selector determines the module priority level between 1 and 4, level 1 being the highest priority. In a configuration with two consoles having different priority levels, each using one PAGER modules, the console with the highest priority may interrupt the lower priority one in case of overlapping in the destination zones during the emission of a message (i.e., while the areas are retained). This interruption may be total or partial in terms of message length and affects only those areas where there is overlap. When the two consoles have the same priority level, the first one that holds a zone (or several) has priority for the duration of the message, holding the zone(s) up to their release.

Priority management and zones holding as explained in the previous example (two PAGER modules assigned to two hardware eMPAGE / MPAGE16 consoles) is also applicable in other cases: two DUCKER modules or one DUCKER module + one PAGER module.

You can include a brief chime melody in each message sent, usually as a warning of message start. Two melodies (MELODY 1, MELODY 2) or NONE can be selected with the CHIME selector. Every time a console starts sending a message using the PAGE key, the selected melody is first heard in the destination zones so that at the next step the console user can send the voice message.

PROJECT



The destination zones keys in the central part of the section (1 to 8 or 1 to 16, depending on the MIMO88's operating mode, 8x8 or 16x16) allow you to enable or disable zones by a double-click. When a zone is enabled (filled in white) the eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console may select it as destination of its message, whereas when it is disabled (unfilled) the console can't select it as a destination. Even if an output channel is set to stereo, you can enable/disable any of the two zones that compose it from this configuration screen. If an output channel is set to stereo, selecting/releasing a zone from the eMPAGE / MPAGE16 also selects/ releases the other, if it was enabled.



Example: module #1 configured as PAGER, audio input IN5 and zones 2, 3, 4, 9 and 11 enabled for messages sending from an eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console

In addition, each key includes a light indicator with different colour codes to indicate the zone status. The "tooltip" indicator that appears when the cursor is positioned over a key also displays its status. These indications match those given by the physical eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console with its key LEDs:

- Unlit: free zone (not hold by another console, if any)
- Lit in green: zone selected by the console to broadcast the following message
- Lit in red: zone not selected in the console, but hold by another highest priority console (or DUCKER)
- Lit in orange: zone selected by the console, but hold by another highest priority console (or DUCKER)



The *PAGE* key is a representation of the hardware PAGE key from the eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console, just for status information given by the colour of the light, since it does not allow you to enable or disable any function of the PAGER module. The PAGE key of this section is lit while you hold down the PAGE key from the eMPAGE / MPAGE16 console to indicate that the console is entering the message sending mode:

- Lit in orange: when you start sending a message (pressing and holding the PAGE key), it indicates that the chime melody is played (as determined with EclerNet Manager for the control programming), then turns green at the end of the chime. Thus, the speaker knows when the chime ends and can start its speech without overlapping the chime broadcasting
- Lit in green: paging function activated with voice message broadcasting to selected destination zones (duration of the voice message)

Knobs on the lower part of the section are used to adjust the way the PAGER function performs



- **CHIME VOL**: playback volume of the chime melody (-12 to 0 dB). This melody and the input channel associated with the PAGER (signal of the microphone connected to a MIMO88 input) are mixed, the effective volume being affected by the general volume of the input channel (see LEVEL section). The level meter of this input channel also reflects the playback of the chime melody
- **DEPTH**: attenuation applied on the rest of the signals sent to the destination zone(s) during the time the PAGER function is active (0 to 80 dB)
- ATTACK: attack time. Determines the time elapsed since the activation of the PAGE key until signal attenuation starts. The range covers from 5 ms to 2 s
- **RELEASE**: determines the time elapsed until attenuation stops once you release the PAGE key. In this case, the range covers from 50 ms to 3 s.

For outputs an input should send messages to through a pager module, the crossing points of the matrix between this input and all possible outputs should be in MUTE status. The PAGE action momentarily removes the MUTE for the selected input in the pager and activates the MUTE or attenuation for all other inputs. The distribution volume to each of the outputs is independently set by the volume of the crossing point. When outputs an input should send messages to through a pager module have an unmuted matrix intersection between this input and all possible outputs, input signal will be broadcast without needing to activate PAGE from the console or the user screen.

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS



6.2.1.8.2 CONFIGURING A MODULE AS DUCKER

This operating mode of PAGER/DUCKER modules is suitable for the configuration of a voice announcement system in real time via a microphone (handheld, desktop, headset, etc..) or pre-recorded voice messages played on an external audio file player. The announcement signal is broadcast in the destination zones, the rest of the signals played back in these zones being attenuated. The selection of destination zones or outputs affected by the DUCKER function can be done by programming MIMO88 with EclerNet Manager or in real time from EclerNet Manager remote clients. It is important to notice that the configuration of the DUCKER can be stored in *Presets*, so that different *Presets* define different combinations of destination zones for a PAGER module.

Once one of the four modules has been selected in the list, its operating mode as DUCKER is chosen using the *TYPE* selector.

Then, the INPUT selector defines the MIMO88 audio input your microphone, audio player or sound source will be connected to in order to act as a trigger of the DUCKER function. The list shows the 8 or 16 available inputs of the system, depending on the 8x8 or 16x16 configuration (2 MIMO88s linked as MASTER-SLAVE).

The *PRIORITY* selector determines the module priority level between 1 and 4, level 1 being the highest priority. In a configuration of two DUCKER modules with different priority levels, the module with the highest priority may interrupt the lower priority one if destination zones overlap during the emission of a message. This interruption may be total or partial in terms of message length and affects only those areas where there is overlap. When the two modules have the same priority level, the first one that holds a zone (or several) has priority for the duration of its message, holding the zone(s) up to their release.

The destination zones keys in the central part of the section (1 to 8 or 1 to 16, depending on the MIMO88's operating mode, 8x8 or 16x16) allow you to select the destination zones for a PAGER module by a mouse click. If a zone is selected (green LED indicator), the DUCKER module will affect it when the input signal exceeds the threshold. Even if an output channel is set to stereo, you can select or deselect any of the two zones that compose it from this configuration screen.

The light indicator inside the keys has different colour combinations to indicate the zone status. The "tooltip" indicator that appears when the cursor is positioned over a key also displays its status. Possible status:

- Unlit: free zone (not hold by another DUCKER or PAGER, if any)
- Lit in green: zone selected by the DUCKER to broadcast the following message
- Lit in red: zone not selected in the DUCKER, but hold by another highest priority DUCKER (or PAGER)
- Lit in orange: zone selected by the DUCKER, but hold by another highest priority DUCKER (or PAGER)



The *DUCK key* gives is a representation of the active or inactive status of the DUCK function for the selected module that doesn't allow you to enable or disable any function of the DUCKER module. It lights up in green when the DUCKER function is active.



Example: module #2 configured as a DUCKER, audio input IN6 and zones 1, 3, 13 and 15 enabled for priority broadcasting of IN6 signal when it exceeds the threshold, attenuating the existing audio content in the affected outputs

Knobs on the lower part of the section are used to adjust the way the DUCKER function performs:

- **THRESHOLD**: activation threshold. When the module's input signal (INPUT selector) exceeds this threshold, the DUCKER function is activated, sending the signal to the destination zones, and attenuating the other audio signals sent to the same zones (-80 to 0 dB)
- **DEPTH**: attenuation applied on the rest of the signals sent to the destination zone(s) during the time the DUCKER function is active (0 to 80 dB)
- ATTACK: attack time. Determines the time the DUCKER takes to respond when the level rises above the threshold (activating the attenuation of other signals in the destination zones). The range covers from 5 ms to 2 s
- **HOLD**: amount of time the DUCKER function remains active once the signal falls back below the detection threshold. Adjustment ranges from 10 ms to 3 s
- **RELEASE**: determines the time elapsed until attenuation stops after the time fixed for HOLD. In this case, the range covers from 50 ms to 3 s.

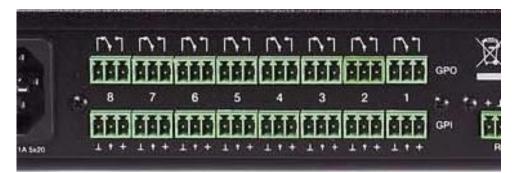
6.2.1.9 MIMO88 GPIS/GPOS SECTION

GPIs/GPOs section basically allows two functions:

- Monitoring the 0 10 VDC signal detected in GPI inputs (8 or 16 inputs, depending on whether it is a MIMO88 or a couple MASTER-SLAVE). The monitoring is displayed in the window under the GPI name (GPI1, GPI2, etc.) and as a percentage of the maximum possible value (0 to 100%)
- Monitoring and modifying the GPI output status (8 or 16 outputs, depending on whether it is a MIMO88 or a couple MASTER-SLAVE).

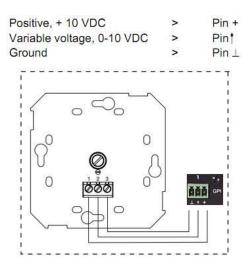


MIMO88's GPI and GPO ports allow you to connect external control hardware and to interact with these units: potentiometers, push buttons, limit switches, lights, motors, etc.



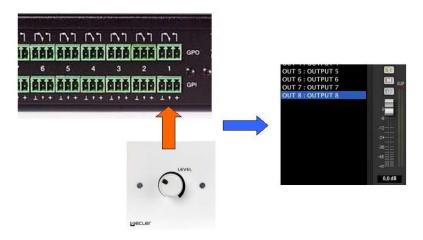


A GPI port (General Purpose Input) is a MIMO88 physical connection that lets read the DC voltage applied to it, and that can vary within the range of 0 to 10 VDC (0 to 100% in the screen readings,). This is a control input (no audio), linkable to EclerNet Manager virtual controls and therefore to the MIMO88. Each GPI port has 3 contacts: ground, detection terminal and +VDC (pictured from left to right). Thus, it is possible to feed a passive element such as a potentiometer, using the power supplied by the GPI port itself, as in this example:



See the MIMO88 hardware manual for other options of connection to GPI ports.

In the following example, connecting a potentiometer to a GPI port and turning it will give its cursor a variable voltage between 0 and 10VDC. We can associate this GPI input with the MIMO88 volume control, and thus have a remote volume control by external hardware like a WPmVOL / WPaVOL ECLER (potentiometer):



The picture is a representation of a WPVOL physically connected to the GPI 1 and assigned to the volume of MIMO88's output 8 by EclerNet Manager programming

GPI management is done from the EVENTS section of EclerNet Manager (<u>see MIMO88</u> <u>EVENTS section</u>).



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

Sometimes, especially with long runs of cable between a knob or button and the MIMO88 and, consequently, a considerable voltage drop, detection terminal will not receive a voltage very close to 0 and/or 10 VDC (potentiometer to the minimum and maximum, external contact opened and closed, etc.). In this case, it may be desirable to calibrate the minimum and maximum voltage received by the GPI port, so that the MIMO88 might rescale all the possible range of tensions received at that port and work properly with assigned parameters.

The calibration process is done by clicking on the configuration wrench icon in the <u>GPIs/GPOs section</u>.



The configuration screen that opens looks like:

					_			nfig GP		_		_				_
	GPI 1	GPI 2	GPI 3	GPI 4	GPI 5	GPI 6	GPI 7	GPI 8	GPI 9	GPI 10	GPI 11	GPI 12	GPI 13	GPI 14	GPI 15	GPI 16
MIN.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
МАХ.	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Example for calibrating a WPmVOL / WPaVOL hardware potentiometer connected to GPI #2 to remotely manage a volume control of MIMO88:

- **1.** Place the pot on the end that provides a minimum reading (in our case 7)
- 2. Click on the Read Current GPI value button:

	GPI 1	GPI 2	GPI 3	GPI 4	GPI 5	GPI 6	GPI 7	GPI 8	GPI 9	1.6
MIN.	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
MAX.	100	100	Read o	urrent G	Pl value	100	100	100	100	C

- **3.** Place the pot on the end that provides a maximum reading (in our case 83)
- 4. Click on the *Read Current GPI value* button:



5. Accept the changes with OK.

							Co	nfig GP	ls	
	GPI 1	GPI 2	GPI 3	GPI 4	GPI 5	GPI 6	GPI 7	GPI 8	GPI 9	Gł
MIN.	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
MAX.	100	83	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1
			Read	current G	PI value					

A GPO port (General Purpose Output) is a relay with a common contact and two contacts: NO (Normally Open, with the relay at rest) and NC (normally closed, with the relay at rest). From the GPIs/GPOs section it is possible to enable or disable the GPO ports of a MIMO88 unit by clicking on them. When you activate a GPO, contacts are reversed: contact closes for NO and opens for NC. Contacts at rest are filled in grey and active contacts light up in green:



In the picture the GPO 1, 4, 5 and 7 are active and the rest of them are inactive

GPO status (active or inactive) is stored in the *Presets*, so that recalling one of them also recalls the existing combination of active/inactive GPOs at the time of storage.

GPO management can also be done from the EVENTS section of EclerNet Manager (<u>see</u> <u>MIMO88 EVENTS section</u>).

See the MIMO88 hardware manual to know current limitations of GPO ports.



6.2.1.10 MIMO88 REMOTES SECTION

REMOTES section allows you to identify and configure the different hardware remote controls connected to a MIMO88 unit, that may be ECLER WPTOUCH (digital touch wall panel), MPAGE16 (desktop digital paging station with touch-sensitive keys), eMPAGE (substitute of the MPAGE16 -JAN19 onwards-, desktop digital paging station with e-ink screen for destination zones labelling) or even ECLER WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR (analogue wall panels for source selection and volume control).

Remote controls operate available functions of the MIMO88, allowing the end user to friendly control certain parameters of the installation using a classic and familiar looking hardware control. These are basically the following functions:

- Adjust volume of inputs, outputs or crossing points of the audio matrix
- Toggle MUTE controls (inputs, outputs, crossing points)
- Select sound sources (audio inputs connected to the matrix) for certain destination zones (matrix audio outputs)
- Select Presets (MIMO88 configuration memories)
- Send voice messages to certain destination zones

The window displayed after selecting the REMOTES tab looks like this one:

INPUTS	MATRIX OUTPUTS	PAGERS/DUCKERS	GPIs/GPOs REMOTES	
REMOTE LIST	N = + U			
REMOTE 01	WPTOUCH	MPAGE16		FIRMWARE
REMOTE 02 REMOTE 03	MPAGE16 ANALOG	CONFIG		
		PAGER None	\$	

On the left, remote controls assigned to this MIMO88 unit appear in the REMOTE LIST (this list is empty by default when entering the REMOTES section for the first time in a project.) Every time we add, delete or edit the name of one of them in our project, the list is updated. Remote controls included in the list may be further configured to perform the desired functions.

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION



Concerning the maximum number of digital remote controls:

- WPTOUCH: the MIMO88 can handle a maximum of 16 WPTOUCH units, both in single mode (8x8) and MASTER-SLAVE mode (16x16)
- **eMPAGE / MPAGE16**: the MIMO88 can handle a maximum of 4 paging console units, both in single mode (8x8) and MASTER-SLAVE mode (16x16)

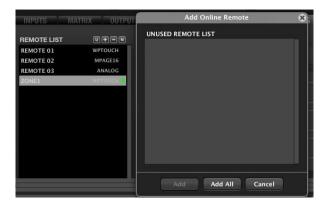
EclerNet Manager must be set in DESIGN mode (not DEPLOY) to enable configuration functions detailed in this chapter for remote panels.

The ______ icons respectively allow you to (from left to right):

 Add Online and Unused Remote: as a MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, NXA MIMO4040DN, NPA unit, etc., a digital remote device features the "Auto Discover" function, i.e., when connected to the ER-Bus (REMOTE 1 or REMOTE 2 connector on the rear panel of the MIMO88) it is automatically identified or "scanned" by the application. Clicking on the "Add Online and Unused Remote" icon displays a list of all "scanned" digital remote controls. You can select the ones to assign to the MIMO88 unit, becoming part of the REMOTE LIST

FREQUENCY		Add Online Re	mote 🛞
INPUTS MA		UNUSED REMOTE LIST	
REMOTE LIST REMOTE 01 REMOTE 02	U + - N WPTOUCH MPACEIO	ZONE1 00000015	
REMOTE 03	ANALOG		
		Add Add Al	I Cancel

WPTOUCH digital remote control automatically detected



The same control once added to the REMOTE LIST



 Add New Remote: to manually add a WPTOUCH (digital), eMPAGE / MPAGE16 (digital) or ANALOG (WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR type) remote control to the REMOTE LIST



• **Remove Remote:** to remove one of the devices from the REMOTE LIST



• **Change Remote Name**: to change the name of a remote control from the REMOTE LIST



The digital remote controls have a status icon located to the right of their name and model in the list (green for the "ZONE1" remote control in the picture):

REMOTE LIST	UŦ=N
REMOTE 01	WPTOUCH
REMOTE 02	MPAGE16
REMOTE 03	ANALOG
ZONE1	WPTOUCH



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

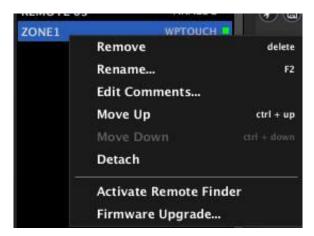
COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

This icon lights up differently to indicate distinct states:

- Unlit: the virtual remote control (from list) is not associated with any hardware device
- Steady red: the hardware device associated with the virtual remote-control panel is not "online" (the MIMO88 unit it depends on is disconnected)
- Flashing red: the hardware device associated with the virtual remote-control panel has been detected "online" by the MIMO88 (the MIMO88 unit it depends on is connected, but the remote control is disconnected)
- Steady green: both MIMO88 hardware and the remote control are "online" and operational
- Flashing green: the operating MIMO88 and the remote control are "online" but not operational (firmware-software versions are not compatible)

Remote controls from the REMOTE LIST also have a context menu (right button of the mouse):



- *Remove*: to remove the device from the REMOTE LIST
- *Rename*: to change the name assigned to a device
- *Edit Comments*: to add a text field with personalized comments about the remote • device:





- Move Up: the device moves up one position in the list
- Move Down: the device moves down one position in the list
- Attach/Detach: to attach or detach a digital device in the list (virtual) to/from a hardware digital device automatically detected:

REMOTE 03	ANALOG	Attach Online	Remote 🛞
ZONE1	WFTOUCH	UNUSED REMOTE LIST	
		ZONE1 00000015	wртоисн
		ок	Cancel

• Activate Remote Finder: activates/deactivates the blinking of the front panel light indicators (LCD display for WPTOUCH, LEDs for eMPAGE / MPAGE16 series) on the concerned digital hardware remote control panel, thus allowing easy identification on site. Simultaneously, the frame of the device shown in the REMOTES LIST also blinks, making it possible to link a virtual device of the Project with its hardware counterpart, to check its identity before changing its settings.

REMOTE LIST	UŦFN
REMOTE 01	WPTOUCH
REMOTE 02	MPAGE16
REMOTE 03	ANALOG
ZONE1	WPTOUCH

Flashing yellow frame after the Remote Finder activation

• *Firmware Upgrade:* opens a dialog box that allows you to load a remote device *firmware* file (with .bin extension) and to transfer it to the related device. The device must be "online" to perform this operation.

Here is the procedure for setting different types of remote control that can be connected to a MIMO88

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T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE

USER CONTROI

PANELS (UCP)

DEVICES

6.2.1.10.1 CONFIGURING A WPTOUCH-TYPE REMOTE CONTROL

The WPTOUCH is a digital remote-control panel for wall mounting featuring the following elements:

- LCD display
- touch-sensitive jog wheel
- 2 touch-sensitive keys (hereafter T1: left key, T2: right key)
- IR receiver



The LCD screen, the T1, T2 keys and the wheel are programmable from EclerNet Manager for the WPTOUCH to perform certain actions in order to control and display information.

The wheel control is by default the volume control (**Volume mode**) allocated with the programming. In addition, it may act as a selector (**Selection mode**) for the sound sources associated with a particular zone, or as a *Preset* selector.

WPTOUCH possible working modes are:

- NORMAL: the jog wheel is by default the volume control, as the panel is by default in Volume mode. To switch from Volume mode to Selection mode, you must press T2, turn the control wheel to make the desired selection change and press T2 again to confirm. A triangular index to the right of the LCD screen indicates whether the unit is in Volume adjustment mode (pointing the bottom row of characters) or Selection mode (pointing the top row of characters)
- SIMPLE (*): the top line in the LCD shows the current selected source, and the bottom line shows the currently adjusted volume level. The jog wheel function is by default the volume control one, as the panel is by default in Volume mode. A short press of T1 key enters into Selection mode, where the control wheel rotation switches among the available audio sources / presets, with immediate changes and no need for confirmation by a new key press. A timeout of 3 seconds with no panel's gesturing, or a T2 key press will bring the panel back to the default Volume mode

(*) SIMPLE mode is available from ENM software version v4.o3r2 and WPTOCUH firmware version v1.02r2 (April 2018)



When selecting a WPTOUCH unit in the REMOTE LIST, its detailed configuration screen is displayed on its right:

REMOTE LIST	UŦIN				
REMOTE 01 REMOTE 02 REMOTE 03	WPTOUCH MPAGE16 ANALOG		HID 00-00-00-15	FIRMWARE	v
ZONE1	WPTOUCH	SELECTOR Unus ed			
		VOLUME Unused			
		BUTTON			
			ICD BACKLIGHT	VOLUME MIN.	VOLUME MAX. 100

In its upper part, the display includes:

- Enable/Disable Remote button: to enable (lit in green) or disable each WPTOUCH unit connected to the MIMO88. The state (enabled or disabled) of remote controls is stored in a system Preset when you save it, so that you can manage which remote controls are enabled or not by recalling each Preset (e.g. when loading a Preset for asking to evacuate a building with a pre-recorded message, all remote controls of the installation are disabled to avoid user interferences in such special scenario in which the evacuation message prevails on the rest of the audio signals...).
- *HID* indicator: *hardware* ID (assigned at the factory, unique to each unit and not editable by the user)
- *Firmware* indicator: unit's *firmware* version

The lower portion of the WPTOUCH configuration screen includes the following controls:

- MODE: NORMAL or SIMPLE working mode. (*)
- LCD BACKLIGHT: turns the backlight on/off for the WPTOUCH LCD display when touched by the user. When this feature is enabled (ON), the LCD display lights up when touched, the light disappearing within a few seconds after the end of the contact
- VOLUME MIN and VOLUME MAX: performance range of the volume control from the wheel in Volume mode. It prevents a user to exceed a given maximum volume or to fall below a minimum volume. Default values are respectively 0 and 100%

(*) SIMPLE mode is available from ENM software version v4.03r2 and WPTOCUH firmware version v1.02r2



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

Now comes the WPTOUCH configuration area:

- The Market Configuration) icon gives access to the configuration parameters of the unit
- The We (Save Configuration in Remote) icon stores the WPTOUCH device configuration

Clicking on the Kernel icon opens the WPTOUCH configuration window:

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	
SELECTOR		
Тур	e NONE	
VOLUME		
Тур	e NONE	
BUTTON		
Тур	e NONE	

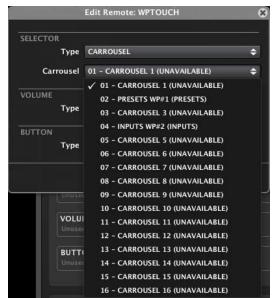
The configuration of a digital remote control as the WPTOUCH depends on a Project but not on a *Preset* (you can't save distinct WPTOUCH settings in different *Presets* within the same Project).

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	8
SELECTOR		
Туре	NONE	÷
	✓ NONE	
VOLUME	CARROUSEL	

- NONE: selection function is disabled for this WPTOUCH unit
- CAROUSEL: selection function is enabled



When selecting the CAROUSEL mode, a new menu appears to select which carousel list (it must have been previously created) will be assigned to the unit. A carousel list contains the available options for selecting either the input sound sources (Inputs) or the MIMO88 Presets from a WPTOUCH unit in Selection mode. See Carousel lists for MIMO88 section for more information about the creation of carousel lists.



Depending on whether you select a **carousel of inputs or** *Presets*, configuration options will differ from this point:

6.2.1.10.2 CONFIGURING THE WPTOUCH FOR OPERATING WITH A CAROUSEL OF PRESETS

After selecting a carousel list of *Presets* for the Selection mode of a WPTOUCH, you can make this selection from the WPTOUCH unit as follows:

NORMAL MODE:

- Pressing T2 switches to the Selection mode (the triangular icon to the right of the LCD screen moves up to the upper row)
- with the wheel, select one of the *Presets* contained in the carousel list
- Pressing T2 again confirms the selection, the *Preset* is recalled and the triangular icon returns on the bottom row (back to Volume mode). If T2 is not pressed again, the selection is not validated, no *Preset* is recalled and the Volume mode automatically returns after a few seconds (triangular icon on the bottom row of the LCD)

SIMPLE MODE:

• A short press of T1 key enters into Selection mode, where the control wheel rotation switches among the available presets in the defined carousel list, with immediate changes and no need for confirmation by a new key press. A timeout of 3 seconds with no panel's gesturing, or a T2 key press will bring the panel back to the default Volume mode

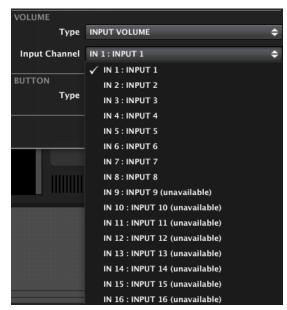


The following configuration function (VOLUME) lets you select which volume the WPTOUCH wheel controls in the other mode, the **Volume mode** (default mode):

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	6
SELECTOR		
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	NONE	÷
	V NONE	
BUTTON	INPUT VOLUME	
Туре	OUTPUT VOLUME	
	MATRIX VOLUME	
	X-FOCUS VOLUME (UNAVAILABLE)	

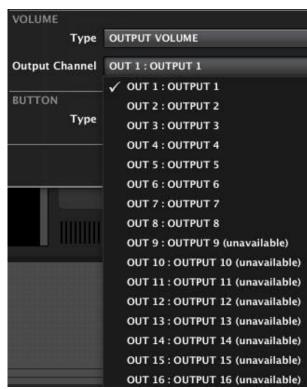
The available options for the VOLUME function are:

- NONE: Volume mode disabled
- INPUT VOLUME: any input of the MIMO88 unit:





• OUTPUT VOLUME: any output of the MIMO88 unit:

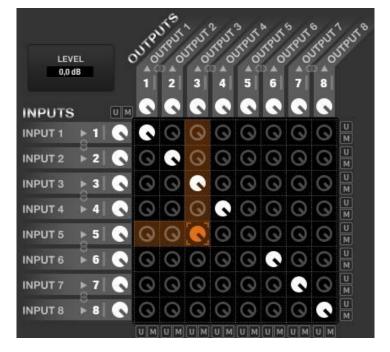


• MATRIX VOLUME: any crossing point between an input and an output of the matrix (in this example the crossing point between input 5 and output 3, or amount of signal sent from input 5 to output 3, represented in the matrix by the control knob of the intersection):

Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	6
CARROUSEL	\$
02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
MATRIX VOLUME	¢
OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
IN 5 : INPUT 5	¢
NONE	¢
OK Cancel	
	CARROUSEL 02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS) MATRIX VOLUME OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3 IN 5 : INPUT 5

PROJECT





Volume Control selected in the previous example (in orange)

• X-FOCUS VOLUME: not available when the WPTOUCH manages a carousel list of Presets. <u>See WPTOUCH configuration section</u> to operate with a carousel of inputs.

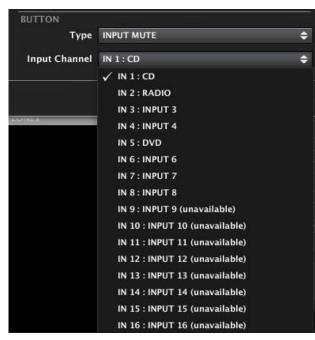
The following configuration function (BUTTON) selects the function assigned to the T1 key of the WPTOUCH (not available for **WPTOUCH SIMPLE mode**, where T1 has a fixed function).

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	
SELECTOR		
Туре	CAROUSEL	¢
Carousel	02 – PRESET LIST (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	OUTPUT VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	
BUTTON		
Туре	OUTPUT MUTE	÷
Output Channel	NONE	
Mode	INTERNAL INPUT MUTE	
	MATRIX MUTE	
	X-FOCUS MUTE (UNAVAILABLE)	
	GPO	
	PRESET	



The available options for the BUTTON function are:

- NONE: T1 key disabled
- **INTERNAL**: internal output (without direct link to a function) that can be used as input for events
- INPUT MUTE: mutes any input of the MIMO88 unit:



• **OUTPUT MUTE**: mutes any output of the MIMO88 unit:

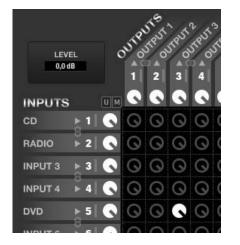
Туре	OUTPUT MUTE	
Output Channel	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	4
	✓ OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	
	OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	
	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	
/(1201	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	
	OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5	
	OUT 6 : OUTPUT 6	
	OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7	
	OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8	
	OUT 9 : OUTPUT 9 (unavailable)	
	OUT 10 : OUTPUT 10 (unavailable)	
	OUT 11 : OUTPUT 11 (unavailable)	
	OUT 12 : OUTPUT 12 (unavailable)	
	OUT 13 : OUTPUT 13 (unavailable)	
	OUT 14 : OUTPUT 14 (unavailable)	
	OUT 15 : OUTPUT 15 (unavailable)	
	OUT 16 : OUTPUT 16 (unavailable)	

	T.O.C.	
RELEASE NOTES	&	INTRODUCTION
TOOLBAR	œ	MENUS
WINDOWS	ATT T	>
	CONTEXT MENU	
PROJECT		EclerNet
DEVICES		COMPATIBI F



• MATRIX MUTE: mutes any crossing point between an input and an output of the matrix (in this example the crossing point between input 5 and output 3, or signal sent from input 5 to output 3, represented in the matrix by the control knob of the intersection: MUTE is ON when unfilled and OFF when filled with white colour:

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	8
SELECTOR		
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	MATRIX VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	¢
BUTTON		
Туре	MATRIX MUTE	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	\$
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	\$



MUTE OFF for input 5 – output 3 (send enabled)

LEVEL 0,0 dB INPUTS 0 CD - 1 0 R RADIO 0 0 \odot 0 INPUT 3 0 0 \odot 0 INPUT 4 00 0 DVD Θ \bigcirc \mathbf{G} NDUT

MUTE ON for input 5 -output 3 (send disabled)

• *X-FOCUS MUTE*: not available when the WPTOUCH manages a carousel list of *Presets*. See WPTOUCH configuration section to operate with a carousel of inputs



• *GPO*: activation/deactivation of one of the MIMO88's GPO relays. In the WPTOUCH LCD, an asterisk appears when the function is activated and disappears when the function is deactivated (by successively pressing T1):

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	
SELECTOR	CARROLLER	
Туре	CARROUSEL	÷
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	÷
VOLUME		
Туре	MATRIX VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	¢
BUTTON		
Туре	GPO	¢
GPO	GPO1	¢
	✓ GPO1	
	GPO2	
	GPO3	
REMOTE 01	GPO4	
PAG STATION REMOTE 03	GPO5	
ZONE1	GPO6	
	GPO7	
	GPO8	
	GPO9 (unavailable)	
	GPO10 (unavailable)	
	GPO11 (unavailable)	
	GPO12 (unavailable)	
	GPO13 (unavailable)	
	GPO14 (unavailable)	
	GPO15 (unavailable)	
	GPO16 (unavailable)	

• **PRESET**: to load one of the Presets in the MIMO88 memory. In the WPTOUCH LCD, an asterisk appears when the function is activated and disappears when the function is deactivated (by successively pressing T1):

BUTTON		
Туре	PRESET	÷
Preset	✓ 01 - EMERGENCY CALL	
	02 - EMPTY PRESET	
	03 - EMPTY PRESET	
	04 - EMPTY PRESET	
NATELIAT	05 – EMPTY PRESET	
MOTE LIST	06 - EMPTY PRESET	
MOTE 01	07 - EMPTY PRESET	
MOTE 03	08 - EMPTY PRESET	
DNE1	09 - EMPTY PRESET	
	10 - EMPTY PRESET	
	11 – EMPTY PRESET	
	12 – EMPTY PRESET	

INTRODUCTION ME & RELEASE NOTES TOC



6.2.1.10.3 CONFIGURING THE WPTOUCH FOR OPERATING WITH A CAROUSEL OF INPUTS

A carousel list of inputs allows you to select which input will feed a particular output from a WPTOUCH acting as a selector of music sources for a destination zone (input selector for the matrix outputs). There may be up to 16 WPTOUCH units in one MIMO88 system (8x8 or 16x16), each one with the ability to select the audio content for the zone it is assigned to. <u>See Carousel lists for MIMO88 section</u> for more information about the creation of carousel lists.

Selecting CAROUSEL in the SELECTOR function opens a menu to select the desired carousel list. Selecting a carousel list of inputs opens a new menu that lets you decide which system output will be linked to the input selection or in other words what destination zone (output) is controlled by this WPTOUCH unit:

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	
SELECTOR		
Type	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	04 - INPUTS WP#2 (INPUTS)	\$
Currouper		1
Output	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	÷
	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	
VOLUME	OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	
Туре	V OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	
BUTTON	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	
	OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5	
Туре	OUT 6 : OUTPUT 6	
	OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7	
	OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8	
SELECTOR	OUT 9 : OUTPUT 9 (unavailable)	
	OUT 10 : OUTPUT 10 (unavailable)	
	OUT 11 : OUTPUT 11 (unavailable)	
VOLUME X-Focus Volume	OUT 12 : OUTPUT 12 (unavailable)	
	OUT 13 : OUTPUT 13 (unavailable)	
BUTTON	OUT 14 : OUTPUT 14 (unavailable)	
	OUT 15 : OUTPUT 15 (unavailable)	
	OUT 16 : OUTPUT 16 (unavailable)	

In the example we have selected a carousel list of inputs (called INPUTS WP#2) to enable input selection in this list for Output 3. This WPTOUCH unit will then behave as a sound source selector for the Zone 3 of the system.

PROJECT



After selecting a carousel list of inputs for the Selection mode of a WPTOUCH, you can make the selection from the WPTOUCH unit as follows:

NORMAL MODE:

- pressing T2 switches to the Selection mode (the triangular icon to the right of the LCD screen moves up to the upper row)
- with the wheel, select one of the inputs contained in the carousel list
- pressing T2 again confirms the selection, the matrix is set to route the selected input to the assigned output and the triangular icon returns on the bottom row (back in Volume Mode)

SIMPLE MODE:

• A short press of T1 key enters into **Selection mode**, where the control wheel rotation switches among the available audio inputs in the defined carousel list, with immediate changes and no need for confirmation by a new key press. A timeout of 3 seconds with no panel's gesturing, or a T2 key press will bring the panel back to the default **Volume mode**

The following configuration function (VOLUME) lets you select which volume the WPTOUCH wheel controls in the other mode, the **Volume mode** (default mode).

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	
SELECTOR		
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	01 - SOURCES FOR Z1 (INPUTS)	¢
Output	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	NONE	¢
	✓ NONE	
BUTTON Type	INPUT VOLUME	
	OUTPUT VOLUME	
	MATRIX VOLUME	
	X-FOCUS VOLUME	

DEVICES

The available options for the VOLUME function are:

- NONE: Volume mode disabled
- INPUT VOLUME: any input of the MIMO88 unit:

VOLUME		
Туре	INPUT VOLUME	¢
Input Channel	IN 1 : INPUT 1	¢
	✓ IN 1 : INPUT 1	
BUTTON	IN 2 : INPUT 2	
Туре	IN 3 : INPUT 3	
	IN 4 : INPUT 4	
	IN 5 : INPUT 5	
	IN 6 : INPUT 6	
	IN 7 : INPUT 7	
	IN 8 : INPUT 8	
	IN 9 : INPUT 9 (unavailable)	
	IN 10 : INPUT 10 (unavailable)	
	IN 11 : INPUT 11 (unavailable)	
	IN 12 : INPUT 12 (unavailable)	
	IN 13 : INPUT 13 (unavailable)	
	IN 14 : INPUT 14 (unavailable)	
	IN 15 : INPUT 15 (unavailable)	
	IN 16 : INPUT 16 (unavailable)	

• **OUTPUT VOLUME**: any output of the MIMO88 unit:

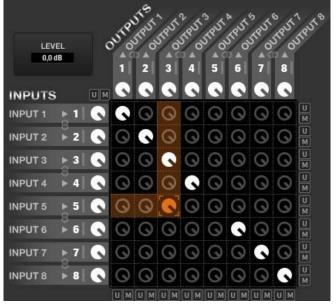
VOLUME		
Туре	OUTPUT VOLUME	
Output Channel	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	
	✓ OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	
BUTTON	OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	
Туре	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	
	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	
	OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5	
	OUT 6 : OUTPUT 6	
	OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7	
	OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8	
	OUT 9 : OUTPUT 9 (unavailable)	
	OUT 10 : OUTPUT 10 (unavailable)	
	OUT 11 : OUTPUT 11 (unavailable)	
	OUT 12 : OUTPUT 12 (unavailable)	
	OUT 13 : OUTPUT 13 (unavailable)	
	OUT 14 : OUTPUT 14 (unavailable)	
	OUT 15 : OUTPUT 15 (unavailable)	
	OUT 16 : OUTPUT 16 (unavailable)	

T.O.C.	
RELEASE NOTES	INTRODUCTION &
TOOLBAR	MENUS &
WINDOWS	APP
	CONTEXT MENU
PROJECT	EclerNet
DEVICES	COMPATIBLE
PANELS (UCP)	USER CONTROL



 MATRIX VOLUME: cualquier punto de cruce entre una entrada y una salida de la matriz (en el ejemplo el punto de cruce entre la entrada 5 y la salida 3, o cantidad de señal enviada desde la entrada 5 hacia la salida 3, representado en la matriz por el control giratorio (knob) de dicha intersección):

1	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	(
SELECTOR		
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	MATRIX VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : INPUT 5	¢
BUTTON		
Туре	NONE	\$
	OK Cancel	
	OK Cancel	



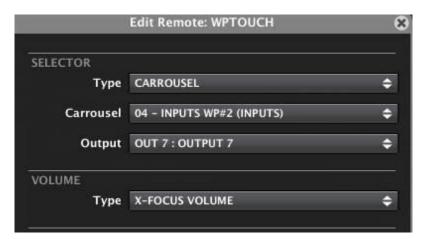
Control de volumen seleccionado en el ejemplo anterior (en naranja)

• *X-FOCUS VOLUME*: X-FOCUS ("Cross-Focus") means the active crossing point in a carousel list of sound sources (inputs) for the assigned output. It is selected by programming the WPTOUCH unit. In other words, when a WPTOUCH is programmed for its Selection mode to choose an input in a carousel list, the X-Focus is the selection made at a given time, i.e., the input selected as audio content for the assigned output.

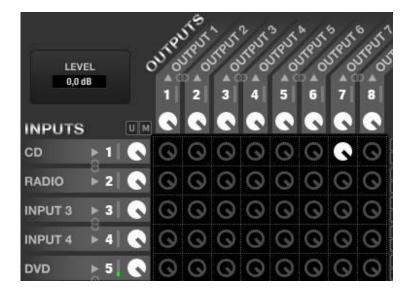


So, if you select the X-FOCUS VOLUME for the VOLUME function and have a look at what happens in the matrix, the WPTOUCH always operate the rotary volume control located at the intersection of the selected input and assigned output.

Example: let's create a carousel list of sound sources, or matrix inputs (<u>see Carousel lists</u> <u>for MIMO88 section</u>) including inputs 1. CD, 2. RADIO and 5. DVD, and let's assign a WPTOUCH managing the output 7 of the matrix:

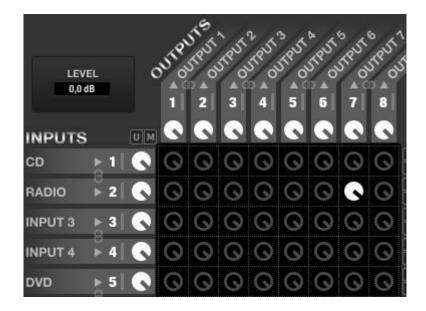


In "Selection" mode, you can cyclically select which input (1, 2 or 5) will be sent to output 7. Once one of them is selected, the wheel controls in Volume mode the crossing point of the selected input (1, 2 or 5) and output 7: the amount of signal sent from the selected input to output 7. If the selection changes, the volume wheel controls the new input/output crossing point selected.



Input 1 (CD) selected as sound source for output 7. In X-Focus mode the volume control operates the crossing point between input 1 and output 7 (filled in white in the picture)





Input 2 (RADIO) selected as sound source for output 7. In X-Focus mode the volume control operates the crossing point between input 2 and output 7 (filled in white in the picture)



Input 5 (DVD) selected as sound source for output 7. In X-Focus mode the volume control operates the crossing point between input 5 and output 7 (filled in white in the picture)

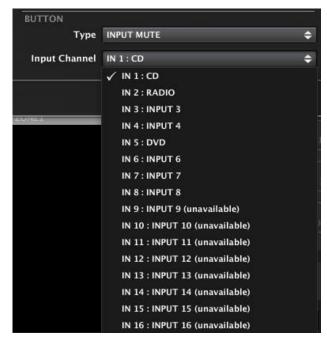


The following configuration function (BUTTON) selects the function assigned to the T1 key of the WPTOUCH (not available for WPTOUCH **SIMPLE mode)**.

_	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	6
SELECTOR		
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	MATRIX VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	¢
BUTTON		
Туре	NONE	¢
	✓ NONE	
	INPUT MUTE	
	OUTPUT MUTE	
	MATRIX MUTE	
BUTT	X-FOCUS MUTE (UNAVAILABLE)	
Matrix	GPO	
	PRESET	

The available options for the BUTTON function are:

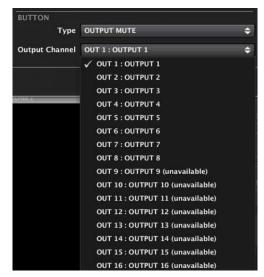
- NONE: T1 key disabled
- **INPUT MUTE**: mutes any input of the MIMO88 unit:



INTRODUCTION MENUS APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet COMPATIBLE USER CONTROL T.O.C. & & APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet COMPATIBLE USER CONTROL RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS PROJECT DEVICES PANELS (UCP)
MENUS APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet COMPATIBLE & WINDOWS PROJECT DEVICES
APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet COMPATIBLE UNINDOWS PROJECT DEVICES
CONTEXT MENU
U EclerNet COMPATIBLE D PROJECT DEVICES
COMPATIBLE
USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

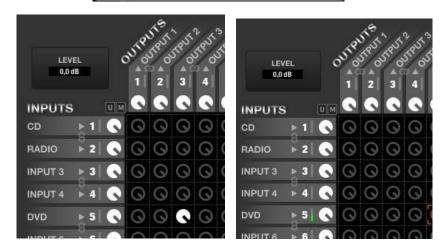


OUTPUT MUTE: mutes any output of the MIMO88 unit: •



MATRIX MUTE: mutes any crossing point between an input and an output of the matrix (in this example the crossing point between input 5 and output 3, or signal sent from input 5 to output 3, represented in the matrix by the control knob of the intersection: MUTE is ON when unfilled and OFF when filled with white colour:

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	
SELECTOR		
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	MATRIX VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	¢
BUTTON		
Туре	MATRIX MUTE	\$
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	¢



MUTE OFF for input 5 – output 3 (send enabled) MUTE ON for input 5 –output 3 (send disabled)



- **X-FOCUS MUTE**: similar to X-FOCUS VOLUME, but in this case the T1 key behaves like a mute remote control for X-Focus point, i.e., the point of intersection between the selected input and assigned output.
- **GPO**: activation/deactivation of one of the MIMO88's GPO relays. In the WPTOUCH LCD, an asterisk appears when the function is activated and disappears when the function is deactivated (by successively pressing T1):

	Edit Remote: WPTOUCH	(
SELECTOR	,	
Туре	CARROUSEL	\$
Carrousel	02 - PRESETS WP#1 (PRESETS)	¢
VOLUME		
Туре	MATRIX VOLUME	¢
Output Channel	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : DVD	¢
BUTTON		
Туре	GPO	¢
GPO	GPO1	¢
GPU		-
Î.	✓ GP01 GP02	
	GPO2 GPO3	
REMOTE 01	GPO4	
PAG STATION	GPO4 GPO5	
REMOTE 03	GPO6	
ZONE1	GP07	
	GPO8	
	GPO9 (unavailable)	
	GPO10 (unavailable)	
	GPO11 (unavailable)	
	GPO12 (unavailable)	
	GPO13 (unavailable)	
	GPO13 (unavailable)	
	GPO15 (unavailable)	
	GPO16 (unavailable)	

• **PRESET**: to load one of the Presets in the MIMO88 memory. In the WPTOUCH LCD, an asterisk appears when the function is activated and disappears when the function is deactivated (by successively pressing T1):

BUTTON		
Туре	PRESET	\$
Preset	✓ 01 - EMERGENCY CALL	
	02 - EMPTY PRESET	
	03 - EMPTY PRESET	
	04 - EMPTY PRESET	
	05 - EMPTY PRESET	
MOTE LIST	06 - EMPTY PRESET	
MOTE 01 G STATION	07 – EMPTY PRESET	
MOTE 03	08 - EMPTY PRESET	
INE1	09 – EMPTY PRESET	
	10 - EMPTY PRESET	
	11 - EMPTY PRESET	
	12 – EMPTY PRESET	

T.O.C. INTRODUCTION M & RELEASE NOTES TO



6.2.1.10.4 WPTOUCH MULTI DEVICES

There is an additional working mode for a WPTOUCH unit, named WPTOUCH MULTI, which really behaves as a multi-zone controller. Under this working mode, a WPTOUCH hardware unit it will have a customized "remotes carousel list" including some single WPTOUCH units in the project, being those ones real (hardware) or virtual (just existing in the project, no hardware linked). The WPTOUCH MULTI can select any of those WPTOUCH units in its own carousel list to impersonate it, take its role, automatically behaving as a clone of a WPTOUCH single unit. This way a WPTOUCH hardware unit, programmed as a WPTOUCH MULTI, can be flexible and take the control of any zone, as well as being a preset recaller.

At the time you add a new WPTOUCH unit to your MIMO device, you can decide that it will work as a WPTOUCH MULTI unit

INPUTS MATRIX OUTPUTS PAG	GERS/DUCKERS GPIs/GPOs	REMOTES
REMOTE 01 WPTOUCH		FIRMWA
REMOTE 02 WPTOUCH	dd New Remote	8
Remote Type Remote Name	WPTOUCH MULTI WPTOUCH	•
	VPTOUCH MULTI MPAGE16 ANALOG VIRTUAL	

And, adding more WPTOUCH units to your project, you will end up with a list of them, similar to this one:

MATRIX OUTF
UTEN
WPTOUCH MULTI
WPTOUCH

Some of the above WPTOUCH units will be linked to real hardware WPTOUCH devices, and some others will just be virtual (software) ones, with no hardware impersonation. But all of them will be programmed individually, as single zone controls, with sources selection, or as presets selectors.



The WPTOUCH MULTI units, which do have a real hardware WPTOUCH partner, will be programmed just adding any of the previous WPTOUCH single units to a list. This list contains, then, the carousel of possible "roles" that a WPTOUCH MULTI can take when entering into its REMOTE SELECTION mode.

REMOTE LIST			
ZONES 1 to 8			TEMWARE
ZONE4	WPTOUCH	(CONFIG	
ZONE7	WPTOUCH 🛑	WPTOUCH LIST	
ZO NE8	WPTOUCH	1 - ZONE2 Add a WPT	OUCH to the list
PRESET SEL	WPTOUCH	2 - ZONE4	
		3 - ZONE7	
		4 - ZONE8	
		5 - PRESET SEL	
WPTOUCH LIST		Select WPTOUCH	
1 - ZONE2 2 - ZONE4		Select WPTOUCH	
E CONLY	20NE7		
	ZONES		
	PRESET	SEL	
	a theorem		
	111111		
		DK Cancel	

... double click on the desired items under the "Select WPTOUCH" options until the WPTOUCH list is completed as desired, and modify the position of each remote in the list, as this will be the order they'll appear in the WPTOUCH MULTI LCD display, as a carousel list:



To get further information about WPTOUCH multi working mode, and how to use them once programmed, please refer to the document "*WPTOUCH MULTI user guide 201113.pdf*", included in EclerNet Manager Software zip packs, available at <u>www.ecler.com</u>.



6.2.1.10.5 CONFIGURING AN EMPAGE OR MPAGE16-TYPE REMOTE CONTROL

The MPAGE16 is a console or desktop digital station for sending voice messages in real time ("paging"). It features a gooseneck microphone and 16 keys for selecting destination zones (1 to 16), 1 selection key for all zones (ALL), a CLEAR key to cancel the last selection made and an activation key for paging (PAGE). It also has two soft keys (F1 and F2) operating a mute function, a GPO or a Preset recall. All keys are touchsensitive and associated with a status LED.

The eMPAGE unit is the substitute console for the MPAGE16 –JAN 2019 onwards-, a paging console with mechanical selection keys and electronic ink display to show the destination zones labels.

The programming of a paging console connected to a MIMO88 follows the same procedure, no matter if using an MPAGE16 or eMPAGE hardware unit.

The configuration of an MPAGE16 or eMPAGE console connected to the MIMO88 is very simple:

- First you must include a MPAGE16 / eMPAGE unit in the REMOTE LIST. <u>See MIMO88 REMOTES section</u>.
- Selecting the desired MPAGE16 / eMPAGE unit in the REMOTE LIST displays its detailed configuration window

REMOTE LIST	U+-N			
REMOTE 01	WPTOUCH	MPAGE16	HID 00-00-00-82	FIRMWARE v1.00r15
PAG STATION	MPAGE16	MIFAGE10		
REMOTE 03	ANALOG	🕐 🔳 CONFIG		
ZONE1	WPTOUCH 💻			
		PAGER Pager 1	÷	

If the paging console is an eMPAGE model, the above picture will look similar to the following:





RELEASE NOTES



In its upper part, the window includes:

- Enable/Disable Remote button: to enable (lit in green) or disable each MPAGE16
 / eMPAGE unit connected to the MIMO88. The state (enabled or disabled) of all
 remote controls is stored in a system Preset when you save it, so that you can
 manage at any given time which remote controls are enabled or not by recalling
 each Preset (e.g. when loading a Preset for asking to evacuate a building with a
 pre-recorded message, all remote controls of the installation are disabled to avoid
 user interferences in such special scenario in which the evacuation message
 prevails on the rest of the audio signals...).
- *HID* indicator: *hardware* ID (assigned at the factory, unique to each unit and not editable by the user)
- *Firmware* indicator: unit's *firmware* version

Now comes the MPAGE16 / eMPAGE configuration area:

- The *icon (Change Configuration)* is not usable with an MPAGE16 / eMPAGE unit (but it is for the WPTOUCH for example)
- The III (Save Configuration in Remote) icon stores the MPAGE16 / eMPAGE device configuration

Below appears the drop-down menu for the only setting option of MPAGE16 / eMPAGE unit: the PAGER module that will be assigned:

🕑 🔳 CONI	FIG	
PAGER	Pager 1	3
	None	
-	✓ Pager 1	
	Pager 2 (unavailable)	

Each MIMO88 unit has a maximum of four DUCKER or PAGER *software* modules, each of which can be assigned to a *hardware* MPAGE16 / eMPAGE unit.

<u>See MIMO88 PAGERS/DUCKERS section</u> to know how these modules operate and how destination zones are enabled or disabled for MPAGE16 / eMPAGE units, etc



Details of the PAGERS/DUCKERS section from which you configure the operation of an MPAGE16 / eMPAGE unit connected to the system

0 ecler

All MPAGE16 / eMPAGE keys are dedicated to the *paging* function, except two of them: F1 and F2 that are programmable function keys. <u>See MIMO88 EVENTS section</u> to know how to program them for operating a mute function, a GPO or a *Preset* recall.

The configuration of a digital remote control as MPAGE16 / eMPAGE console or WPTOUCH wall panel depends on a Project but not on a Preset (you can't save distinct WPTOUCH settings in different Presets within the same Project).

6.2.1.10.6 CONFIGURING AN ANALOG-TYPE REMOTE CONTROL

The third type of remote controls compatible with MIMO88 is analogue such as WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR (wall panel with knobs performing as volume control and sound source selector). The **INPUT** source selector has 5 possible positions (OFF, 1, 2, 3 and 4). The **LEVEL** volume control is continuous from 0 to 100%

This type of control is connected to the MIMO88 unit via its GPI ports, not via the digital bus. A GPI port is required for the volume control and another one

for the source selector. Additionally, you can connect an external switch (not included in the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR) to a third GPI to perform the X-FOCUS MUTE function (muting the selected sound source).

The settings for this kind of analogue control are performed as follows:

To configure a WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR type analogue control, you must first include an ANALOG unit in the REMOTE LIST. <u>See MIMO88 REMOTES section.</u>

Analogue controls are passive and therefore not automatically detected by the	
application, contrary to what happens with the digital WPTOUCH and MPAGE16 /	
eMPAGE.	

PAGE16		Add New Remote	*
	Remote Type	e ANALOG	÷
	Remote Nam	e WPTOUCH MPAGE16	
	_	🗸 ANALOG	
		OK Cancel	
6			
	Add	New Remote	8
	emote Type AN	IALOG	\$
R			
-		week op wil	
	emote Name WP	VOL-SR #1	
		VOL-SR #1	



MENUS & TOOLBAR

> APP WINDOWS

> > CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)



Once you add such a control, it will be included in the REMOTE LIST. Selecting it opens the configuration window:

REMOTE LIST	UŦ=N			
PAG STATION	MPAGE16	ANALOG	HID	FIRMWARE
WPVOL-SR #1	ANALOG		With a second se	
		🕐 🖲 CONFIG		
		SELECTOR		
		VOLUME		
		BUTTON		
		Unused		

In its upper part, the window includes:

- Enable/Disable Remote button: to enable (lit in green) or disable each WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR unit connected to the MIMO88. The state (enabled or disabled) of all remote controls is stored in a system Preset when you save it, so that you can manage at any given time which remote controls are enabled or not by recalling each Preset (e.g. when loading a Preset for asking to evacuate a building with a pre-recorded message, all remote controls of the installation are disabled to avoid user interferences in such special scenario in which the evacuation message prevails on the rest of the audio signals...).
- HID indicator: N/A for analogue controls
- Firmware indicator: N/A for analogue controls

Now comes the configuration area:

- If icon (Change Configuration): to change the unit configuration
- Image: Icon (Save Configuration in Remote): N/A for analogue controls

Clicking the kine Clicking the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR configuration window:

Edit Remote: ANALOG	8
GPI1	¢
NONE	¢
✓ NONE CARROUSEL	
	GPI1 NONE ✓ NONE



The first parameter to set is the source selection or SELECTOR:

- **GPI**: GPI port that is connected to the INPUT discrete potentiometer of the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR unit
- **Type**: select CAROUSEL to allow sound sources or even Presets to be selected. After selection, new options are displayed:

	Edit Remote: ANALOG	8
SELECTOR		
GPI	GP11	¢
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Polarity	DIRECT	¢
Carrousel	01 - SOURCES FOR Z1 (INPUTS)	¢
Output	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	¢
VOLUME		
GPI	GP12	¢
Туре	NONE	¢
BUTTON		
GPI	GP13	¢
	NONE	۵

The new available options for the SELECTOR function are:

- Polarity (DIRECT/INVERSE): determines how the received signal is interpreted in the GPI (0 to 10 VDC): 0 VDC as minimum and 10 VDC as maximum or vice versa. Each position of the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR INPUT control (OFF, 1, 2, 3 or 4) provides a voltage from 0 to 10 VDC to its GPI port.
- Carouset: carousel list selected for the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR control; it must have been previously created. A carousel list contains the available options for selecting either the input sound sources (Inputs) or the MIMO88 Presets from a WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR unit with its INPUT control. In this case the carousel list may include up to 5 inputs (musical sources) matching the 5 positions of the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR INPUT control. If you select a carousel list of Presets, it may also contain a maximum of 5 Presets. See Carousel lists for MIMO88 for more information about the creation of carousel lists.



 If the selected carousel list is for inputs (sound sources), a new drop-down menu appears to select the destination output for this selection (destination zone area linked to the selected input in each case, or destination zone controlled by the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR unit):

In the example we have selected a carousel list of inputs (called SOURCES FOR Z1) to enable the selection of an input from this list for output 1. This WPmVOL-SR/WPaVOL-SR unit will then behave as a sound source selector for the Zone 1 of the system.

GPI GPI1 Type CARROUSE DIRECT 01 - SOURCES FOR Z1 (INPUTS) Carrousel Outp DUT 1 : OUTPUT : OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1 VOLUME OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2 GP OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3 OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4 Туро OUT 5 : OUTPUT 5 BUTTON OUT 6 : OUTPUT 6 GPI OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7 OUT 8 : OUTPUT 8 Type OUT 9 : OUTPUT 9 OUT 10 : OUTPUT 10 OUT 11: OUTPUT 11 INALUU **OUT 12 : OUTPUT 12** OUT 13 : OUTPUT 13 CONFIG OUT 14 : OUTPUT 14 ECTOR OUT 15 : OUTPUT 15 OUT 16 : OUTPUT 16

The options for the VOLUME function are:

- *GPI*: GPI port that is connected to the LEVEL control of the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR unit
- Type:
 - NONE: no volume function assigned
 - X-FOCUS VOLUME: the LEVEL control is associated with the volume of the crossover point between the input currently selected by the INPUT control and assigned output (destination zone)
- *Polarity* (DIRECT/INVERSE): determines how the received signal is interpreted in the GPI (0 to 10 VDC): 0 VDC as maximum volume and 10 VDC as minimum volume or vice versa

VOLUME		
GPI	GP12	¢
Туре	X-FOCUS VOLUME	¢
Polarity	DIRECT	\$



Additionally, you can add an external mechanical switch or button (not included in the WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR panel) to control the X-FOCUS MUTE function (to mute the selection made with the **INPUT** control in the used carousel list):

GPI	GPI3	¢
Туре	NONE	¢
	✓ NONE	
	X-FOCUS MUTE	

- **GPI**: GPI port that it is connected to the additional hardware button or switch
- Type:
 - NONE: no MUTE function assigned
 - X-FOCUS MUTE: the button or switch is associated with the MUTE function of the crossover point between the input currently selected by the INPUT control and assigned output (destination zone)

Additional options when the X-FOCUS MUTE type is selected are:

- Polarity (DIRECT/INVERSE): determines how the received signal is interpreted in the GPI (0 or 10 VDC): function is activated for 0 VDC and deactivated for 10 VDC or vice versa.
- Mode: operating mode of the button or switch:
 - PUSH: one state when the key is pressed (closed contact) and the opposite state when the key is not pressed. The possible states are MUTE ON and MUTE OFF
 - **TOGGLE**: each push of the button toggles the state between MUTE ON and MUTE OFF.

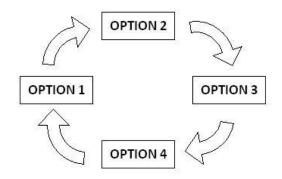
	Edit Remote: ANALOG	(
SELECTOR		
GPI	GPI1	\$
Туре	CARROUSEL	¢
Polarity	DIRECT	¢
Carrousel	01 - SOURCES FOR Z1 (INPUTS)	¢
Output	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	¢
VOLUME		
GPI	GPI2	¢
Туре	X-FOCUS VOLUME	¢
Polarity	DIRECT	¢
BUTTON		
GPI	GPI3	¢
Туре	X-FOCUS MUTE	¢
Polarity	DIRECT	¢
Mode	PUSH	¢
	🗸 PUSH	
	TOGGLE	



6.2.1.11 CAROUSEL LISTS FOR MIMO88

A **carousel list** is a set of selectable options for a remote control connected to a MIMO88 unit, such selection being "circular" (hence the name carousel).

We call circular selection the ability to scroll the various list options via an endless dial, from the first to the last, then indefinitely re-starting from the first in the list and so on, as long as you keep rotating the control in the same direction, either clockwise or counterclockwise.





MIMO88 supports two types of carousel lists: for inputs and for Presets:

- **Carousel list of inputs**: contains a series of matrix audio inputs, so that a remote control can select one of them as a sound source sent to a particular audio output of the unit. In other words, in a zoned facility (input with several sound sources and multiple output zones) a remote control managing a particular zone of the facility can use a list of this type to select the audio content to be played in that zone
- **Carousel list of Presets:** contains a series of Presets stored in the unit, so that a remote control can select and recall one of them, instantly changing the configuration of the MIMO88 unit according to the parameters recorded in the Preset

A WPTOUCH or WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR type remote control can operate a same Project with a single carousel list only, whether of inputs or Presets, in order to behave as source selector for a destination zone or as Preset selector to recall a Preset. A single control remote can never have both functions in a same Project, nor operate with several carousel lists. Carousel lists, on the other hand, are common to a single Project and are not related to Presets: lists and their contents are fixed and do not depend on the Preset that selected them.



Clicking the Clicking the Clicking the upper right corner of a MIMO88 detailed view opens the window for creating and editing carousel lists.

Solution As for other functions with a potential risk of structural changes in a Project, carousel list management is available in DESIGN mode only.

In the upper part of this window, there is a list of the 16 carousel lists that can be created in a Project.

Carrousel L	ists
01 - CARROUSEL 1	NONE
02 – CARROUSEL 2	NONE
03 - CARROUSEL 3	NONE
04 – CARROUSEL 4	NONE
05 - CARROUSEL 5	NONE
06 – CARROUSEL 6	NONE
Type NONE 🗢	Selection Count: 0
ок	Cancel

To rename one of them, select it (right button -> Rename, or F2 key):

02 - CARRO Rename Carrousel List	NONE
	×
03 - CARRC	NONE
04 - CARRC	NONE
05 - CARRC Carrousel List Name Sources for Z1	NONE
06 - CARRC	NONE

Then you must select the type of list (inputs or *Presets*):

01 - Sour	ces for Z1	NONE
02 - CAR	ROUSEL 2	NONE
03 - CARI	ROUSEL 3	NONE
04 - CARI	ROUSEL 4	NONE
05 - CARI	ROUSEL 5	NONE
06 - CARI	ROUSEL 6	NONE
Туре	NONE 🗢	Selection Count: 0
	✓ NONE INPUTS PRESETS	



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

If you select an input list, the window looks like this:

and the second second	Carrousel Lists	
01 - Sources for Z1		INPUTS
02 – CARROUSEL 2		NONE
03 – CARROUSEL 3		NONE
04 – CARROUSEL 4		NONE
05 – CARROUSEL 5		NONE
06 – CARROUSEL 6		NONE
Type INPUTS 🗢	Mode EXCLUSIVE 🖨	Selection Count: 1
V OFF	MIX	
IN 1 : INPUT 1	✓ EXCLUSIVE	
IN 2 : INPUT 2		
IN 3 : INPUT 3		
IN 4 : INPUT 4		
IN 5 : INPUT 5		
IN 6 : INPUT 6		
IN 7 : INPUT 7		
IN 8 : INPUT 8		

- The list type is displayed on the right: INPUTS or PRESETS
- The drop-down *Mode* menu allows you to choose between two operating modes for the input list:
 - MIX: when several inputs are successively selected in the list, they are mixed together and sent to the destination output. The remote control then behaves like a small mixer, rather than as a pure sound source selector (in X-Focus mode the volume control will adjust the relative level of each input in the mix)
 - *EXCLUSIVE*: only one input can be selected and routed to the destination output. Selecting an input in the list excludes the others: the other crossing points between list inputs and destination output have a MUTE ON status
- *Selection Count*: number of inputs in the list (the maximum is 16)
- Input list for the unit: its options are OFF (no = silence) and inputs 1 to 8 or 1 to 16, depending on whether it is a single MIMO88 (8x8) or a MASTER-SLAVE couple (16x16). To add or remove an input to/from the carousel list, click on the check box on its left:

Carrouse	l Lists
01 - Sources for Z1	INPUTS
02 - CARROUSEL 2	PRESETS
03 - CARROUSEL 3	NONE
04 - CARROUSEL 4	NONE
05 - CARROUSEL 5	NONE
06 - CARROUSEL 6	NONE
✓ OFF	
IN 1: INPUT 1	
□ IN 1: INPUT 1 ✓ IN 2: INPUT 2	
IN 1: INPUT 1	
□ IN 1 : INPUT 1 ✓ IN 2 : INPUT 2	
□ IN 1 : INPUT 1 ✓ IN 2 : INPUT 2 ✓ IN 3 : INPUT 3	
 IN 1 : INPUT 1 ✓ IN 2 : INPUT 2 ✓ IN 3 : INPUT 3 IN 4 : INPUT 4 	
 IN 1: INPUT 1 ✓ IN 2: INPUT 2 ✓ IN 3: INPUT 3 IN 4: INPUT 4 IN 5: INPUT 5 	

Example of carousel list containing the inputs OFF (silence), 2, 3 and 6

Once the changes are validated (OK key) the list will be configured and available for selection from one or more WPTOUCH or WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR remote controls.



			Carrousel Lis	ts		8
01 - Sou	rces for Z1				INPUTS	
02 - CAR	ROUSEL 2				PRESETS	
03 - CAR	ROUSEL 3				NONE	
04 - CAR	ROUSEL 4				NONE	
05 - CAR	ROUSEL 5				NONE	
06 - CAR	ROUSEL 6				NONE	
Туре	PRESETS	¢			Selection Count: 0	
🔲 01 ·	- Empty					
02 -	- Empty					
🗆 03 -	- Empty					
🔲 04 -	- Empty					
🔲 05 ·	- Empty					
🗌 06 -	- Empty					
🗆 07 -	- Empty					
08 -	- Empty					
🔲 09 ·	- Empty					
🗌 10 ·	- Empty					
🗆 11 ·	- Empty					
🔲 12 -	- Empty					
🔲 13 ·	- Empty					
🗌 14 ·	- Empty					
🗆 15 ·	- Empty					

If, on the contrary, you select a Presets list, the window looks like this:

- The list type is displayed on the right: INPUTS or PRESETS (in this case PRESETS)
- Selection Count: number of Presets in the list (the maximum is 16)
- **Presets list for the unit**: contains the 99 Presets available in the MIMO88 (you have to scroll down the list to see them all). To add or remove a Preset to/from the carousel list, click on the check box on its left:

01 - Sources for Z1	INPUTS
02 - CARROUSEL 2	PRESETS
03 – CARROUSEL 3	NONE
04 - CARROUSEL 4	NONE
05 - CARROUSEL 5	NONE
06 – CARROUSEL 6	NONE
Type PRESETS 🗢	Selection Count: 4
🔲 08 – Empty	
🏹 09 - Empty	
🔲 10 – Empty	
🔲 11 – Empty	
🔲 12 – Empty	
🔲 13 – Empty	
🔲 14 – Empty	
🔲 15 – Empty	
🏹 16 – Empty	
🔲 17 – Empty	
🗌 18 – Empty	
🏹 19 – Empty	
🔲 20 – Empty	
🜠 21 – Empty	
🔲 22 – Empty	

Example of carousel list containing the Presets 9, 16, 19 and 21

Once the changes are validated (OK key) the list will be configured and available for selection from one or more WPTOUCH or WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR remote controls. T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

EclerNet (

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

6.2.1.12 MIMO88 EVENTS SECTION

A MIMO88 event is a small program routine converting a series of input stimuli (GPI ports, WPTOUCH or MPAGE16 / eMPAGE panel keys, etc..) in an action which could affect the value of a parameter (volume control, mute control, etc..), load a *Preset*, enable or disable a GPO, etc.

Events can be of 5 types:

- **ANALOG**: the stimulus takes a set of values within a range and the target is a control also varying within a range. Example: a potentiometer connected to a GPI as a stimulus and the volume control of an output as the target
- **DIGITAL SIMPLE**: the stimulus can only take 2 values (1 or 0, open or closed, etc.) and the target as well. Example: a switch connected to a GPI as a stimulus and the mute control of an output as the target
- **DIGITAL COMPOUND**: as above, but with multiple stimuli: up to 4 individual digital stimuli combined using a Boolean logic gate (AND, OR, NAND, NOR, etc.). *Example:* two switches connected as stimuli to their respective GPIs triggering a *Preset* (target) when one of them is pressed (using for this an OR-type logic gate)
- **DIGITAL DELAY**: you can set a delay time between the stimulus detection and the destination triggering or event output, as well as a holding time of this activated status for the output (for example: 10 seconds after detecting an external contact closure connected to a GPI, a relay (GPO) status changes for 90 seconds, then returns to its previous state)
- **TIME SCHEDULER**: the stimulus input time is based on a calendar with date and time of onset, duration, days of the week it must be activated or not, repetition by time interval or number of repetitions and end date. The MIMO88 has an internal clock that allows the management of such events, even if not connected to a computer and synchronized with EclerNet Manager.

Events programming is very simple, consisting of the following steps:

- Selecting the input stimulus (or stimuli) and behaviour settings
- Selecting how stimuli are combined (only for compound digital events)
- Selecting the event target (triggered function)



The maximum number of events for the MIMO88 is 64. Events are stored at the Project or device level, but not in the *Presets*. However, the state (enabled or disabled) for each event (configurable with "Event Enable" from the event editor window) is stored as part of the data stored in each *Preset*, so that recalling a *Preset* also restores the current combination of enabled and disabled events at the time of saving.



Events are manually created and edited from a dedicated control list. Additionally, some events are automatically created when you program a remote control from the REMOTES section, appearing in grey in the list of events as they can only be viewed but not edited.

Clicking on the icon located in the upper right of the application displays the **Events** list in the bottom of the screen:



The list shows created events (manually or automatically) with a number of information fields:

- #: event number in the list
- Event Name: event name
- Type: event type (Analog, Digital (Simple) or Digital (Compound))
- Source: information about the stimuli selected for the event
- Target: information about the target of the event
- Raw OUT Value: event output value, monitored in real time

The events list can be deployed both in DESIGN and DEPLOY modes, but editing functions, new events creation, events deletion etc. are enabled in DESIGN mode only.

Right-clicking the list displays the following context menu:

- Add New: to add a new event to the list
- Edit: to edit an existing event (the one currently selected in the list)
- Remove: to delete the selected event
- Rename: to rename the selected event
- Edit Comments: to edit the comments text field for the selected event
- Move Up: the selected event moves up one position in the list
- Move Down: the selected event moves down one position in the list

Adding a new event opens the following configuration window which lets you assign a name to the new event and define its type (ANALOG/DIGITAL (SIMPLE)/DIGITAL (COMPOUND)/DIGITALDELAY/TIMER SCHEDULER):

\$	C
÷	
LE) POUND) Y	
\$	Mode: Push
1	POUND) Y ER

To add a new event or to edit an existing one, you can perform copy and paste operations between a source event and a destination event, using the icons located at the top right corner of the edit window

Add New Event	8
Event Enable 🗹	Copy Event

Add New	insert
Edit	
Remove	delete
Rename	F2
Edit Comments	
Move Up	ctrl + up
Move Down	

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

PROJECT



6.2.1.12.1 ANALOG EVENTS

If you select the ANALOG type for the new event, you must choose the stimulus associated with this *trigger* using the SOURCE selector:

Event Enable	₹	
Event Name	Examp analog E	
Event Type	ANALOG	¢
SOURCE		
Input	NONE	÷
	✓ NONE GPI	

An analog event can be triggered by a GPI port. You need to indicate the GPI port the external device is connected to for operating as a stimulus (potentiometer, external DC power supply, etc.):

Config	gure Event Input: GPI
GPI	GPI1
Polarity	🗸 GPI1
Polarity	GP12
	GP13
	GPI4
	GPI5
	GPI6
	GP17

After that, you can define whether the GPI signal will be directly interpreted (0 VDC is considered as the minimum and 10 VDC as the maximum) or inverted (the opposite of the previous case). This setting allows a potentiometer to set a maximum volume in the fully CW position and a minimum volume in the fully CCW position, or vice versa.

Another possible trigger source for this type of event is a virtual control from an UCP control panel (<u>see section User Control Panels (U.C.P.)</u>)

The next step is to define the event target with the TARGET selector:

SOURCE	(Anderson)		
Input	GPI	¢	GPI: GPI1
	CONFIG		Polarity: Direct
TARGET			
Output	INTERNAL	÷	
	✓ INTERNAL		
	INPUT VOLUME		
	OUTPUT VOLUME	-	
	MATRIX VOLUME	Ca	ncel



Possible targets are:

- **INTERNAL**: the event output is "internal", so it may be used as input or stimulus for another event to concatenate them
- INPUT VOLUME: volume control of an input to be selected

Event Type	ANALOG	Configure	Event Output: Input Volume
SOURCE Input	GPI	Input Channel	IN 1: INPUT 1
inpac			✓ IN 1 : INPUT 1
	CONFIG	~	IN 2 : INPUT 2
TARGET		4_	IN 3 : INPUT 3
Output	INPUT VOLUME	¢	IN 4 : INPUT 4
	CONFIG		IN 5 : INPUT 5
	Contra		IN 6 1 INPUT 6

- OUTPUT VOLUME: volume control of an output to be selected
- MATRIX VOLUME: volume control of a particular crossing point of the matrix. In this case you must select the input and output which define the intersection:

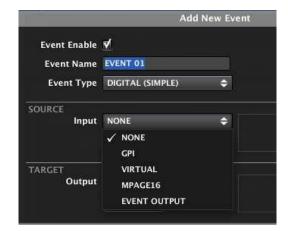
Event 7	Configure	Event Output: Matrix Volume	*
SOURCE	Output Channel	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	¢
	Input Channel	IN 6 : INPUT 6	¢
TARGET Ou		OK Cancel	

Selection of the crossing point between input 6 and output 4



6.2.1.12.2 SIMPLE DIGITAL EVENTS

If you select the DIGITAL (SIMPLE) type for the new event, you must choose the stimulus associated with this *trigger* using the SOURCE selector:



A simple digital event consists of a single stimulus, which may be a GPI port input, a virtual control from an UCP control panel (<u>see User Control Panels (U.C.P.)</u>), a programmable key of MPAGE16 / eMPAGE station (F1 and F2 keys), PAGE key or PAGE function activated for a zone 1 to 16 (ie selected zone + PAGE key pressed) or the output of another event previously created, thus concatenating two events.

From EclerNet Manager v6 onward, the DUCKER priority module has been introduced as a new input option for digital events in the MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN. In this way it is possible to activate a digital event using audio signal detection: the audio signal that exceeds the threshold level set in a DUCKER module's parameters, will activate a digital event... This offers very powerful options of control and automation.

If GPI is selected, you need to specify the GPI port and the DIRECT/REVERSE polarity:

- **DIRECT**: for rising edge-triggering, from 0VDC to 10VDC
- **REVERSE**: for falling edge-triggering, from 10VDC to 0VDC

With this setting, a switch can for example toggle a MUTE control when pressed (contact closed) or vice versa.

Event Type	Config	gure Event Input: GPI	6	*
SOURCE	GPI	GPIS	¢	1
	Polarity	DIRECT	¢	ij
TARGET Output		OK Cancel		T,



If a UCP virtual control is selected as stimulus, we need to specify which one among the 64 that are available and how the stimulus is interpreted, DIRECT / REVERSE (when you press or release), as in the previous case:

Polarity VIRTUAL1 VIRTUAL2 VIRTUAL3 VIRTUAL4 VIRTUAL5 VIRTUAL5 VIRTUAL6 VIRTUAL8 VIRTUAL8 VIRTUAL9 VIRTUAL10 VIRTUAL11 VIRTUAL3 VIRTUAL3 VIRTUAL5 VIRTUAL4 VIRTUAL6 VIRTUAL5 VIRTUAL6 VIRTUAL2 VIRTUAL5 VIRTUAL3 VIRTUAL3	Virtual	VIRTUAL1	¢			
VIRTUAL10 VIRTUAL11 VIRTUAL12 21 Virtual VIRTUAL5		VIRTUAL2 VIRTUAL3 VIRTUAL4 VIRTUAL5 VIRTUAL6 VIRTUAL7 VIRTUAL8				
VIRTUAL11 et Virtual VIRTUAL5 \$		VIRTUAL10		Configu	ire Event Input: Virti	ual
		VIRTUAL11		Virtual	VIRTUALS	¢

If MPAGE16 / eMPAGE is selected, you need to specify the MPAGE16 / eMPAGE button in question (among those previously included in the Project), and the DIRECT/REVERSE polarity (when you press or release) as above.

Configur	e Event Input: MPAGE16	8
Control	PAGE	¢
Remote	✓ PAGE F1	
Polarity	F2	
	PAGE ZONE 1	
	PAGE ZONE 2	
	PAGE ZONE 3	
	PAGE ZONE 4	Ē
Cancel	PAGE ZONE 5	
5 GPI 6 GPI 7	PAGE ZONE 6	Ų
	PAGE ZONE 7	
	PAGE ZONE 8	
	PAGE ZONE 9	
5 GP0 6 GP0 7	PAGE ZONE 10	
	PAGE ZONE 11	
	PAGE ZONE 12	
	PAGE ZONE 13	
	PAGE ZONE 14	
	PAGE ZONE 15	
Source	PAGE ZONE 16	

Control	F1	
Remote	NONE	
Polarity	✓ NONE PAG STATION	
_	PAG ST 2	
	OK Cancel	
Configur Control	e Event Input: MPAGE16 F1	
Control	F1 PAG ST 2	

T.O.C. &

RELEASE NOTES



If EVENT OUTPUT is selected, you need to specify the event, and the DIRECT/REVERSE polarity as above:



If DUCKER is selected (in MIMO4040CDN y MIMO7272DN), you need to specify the DUCKER module that will trigger the event, as well as its DIRECT/REVERSE polarity:

ask	Add New E	vent
Event Enable	V	
Event Name	EVENT 1	
Event Type	DIGITAL (SIMPLE)	iperating Time
SOURCE		
Input	NONE 🗢	
	✓ NONE	
	GPI	
TARGET	VIRTUAL	
Output	EVENT OUTPUT	
	PAGER	
	DUCKER	
	ОК	Cancel
	ROT PRICE	LINGW
Configu	re Event Input: Duck	er 😣
Ducker	DUCKER 1	¢
Polarity	DIRECT	÷
	OK Cancel	

The next step is to define the event target with the TARGET selector:



T.O.C. **RELEASE NOTES** INTRODUCTION MENUS & TOOLBAR WINDOWS APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet PROJECT COMPATIBLE DEVICES USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



Possible targets are:

- **INTERNAL**: the event output is "internal", so it may be used as input or stimulus for another event to concatenate them
- **INPUT MUTE**: to MUTE an input; you need to select this input and its behaviour mode:
 - **PUSH**: "unlatch" mode; MUTE control follows the stimulus (for example, MUTE ON as long as the switch is pressed)
 - o **TOGGLE**: "latch" mode; successive presses toggle the MUTE on/off

Configur	re Event Output: Input Mute	
Input Channel	IN 4 : INPUT 4	ł
Mode	PUSH	÷
	✓ PUSH TOGGLE	

- **OUTPUT MUTE:** to MUTE an output; you need to select this output and its behaviour mode:
 - **PUSH**: "unlatch" mode; MUTE control follows the stimulus (for example, MUTE ON as long as the switch is pressed)
 - TOGGLE: "latch" mode; successive presses toggle the MUTE on/off

OUT 7 : OUTPUT 7	¢
PUSH	¢
✓ PUSH	
	PUSH

- MATRIX MUTE: to MUTE a matrix crossing point; you need to select this crossing point and its behaviour mode:
 - **PUSH**: "unlatch" mode; MUTE control follows the stimulus (for example, MUTE ON as long as the switch is pressed)
 - o **TOGGLE**: "latch" mode; successive presses toggle the MUTE on/off

Configure	e Event Output: Matrix Mute	
Output Channel	OUT 2 : OUTPUT 2	¢
Input Channel	IN 5 : INPUT 5	¢
Mode	PUSH	¢
	V PUSH TOGGLE	

T.O.C. INTRODUCTION

RELEASE NOTES



- **GPO**: to enable/disable a GPO port of the MIMO88 unit; you need to select this port and its behaviour mode:
 - **PUSH**: "unlatch" mode; the GPO follows the stimulus (for example, GPO ON as long as the switch is pressed)
 - TOGGLE: "latch" mode; successive presses toggle the GPO on/off

Confi	gure Event Output: GPO	*
GPO	GPO6	\$
Mode	PUSH	¢
	✓ PUSH TOGGLE	

• **PRESET:** Preset recall from the MIMO88 memory by selection in the list of available Presets:

Preset ✓ 01 - TEST PR 1 02 - Empty 03 - Empty 04 - Empty 05 - Empty 06 - Empty 07 - Empty 08 - Empty 09 - Empty	Configure Event Output: Preset							
CONFIG 05 - Empty 06 - Empty 07 - Empty 08 - Empty	Preset	02 - Empty 03 - Empty						
08 - Empty		05 - Empty 06 - Empty						
Event Output 10 - Empty	San taj sen sur	08 - Empty 09 - Empty						

It is important to understand that a **Preset is restored only when there is a rising** edge as a stimulus. In the case of a simple digital event, if it is designed to recall a Preset, you must be sure that there will be a rising edge (0 to 1) as a stimulus, whatever the input type (GPI, UCP button

• LAUNCH FILE: allows you to call any Windows application installed on the computer EclerNet Manager is running on:

TARGET	Output	LAUNCH FILE	¢	Mode: Push	PORT MASK
		CONFIG	Config	ure Event Output: Launch File	×
			Application	C:\ProgramFiles\VideoLAN\VLC\vlc.exe	
Т	GPI	1 GPI2 G	Arguments File	emergency_message.mp3	
	GPO			OK Cancel	

In the above example the output of the event is the playback of the audio file named emergency_message.mp3 by VLC player. Similarly, an event of this type can launch any other application installed on your computer (audio or video playback from a playlist or individual file, Powerpoint presentation, video call software, etc.). T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

PANELS (UCP)



• SEND E-MAIL: allows you to send an email to the addresses defined in the Edit—Project Settings menu with the text entered in the Text field:



6.2.1.12.3 COMPOUND DIGITAL EVENTS

If you select the DIGITAL (COMPOUND) type, the configuration window looks like this:

4	Add N	ew Event	8
Event Enable	₹		
Event Name	Examp dig com E		
Event Type	DIGITAL (COMPOUND)	\$	
SOURCE	(microsoft)		
Operator	AND	\$	
Input 1	NONE	\$	
	CONFIG		
Input 2	NONE	\$	
	CONFIG		
input 3	NONE	¢	
	CONFIG		
Input 4	NONE	\$	
	CONFIG		
TARGET			
Output	INTERNAL	\$	Mode: Push
	CONFIG		
lan and lane	ОК	Cancel	

T.O.C. **RELEASE NOTES** INTRODUCTION MENUS & TOOLBAR WINDOWS APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet PROJECT COMPATIBLE DEVICES USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



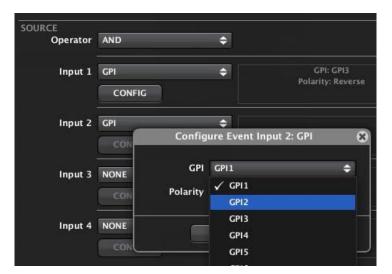
Within the configuration of stimuli for the event input, the first option to select is the Boolean operator that will be used to operate on the target output:

SOURCE		
Operator	AND	¢
	🗸 AND	
Input 1	OR	
	XOR	
	NAND	
Input 2	NOR	
	XNOR	
Input 3	NONE	¢
	CONFIG	
Input 4	NONE	¢
	CONFIG	

By combining two or more digital input stimuli (values 0 or 1), and depending on the applied logical operator, we obtain the following result:

- AND: all stimuli should be = 1 to obtain 1 at the output (event triggering)
- **OR**: one or more of the stimuli must be = 1 to obtain 1 at the output
- OR (exclusive OR): only one of the stimuli must be = 1 to obtain 1 at the output
- NAND: (negative AND): you get a 1 at the output when at least one of the input stimuli is = 0 (a 0 is obtained when all stimuli are = 1)
- NOR (negative OR): inverse of an OR gate. All stimuli should be = 0 to obtain 1 at the output
- **XNOR**: (negative exclusive OR): you get a 1 at the output when all stimuli are = 1 or all are = 0

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Then you must define each input stimuli up to a maximum of 4:

For each of them it's necessary to select the input (GPI, EVENT OUTPUT...) and the DIRECT/REVERSE polarity (0 VDC for 0 and 10 VDC for 1, or vice versa), exactly as for simple digital events. Using EVENT OUTPUT as input for one of the stimuli allows you to concatenate stimuli and thus to exceed the limit of 4 stimuli combined with a logical operator to operate on the same target.

To select the F1 or F2 key of a MPAGE16 / eMPAGE station as input for a digital event, you must first create a simple event with this key as input and link its output to one of the inputs of the compound digital event. This is because F1 and F2 keys can't be assigned to a TOGGLE or PUSH operation until they are processed by a simple digital event.

Finally, you need to define what will be the event output or target and the TOGGLE or PUSH behaviour, also exactly as for a simple digital event:



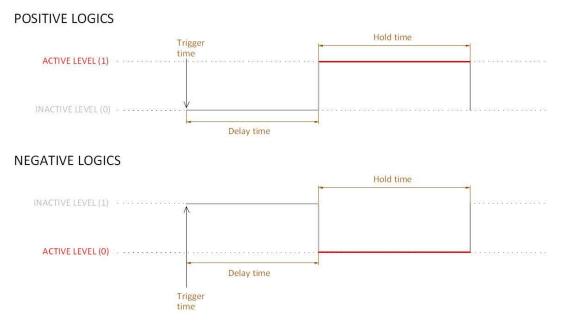
INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES



6.2.1.12.4 DELAYED DIGITAL EVENTS (DIGITAL DELAY)

Such events can set a delay time between the stimulus detection and the destination triggering or event output, as well as a holding time of this activated status for the output (for example: 10 seconds after detecting an external contact closure connected to a GPI, a relay (GPO) status changes for 90 seconds, then returns to its previous state).

From the moment the input stimulus is detected (trigger time), depending on whether the event is set to positive logics (high level or "1" is considered as active level) or negative logics (low level or "0" is considered as active level), the timing of these events is shown in the graph below:



The Delay time is the period from stimulus detection to event triggering during which the inactive state is maintained (0 for positive logics, 1 for negative logics).

Hold time is the period during which the event keeps the active state (1 for positive logics, 0 for negative logics).

After selecting the DIGITAL DELAY type of event, the configuration window looks like this:

Event Enable	₹	le
Event Name	EVENT 01	
Event Type	DIGITAL DELAY 🗢	
SOURCE	(1920):	
Input	NONE 🗢	Delay: 4 Seconds
	✓ NONE	
	GPI	
TARGET	VIRTUAL	
Output	MPAGE16	Mode: Push
	EVENT OUTPUT	



After selecting the input type (options are the same as for a simple digital event), you must configure the way it will behave:

	A	dd New Event			8
Event Enable					
Event Name	EVENT 01				
Event Type	DIGITAL DELAY	¢			
SOURCE					
Input	GPI	÷	Delay: 4 S	econds	
	CONFIG	Con	figure Event Inpu	ut: GPI	8
TARGET	mosector	GPI	GPI1	_	¢
Output	INTERNAL	Polarity	DIRECT	-	¢
		Logic	POSITIVE 🗢	Ĩ	
		Delay	4	SECONDS	¢
		Hold	2	SECONDS	¢
		Retrigger			
		Į.	ОК Са	incel	

Select the trigger input (GPI, virtual control, MPAGE16 / eMPAGE station key or event output) you want from the dropdown list.

From EclerNet Manager v6 onward, the DUCKER has been introduced as a new input option for digital events in the MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN. In this way it is possible to activate a digital event using audio signal detection: the audio signal that exceeds the threshold level set in a DUCKER module parameters, will activate a digital event. This offers very powerful options of control and automation.

- **POLARITY**: select the detection polarity for trigger or input stimulus, DIRECT/REVERSE:
 - **DIRECT**: for rising edge-triggering: from 0VDC to 10VDC for a GPI, when pressing an UCP key, etc.
 - **REVERSE**: for falling edge-triggering: from 10VDC to 0VDC for a GPI, when releasing an UCP key, etc.

For example, a Preset recall has to be done with a rising edge (0 to 1), so it is recommended to use a positive logic type.

- LOGIC:
 - \circ $\;$ the active state of the event is considered a "1" or high level (positive logic)
 - \circ $\;$ the active state of the event is considered a "0" or low level (negative logic)
- **DELAY**: period of time between the trigger detection and the switch to the active state of the event

T.O.C. & & RELEASE NOTES



- HOLD: time during which the event is held in its active state
- **RETRIGGER**: check box to validate the event re-triggering, which provides the following options:
 - **Checked**: once an event trigger is detected, if a second stimulus of the same trigger is detected before the end of the hold time, process is reset, starting over the time count of delay time + hold time.
 - **Unchecked**: any trigger stimulus received after the first one will be ignored if the hold time period is not elapsed

Finally, we must define what will be the output or destination of the event and its PUSH or TOGGLE behaviour, here again exactly as we proceed in the case of a simple digital event:

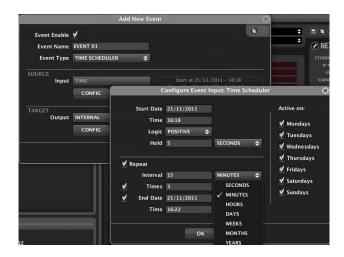


6.2.1.12.5 CALENDAR-BASED EVENTS (TIME SCHEDULER)

This type of event receives its input stimulus according to a calendar with date and time of onset, duration, days of the week it must be activated or not, repetition by time interval or number of repetitions and end date. The MIMO88 has an internal clock that allows the management of such events, even if not connected to a computer and synchronized with EclerNet Manager.



When selecting an event of this type to create or edit it, the following configuration window opens:



- START DATE / TIME: date and time the event activation period starts from
- ACTIVE ON: days of the week for which the event triggering is enabled or not
- LOGIC:
 - the active state of the event is considered a "1" or high level (positive logic)
 - the active state of the event is considered a "0" or low level (negative logic)
- HOLD: time during which the event is held in its active state
- **REPEAT**: if the check box is checked, the event may be triggered several times from the start date and time:
 - o INTERVAL: time interval between a trigger and the next one
 - TIMES: number of repetitions of the trigger
 - END DATE / TIME: end date of the period enabled for repetitions

If **TIMES and END DATE / TIME check boxes** are checked, the event triggering will occur the number of times that meets the more restrictive condition of the two options.

Finally, we must define what will be the output or destination of the event and its PUSH or TOGGLE behaviour, here again exactly as we proceed in the case of a simple digital event:



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T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)

6.2.2 MIMO88 CONFERENCE DIGITAL MATRIX

6.2.2.1 MIMO88 CONFERENCE INTRODUCTION

The new MIMO88 CONFERENCE has been specially designed for conferencing applications and generally for all applications that require an automatic mixing of microphone signals and / or feedback cancellation (audio feedback or Larsen effect).

The differences between the "CONFERENCE" version (hereinafter MIMO88CONF) and the standard version of the MIMO88 digital matrix are:

- Identical hardware for both versions
- Different firmware between standard version and conference version

Consequently, any MIMO88 hardware can be upgraded with either firmware to convert it as a standard MIMO88 version or a MIMO88CONF. The process is simple and quick, and can be performed as many times as necessary, so that by having MIMO88 hardware units it's possible to provide customers and users any version of MIMO88, depending on the intended application.

MIMO88CONF basically shares many of the standard MIMO88 functions:

- Inputs and outputs processing (levels, EQ, noise gate, etc..), with slight differences from the standard version
- Management of the routing matrix (state and levels of the crossing points), with slight differences from the standard version
- Management of priority signals (evacuation, emergency)
- Management of GPI and GPO control ports
- Management of digital and analogue remote controls (WPTOUCH, etc.)
- Presets management
- Events management
- Individual configurations (8 in, 8 out) or as a MASTER/SLAVE couple (16 in, 16 out)
- Programming and control using EclerNet Manager application software
- Remote control via TP-NET, Ethernet or RS-232 protocol (Third-Party Protocol)
- Remote control via UCP (User Control Panels)



And presents some differences compared to a standard MIMO88:

- INPUTS Section:
 - Each input channel includes the Frequency Shifter function, independently enabled (also included in the new versions of the standard MIMO88)
 - Delay is removed from inputs, it is available on outputs only
- **OUTPUTS Section**: EQ including 4 parametric filters, without crossovers
- MATRIX Section: 4 outputs with totally independent routing (1 to 4) + 4 outputs (5 to 8) that can receive the processed signal from one of the first 4 outputs, while independently maintaining volume controls and DELAY
- **DUCKERS Section**: PAGER modules are removed and a DUCKER module is enabled for the management of emergency / evacuation signals
- AUTOMIXER Section: new section for the configuration of the automatic mixing
- **FEEDBACK KILLER Section**: new section for the configuration of the 2 available modules dedicated to feedback cancellation, each one of them including 8 notch filters with automatic adjustment
- **REMOTES Section**: MPAGE16 / eMPAGE digital remote-control type is deleted, as PAGER modules are not available in this version

The reason for these differences lies in the need to accommodate the new high-demand features DSP code in the device processors. It was necessary to optimize the resulting code in which certain features of the standard version have been set aside for the benefit of the MIMO88CONF new features.

Both AUTOMIXER and FEEDBACK KILLER settings can be stored and retrieved using presets. In this way, different presets can store different configurations of these two new sections, in order to instantly recall those presets.

		Save Preset 01	8
		Device "Device 02"	
	Preset Name	Confer. Preset	
	Save Data	📃 Inputs	
		📃 Outputs	
		📃 Matrix	
		📃 Duckers	
		🗹 AutoMixer	
		🗹 FeedbackKiller	
		📃 Event/Remote Enables	
)TI		📃 Link Groups	
Fi Fi			
FI Fi		OK Cancel	



6.2.2.2 MIMO88 CONFERENCE FIRMWARE UPDATE

Starting from a standard MIMO88 hardware unit, the procedure for updating your firmware and convert the unit into a MIMO88CONF is as follows:

- **1.** Connect the MIMO88 unit and the networked computer running EclerNet Manager and modify your network settings to have full connectivity, as detailed in section 7.4 of this manual (*Network Configuration*).
- Add the MIMO88 device to the current project (drag and drop from the folder "Online and Unused Devices" to the folder "Devices -> All").



3. Once the device is added to the project and "online" or connected (right mouse button -> Connect -> Green fixed icon to its right), access the dialogue box that allows you to load the firmware file from a device (with .bin extension) and transfer it to the device in question.

Devices	(1 groups)		🔒 « CONF	▶ eclernet_manager_v2_12r11 ▶	€ Buscar eclemet_manag	er_v2_1 🔎
▼ 📅 All	(1)	Organiza	r 🕶 Nueva	carpeta	 ≡ ▼	. 0
	Rename		🔓 Amplif 🔦	Nombre	Fecha de modifica	Tipo
Channels	Edit Comments		Contro		14/05/2012 16:51	
User Contro	Delete		Contro	eclernet_manager_v2_12r11 release_firmware_mimo_conference_v1_01r11.bin	14/05/2012 16:51	Carpeta de a VLC media f
	Remove from Group		📙 DJ	release_firmware_mimo_conference_v1_01r11.bin	14/03/2012 10:49	VLC media t
			DSPPA			
	Move Up		EclerN			
	 MARINERAL MARINE STREET 		Mezcla			
	Move Down ar	/	IVIEZCIa			
Online and	(Virige Sector Mark)	- / ;	Mezcla			
	Activate Device Finder		Mezcla MIMO			
Online and	(Virige Sector Mark)		Mezcla MIMO MP3			
CONE NO L 10.11	Activate Device Finder		Mezcla MIMO MP3 NEW N			
10.11. S NO L 10.11	Activate Device Finder Network Configuration Change Password		Mezcla MIMO MP3	18		•
CONE NO L 10.11. NO L 10.11. PROT	Activate Device Finder Network Configuration Change Password Disconnect		Mezcla MIMO MP3 NEW N Norma +			•
CONE NO L 10.11. NO L 10.11. 10.11.	Activate Device Finder Network Configuration Change Password		Mezcla MIMO MP3 NEW N Norma +	mbre: release_firmware_mimo_conference_v1_01r11.bin	• *bin	4
NO L 10.11. 	Activate Device Finder Network Configuration Change Password Disconnect		Mezcla MIMO MP3 NEW N Norma +			• • ancelar

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



4. A progress bar appears on the screen during the device firmware update.



5. And then a message of completion of the process.



6. After this, the device automatically performs a full boot cycle (a "reset" or restart), appearing in the EclerNet Manager application under its new identity, MIMO88CONF

Edit View Help	loy	🚨 Users	Settings	Lock Danic	Mecr
— Project Explorer — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					
Y Devices ① groups] Y Devices ① groups] Y D All ① O(2) O(2)	CONFERENCE GENERATOR SINEWAL S		8x8	000	dc-ff ◯
	INPUTS MATRIX	DUTPUTS DUCI	AUTOMIXER	EB.KILLER GPIS/GPOS	REMOTES
	IN 2 : INPUT 2 IN 3 : INPUT 3 IN 4 : INPUT 4 IN 5 : INPUT 5 IN 6 : INPUT 6 IN 7 : INPUT 7	SELECT NONE \$ MODE MONO \$	-47 16 -61	GR -18 0 -27 0 -38	

From this time the new MIMO88CONF is ready to be used as the other EclerNet Manager compatible devices: insertion in a project, modification of its detailed configuration, remote management from UCP panels and via TP-NET protocol, etc.

The following paragraphs describe the general operation of the MIMO88CONF. Given that many of the features available in the MIMO88CONF are common to the ones in the standard MIMO88, the next sections will especially detail the differences with the standard version, as well as how to operate the new features included in the MIMO88CONF version: FREQUENCY SHIFTER, AUTOMIXER and FEEDBACK KILLER. It is highly recommended to also refer to chapter EclerNet COMPATIBLE DEVICES: MIMO88 digital matrix for in-depth understanding of processing and control features and capabilities that are common to MIMO88 and MIMO88CONF.

PROJECT

6.2.2.3 INPUTS SECTION AND FREQUENCY SHIFTER FUNCTION



The aspect of the INPUTS section of the MIMO88CONF is as follows:

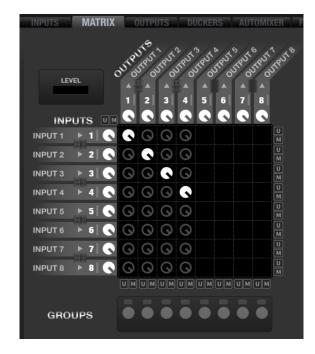
Comparing it with the same section of the MIMO88 standard version, there is no DELAY adjustment for each input, although delay settings are maintained for each output of the unit.

Each input has a new function named FREQUENCY SHIFTER (bottom right corner), an efficient system to reduce the risk of feedback loops (audio feedback or Larsen effect) when a microphone source is near the speaker(s) producing its signal, once amplified. When activated, this function slightly shifts the incoming signal frequency on the affected channel before sending it to the matrix mixer and then to the selected output. The shift is so slight that it is barely noticeable to the listener, especially when it occurs in the frequency range of the human voice. A few cycles (Hz) displacement is enough to greatly increase the system protection against possible feedbacks.

T.O.C. & & RELEASE NOTES



6.2.2.4 MATRIX SECTION



The aspect of the MATRIX section of the MIMO88CONF is as follows:

The image shows that the MIMO88CONF has the ability to process any mix of inputs you may have sent to one of the first 4 outputs on the unit. In other words, it is possible to generate up to 4 independent mixes, using any combination of the 8 available inputs as sound sources.

If you use a MASTER/SLAVE couple of MIMO88CONF, the appearance of the matrix would be the following:

		J	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
INP	UTS	UM	\odot															\mathbf{S}	
INPUT 1	<u>></u> 1	0	•	0	0	0					0	\odot	0	\odot					U
INPUT 2	▶ 2	0	\odot	\mathbf{O}	0	0					0	\odot	0	0					U
INPUT 3	▶ 3	0	0	0	Q	0					0	0	0	0					U
INPUT 4	▶ 4	0	0	0	0	•					0	0	0	0					
INPUT 5	▶ 5	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0) ⊿ ►
INPUT 6	▶ 6	0	0	0	0	0					0	\odot	0	0					
INPUT 7	▶ 7	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0					
INPUT 8	l0 0 ▶ 8	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0					
INPUT 9	Þ 9	•	\odot	0	0	0					•	\odot	0	0					
INPUT 10	▶ 10	•	\odot	0	0	0					0		0	0					
INPUT 11	▶ 11	•	0	0	0	0					0	0	•	0) U
INPUT 12	► 12	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	Q					
INPUT 13	▶ 13	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0					
INPUT 14	lei0 ▶ 14	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0					الاللا
INPUT 15	▶ 15	0	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0					
INPUT 16	i©i0 ▶ 16	0	Q	0	0	0					0	0	0	0					الحالة
			UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	UM	, C

In this case it is possible to process up to 8 independent mixes (outputs 1 to 4 and 9 to 12) using any combination of the 16 available inputs as sound sources.



Of course, the linking groups, the matrix management using presets, etc. that are available in the standard version are still available in the CONF version (see MIMO88 for more information about these functions).

Outputs 5 to 8 and 13 to 16 (in the case of a master/slave configuration) can be fed with the signal of one of the available mixes (outputs 1 to 4 and 9 to 12), but with independent level control and DELAY:

INPUTS	MATRIX	OUTPUTS
		LEVEL
OUT 1: OUT		
OUT 2 : OUT		
OUT 3 : OUT		in and
OUT 4:OUT		
OUT 5:OUT	PUT 5	
OUT 6 : OUT	PUT 6	
OUT 7: OUT	PUT 7	o
OUT 8 : OUT	PUT 8	-8
OUT 9: OUT	PUT 9	
OUT 10 : OU	TPUT 10	
OUT 11: OU	TPUT 11	
OUT 12 : OU	TPUT 12	
OUT 13 : OU	TPUT 13	-24 -36 -48
OUT 14 : OU	TPUT 14	
OUT 15 : OU	TPUT 15	
OUT 16 : OU	TPUT 16	0,0 dB
		V NONE
		OUT 1
		OUT 2
		OUT 3
		OUT 4
		OUT 9
		OUT 10
oject		OUT 11
oject		OUT 12

6.2.2.5 OUTPUTS SECTION

The aspect of the OUTPUTS section of the MIMO88CONF for outputs 1 to 4 and 9 to 12 is as follows:



INTRODUCTION MENUS & APP RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS



The image shows that the MIMO88CONF outputs only have two differences compared to the standard version (see **MIMO88** for more information about these features):

- No crossover filters
- 4-Band parametric EQ (8 in the standard version)

The aspect of the OUTPUTS section of the MIMO88CONF for outputs 5 to 8 and 9 to 16 is as follows:

The previous image shows the following differences compared to the output groups 1 to 4 and 9 to 12:

- An output signal should be selected in the list (OUT1 to OUT4 and OUT9 to OUT12)
- No processing except the DELAY setting, especially useful when using these outputs to deliver a signal to a sound reinforcement system located at some distance from the main speakers, and to time-align the main speakers and the reinforcement speakers.

6.2.2.6 DUCKERS SECTION

The aspect of the DUCKERS section of the MIMO88CONF is as follows:

PAGER/DUCKER 1	TYPE DUCKE		INPUT IN 1	¢				
	✓ DUC 1 OUTPUT 1	CKER 2 OUTPUT 2	3 OUTPUT 3	4 OUTPUT 4	5 OUTPUT S	6 OUTPUT 6	7 OUTPUT 7	8 OUTPUT 8
	9 OUTPUT 9	10 OUTPUT 10	11 OUTPUT 11	12 OUTPUT 12	13 OUTPUT 13	14 OUTPUT 14	15 OUTPUT 15	16 OUTPUT 16
	DUCK	MIN THRESHO		MAX MAX 0,0 dB	MIN MAX ATTACK 50 ms	MIN HOLD		MAX LEASE 500 ms

The differences compared to the standard version are:

- No PAGER modules (so this version is not compatible with the MPAGE16 / eMPAGE paging station)
- One single DUCKER module for handling signals with highest priority (emergency or evacuation messages, etc.). The module can act directly on the 4 or 8 outputs with full mixing functionality (1 to 4 / 9 to 12). If one of them is selected as sound source for any of the outputs 5 to 8 or 13 to 16, the DUCKER will also act on the destination output(s).



6.2.2.7 AUTOMIXER SECTION

AUTOMIXER is a function available only in MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO12SG CONFERENCE versions, that allows to perform automatic mixing of incoming audio signals, while maintaining a control (also automatic) on the total gain of the mix and managing some parameters and priorities between these signals.

INPUTS MATRI	X O	UTPUTS DUC	KERS A	UTOMIXER	E.B.KILLER	GPIs/GPOs	REMOTES
IN 1 : INPUT 1						OUT	1 : OUTPUT 1
IN 2 : INPUT 2			NOMA	¢		OUT	2 : OUTPUT 2
IN 3 : MIC1		MAX. NOM	16	¢		OUT	3 : OUTPUT 3
IN 4 : MIC2		LAST ON				OUT	4 : OUTPUT 4
IN 5 : MIC3		PRIORITY INPUT	NONE		÷	UU OUT	9 : OUTPUT 9
IN 6 : MIC4						OUT	10 : OUTPUT
IN 7 : INPUT 7						OUT	11: OUTPUT
IN 8 : INPUT 8			<i>.</i>	· · · ·	200	OUT	12 : OUTPUT
IN 9 : INPUT 9	i I	- <u></u>	MIN MAX	MIN	MIN		
IN 10 : INPUT 10	i-	THRESHOLD	DEPTH	HOLD	NOMA ATTN.		
IN 11 : INPUT 11		3,0 dB	54,2 dB	2.000 ms	3,0 dB		
IN 12 : INPUT 12	1						
IN 13 : INPUT 13	i -						
IN 14 : INPUT 14							
IN 15 : INPUT 15							
IN 16 : INPUT 16	1						

The AUTOMIXER processing module uses a very sophisticated algorithm to manage what input signals must be part of the automatic mix and under what conditions, and what signals must remain apart. The AUTOMIXER analyses the audio content on all inputs to identify what should be considered as background noise and what should be considered as a valid signal to trigger the input channel in the auto mix.

A clear and frequent example would be a conference application in a room with multiple microphones assigned to the automatic mixing process as sound sources. The signals simultaneously captured by all the microphones with a less high intensity could be considered as indirect, i.e., coming from a lecturer with the intention to be picked up by his own microphone, but inevitably also captured by the rest of the microphones in the room. In contrast, the signal picked up by the microphone of the speaker itself should logically be of much greater intensity.

The algorithm considers a large set of parameters related to the indirect signals to calculate in real time the background noise level of the mix and, from there, allows the signals exceeding some magnitude (set with the THRESHOLD setting) to enter and be part of the automatic mix. Inputs that do not meet the requirements to be considered as part of the automatic mix are attenuated by a number of decibels set with the DEPTH parameter (in certain applications it is preferable not to completely mute signals excluded from the automatic mix, but to attenuate them to a certain extent).

- **Red**: the input level is below the threshold of the noise gate that allows the input of the signals in the automix (noise gate closed). Inputs 4 and 5 in this example.
- Yellow: the input level has exceeded the noise gate threshold (opened gate), but the input is not currently

included in the automatic mix, according to criteria established for the automatic mixing algorithm. Input 3 in this example.

• Green: the input level has exceeded the noise gate threshold (opened gate) and the input is currently included in the automatic mix. Inputs 1 and 6 in this example.

The small green level meters located to the right of the list indicate the activity of the signal present on each input.

To the right of the screen you will find another list, including all the device outputs, where you can select the outputs the automatic mix will be affected to. In this example, the automatic mix done in the AUTOMIXER module is routed to outputs 3, 4 and 10.

The small green level meters located to the left of the list indicate the activity of the signal present on each output.

The inputs assigned to automatic mixing in the AUTOMIXER module must first be properly assigned in the MATRIX section, by adjusting the MUTE and level controls of its crossing points to correctly route them toward the desired outputs.

The picture above shows how inputs 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6 are routed toward outputs 3, 4, 9 and 10. Thus it would be possible that any selection of these inputs and outputs in the AUTOMIXER module could result in an automatic mixture according to the settings made in this module.



OUTP	X	MATE	INPUTS
		JT 1	IN 1 : INPL
		JT 2	IN 2 : INPL
		1	IN 3 : MIC
		2	IN 4 : MIC
		3	IN 5 : MIC
		4	IN 6 : MIC
		JT 7	IN 7 : INPL
	i -	JT 8	IN 8 : INPL
		JT 9	IN 9 : INPL
T		UT 10	IN 10 : INF
15		UT 11	IN 11 : INF
	i -	UT 12	IN 12 : INF
		UT 13	IN 13 : INF
	in .	UT 14	IN 14 : INF
	ant -	UT 15	IN 15 : INF
	i -	UT 16	IN 16 : INF





T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



6.2.2.7.1 AUTOMIXER. NOMA OR EXCLUSIVE AUTOMIX MODES

The AUTOMIXER has two operating modes:

- NOMA: "Number of Open Microphones Attenuated". In this mode, the automatic mixing algorithm allows a fixed number of input signals (usually picked up by microphones) to be simultaneously part of the mix, reducing or increasing their total gain when the number of microphones included in the mix increases or decreases (more active signals in the mixture, less total gain).
- **EXCLUSIVE**: in this mode only, a single microphone is part of the mixer channel at a given moment, once the algorithm considers that it complies with its requirements. Another microphone can be used when the first one has released the channel.

U	UTPUTS DUC	ALLIN	JIOMIACN	LOWILLEN	GPU
Ē	MODE	NOMA	÷		
	MAX. NOM	and the second	¢		
	LAST ON				
	PRIORITY INPUT	NONE		¢	
				2000 - 1000	
	$\hat{\Omega}$	0	C)	\mathbf{O}	
	MIN MAX THRESHOLD	MIN MAX DEPTH	MIN MAX	MIN MAX	
	3,0 dB	54,2 dB	2.000 ms	3,0 dB	

The user controls of the AUTOMIXER section are the following:

- MODE: NOMA or EXCLUSIVE mode selection
- MAX. NOM (NOMA mode only): maximum number of signals that may simultaneously be part of the automatic mixing. Regardless of the number of inputs that have been selected in the INPUTS list (to the left of the AUTOMIXER window) as candidates to be automatically mixed, the MAX. NOM parameter sets how many of them can be mixed at a given moment with the automix algorithm. For example, if the application consists of 8 lecturer microphones, but MAX. NOM is set to a value of 4, only a maximum of 4 of these 8 microphones (from 0 to 4, in fact) are actually mixed automatically, although the 8 microphones capture signals above a certain intensity, the algorithm deciding at all times which of the 8 eligible inputs will join the mixing bus.

INTRODUCTION MENUS & & RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR V

- LAST ON: when this option is enabled, at least the last signal to join the mixing bus will permanently remain in it, even when it no longer meets the input criteria, being composed only by weak signals or background noise. In this mode, the mixing bus will never remain fully silenced, thus avoiding the uncomfortable effect of audio "disconnection" of the system during the intervals in which there are no valid signals for the automatic mixing process.
- **PRIORITY INPUT**: if desired, define a device input that will have the highest "chairman" priority. When this input exceeds the noise gate threshold, it will become part of the mixing bus, inhibiting the other signals. The priority signal is the one that usually comes from the microphone of a moderator or chairman during conferences, debates, etc.
- **THRESHOLD**: input level of the signals in the automix bus, based on the internal threshold that the internal mixing algorithm automatically and dynamically calculates. The higher the setting, the greater the difficulty for the input signals to be incorporated into the mixing bus (a higher level will be required).
- **DEPTH**: attenuation level applied to the signals that are outside of the bus at a given moment.
- HOLD: holding time of the signals within the mix bus, once they have entered into it, and after leaving to meet again with the criteria of admission
- NOM ATTN.: attenuation applied to the total gain of the automatic mix bus whenever the number of signals contained therein is doubled.

T.O.C.

ecler



6.2.2.8 FEEDBACK KILLER SECTION

FEEDBACK KILLER is a new section, available only in MIMO88CONF. The new section includes "notch" type filters with automatic adjustment, whose mission is to reduce the risk of audio feedbacks (or Larsen effect).

			UTOMIXER	F.B.KILL		GPOs
FBKILLER 1 FBKILLER 2	OUTPUT	OUT 1: OUTPUT 1	÷			
	TARGET	SPEECH BIG ROOM	÷	FILTER WIDTH	1/5 OCTAVE	÷
	FIXED FILTERS	3	¢	RECYCLE TIMER	5 min.	÷
	NOTCH FILTERS					
	Filter 1: 1.000					
	Filter 2: 1.000				10	LOCK
	Filter 3: 1.000					
	Filter 4: 1.000				в	YPASS
	Filter 5: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			ſ	
	Filter 6: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
	Filter 7: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			3. F	RESET
	Filter 8: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				

The FEEDBACK KILLER section consists of 2 banks, with 8 automatic filters in each one of them. The 2 banks are independent in terms of settings, operating mode and assigned output.

According to the settings, the FEEDBACK KILLER algorithm continuously analyses the input-output loop assigned to each bank, detecting in real-time frequencies prone to feedback then automatically assigning notch filters to these frequencies. Each notch filter is set (centre frequency and attenuation) to reduce the level of a band of frequencies in order to avoid a feedback effect.

The image shows the bank 1 with 6 of its 8 filters assigned to frequencies that the algorithm has detected as prone to feedback:

INPUTS N	IATRIX OUTPUT	S DUCKERS A	UTOMIX	F.B.KILL	ER GPIs.	GPOs
FBKILLER 1 FBKILLER 2	OUTPUT	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	÷			
	TARGET	SPEECH SMALL ROOM	¢	FILTER WIDTH	1/10 OCTAVE	÷
	FIXED FILTERS	0	¢	RECYCLE TIMER	OFF	¢
	NOTCH FILTERS					
	• Filter 1: 1.061	Hz, -2,0 dB				
	Filter 2: 473 H:	z, -5,0 dB				LOCK
	Filter 3: 345 H;	z, -5,0 dB			3	
	Filter 4: 355 H	z, -5,0 dB	Notch	Filters	в	YPASS
	Filter 5: 1.043	Hz, -5,0 dB			Ĩ	
	Filter 6: 1.023	Hz, -5,0 dB				
	Filter 7: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			3	RESET
	Filter 8: 1.000	Hz. 0.0 dB			1	

RELEASE NOTES



To the left of the window is the selection list for one of the two banks (FBKILLER 1 and FBKILLER 2). **Clicking on one of them allows you to adjust their settings:**

 OUTPUT: the system output the filter bank is applied to in order to cancel or minimize its potential feedbacks (outputs 1 to 4 and also 9 to 12 in the case of a MASTER-SLAVE MIMO88CONF)

TARGET: allows you to select among 4 preset application profiles, each one of

them with the algorithm optimized for the application. Each of these profiles adjusts algorithm internal parameters such as the feedback detection sensitivity and the maximum attenuation applied by the filters. It is important to correctly set this parameter

FBKILLER 1	OUTPUT	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	۵
FBKILLER 2	ounui		
	TARGET	NONE	
	FIXED FILTERS	✓ OUT 1: OUTPUT 1	
		OUT 2: OUTPUT 2	
		OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	
	Filter 1: 1.000	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	
	Filter 2: 1.000	OUT 9 : OUTPUT 9	
	Filter 3: 1.000	OUT 10 : OUTPUT 10	
	Filter 4: 1.000	OUT 11 : OUTPUT 11	
	Filter 5: 1.000	OUT 12 : OUTPUT 12	
	Eilter 6: 1 000	EZ. U.U.08	

OUTPUT	0011:0010011	Ŧ
TARGET	SPEECH BIG ROOM	¢
IXED FILTERS	DEFAULT	
	SPEECH SMALL ROOM	
H FILTERS	✓ SPEECH BIG ROOM	
ter 1: 1.000	MUSIC SMALL ROOM	
ter 2: 1.000	MUSIC BIG ROOM	
ter 3: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB	

considering the application characteristics (music or speech) and the room type where to work (large or small), given that its own reflections and modes differently affect the risk of feedback in all the cases considered as profiles for the TARGET parameter. A conference application using a MUSIC profile will surely give worst results than if you employ a SPEECH profile, and vice versa.

 FIXED FILTERS (from 0 to 8, per bank): determines the number of filters that, once set, remain fixed over time (static) until you change the MIMO88CONF setting that affects them (recalling a preset with other settings, loading a

OUTPUT	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	÷			
TARGET	SPEECH BIG ROOM	¢	FILTER WIDTH	1/5 OCTAV	E 🗘
FIXED FILTERS	3	¢	RECYCLE TIMER	5 min.	¢
NOTCH FILTERS					
Filter 1: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 2: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				LOCK
Filter 3: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 4: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				BYPASS
Filter 5: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 6: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 7: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				RESET
Filter 8: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				

new project, rebooting the computer, etc.). A horizontal line visually separates fixed filters (the first three in this picture) from dynamic filters (the following five in this picture). Dynamic filters can be reset over time if the algorithm detects that it is necessary (microphones moved in the room, changes in the acoustic conditions, etc.).

• FILTER WIDTH (1/5 or 1/10 Octave): determines the bandwidth of each one of the notch filters of the bank, or the frequency range that will be affected (attenuated) by each filter, using its centre frequency, automatically detected, as the centre of this range.

T.O.C.	
&	INTRODUCTION

RELEASE NOTES



• **RECYCLE TIMER**: determines the minimum necessary time between the setting of each dynamic filter and its releasing for a new setting on another

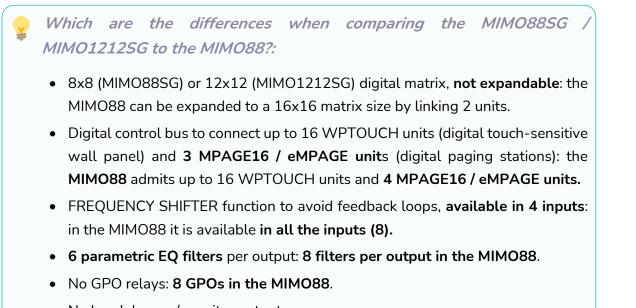
OUTPUT	OUT 2: OUTPUT 2	÷			
TARGET	MUSIC SMALL ROOM	¢	FILTER WIDTH	1/5 OCTAVE	÷
FIXED FILTERS	3	÷	RECYCLE TIMER	OFF	÷
				√ OFF	
IOTCH FILTERS				1 min.	
Filter 1: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			5 min.	
Filter 2: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			30 min.	
Filter 3: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			60 min.	
Eilter 4: 1 000	Hz 00 dB			00111111	

frequency of potential feedback, when the algorithm detected this need.

- LOCK: locks the status of already set filters, not allowing more static filters setting (if any) nor dynamic filters setting or resetting.
- **BYPASS**: when activated, temporarily disables the FEEDBACK KILLER function, while keeping the adjustments and filters set in memory. When deactivated, re-enables the function, recovering the previous settings.
- **RESET:** totally resets the 2 banks of filters, now available again for setting.

6.2.3 MIMO88SG AND MIMO1212SG MATRIXES

MIMO SINGLE series (MIMO SG) comes as a demand from the market to have a simplified and price competitive version of the MIMO88, still keeping its superb audio quality and most of its smart processing and control features. The MIMO SG series includes 2 models: MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG



• No headphones / monitor output.

Which are the common features when comparing the MIMO88SG / MIMO1212SG to the MIMO88?

- 8 or 12 MIC/LINE balanced inputs and 8 or 12 balanced outputs, with mono or stereo management.
- Ethernet and RS-232 communication interfaces.
- 8 or 12 GPI ports (General Purpose Inputs): 0-10 VDC control inputs assignable to MIMO functions, like volume control, MUTE function, preset recall, etc.
- Fully programmable and controllable via EclerNet software (directly wired to a PC or by means of an Ethernet network).
- UCP (User Control Panels) remote control system, compatible with WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH and third-party devices, such as computers, tablets, smartphones, etc.
- TP-NET protocol compatible, for third-party control systems integration.
- A few processing bits: signal generator, delays, full parametric EQ filters at inputs and outputs, inputs noise gate, level, mute, phase, vu-meters, outputs compressor / limiter, paging and ducking (priority & overriding), virtual and physical paging stations management, presets save & recovery, scheduled events triggering, etc.
- STANDARD and CONFERENCE firmware versions available.

MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG do not replace MIMO88, but come as new products in Ecler's catalogue.

As for how to program and control the MIMO88SG / MIMO1212SG, please refer to this manual's chapters related to MIMO88, MIMO88 CONFERENCE, UCP panels, WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH, etc., and just consider the different and common features explained above.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

6.2.4 MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN DANTE™ MATRIXES

MIMO7272DN, MIMO4040CDN and MIMO4040DN are 3 EclerNet matrix models with integrated Dante[™] digital audio transmission.

From v6.01r3 (March 2021), the range of EclerNet matrixes with integrated Dante ™ will be configured as follows:

- MIMO4040DN is no longer in production → consult previous ENM manual versions to support this product
- A new reference appears: **MIMO4040CDN**, only available with CONFERENCE firmware version
- A new reference appears: **MIM07272D**N, only available with STANDARD firmware version (not CONFERENCE)

In this ENM manual edition, MIMO4040CDN and MIMO7272DN references are supported. For support on the MIMO4040DN reference, see previous versions of the ENM manual.

MIMO7272DN is an installation 72x72 digital audio matrix (72 inputs and 72 outputs), fully programmable through the EclerNet Manager application

It has 8 analog audio inputs and 8 analog audio outputs, 64 Dante [™] digital audio inputs and 64 Dante [™] digital audio outputs, with an internal native matrix dimension of 64x64 simultaneous input / output channels.

MIMO7272DN is only available with standard firmware, and not with CONFERENCE firmware, intended for conferencing applications. For these applications, see the capabilities of the MIMO4040CDN model.

MIMO7272DN has many of its main features and programming procedures pretty much in common with MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG, like:

- Inputs DSP processing, each input including mono / ST management, time delay, parametric EQ, noise gate, compressor and frequency shifter (feedback prevention system).
- Outputs DSP processing, each output including mono / ST management, time delay, crossover EQ filters, parametric EQ and level limiter.
- I/O matrix management, including fully customisable switching and mixing capabilities for each individual audio output and **40 matrix link groups (Matrix Link Groups)**.
- Presets management, being able to save partial configurations in each preset (Inputs setup, Outputs setup, matrix setup, etc.), thus performing partial overwrite actions of a given device status when a preset is recalled.
- Pagers / Duckers section: in this model including **25 Ducker / Pager priority** modules.



- Events, triggered by external stimulus (GPIs, UCP controls), calendars or internal scheduling, along with Boolean logic processing.
- GPI / GPO section (8 and 8), GPIs ready to behave as events triggers and admitting analogue wall panel controls (source / preset selectors and volume controls).
- UCP (User Control Panels) remote control compatible.
- TP-NET (third-party) remote control and integration protocol compatible.

Which are the main differences when comparing the MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG to the MIMO7272DN?

- It has a total of 72 input audio ports and 72 output audio ports. The selection of these ports allows working with the internal matrix of the unit, with **a maximum dimension of 64 input channels and 64 simultaneous output channels**
- The audio input and output ports are:
 - o 8 MIC / LINE analog audio input ports
 - o 8 LINE analog audio output ports
 - o 64 Dante ™ / AES67 digital audio input ports
 - o 64 Dante ™ / AES67 digital audio output ports
- Flexible routing of INPUT and OUTPUT PORTS to the MATRIX module's audio channels, from the internal matrix (from ENM v6 onwards)
- NTP clock synchronisation feature (automatic Winter / Summer clock adjustment to enable scheduled events being correctly triggered)
- UCP webserver included: the MIMO7272DN can store an EclerNet project and run it, including the UCP panels webserver service, for the whole EclerNet installation and all the UCP potential clients
- Digital remote controls (wall panels): the WPNET series remote controls (WPNET4KV, 8K and EX), compatible with MIMO7272DN, are all of them equipped with Ethernet interface, and PoE ready (Power over Ethernet) -> on the contrary, MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG use a digital CAN bus for the local connection of the WPTOUCH digital wall panels, in daisy chain topology

PROJECT

206



Digital paging stations: the new PAGENETDN paging station, compatible with MIMO7272DN, and with the rest of MIMO matrixes (MIMO88, 88SG and 1212SG), is as well an Ethernet and PoE device. It includes a 10" capacitive touch-screen, ready to handle UCP paging panels and any other kind of UCP general control panels included in the EclerNet project. The audio output of this paging station is available both in Dante™ format (ideal to use it together with MIMO7272DN) and in analogue format, this last one making it compatible with the other MIMO series matrixes -> on the contrary, MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG use a digital CAN bus for the connection of the eMPAGE / MPAGE16 digital paging stations, in daisy chain topology

Taking into consideration the above similarities and differences between MIMO7272DN model and the rest of MIMO matrixes (MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG), the following sections will focus on how to deal with the different and unique MIMO7272DN features.



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

> APP WINDOWS

> > CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

DEVICES

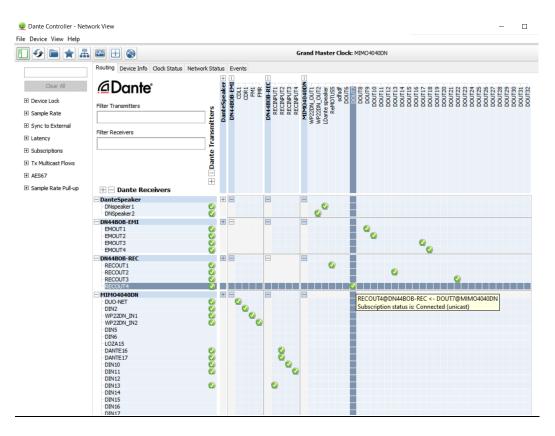
6.2.4.1 MIMO7272DN DANTE DIGITAL AUDIO FEATURES

MIMO7272DN features 64 Dante™ / AES67 digital audio input channels and 64 Dante™ / AES67 digital audio output channels *(*)*.

(*) **Dante** is a combination of software, hardware, and network protocols that deliver uncompressed, multi-channel, low-latency digital audio over a standard Ethernet network using Layer 3 IP packets. Developed by a Sydney-based company named <u>Audinate</u>, Dante builds and improves on previous audio over Ethernet technologies, such as CobraNet and EtherSound. Visit <u>www.audinate.com</u> for further information about DanteTM.

MIMO7272DN allows receiving up to 64 digital audio Dante[™] channels from an Ethernet local area network and, simultaneously, to send up to 64 digital audio Dante[™] channels to the same network, as long as this network is compatible with digital audio transport over IP using Dante[™] protocol.

Dante[™] channels routing from emitters to receivers in a network, as well as the configuration of the Dante Ethernet interfaces in each of the hardware devices (IP addresses, masks, etc.) are managed using Audinate's software application **Dante[™] Controller**. To know how this app works in detail, visit:



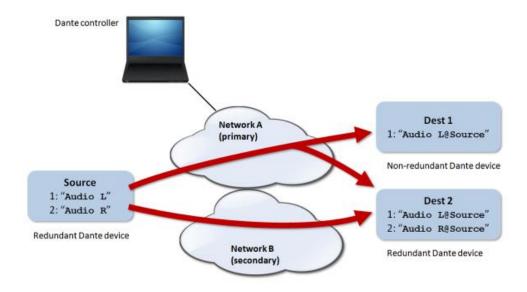
www.audinate.com/products/software/dante-controller

Captura de pantalla de Dante Controller



MIMO7272DN includes in its back panel two RJ45 Dante[™] interfaces, labelled as PRIMARY and SECONDARY. MIMO7272DN can work with these two Dante[™] ports in two possible modes:

Redundant Mode: two simultaneous network connexions coexist, each one with its own and unique IP address. Dante[™] data packets are transmitted through both connections. Each port (Primary and Secondary) must be connected to a different Ethernet network, being it physical or virtual (VLAN), correctly configured and one isolated from the other one. Dante[™] digital audio traffic is, therefore, sent and received using two different and totally independent paths, without any communication between the primary and secondary ports. One of these paths is the active one (using the Primary or the Secondary port) and, in case it fails, MIMO7272DN will automatically switch over the other one, recovering the digital audio transmission almost immediately. Obviously, to achieve a system with total Dante[™] redundancy, each and every Dante[™] device included in it must have both Primary and Secondary ports, respectively connected to the same two independent networks as the Primary and Secondary ports of the MIMO7272DN are connected to.



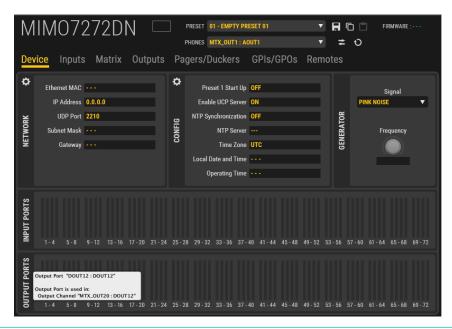
- In this mode, if (by mistake) Primary and Secondary ports are connected to the same Ethernet network, Dante Controller application will lose its access to the Dante[™] network interfaces and Dante routing of the MIMO7272DN. This access to control is granted again after disconnecting one of these ports from the network the other one is connected to..
 - Dante[™] redundancy requires that Primary and Secondary ports of each and every Dante[™] device are connected using the same connection speed to the network. For instance, if the Primary port is connected using a 1 Gbps link, the Secondary port must use a 1 Gbps link as well.



• Switched mode: in this mode, there's really just one network connection enabled (and that means just one IP address), and Primary and Secondary ports behave as ports belonging to a network switch embedded inside the MIMO7272DN. It's possible to connect to these ports Dante hardware (directly) or Ethernet switches that allow to connect more Dante hardware devices.

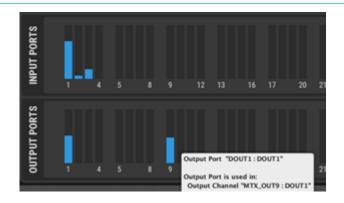
In switched mode, never connect Primary and Secondary ports to the same network switch or to network switches which are interconnected through the network wiring, as this will create a network loop resulting in network conflicts and Dante[™] digital audio interruption.

From ENM v6.01r3 onward (Mar 2021), the DEVICE section of MIMO7272DN in EclerNet Manager shows a resuming view similar to this one:



An important improvement from this firmware version is the new visualization of the VU-Meters of INPUT and OUTPUT PORTS in this window.

In this way it is possible to easily check the status of inputs and outputs signals and, by placing the mouse pointer over the VU-Meter, it is possible to know the details about the signal routing. This new feature easily provides a panoramic view of the project without moving through INPUT, OUTPUT and MATRIX section pages.





The INPUTS section of the MIMO7272DN in EclerNet Manager shows a view similar to this one:



W In comparison with MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG, an important improvement has been introduced regarding the signal routing flexibility:

Until now (before ENM V6), MIMO4040DN ((predecessor of MIMO7272DN, and like the rest of MIMO models)) had a fixed routing management to the physical inputs:

IN 1 : INPUT 1	INPUT
IN 2 : INPUT 2	SELECT
IN 3 : INPUT 3	IN 1 🗘
IN 4 : INPUT 4	NONE
IN 5 : INPUT 5	GEN
IN 6 : INPUT 6	√ IN 1
IN 7 : INPUT 7	

That means: INPUT 1 in the matrix processing can just take its signal from the internal generator or the audio source physically connected to IN1 back panel terminals. The same happens with INPUT 2 \rightarrow IN2, INPUT 3 \rightarrow IN3, INPUT 9 \rightarrow DIN1, INPUT 10 \rightarrow DIN2, etc. (Digital inputs can be Dante or AES67)

And the same happened with the matrix outputs, as well with a fixed routing to physical OUTs 1 to 8 (analogue) and, from OUT 9 onwards, to Digital output channels 1 onwards (Dante / AES67):

OUT 1 : AOUT1	
OUT 2 : AOUT2	
OUT 3 : AOUT3	
OUT 4 : AOUT4	
OUT 5 : AOUT5	
OUT 6 : AOUT6	
OUT 7 : AOUT7	
OUT 8 : AOUT8	
OUT 9 : DOUT1	
OUT 10 : DOUT2	
OUT 11 : DOUT3	

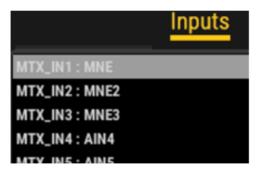


From ENM v6, this is changing to a much more flexible routing structure:

• The Matrix Input Channels are identified as **MTX_INn: Custom Label**, where n is the Matrix channel (1 to 64 for the MIMO7272DN model) and **Custom Label** is, by default, AIN1 to 8 / DIN 1 to 56:

Device	Inputs	Matrix	Out
MTX_IN1 : All	N1		
MTX_IN2 : AI	N2		
MTX_IN3 : AI	N3		
MTX_IN4 : Al	N4		
MTX_IN5 : AI	N5		
MTX_IN6 : Al	N6		
MTX_IN7 : Al	N7		
MTX_IN8 : AI	N8		5
MTX_IN9 : DI	N1		NPUT
MTX_IN10 : D	IN2		
MTX_IN11 : D	IN3		

• Custom labels can be renamed (right mouse click or F2):



...and then these labels are showed up in the Matrix view as well:

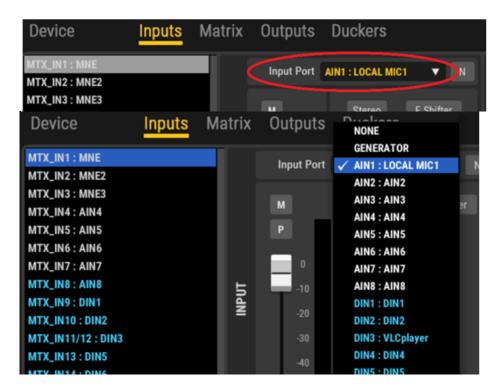


EclerNet

PROJECT



Any of the 64 Matrix Input Channels can get its audio signal from any of the 72 audio sources (we call them Input Ports) that a MIMO7272DN can admit: 8 analogue inputs and 64 Digital (Dante / AES67) input channels. The selection is done by clicking on the Input Port selector:



Input Ports have this name structure: **InputPort_n : Custom Label**, where:

- InputPort_n:
 - AINn, where n= 1 to 8, for the analogue audio inputs of the MIMO7272DN unit
 - $\circ~$ DINn, where n = 1 to 64, for Dante / AES67 channels received by the MIMO7272DN unit
- Custom Label (by default):
 - AINn, where n= 1 a 8, for the analogue audio inputs of the MIMO7272DN unit
 - DINn, where n = 1 a 64, for Dante / AES67 channels received by the MIMO7272DN unit (or the Dante label they may have

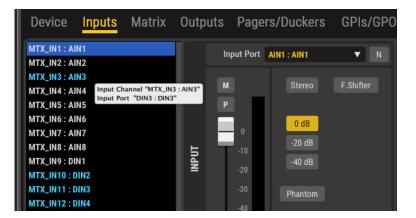


Input Ports custom labels can be as well renamed to get a much friendlier identification in a project:

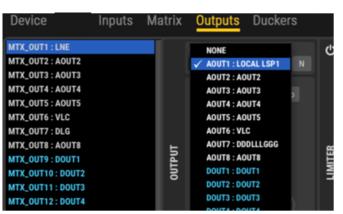


In this way, any analogue or digital source received by a MIMO7272DN can be routed to one or more Matrix Input Channels, with total freedom. That delivers more power and flexibility to configure and manage the audio projects in a MIMO7272DN.

In case a MTX_IN Channel that gets audio from an Analogue Input Port is switched to a Digital Input Port, its colour in the list will change in blue, and vice versa.



The same routing flexibility degree is available for the Matrix Output Channels and the 72 available Output Ports:



Whenever two or more Matrix Output Channels are routed to the same Output Port, this Output Port will get a direct mix of the Matrix Output Channels involved.



Tooltips have been included to easily understand each Input or Output Matrix Channel routing (Examples for a MIMO4040CDN unit, where the matrix routing and the AEC Room modules are shown, extensive to the MIMO7272DN model):

MIX_0012 . A0012	AUUT3 : AI
MTX_OUT3 : AOUT3	
MTX_OUT4 : AOUT4	Output Channel "MTX_OUT3 : AOUT3"
MTX_OUT5 : AOUT5	Output Port "AOUT3 : AOUT3"
MTX_OUT6 : VLC	Output Port is also used in:
MTX_OUTO . VLC	AEC ROOM 2 LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER
MTX_OUT9 : DOUT1	utput Channel "MTX_OUT9 : DOUT1"
	atput Port "DOUT1: DOUT1" -20
MTX_OUT11 : DOUT	
01	utput Port is also used in: ACC ROOM 1 REMOTE LOUDSPEAKER -30
MTX_00112.0001	Le Room Themore coopsi baker
MTX_IN1 : MNE	
	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Inp
MTX_IN2 : MNE2	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1"
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE"
MTX_IN2 : MNE2	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1"
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1" Input Port is also used in: M
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3 MTX_IN4 : AIN4 MTX_IN5 : AIN5	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1" Input Port is also used in: M
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3 MTX_IN4 : AIN4 MTX_IN5 : AIN5 MTX_IN5 : DIN1	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1" Input Port is also used in: AEC ROOM 1 LOCAL MIC1
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3 MTX_IN4 : AIN4 MTX_IN5 : AIN5 MTX_IN9 : DIN1 MTX_IN10 : DIN2	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1" Input Port is also used in: AEC ROOM 1 LOCAL MIC1
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3 MTX_IN4 : AIN4 MTX_INE : AINE MTX_INE : DIN1 MTX_IN10 : DIN2 MTX_IN11/12 : DIN3	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1" Input Port is also used in: AEC ROOM 1 LOCAL MIC1 Input Channel "MTX_IN9 : DIN1" Input Port "DIN1 : DIN1"
MTX_IN2 : MNE2 MTX_IN3 : MNE3 MTX_IN4 : AIN4 MTX_INE : AINE MTX_INE : DIN1 MTX_IN10 : DIN2 MTX_IN11/12 : DIN3	Input Channel "MTX_IN1 : MNE" Input Port "AIN1 : LOCAL MIC1" Input Port is also used in: AEC ROOM 1 LOCAL MIC1

 INTRODUCTION
 MENUS
 APP
 CONTEXT MENU
 EclerNet

 T.O.C.
 &
 &
 APP
 CONTEXT MENU
 PROJECT

 RELEASE NOTES
 TOOLBAR
 WINDOWS
 PROJECT



And a full summary of the Input and Output channels, including VU-meters and also very useful tooltips, has been added to the DEVICE section of the unit (example also for the MIMO4040CDN model, extensive to the MIMO7272DN model):



The above routing structure has been implemented for both MIMO7272DN and MIMO4040CDN models).

The available processing for every INPUT channel is the same as the one available for the inputs of the MIMO88 model:



- INPUT preamp settings: sensitivity, GAIN, MONO/ST management, Phantom power ON/OFF. This option is available **just for the channels taking analogue Input Ports**, but not for the digital ones
- Time Delay, up to 1 second (=343 meters)
- Parametric EQ, 4 filters
- Noise Gate
- Compressor
- Level, MUTE and Polarity inversion controls
- Frequency Shifter (feedback effect reducer)

RELEASE NOTES	œ	INTRODUCTION
TOOLBAR	œ	MENUS



The available processing for every OUTPUT channel is the same as the one available for the outputs of the MIMO88 model:



- Level, SOLO, MUTE and Polarity inversion controls
- Extra + 6dB GAIN, MONO/ST management
- Crossover filters, LPF and HPF type
- Parametric EQ, 8 filters
- Time Delay, up to 1 second (=343 meters)

Level limiter

From v4 onwards: New EQ export / import feature that allows to export the EQ section from devices like MIMO family, NXA series, etc. to a *.eqs file that can be imported in other devices:

🐰 Load EQ Settings from			× iller	GPIs/GPOs Remote
$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow \checkmark \uparrow \blacksquare \rightarrow Es$	ste equipo → Windows (C:) v Ö	Buscar en Windows (C:)	<u>م</u>	
Organizar 🔻 Nueva o	carpeta			1 2 3 4
> OneDrive	Nombre	Fecha de modifica	Тіро ^	
	\$RECYCLE.BIN	29/01/2019 11:21	Carpet	Туре
🗸 🔜 Este equipo	Archivos de programa	29/01/2019 10:55	Carpet	Bypass V
> 🦊 Descargas	Archivos de programa	22/06/2020 10:46	Carpet	
> 😫 Documentos	Archivos de programa (x86)	28/07/2020 14:16	Carpet 🗃	Frequency
> Escritorio	Config.Msi	24/08/2020 9:51	Carpet 일	
> 📰 Imágenes	Documents and Settings	29/01/2019 10:55	Carpet Ca	
> 👌 Música	hp	29/01/2019 10:13	Carpet V	
> 🗊 Objetos 3D	inetpub	03/10/2019 19:45	Carpet 8	Gain
> 📕 Vídeos	Intel	28/08/2020 18:33	Carpet	
	MSOCache	29/01/2019 11:28	Carpet 🗸	
Windows (C:)	<		>	0
Nom	nbre: 🗸 🗸	*.eqs	\sim	q

- It's available just when the EQ section is ON
- Exporting an EQ set with 8 filters (for instance, MIMO88 output EQ), for instance, to a device that supports 6 filters (like NXA units) will result in ignoring filters 7 and 8.

T.O.C. 8 RELEASE NOTES



The MATRIX section of the MIMO7272DN in EclerNet Manager shows a view similar to this one:

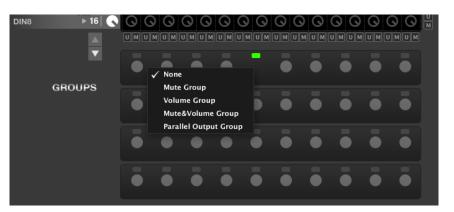
Device	Inputs	Ma	trix	C)utp	outs	P	Page	ers/	Duc	ker	S	GP	ls/G	SP0	s	Ren	note	es
				,9															
			DUTP'	57. 157.	DUT?	DUT?	DUTA A	OUTS A	OUTO	DUT' AC	JUT [®] D	our's	J12	Jr3	JTA	DUTS D	JI ⁶	our pr	JUT8
	LEVEL									2 A			0 ⁰¹ , ⁰		DUL.	3 ² ∕√0		• • •	
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
	INPUTS	UM	5	5	\square		\square		\mathbf{S}		5			5	5		\square		_
AIN1			•	0	0	\odot	0	\odot	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AIN2		0	\odot	0	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	0	\odot	\odot	\odot	0	\odot	0	\odot	0	\odot	
AIN3		•	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AIN4		0	\odot	0	\odot	•	\odot	\odot	0	\odot	0	\odot	\odot	0	0	\odot	0	\odot	
AIN5		0	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	\odot	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AIN6		0	\odot	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	\odot	\odot	0	0	0	0	
AIN7		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AIN8	▶ 8	0	\odot	0	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	\odot	•	0	0	0	\odot	0	0	0	0	
DIN1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DIN2	► 10		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
DIN3	▶ 11	0	0	0	\odot	0	\odot	\odot	0	0	0	0	0	\odot	0	0	0	0	

On the left side column, it shows the total of 64 audio INPUTS channels available in the matrix. The names of the inputs are the same defined as MTX_Inn: **custom label** in the INPUT section.

On the upper side line, it shows the total of 64 audio OUTPUT channels available. The names of the output are the same defined as MTX_OUTn: **custom label** in the OUTPUT section.

The matrix cross-points in between allow to route input channels (analogue or digital) to outputs channels (analogue or digital), including fully customisable switching and mixing capabilities for each individual audio output (analogue or digital).

Additionally, **40 matrix link groups** allow including inputs, outputs and/or cross-points into control groups that will manage all their included items simultaneously:



INPUTS, MATRIX and OUTPUTS sections for the MIMO7272DN include the same features and programming procedures as in the MIMO88 model. <u>See chapter MIMO88 Digital Matrix</u> for details.



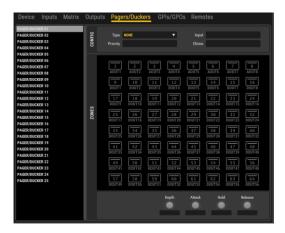
Like in the MIMO88, MIMO88SG and MIMO1212SG matrixes, all the configuration of the INPUTS, OUTPUTS and MATRIX sections, as well as the matrix link groups can be stored into each of the 99 available presets in the MIM7272DN memory:



After a preset has been saved, with a given configuration saved in it, recovering the preset in the future means overwriting the current MIMO7272DN configuration with the "Save Data" options that were included in the preset at the time it was saved.

6.2.4.2 MIMO7272DN PAGER / DUCKER PRIORITY MODULE

The PAGERS/DUCKERS section of a MIMO7272DN device has the following appearance:



This section lets you configure the <u>25 priority audio modules</u>, based on the attenuation (or muting) of an audio signal by another signal, allowing the diffusion of messages or other audio content with priority over other audio signals. These modules are named "P/D module 1 " to "P/D module 25" (short for "Pager/Ducker Module 1, 2, 3, up to 25") and any of them can be configured as pager (real-time voice announcement for some destination zones selected through a PAGENETDN paging console, for example) or "ducker", "talkover" or "override" (an audio signal, when detected by its level exceeding a predefined threshold, has automatic priority over all other ones that are attenuated or muted in the selected destination zones.).



From this section it's not possible to operate PAGER modules as final user (selecting destination zones of the PAGER, activating the PAGE or DUCK function, etc.), but only to set performance parameters, priorities and enable/disable possible destination zones.

It is important to notice that the configuration of the PAGERS/DUCKERS section can be stored in *Presets*, so that different *Presets* define different destination zones and settings for these 25 modules.

The PAGERS/DUCKERS section of the MIMO7272DN includes the same features and programming procedures as in the MIMO88 model, with these differences:

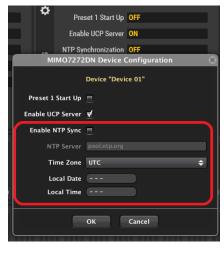
- MIMO7272DN has 25 PAGER/DUCKER modules (4 in the MIMO88)
- The hardware paging console compatible with MIMO7272DN is the PAGENETDN model (eMPAGE / MPAGE16 models for the MIMO88)
- Priority audio, from a paging console or from any other audio source –like an automatic message player- can come from Dante[™] or analogue origins (only analogue ones in the MIMO88)
- From EclerNet v6 onward, the duckers of MIMO7272DN and MIMO4040CDN, can also be selected as triggers for digital events; please <u>refer to digital Events Section</u> for further details.

See MIMO88 PAGERS/DUCKERS section chapter to get into further details.

6.2.4.3 MIMO4040DN NTP SYNCHRONISATION SERVICE

Entering into the DEVICE -> CONFIG section of the MIMO7272DN, the following options are shown:

- NTP Synchronization: MIMO7272DN can automatically synchronize its clock with an NTP service (Network Time Protocol). To allow this happens, a valid NTP server must be entered in the NTP Server field (example: pool.ntp.org) and the desired Time Zone must be as well selected, according the location where the DUO-NET is going to be used
- Local Date and Time: internal clock settings, with a button (round dotted icon) to synchronize it with Windows clock (provided by the PC which runs EclerNet Manager).



When NTP service is disabled or not available, the unit will keep the internal RTC (real Time Clock) running, without being able to automatically synchronize with an external reference clock service.

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6.2.4.4 MIMO7272DN UCP (USER CONTROL PANELS) SERVER SERVICE

The configuration window shows an option as well to enable / disable the internal UCP server:

¢ Preset	1 Start Up OFF
MIMO7272DN	Device Configuration
De	vice "Device 01"
Preset 1 Start Up 📃	
Enable UCP Server 🕑	
Enable NTP Sync 📃	and time
NTP Server po	ool.ntp.org
Time Zone U	rc 🔺

When this option is enabled, the ENM project which has been previously uploaded to the MIMO7272DN engine will be active, taking the control of all the EclerNet hardware units included in it (MIMO7272DN units, as well as other MIMO88, 88SG or 1212SG units, NXA units, DUO-NET PLAYERS, etc.), and serving the UCP panels as well included in the same project.

See chapter USER CONTROL PANEL (U.C.P) for more details about UCP panels creation and features.

MIMO7272DN, like MIMO4040CDN, WPmSCREEN and WPNETTOUCH units, can store and execute a project previously created using EclerNet Manager, to perform as a web server for the UCPs included in this project. Therefore, no computer running EclerNet Manager is required when there's a MIMO4040DN in an EclerNet installation, with a project uploaded to its engine, and with the UCP server option enabled.

The procedure for transferring an EclerNet project to a MIMO4040DN and enable it as a UCP server is the following. Despite being an example with a MIMO4040DN unit, it is fully extensible to the MIMO7272DN model:

First you need to create or retrieve from the EclerNet Manager application (File -> Open) a project that includes EclerNet hardware and the configuration used in the installation (MIMO4040DN, MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, NXA units, etc.), as well as the desired UCPs, using the standard method described in the previous chapters of this manual. The following image shows a project that includes a MIMO4040DN, as well as other EclerNet devices, and several UCP panels.



The green connection icons indicate that the MIMO4040DN is "online" and under the control of the computer running the project from the EclerNet Manager application, a proof that the network configuration of the computer and the MIMO4040DN device is suitable for a correct communication between them:



Note in the image above the Project Explorer window: it indicates that the project is running in **Local** mode, i.e., in the computer whose IP address is displayed (192.168.0.50 in this example), and not (yet) in a MIMO4040DN unit. In this state, the computer is acting as a UCP server.

It is recommended at this point to check that all the configuration for audio, events, GPIs, GPOs, etc. works properly with the associated hardware. In the image, the real audio activity can also be monitored on the level meters of the MIMO4040DN. Another important checking is related to the UCP panels design itself, using for that the project in Deploy mode and any networked UCP client (WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN units, computers, iOS® or Android® devices), or the same computer with a web browser pointing to *localhost* address.

All of this guarantees that in the future, when the project runs on the MIMO4040DN as the UCP webserver, everything will work as expected:

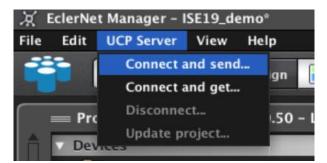


RELEASE NOTES



After the above checks, the procedure for transferring the project to a MIMO4040DN unit is the following:

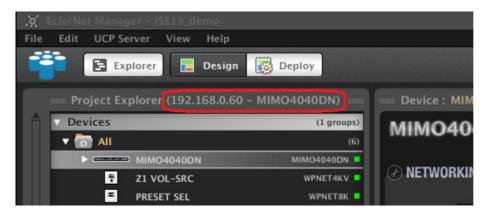
If the computer and the MIMO4040DN have been previously connected to the same local network, with compatible IP addresses and masks, access the **Connect and send** option in the **UCP Server** menu:



A window will appear to be allowed to select the target MIMO4040DN unit you want to transfer the project to, among a list of potential EclerNet hardware units, automatically detected, which are capable to behave as UCP webservers (like MIMO4040DN, WPNETTOUCH or WPmSCREEN models):

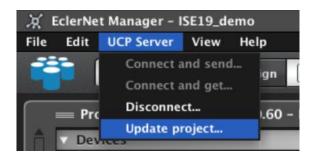
	Connect to UCP Server 🚷								
Device IP									
Device List	MIMO4040DN	192.168.0.60							
	Connect	Cancel							

Once the transfer is complete, the EclerNet Manager application will indicate that the project displayed on screen is the one running now in the MIMO4040DN:





In this state it is possible to edit the project currently visible on screen and then to update it in the MIMO4040DN (Update project):



The last step is to disconnect the computer from the MIMO4040DN, with the aim to leave this MIMO4040DN as the device running the project:

ЖE	clerNe	t Manager - I	SE19_d	emo
File	Edit	UCP Server	View	Help
1		Connect a Connect a		ign 📑
	— Pro	Disconne	ct	60 - N
î î	v Dev	Update pr	roject	

And, after this, a confirmation of the project update in the MIMO4040DN is requested:

UDP PORT 2	Disconnect from UCP Server	×
?	Do you want to update the project in the UCP Server?	
	Yes No Cancel	

Then a message is displayed during the transfer of the project to the MIMO4040DN:

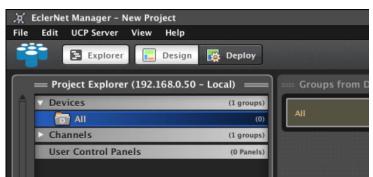
UCP Server Progress	8
Sending project to UCP Server Please wait	
Cancel	

T.O.C. & MENUS RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR



Two actions take place after the disconnection:

1. The EclerNet Manager application in the computer restarts the Local mode, but this time running a new and totally empty project (New Project), so that it doesn't interfere with the MIMO4040DN's project by both trying to take control of the same hardware in the installation:



2. The MIMO4040DN unit hosts and runs the project recently transferred, and enables the UCP server function, serving the panels it contains

From that moment on, any UCP client, including WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH units, computers and Android® or iOS® devices, can connect to the MIMO4040DN, as it will be working as a UCP server:





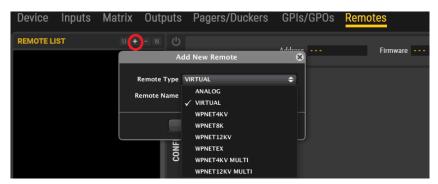
T.O.C. **RELEASE NOTES** INTRODUCTION

DEVICES

d ecler

6.2.4.5 MIMO7272DN REMOTES SECTION

REMOTES section allows to configure the different hardware / software remote controls that can be used for the end-user control functions of a MIMO7272DN unit.



These are the possible types of remote controls that can be linked to a MIMO7272DN unit:

The first two types are shared with the rest of MIMO matrixes:

- ANALOG type: <u>see MIMO88's chapter</u> Configuring an ANALOG-Type Remote Control for the full programming guide
- VIRTUAL selector type: <u>see MIMO88's chapter</u> Functions assignment in the UCP for the full programming guide
- The rest of remote controls compatible with MIMO7272DN (and MIMO4040CDN as well) are all digital wall panels, belonging to the WPNET series, 3 hardware models: WPNET4KV, WPNET8K and WPNETEX models.
- They allow performing control functions on a MIMO7272DN unit, like audio sources selection, presets selection, volume control, etc.
- Even they are just 3 different hardware models, they can be used or combined in several ways. That's why in the list some additional references appear: WPNET12K, WPNET4K MULTI and WPNET12K MULTI. Read this chapter for the details of each and every one of the possible uses of them.

These 3 models have the following main characteristics:

- PoE DC supply (Power over Ethernet) or external (optional) power supply, WP-PSU model
- Ethernet communication interface, RJ45 connector
- LCD screen, 128x128 pixels
- Digital rotary control (encoder) + 4 programmable keys: 4KV and EX models

See WPNET series user manual at <u>www.ecler.com</u> for further details about their installation, connection, and user management.

INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES

T.O.C.

MENUS & TOOLBAR



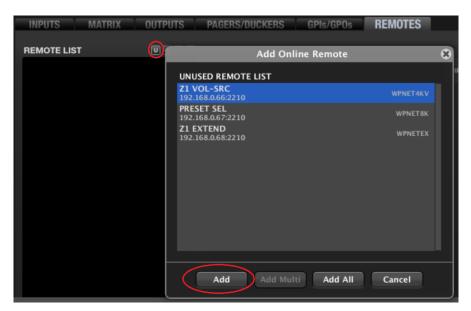
Once a WPNET unit is connected to the same LAN (Local Area Network) as the MIMO7272DN unit, it will appear, automatically discovered, as an Online and Unused Device in the Project Explorer helper window, similar to this image (including one unit of each model):

		Local)	Groups from Device Container
	 Devices 	(1 groups)	
	🔻 📷 All	(1)	All
	MIMO4040DN	MIMO4040DN	
	Channels	(1 groups)	
	User Control Panels	(0 Panels)	
	Online and Unused Device List	•	Members from Device Group : All
Â	DN44BOB-EMI 192.168.0.52 : 2210	DN44BOB	MIMO4040DN POWER
	DN44BOB-REC 192.168.0.51 : 2210	DN44BOB	MIMO4040DN
	PRESET SEL 192.168.0.67 : 2210	WPNET8K	
	Z1 EXTEND 192.168.0.68 : 2210	WPNETEX	
	Z1 VOL-SRC 192.168.0.66 : 2210	WPNET4KV	

If a device has a network configuration (IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway) compatible with the IP range of the MIMO7272DN unit in the project, it can be added to it:

— Onlin	e and Unused Device Lis	st	Members f		
î —	DN44BOB-EMI 192.168.0.52 : 2210	DN44BOB	MIMO4040DN		
	DN44BOB-REC 192.168.0.51 : 2210	DN44BOB	MIMO4040DN		
=	PRESET SEL 192.168.0.67 : 2210	WONCTON			
		Add to Project	1		
-	Z1 EXTEND 192.168.0.68 : 2210	Activate Device Finder			
	Z1 VOL-SRC 192.168.0.66 : 2210	Network Conf	iguration		

And then, entering into the REMOTES section of the MIMO7272DN, the WPNET remote control can be added to its REMOTE LIST and then configured in detail:



T.O.C. & MENUS RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR



6.2.4.5.1 CONFIGURING A WPNET4KV UNIT

REMOTE LIST WPNET4KV ADDRESS 192.168.0.66:2210 FIRMWARE v1.02r1 Edit Remote: WPNET4K\ Type NONE ¢ v VOLUME & MUTE Type NONE ¢ Cancel ок VOLUME MAX LCD N BRIGHTNES SECURE N VOLUME MIN € 100 OFF ON 100

Click in the **Change Configuration** icon to enter into the unit's detailed configuration:

WPNET4KV options for remote control are:

- Audio sources selection for a given output (zone), from a predefined list of options, or **Inputs Carrousel.**
- Preset selection (recall), from a predefined list of options, or Presets Carrousel.
- Volume / MUTE control for a given input, output, matrix crosspoint or selected source (X-Focus).

Edit	Edit Remote: WPNET4KV						
SELECTOR							
Туре	CAROUSEL	¢					
Carousel	01 - SOURCES (INPUTS)	¢					
Output Channel	OUT 1 : EMOTUS5	¢					
VOLUME & MUTE							
Туре	NONE	¢					
	✓ NONE						
	X-FOCUS VOLUME/MUTE						
	INPUT VOLUME						
ON \$ 100	OUTPUT VOLUME						
	MATRIX VOLUME						

See chapter Carousel Lists for MIMO88 for further information about Inputs and Presets Carrousels creation and management.

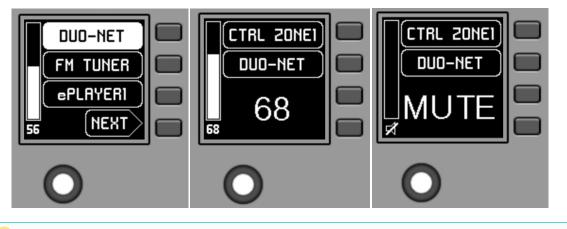


Some additional options for the WPNET unit under setup appear at the bottom line of its configuration window:

WPNET4KV	ADDRESS 192.168.0.66:221	10 FIRMWARE v1.02r1
SELECTOR Carousel "01 – SOURCES (Inj		
VOLUME & MUTE X-Focus Volume/Mute		
LCD MODE BRIGHTNESS ON \$ 100	S SECURE MODE	VOLUME MIN. VOLUME MAX. 0 100

- LCD mode (ON / DIMMED / OFF): defines the LCD backlight status when the unit enters into idle mode, after several seconds without user interaction
- Brightness: LCD backlight level
- Secure mode (ON / OFF): when ON, two consecutive key press actions (select + confirm) must be applied to effectively activate the selection action of a given control key
- Volume MIN / MAX: defines the effective volume range that the encoder can handle over the volume under its control.

Once programmed, the WPNET4KV can handle source or preset selection and volume / MUTE control, according to the texts shown in the text fields in the LCD and using the 4 direct selection keys and the rotary encoder:



See WPNET series user manual at <u>www.ecler.com</u> for further details about WPNET4KV management.

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6.2.4.5.2 CONFIGURING A WPNET8K UNIT

REMOTE LIST	Uŧ=N					
Z1 VOL-SRC	WPNET4KV	WPNET8K	ADD	RESS 192.168.0.67:2210	FIRMWARE v1.02r1	
PRESET SEL	WPNET8K			132.100.0.07.2210	11.0211	
			Edit	Remote: WPNET8K		8
		SE SELECTOR				— I
			Туре	CAROUSEL		¢
						_
		Ca	arousel	01 - SOURCES (INPUTS	5)	÷
		Output C	hannel	OUT 1 : EMOTUSS		•
						- 1
			_		_	
				OK Cancel		
		LCD MODE BRIGHTNI ON \$ 100	ESS	SECURE MODE		

Click in the *Change Configuration* icon to enter into the unit's detailed configuration:

WPNET8K options for remote control are:

- Audio sources selection for a given output (zone), from a predefined list of options, or **Inputs Carrousel.**
- Preset selection (recall), from a predefined list of options, or *Presets Carrousel.*

See chapter Carousel lists for MIMO88 for further information about Inputs and Presets Carrousels creation and management

Some additional options for the WPNET unit under control appear at the bottom line of its configuration window:

- LCD mode (ON / DIMMED / OFF): defines the LCD backlight status when the unit enters into idle mode, after several seconds without user interaction.
- Brightness: LCD backlight level.
- Secure mode (ON / OFF): when ON, two consecutive key press actions (select + confirm) must be applied to effectively activate the selection action of a given control key.

Once programmed, the WPNET8K can handle source or preset selection, according to the texts shown in the text fields in the LCD and using its 8 direct selection keys:



See WPNET series user manual at <u>www.ecler.com</u> for further details about WPNET8K management.

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6.2.4.5.3 CONFIGURING A WPNETEX UNIT

Click in the **Change Configuration** icon to enter into the unit's detailed configuration:

	Edit	t Remote: WPNETEX 😵
NABLE UCP SERVER ON SYNCHRONIZATION OFF NTP SERVER TIME ZONE UTC AL DATE AND TIME 14/02/Z OPERATING TIME 1024 h.	PRESETS Type Carousel	CAROUSEL ¢ 01 - SOURCES (INPUTS) ¢
PAGERS/DUCKERS	SOURCES Type	CAROUSEL 🗢
	Carousel	02 - PRESETS (PRESETS)
WPNETEX CONFIG	VOLUME & MUTE Type	X-FOCUS VOLUME/MUTE (UNAVAILABLE)
PRESETS Unused	Controls	VOLUME & MUTE
SOURCES Unused	Type Channel	OUTPUT FILTER \diamondsuit
EQUALIZER Unused	Filters	3
VOLUME & MUTE Unused	Labels	EQ1 EQ2 EQ3 OK Cancel
LCD MODE BRI ON \$ 100	GHTNESS	VOLUME MIN. VOLUME MAX.

WPNETEX options for remote control are:

- Audio sources selection for a given output (zone), from a predefined list of options, or *Inputs Carrousel.*
- Preset selection (recall), from a predefined list of options, or *Presets Carrousel.*
- Volume / MUTE control for a given input, output, matrix crosspoint or selected source (X-Focus).
- EQ control: gain control of up to 3 EQ filters, previously defined (frequency and Q factor) in an input or output of MIMO4040DN.



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE

PANELS (UCP)

DEVICES

PROJECT

These 1, 2 or 3 EQ filters coincide with filters 1, 2 and 3 (the first 3 ones) of the input or output under control in the MIMO4040DN unit. In the next example, for output #1:

Edit	Remote: WPNETEX		8		
PRESETS			—		
	CAROUSEL		\$		
Carousel	02 - PRESETS (PRESET	(5)	÷		
SOURCES					
Туре	CAROUSEL		¢		
Carousel	01 - SOURCES (INPUT	'S)	¢		
Output Channel	OUT 1 : EMOTUSS		¢		
50 <u></u>					
VOLUME & MUTE					
	X-FOCUS VOLUME/M	UTE	÷		
Controls	VOLUME & MUTE		\$		
EQUALIZER					
Туре	OUTPUT FILTER		÷		
Channel	OUT 1 : EMOTUSS		÷		
Filters	3		÷		
		TRE			
Labels	LOW MID	TKE			
	OK Cancel				
	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS	GPIs/GP0	s	
INPUTS MATRIX O			GPIs/GPO	S	
	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS		S	
INPUTS MATRIX O	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS (CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE	s		
INPUTS MATRIX O	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS (CROSSOVER LOW-PAS	s	Bypa	
INPUTS MATRIX O DUT 1 : eMOTUSS DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 2k	s		
INPUTS MATRIX OF OUT 1 : eMOTUSS OUT 2 : AOUT2 OUT 3/4 : AOUT3 OUT 5/6 : AOUT5 OUT 7/8 : AOUT7 OUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass	s ¢		
INPUTS MATRIX OF OUT 1 : eMOTUSS OUT 2 : AOUT2 OUT 3/4 : AOUT3 OUT 5/6 : AOUT5 OUT 7/8 : AOUT7 OUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 OUT 11/12 : LDante speaker	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 600, - ^{2k} - 5k 150 - 1	iS ¢ 0k		
INPUTS MATRIX OF DUT 1 : eMOTUSS DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass	iS ¢ 0k		
INPUTS MATRIX OF DUT 1 : eMOTUSS DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 14 : DOUT6	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS Type Bypass 600, -2k, -5k 150, -20, -20, -20, -20, -20, -20, -20, -2	iS ¢ 0k		
INPUTS MATRIX OF DUT 1 : eMOTUSS DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 14 : DOUT6 DUT 15 : DOUT7	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 600, ^{2k} - 5k 150 - 1 20 - 20 FREQUENCY	S ♥ 0k k		
INPUTS MATRIX OI DUT 1 : eMOTUSS DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 DUT 1/12 : LDante speaker DUT 11 : sdfsdf DUT 14 : DOUT6 DUT 15 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT8	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS Type Bypass 600, -2k, -5k 150, -20, -20, -20, -20, -20, -20, -20, -2	S ♥ 0k k		
INPUTS MATRIX O DUT 1 : eMOTUSS 0 DUT 2 : AOUT2 0 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 0 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 0 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 0 DUT 1/12 : LDante speaker 0 DUT 1/12 : LDante speaker 0 DUT 14 : DOUT6 0 DUT 15 : DOUT7 0 DUT 16 : DOUT8 0 DUT 17 : DOUT9 0	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS Type Bypass 600, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k	s ¢ ∞k k <u>C EQ</u>	Вура	
INPUTS MATRIX O DUT 1 : eMOTUS5 DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 15 : DOUT7 DUT 15 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT8 DUT 16 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT8 DUT 17 : DOUT9 DUT 18 : DOUT10	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS Type Bypass 600, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k 150°, ^{2k} , 5k	s ¢ © ¢ ¢ ¢ ¢ ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 ¢ 0 0 ¢ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Bypa 5 6	
INPUTS MATRIX O DUT 1 : eMOTUS5 DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 1/12 : LDante speaker DUT 1 : DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 14 : DOUT7 DUT 1 : DOUT 16 : DOUT7 DUT 17 : DOUT9 DUT 18 : DOUT7 DUT 18 : DOUT7 DUT 18 : DOUT10 DUT 19 : DOUT11	LEVEL S Cup Cup Cup Cup Cup Cup Cup Cup Cup Cup	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 500, ^{2k} , 5k 150, ^{2k} , ^{2k}	s ¢ ∞k k <u>C EQ</u>	Bypa 5 6	
INPUTS MATRIX O DUT 1 : eMOTUS5 DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 15 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT8 DUT 17 : DOUT9 DUT 18 : DOUT10 DUT 18 : DOUT10 DUT 19 : DOUT11 DUT 19 : DOUT11	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 500, 2k 150, 2k 150, 2k 150, 2k FREQUENCY O PARAMETRI	S C EQ TYPE By	Bypa 5 6	
INPUTS MATRIX O DUT 1 : eMOTUS5 DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 1/12 : LDante speaker DUT 1 : DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 14 : DOUT7 DUT 1 : DOUT 16 : DOUT7 DUT 17 : DOUT9 DUT 18 : DOUT7 DUT 18 : DOUT7 DUT 18 : DOUT10 DUT 19 : DOUT11	UTPUTS PAGE	CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 600, 2k 150, 20 FREQUENCY 0 PARAMETRI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S C EQ TYPE By	Bypa 5 6	
INPUTS MATRIX 0 DUT 1 : eMOTUSS DUT 2 : AOUT2 DUT 3/4 : AOUT3 DUT 5/6 : AOUT5 DUT 7/8 : AOUT7 DUT 9/10 : WP22DN_OUT1 DUT 11/12 : LDante speaker DUT 13 : sdfsdf DUT 14 : DOUT6 DUT 15 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT7 DUT 16 : DOUT8 DUT 17 : DOUT9 DUT 18 : DOUT10 DUT 19 : DOUT11 DUT 20 : DOUT12 DUT 21 : DOUT13	UTPUTS PAGE	RS/DUCKERS CROSSOVER LOW-PAS TYPE Bypass 500, 2k 150, 2k 150, 2k 150, 2k FREQUENCY O PARAMETRI	S 01. 2 EQ 7 YPE By 1 MH	Bypa 5 6	

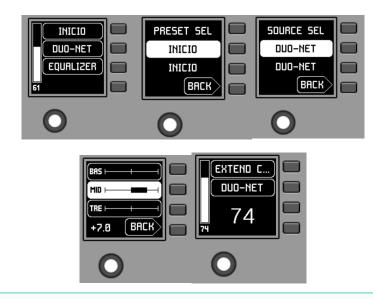
See chapter Carousel lists for MIMO88 for further information about Inputs and Presets Carrousels creation and management.

Some additional options for the WPNET unit under control appear at the bottom line of its configuration window:

- LCD mode (ON / DIMMED / OFF): defines the LCD backlight status when the unit enters into idle mode, after several seconds without user interaction
- Brightness: LCD backlight level
- Volume MIN / MAX: defines the effective volume range that the encoder can handle over the volume under its control.



Once programmed, the WPNETEX can handle source and/or preset selection, volume / MUTE control and EQ control (up to 3 bands), according to the texts shown in the text fields in the LCD and using the 4 keys and the rotary encoder:



See WPNET series user manual at <u>www.ecler.com</u> for further details about WPNETEX management.

6.2.4.5.4 CONFIGURING A WPNET12KV UNIT

It is possible to combine a couple of adjacent WPNET4KV and WPNET8K hardware digital controls, converting them into a new, bigger WPNET unit, WPNET12KV, including 12 selection keys, one rotary encoder and a wider range of on-screen information and selection options with direct keys press actions.

Click in the **Change Configuration** icon to enter into the unit's detailed configuration:

<u>o</u> v	VPNET12KV	ADDRESS FIRMWARE	
	ONFIG	Edit Remote: WPNET12KV	*
SE Un VC	SELECTOR	Type NONE 🗢	
Un	VOLUME & MUTE	Type NONE 🗢	
		OK Cancel	
LCD	MODE BRIGHTNE 100	SS SECURE MODE VOLUME MIN. VOLUME MAX. OFF	



WPNET12KV options for remote control are:

- Audio sources selection for a given output (zone), from a predefined list of options, or **Inputs Carrousel**.
- Preset selection (recall), from a predefined list of options, or **Presets Carrousel.**
- Volume / MUTE control for a given input, output, matrix crosspoint or selected source (X-Focus)

See chapter Carousel lists for MIMO88 for further information about Inputs and Presets Carrousels creation and management.

Some additional options for the WPNET unit under control appear at the bottom line of its configuration window:

LCD MODE		BRIGHTNESS	SECURE	MODE	١	VOLUME MIN.	VOLUME MAX.
ON	ŧ	100	OFF	ŧ		0	100

- LCD mode (ON / DIMMED / OFF): defines the LCD backlight status when the unit enters into idle mode, after several seconds without user interaction
- Brightness: LCD backlight level
- Secure mode (ON / OFF): when ON, two consecutive key press actions (select + confirm) must be applied to effectively activate the selection action of a given control key
- Volume MIN / MAX: defines the effective volume range that the encoder can handle over the volume under its control.

Once programmed, the WPNET12KV can handle source or preset selection and volume / MUTE control, according to the texts shown in the text fields in both LCD screens, and using the rotary encoder and the total of 12 direct keys:

The control and management possibilities of this WPNET12KV unit are identical as the ones available for the WPNET4KV unit, in this case extending the direct selection keys from 4 to 12 and the selection options shown on screen as well to 12.

See WPNET series user manual at <u>www.ecler.com</u> for further details about WPNET12KV management.



6.2.4.5.5 CONFIGURING A WPNET4KV OR WPNWT12KV IN MULTI MODE

There is an additional working mode for a WPNET4KV or WPNET12KV control panels, named **MULTI.** Under this mode, one hardware units really behaves as a multi-zone controller. A WPNET4KV / 12KV hardware unit working in MULTI mode will have a customized "remote panels carousel list" available, a list including some single WPNET4K or WPNET12KV units (respectively) already created in the project, being those ones real (hardware, = physical) or virtual (just existing in the project, no hardware linked). The WPTNET4KV / 12KV MULTI can select any of those WPNET4KV / 12KV individual units in its own carousel list to impersonate it, take its role, automatically behaving as a clone of a WPNET4KV / 12KV single unit. This way a WPNET4KV / 12KV hardware unit, programmed as MULTI, can be flexible and take the control of any zone, as well as being a preset recaller.

The following explanation and examples are focused on the WPNET4KV MULTI setup, but the procedure will be identical for a WPNET12KV unit.

At the time you add a new WPNET4KV unit to the REMOTES LIST in your MIMO7272DN device, you can decide that it will work as a WPNET4KV MULTI unit:

INPUTS MATRI	X OUTPUTS	PAGERS/DU	CKERS GPIs/GPOs	REMOTES
REMOTE LIST		A	dd New Remote	8
Z1 VOL-SRC	WPNET4			
PRESET SEL	WPNET	Remote Type	WPNET12KV	÷
Z1 EXTEND	WPNET		ANALOG	
REMOTE 04	WPNETL	Remote Name	VIRTUAL	
			WPNET4KV	
			WPNET8K	
			✓ WPNET12KV	
		Onuseu	WPNETEX	
				_
			WPNET4KV MULTI	
			WPNET12KV MULTI	

And, adding more WPNET units to your project, you will end up with a list of them, similar to this one:

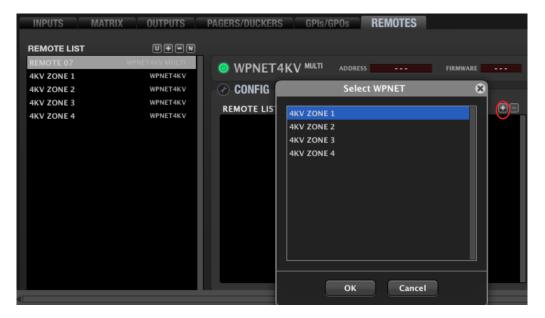
REMOTE LIST	UŦ=N
REMOTE 07	WPNET4KV MULTI
4KV ZONE 1	WPNET4KV
4KV ZONE 2	WPNET4KV
4KV ZONE 3	WPNET4KV
4KV ZONE 4	WPNET4KV

T.O.C. & & RELEASE NOTES



Some of the above WPNET4KV individual units will be linked to real hardware WPNET4KV devices, and some others will just be virtual (software) ones, included in the project but with no hardware impersonation. But all of them will be programmed individually, as single zone controls, with sources selection, or as presets selectors, and/or volume controllers.

One WPNET4KV MULTI unit, which does have linked a real hardware WPNETT4KV unit, will be programmed just adding any of the previous WPNET4KV single units to a list. This list contains, then, the carousel of possible "roles" that a WPNET4KV MULTI can take when entering into its REMOTE CONTROL SELECTION mode:



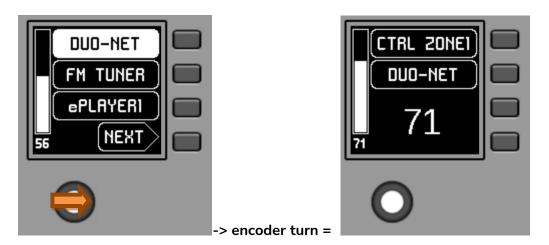
... double click on the desired items under the "Select WPNET" options until the WPNET list is completed as desired, and modify the position of each remote in the list, as this will be the order they'll appear in the WPNET4KV MULTI LCD unit's display, as a carousel list:

UŦ=Þ	1		
PNET4KV MULTI WPNET4KV	🔘 WPNI	ET4KV ^{MULTI}	ADDRESS
WPNET4KV	CONFI	G	
WPNET4KV WPNET4KV	REMOTE I		
	1 - 4KV ZO		
	Add New	insert	
	Remove	delete	
	Move Up	ctrl + up	
	Move Down	ctrl + down	

T.O.C. INTRODUCTION & & RELEASE NOTES



Once programmed, a WPNET4KV MULTI hardware device shows the control features of one of the individual WPNET4KV units in its list, the one currently selected:



In the above example a WPNET4KV MULTI is taking the role of an individual WPNWT4KV unit named "CTRL ZONE1" and showing its control options.

A long encoder press (> seconds) gives access to the menu that allows to take the control of other WPNET4K individual units included in its list:



To get further information about WPNET4KV / 12KV controls working in MULTI mode, and how to use them once programmed, please refer to WPNET series user manual.at <u>www.ecler.com</u>.

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6.2.5 MIMO40C40DN, DANTE™ MATRIX FOR CONFERENCE WITH AEC

The new MIMO4040CDN (also called MIMO4040DN CONFERENCE) has been specially designed for conferencing applications and generally for all the applications that require automatic mixing of microphone signals and / or feedback cancellation (audio feedback or Larsen effect) and acoustic echo cancellation (AEC).

MIMO4040CDN shares many of the MIMO4040DN (discontinued on March 2021 / EclerNet Manager v6.01r3) and MIMO7272DN standard functions:

- Inputs and outputs routing and processing (levels, EQ, noise gate, etc.),
- Management of priority signals (evacuation, emergency)
- Management of GPI and GPO control ports
- Management of digital and analogue remote controls (WPNET & WPa series, etc.)
- Presets management
- Events management
- Programming and control using EclerNet Manager application software
- Remote control via TP-NET, Ethernet or RS-232 protocol (Third-Party Protocol)
- Remote control via UCP (User Control Panels)

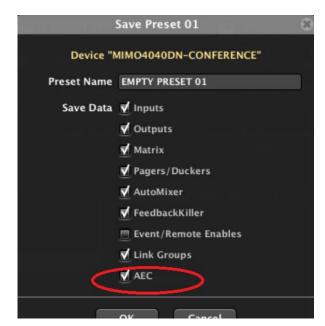
And MIMO4040CDN has some differences, or characteristics of its own, compared to other EclerNet matrixes:

- Flexible Signal Routing: as in the case of the MIMO727DN model.
- **AEC Section**: This section includes 4 Acoustic Echo Cancellation modules suitable for up to 4 different conference rooms with a maximum of 8 microphone inputs in total (depending on the software license purchased), freely assignable to each room along with 2 audio local media inputs, non-microphonic.
- **DUCKERS Section**: PAGER modules are removed and 25 DUCKER modules are still kept and enabled for the automatic management of emergency / evacuation signals.
- AUTOMIXER Section: new section for the configuration of the automatic mixing
- FEEDBACK KILLER Section: new section for the configuration of the 2 available modules dedicated to feedback cancellation, each one of them including 8 notch filters with automatic adjustment.

Both AUTOMIXER and FEEDBACK KILLER settings can be stored and retrieved using presets. In this way, different presets can store different configurations of these two sections.



AEC configuration parameters are general project settings configured for each AEC ROOM: number of Local Microphones used in each room, number of Local Media and Local reinforcement through loudspeakers used in each room (ON / OFF). These settings are not affected by presets save & recall, but the ON/OFF status of each AEC Room can be still stored and recalled based on presets:



The following paragraphs describe the general operation of the MIMO4040CDN. Given that many of the features available in the MIMO4040CDN are common to the ones in the standard MIMO4040DN / MIMO7272DN, the next sections will especially detail the differences with the standard version, as well as how to operate the new features included in the MIMO4040CDN version: AEC, AUTOMIXER, DUCKER and FEEDBACK KILLER. It is highly recommended to also refer to chapter EclerNet COMPATIBLE DEVICES: MIMO88 digital matrix for in-depth understanding of processing and control features and capabilities that are common to MIMO88 and MIMO88CONF.



6.2.5.1 AEC (ACOUSTIC ECHO CANCELLING) LICENSE ACTIVATION

If you want to use the acoustic echo cancellation function, it may need a paid license depending on the maximum number of AEC microphones required in the project.

In offline mode the AEC modules can be configured freely, but as soon as a real HW device is attached online to the project, AEC modules will be disabled unless there is a valid AEC license loaded into the HW unit. An AEC license is personal, always linked to just one particular HW device, identified by its Hardware ID code (HID)

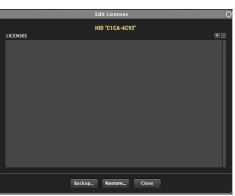
License activation requires the following simple steps:

- Once the device has been added to the project and it appears as online in the Project Explorer window, double click on MIMO4040CDN (o MIMO4040DN CONFERENCE) in order to open the Device control window.
- Click on the Edit Device Licenses like indicated in the picture below:

 ^{*} Edit MC Surver View Mager-New Project
 ^{*} Edit MC Surver View Mag



3. The Edit Licenses window will show a HID code that is required for the licence purchasing, or it will be enough to identify the MAC ADDRESS of the unit, shown in the upper window as Ethernet MAC *(*)*:



(*) Contact your Ecler official distributor to determine the procedure to purchase AEC licenses

RELEASE NOTES



4. After the purchase, and once having received the license file, click on the Add License button at the top right, select the .lic file corresponding to the license and open it.

CENSES	HID "C1CA-4C93"	•	← → ~ ↑ ↓ > Este equipo > Descargas	v 0	Buscar en Descargas	P
		Add License	Organizar 💌 Nueva carpeta		100 -	- 🔳 🔞
			Este equipo Nombre	Fecha de modificación	Tipo	Tamaño
			Descargas			
			Documentos license1_4xAEC_C1CA4C93.lic	15/07/2020 8:48	Archivo LIC	1 KB
			Escritorio license2_8xAEC_C1CA4C93.lic	15/07/2020 8:48	Archivo LIC	1 KB
			Imágenes val principio de este mes (2)			
			Música Premonition - Sadaka	10/07/2020 12:51	Carpeta de archivos	
			Objetos 3D proyectos mimo4040	08/07/2020 19:24	Carpeta de archivos	
			Videos val principio de este año (1)			
			Windows (C:)	05/05/2020 23:55	Carpeta de archivos	
			Recovery Image v c		-	>
			Nombre:		*Jic	~
					Abrir	Cancelar

5. The license in use automatically appears in the License list in white colour, meaning this that it has been successfully validated and activated in the MIMO4040DN HW unit, and is now ready to use:

99 Enable UCP	Edit Licen	ses		8
LICENSES	HID "C1CA	-4C93"		€∎
X1604D366821FB4CA13DFF1B2FC401	BDDFDC1X	2020/07/15	8 AEC Channels	
Backup.	. Restor	e Close		

In case of factory defaults procedure to the MIMO4040CDN HW unit, or when the device needs to be sent to the technical service, **the license can be saved locally with the Backup button and later restored to the same HW unit with the Restore button.**



6.2.5.2 AEC SECTION (ACOUSTIC ECHO CANCELLING)

The great novelty that distinguishes the MIMO4040DNCONF matrix, is the presence of the new acoustic echo cancellation modules.

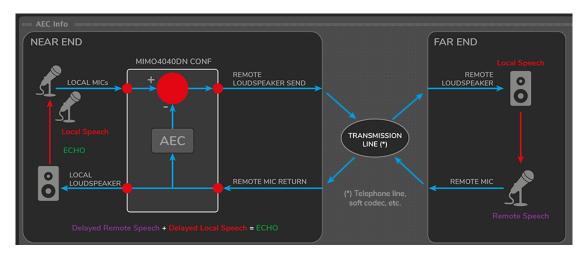
These modules allow you to manage up to 8 microphones that can be distributed as desired among up to 4 conference rooms, each one with customized settings.

Let's go into detail in the terminology of the modules and the audio signals involved in the AEC processing.

In the lower right corner of ENM screen, an icon with an "A" is available to show a graphical outline which will help to understand the involved audio signals and their routing:

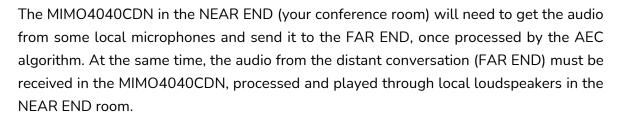


Once the button is pressed, a window will open showing the conceptual scheme of the AEC with the terminology used in EclerNet:



In a conferencing application we typically have two remote locations that establish a call session and keep a live conversation. In conferencing jargon, one is called NEAR END (this is where you and your MIMO4040CDN are physically, in your conference room) and a remote one that is called FAR END (where your interlocutor is located, at the other side of the transmission line). The goal of an AEC processing running in your MIMO4040CDN is that the FAR END gets the audio from the NEAR END free of echo artefacts, clear and intelligible, in order to keep a natural and comfortable conversation session.

RELEASE NOTES



The transmission line in between NEAR and FAR END can be a telephone line, a soft codec application (Zoom, Skype etc..) and, depending on the applications, different connection methods may be used for the audio signals of the the REMOTE LOUDSPEAKER SEND and REMOTE MIC RETURN between the MIMO4040CDN and the transmission line can be:

- Analogue:
 - Using analogue INs / OUTs of the MIMO4040DN CONF, connected to a phone or conferencing terminal with analogue audio INs and OUTs
 - Using analogue INs / OUTs of the MIMO4040DN CONF, connected to a USB audio interface (or soundcard). The interface converts the analogue audio channels into USB audio channels in the computer, which are then available for the soft codec / softphone apps as well.
- Digital via Dante[™] protocol: whenever the transmission device admits Dante INs and OUTs, the Dante INs and OUTs in the MIMO4040DN CONF can be used for this purpose, at least, in two possible ways:
 - A computer running an enabled Dante Virtual Soundcard (DVS) license from Audinate. The DVS Dante channels get/send Dante audio from the MIMO4040CDN, which can be used directly in soft-codecs and softphone apps as their audio input and output signals.
 - A computer with a Dante to USB adapter connected. The Dante channels sent/received from the MIMO4040CDN are converted and available as USB audio channels in the computer, then available for the soft codec / softphone apps as well.

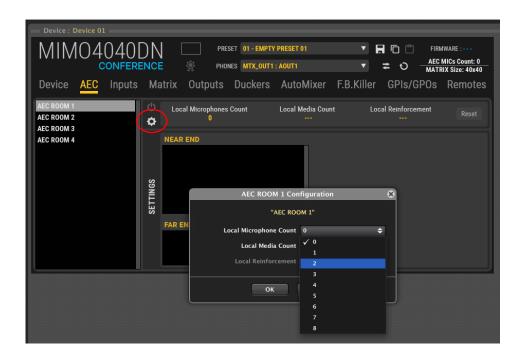


T.O.C.



6.2.5.2.1 AEC STRUCTURE

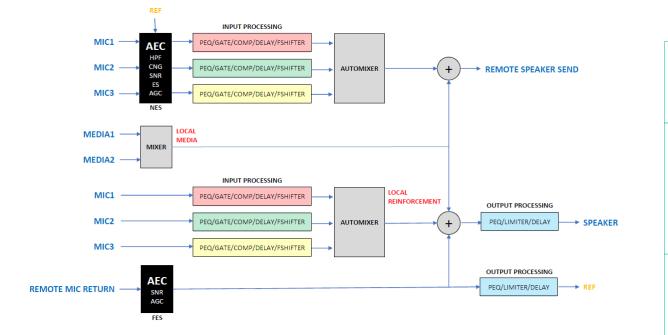
Once the AEC configuration window has been opened, the first thing to do is defining the number of microphones for each of your conference rooms just pressing the AEC ROOM CONFIGURATION button indicated below. Remember that the maximum number of microphones processed by the acoustic echo cancellation algorithm can be 8 in total, distributed in up to 4 rooms (AEC Rooms).



The AEC modules include a different and isolated processing and routing if compared with normal or "standard" input and output ports from the audio matrix. INPUT PORTS and OUTPUT PORTS selected in the AEC modules are not routed to the standard MATRIX (MATRIX section tab) in the MIMO unit. Matrix and AEC modules are independent and can work autonomously and simultaneously with different input / output signals.

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The following scheme resumes how the AEC room module is built:

In each AEC ROOM CONFIGURATION window, it's also possible to select up to 2 LOCAL MEDIA: this allows sending non-microphonic local media contents (e.g. audio from a PC presentation or from an external AV player, but not audio from microphones in the room) to the REMOTE LOUDSPEAKER SEND (far-end) and to the LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER.

When LOCAL REINFORCEMENT option is selected, the signal coming from LOCAL MICROPHONES is also sent to the local loudspeaker without AEC processing. This option is suitable for big conference rooms where the signal coming from the microphones needs to be locally amplified and reproduced by the LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER.

The REMOTE MIC RETURN is the signal coming from the far-end and it represents the reference signal for the AEC algorithm after passing through the LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER processing, being listened in the room. This creates a more accurate reference signal for the echo cancellation algorithm.

As AEC is a very high-demanding DSP process, the more AEC channels are processed, the more standard audio channels from the standard matrix (MATRIX section) will be deleted to avoid a DSP processor overflow.

T.O.C.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



As long as you include local microphones in AEC Rooms, the following information will be updated:



- AEC MICs Count: total number of local microphones included in AEC processing, among the 4 available rooms. Maximum = 8.
- **MATRIX Size**: size of the standard matrix, which is independent from the AEC processing, that will be still available.

Each microphone added to an AEC room will decrease the MATRIX size by 4 input channels and 4 output channels.

- The AEC audio signals routing is managed by the AEC module itself, and it is independent by the standard matrix crosspoints routing. This means that you don't have to (and must avoid!!) replicate crosspoints in the matrix for those inputs or output ports already managed by the AEC Rooms. Take care of what input / output ports are assigned to Matrix Input / Output channels in the standard matrix, and don't route any of them exactly in the same way as AEC is doing. Otherwise, you will get two parallel and summed audio paths: AEC free of echo audio + echoed audio mixed together!
 - A key factor to let an AEC algorithm work properly is that **the positioning and gain structures of the involved microphones and loudspeakers in the room are adjusted correctly**. AEC is not a substitute for a proper gain structure, or the proper placement of the microphones and loudspeakers: room acoustics, microphones and speaker placement, as well as gain structure are vital to get the best results in any AEC installation.



6.2.5.2.2 AEC NEAR-END SETTINGS

In this chapter all the settings of AEC rooms are explained in detail.

Once the AEC room has been defined in terms of number of microphones, local audio media and local reinforcement, the AEC section will appear like follows:

Devic	e <mark>AEC</mark>	Inputs	Ма	atrix	Outputs	Duc	kers	Aut	oMixer	F.B.Ki	ller	GPIs/GPOs	Remotes
AEC ROO	OM 2		() ✿	Loc	al Microphones 3	Count		Local	Media Count 1		Local	Reinforcement ON	
AEC ROO			SETTINGS	LOCAI LOCAI LOCAI LOCAI LOCAI FAR E REMO REMO	L MIC 1 L MIC 2 L MIC 3 L MEDIA L MICS AUTOMI) L LOUDSPEAKER	2			HF CN SN E	PF IG IR	AIN1 : A	IN1 Noise Redu 10 dB	
INPUT	M P -10 -20 -30 -40 -50	0 dB -20 dB -40 dB Phantor Gain 0,0 dB F.Shifte Delay 0,00 ms	n) r	NOISE GATE G	Depth Attack Hold Release		COMPRESSOR		Threshold Hard Knee Ratio Attack Release Make Up	PARAMETRIC EQ G		Type Frequency Gain Q	

Selecting each LOCAL MIC in the NEAR END SETTING window, it is possible to define the routing and the processing of the microphone signal processed by the AEC algorithm.

Through the INPUT PORT menu, you can choose the input port where the microphone will be connected. The input port can be one of the 8 MIMO4040CDN analogue inputs or one of the 32 Dante[™] / AES67 channels. In order make the project clearer, the port's custom label can be customized using the "N" button, like explained in the INPUT section of MIMO7272DN.





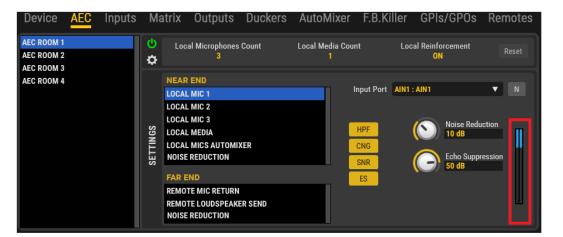
Once the routing is established, it is possible to process the signal with the following options:

- HPF (High Pass Filter): when active, this filter prevents the undesired low frequencies picked up by the microphone.
- **CNG (Comfort Noise Generator):** it adds low-level noise during silence moments in a conversation in order to realize that communication is still active and increase the user comfort.
- SNR (Stationary Noise Reduction): it reduces constant pattern background noise typically produced by fan elements, motors, air conditioners. Using the Noise Reduction control, it's possible to set the attenuation value from 0 to 30dB.
- **ES (Echo Suppression):** when active, it attenuates the echo once it is detected. The attenuation can be set from 0 to 60dB using the Echo Suppression control.

The two meters positioned in the AEC section are intended to give a qualitative indication of how the cancellation algorithm is working through two parameters called ERL and ERLE.

- ERL (Echo Return Loss): indicates the amount of loss that comes back as an echo and it is obtained from the ratio of the reference signal and the microphone signal. The ERL is a measure of how strong the echo is, and may be used as indicator to change position of the loudspeakers or microphones to reduce the echo in the microphones.
- ERLE (Echo Return Loss Enhancement): indicates the amount of loss introduced by the AEC adaptive filters and it is obtained from the ratio between the microphone signal and the residual difference of the signal after the AEC process. The ERLE indicates how well the Adaptive Echo Canceller is performing in reducing the echo.

They're as well available as indicators, to be included in UCP panels.



An optimal position of ERL is between the starting position and half scale. In case of full scale or negative values, it indicates issues on the gain structure.



ERLE can help in setting the ES (Echo Suppression) amount in order to keep the ERL value between the starting position and the half scale.

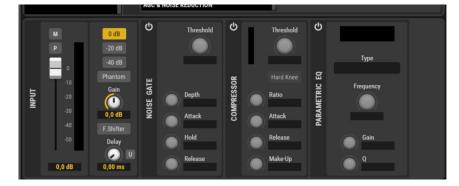
Each AEC room includes a **RESET** button just aside the room configuration resume:

Device	AEC	Inputs	Ма	atrix	Outputs	Duckers	AutoMixe	er F.B.Ki	ller GF	Pls/GPOs	Remotes
AEC ROOM 1 AEC ROOM 2 AEC ROOM 3 AEC ROOM 4			⊕ \$	Loc	al Microphones <mark>3</mark>	Count	Local Media C 1	count	Local Rei	nforcement ON	Reset
AEC ROOM 3								Input Port	AIN1 : AIN1		V N
				LOCAL	MIC 2 MIC 3					Noise Redu	otion

This button is used to restart the processing of AEC if changes are made in the configuration, gain structure, etc., or inside the conference room (for example if you move the microphones or if you change the position of the speakers). After pressing this button, the algorithm will automatically recalculate the parameters for the echo cancellation filters.

The reset button is available as well as a UCP control for the end users, allowing them to use it along a conference call if there's a circumstance that degrades the AEC efficiency at a given time, by any reason.

In addition to the AEC own processing, all the typical MIMO7272DN matrix settings for an input channel are available for the input signals and include (lower part of the screen):



- INPUT preamp settings: sensitivity, GAIN, MONO/ST management, Phantom power ON/OFF.
- Time Delay, up to 1 second (=343 meters)
- Parametric EQ, 4 filters
- Noise Gate
- Compressor
- Level, MUTE and Polarity inversion controls
- Frequency Shifter (feedback effect reducer)

In case that more than one microphone is selected, the AEC module will include an automixer. This automixer is dedicated to the room's microphones for the AEC processing, and is totally independent from the main MIMO4040CDN's AUTOMIXER section (AUTOMIXER tab): the only microphones involved are the ones defined in the AEC room.



The setting parameters are the same explained in the <u>MIMO4040CDN AUTOMIXER</u> <u>Section</u>, and the behaviour is the same even if there are no light indications about the active microphones.

Device AEC	Inputs	Ма	trix Outputs	Duckers	AutoM	ixer F.B.	Killer	GPIs/GPOs	Rer	notes
AEC ROOM 1 AEC ROOM 2 AEC ROOM 3		0 ✿	Local Microphones 3	Count	Local Med 2	ia Count	Loca	l Reinforcement ON		
AEC ROOM 4	_		NEAR END LOCAL MIC 2			Mod	e NOMA		•	
			LOCAL MIC 2 LOCAL MIC 3		-	Max. NO	и 5		T	
	_	ß	LOCAL MEDIA 1 LOCAL MEDIA 2			Priority Inp	nt NONE		•	
		Ĩ L	LOCAL MICS AUTOMI			Last ON		Threshold		
		S	LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER	1				6,0 dB		
			FAR END REMOTE MIC RETURN			NOMA Atten	ation	Depth 40,0 dB		
			REMOTE LOUDSPEAK	ER SEND		3,0 dB	<u> </u>	Hold 500 ms		

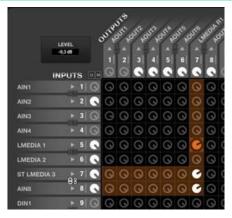
LOCAL MEDIA inside the NEAR END SETTINGS, allows adding up to 2 non-microphonic sources to the conference's AEC processing. Local media sources may be audio signals from local audio contents like, for example, audio from video presentations, recorded messages or any content different from microphone speech, that wants to be sent and heard by the Far end talkers, as well as by the near end ones.

When LOCAL MEDIA 1 and 2 are both used simultaneously, their audio signals are mixed together.

The Input Select menu, for LOCAL MEDIA 1 and 2, allows deciding where this audio media do will come from, and it just allows selecting <u>Matrix Output Channels</u>, instead of Matrix Input Channels or, directly, Audio Input Ports.

But why an Output Channel???

Because, in this way, whatever audio is selected to be sent to a given Matrix Output Channel (MATRIX section), using the standard matrix crosspoints, will then be used by the AEC module as its local media, in real time, even if more than one audio is selected, then mixed together:



In the above example we can manage 3 media audio sources for our Local Media contents in Room 1. Note that the ST to mono conversion is as well managed automatically.



We will then select Matrix Output 7 as our Local Media source:



And, in the above example, there is no need to effectively route Matrix Output Channel 7 to any real audio Output Port, as that is done directly inside the AEC Room module processing: the local media will be routed to the Remote Loudspeaker Send and also to the Local Loudspeaker:



This method allows as well using carousels for source selection in UCP panels, or by means of digital wall panel controls. This way the end user can switch from one local media to another or mix more than one, in real time, meanwhile the conference call is active.

The LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER settings allow defining the OUTPUT PORT dedicated to receive and play in your room (near-end) the signal from the far end, the LOCAL MIDDLE signal (if any) and, optionally, the Near End audio signals, when the Local Reinforcement feature is ON. The output port can be one of the 8 MIMO4040CDN analogue outputs or one of the 32 Dante[™] / AES67 digital outputs. As for the INPUT PORTS, the label can be customized using the "N" button.



The processing available for the LOCAL LOUDSPEAKER signal includes:

- Level, MUTE and Polarity inversion controls
- Extra + 6dB GAIN
- Parametric EQ, 4 filters
- Time Delay, up to 1 second (=343 meters)
- Level limiter



6.2.5.2.3 AEC FAR-END SETTINGS

FAR END window always includes three setting options related to the incoming and out coming signals routing and processing options to improve the communication.

In details, the first option is related to the REMOTE MIC RETURN that represents the incoming audio signal from the far end, and it can be routed to one of the MIMO4040CDN inputs using the input port selector on the right side.

MIMO4040DN PRESET 01 - EMPTY CONFERENCE				AIN1 : AIN1		FIRMWARE : Count: 3 e: 28x28
Device <u>AEC</u> Input AEC ROOM 1 AEC ROOM 2	s Ma ტ	atrix Outputs Duckers	AutoMixer F.B.Ki Local Media Count		AIN3 : AIN3 AIN4 : AIN4 AIN5 : AIN5 AIN6 : AIN6	motes _{Reset}
AEC ROOM 3 AEC ROOM 4	SETTINGS	NEAR END LOCAL MIC 1 LOCAL MIC 2 LOCAL MIC 3 LOCAL MEDIA 1 LOCAL MEDIA 2 LOCAL MICS AUTOMIXER		Input Port	AIN7 : AIN7 AIN8 : AIN8 / DIN1 : DIN1 DIN2 : DIN2 DIN3 : DIN3 DIN4 : DIN4 DIN5 : DIN5 DIN5 : DIN5 DIN6 : DIN6 DIN7 : DIN7	N
		FAR END REMOTE MIC RETURN REMOTE LOUDSPEAKER SEND NOISE REDUCTION			DIN8 : DIN8 DIN9 : DIN9 DIN10 : DIN10 DIN11 : DIN11 DIN12 : DIN12	

The input can be one of the 8 MIMO4040CDN analogue inputs or one of the 32 Dante[™] / AES67 input channels. In order to make the project clearer, the label can be customized using the "N" button, like explained in the INPUT section of MIMO7272DN..

The REMOTE LOUDSPEAKER SEND represents the audio signal (microphones, local media) sent from the NEAR END to the FAR END after the AEC processing. Also in this case, it can be routed to one of the MIMO4040CDN audio outputs using the output port selector on the right.



The output can be one of the 8 MIMO4040CDN analogue outputs or one of the 32 Dante™ / AES67 digital outputs. As for the INPUT PORTS, the label can be customized using the "N" button.

AGC & NOISE REDUCTION section allows adjusting about the processing of the incoming signal from the far end:

• SNR (Stationary Noise Reduction): it reduces constant pattern background noise typically produced by fan elements, motors, air conditioners. Using the Noise Reduction knob it's possible to set the attenuation value from 0 to 30dB.



6.2.5.3 DUCKERS SECTION

The aspect of the DUCKERS section of the MIMO4040CDN is as follows:

Device	AEC	Inputs	Matrix	Outputs	Duckers	Auto	Mixer	F.B.Kille	er GPI	s/GPOs	Remotes
DUCKER 01 DUCKER 02 DUCKER 03 DUCKER 04			CONFIG	Type Priority	DUCKER 01		v	Input	MTX_IN1	: AIN1	T
DUCKER 05 DUCKER 06 DUCKER 07 DUCKER 08 DUCKER 09 DUCKER 10 DUCKER 11 DUCKER 12 DUCKER 13 DUCKER 14 DUCKER 15 DUCKER 16 DUCKER 17 DUCKER 18			ZONES	1 AOUT1 9 DOUT1 17 DOUT9 25 DOUT17	10 DOUT2 18 DOUT10	3 AOUT3 11 DOUT3 19 DOUT11 27 DOUT19	4 AOUT4 12 DOUT4 20 DOUT12 28 DOUT20	5 AOUT5 13 DOUT5 21 DOUT13	6 AOUT6 14 DOUT6 22 DOUT14	7 AOUT7 15 DOUT7 23 DOUT15	8 AOUT8 16 DOUT8 24 DOUT16
DUCKER 19 DUCKER 20 DUCKER 21 DUCKER 22 DUCKER 23				DUCK	Thresho -12,0 d) (Depth	Attack (S) 50 ms	Ho 600) (telease 500 ms

The differences compared to the standard version are:

- No PAGER modules (so this version is not compatible with the PAGENETDN paging station, when used for paging purposes)
- 25 DUCKER modules for handling signals with highest priority (emergency or evacuation messages, etc.). The modules can act directly on the outputs with full priority mixing functionality.
- From EclerNet v6 onward, the duckers of MIMO7272DN and MIMO4040CDN, can also be selected as triggers for digital events; <u>please refer to Simple Digital Events</u> <u>Section</u> for further details.

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR



6.2.5.4 AUTOMIXER SECTION

AUTOMIXER is a function available only in MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO12SG and MIMO4040CDN versions, that allows to perform automatic mixing of incoming audio signals, while maintaining a control (also automatic) on the total gain of the mix and managing some parameters and priorities between these signals.



The AUTOMIXER processing module uses a very sophisticated algorithm to manage what input signals must be part of the automatic mix and under what conditions, and what signals must remain apart. The AUTOMIXER analyses the audio content on all inputs to identify what should be considered as background noise and what should be considered as a valid signal to trigger the input channel in the auto mix.

A clear and frequent example would be a conference application in a room with multiple microphones assigned to the automatic mixing process as sound sources. The signals simultaneously captured by all the microphones with a less high intensity could be considered as indirect, i.e., coming from a lecturer with the intention to be picked up by his own microphone, but inevitably also captured by the rest of the microphones in the room. In contrast, the signal picked up by the microphone of the speaker itself should logically be of much greater intensity.

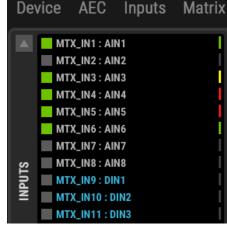
The algorithm considers a large set of parameters related to the indirect signals to calculate in real time the background noise level of the mix and, from there, allows the signals exceeding some magnitude (set with the THRESHOLD setting) to enter and be part of the automatic mix. Inputs that do not meet the requirements to be considered as part of the automatic mix are attenuated by a number of decibels set with the DEPTH parameter (in certain applications it is preferable not to completely mute signals excluded from the automatic mix, but to attenuate them to a certain extent).

RELEASE NOTES



To the left of the screen, you will find a list of all unit inputs, where you can select inputs you want to be a part of the automatic mix (left button in green for the selected inputs). The multicolour indicator to the right of each input shows its status at a given time:

- **Red**: the input level is below the threshold of the noise gate that allows the input of the signals in the automix (noise gate closed). Inputs 4 and 5 in this example.
- Yellow: the input level has exceeded the noise gate threshold (opened gate), but the input is not currently included in the automatic mix, according to criteria established for the automatic mixing algorithm. Input 3 in this example.



• **Green**: the input level has exceeded the noise gate threshold (opened gate) and the input is currently included in the automatic mix. Inputs 1 and 6 in this example.

The small green level meters located to the right of the list indicate the activity of the signal present on each input.

To the right of the screen, you will find another list, including all the device outputs, where you can select the outputs the automatic mix will be affected to. In this example, the automatic mix done in the AUTOMIXER module is routed to outputs 1, 2 and 3.

The small green level meters located to the left of the list indicate the activity of the signal present on each output.

F.B.Kille	er	GPIs/GP	Os	Remotes
S	M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1	FX_OUT1 : AOU FX_OUT2 : AOU FX_OUT3 : AOU FX_OUT4 : AOU FX_OUT5 : AOU FX_OUT5 : AOU FX_OUT6 : AOU FX_OUT7 : AOU FX_OUT8 : AOU	T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 T7	

T.O.C. & MENUS APP CONTEXT MENU RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS



The inputs assigned to automatic mixing in the AUTOMIXER module **must first be properly assigned in the MATRIX section**, by adjusting the MUTE and level controls of its crossing points to correctly route them toward the desired outputs.



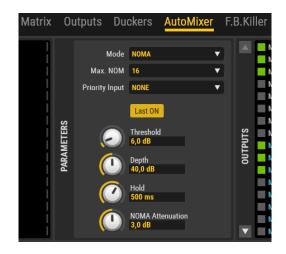
The picture above shows how inputs 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6 are routed toward outputs 3, 4, 9 and 10. Thus it would be possible that any selection of these inputs and outputs in the AUTOMIXER module could result in an automatic mixture according to the settings made in this module.

6.2.5.4.1 AUTOMIXER: NOMA OR EXCLUSIVE AUTOMIX MODES

The AUTOMIXER has two operating modes:

- NOMA: "Number of Open Microphones Attenuated". In this mode, the automatic mixing algorithm allows a fixed number of input signals (usually picked up by microphones) to be simultaneously part of the mix, reducing or increasing their total gain when the number of microphones included in the mix increases or decreases (more active signals in the mixture, less total gain).
- **EXCLUSIVE**: in this mode only, a single microphone is part of the mixer channel at a given moment, once the algorithm considers that it complies with its requirements. Another microphone can be used when the first one has released the channel.





The user controls of the AUTOMIXER section are the following:

- **MODE**: NOMA or EXCLUSIVE mode selection.
- MAX. NOM (NOMA mode only): maximum number of signals that may simultaneously be part of the automatic mixing. Regardless of the number of inputs that have been selected in the INPUTS list (to the left of the AUTOMIXER window) as candidates to be automatically mixed, the MAX. NOM parameter sets how many of them can be mixed at a given moment with the automix algorithm. For example, if the application consists of 8 lecturer microphones, but MAX. NOM is set to a value of 4, only a maximum of 4 of these 8 microphones (from 0 to 4, in fact) are actually mixed automatically, although the 8 microphones capture signals above a certain intensity, the algorithm deciding at all times which of the 8 eligible inputs will join the mixing bus.
- LAST ON: when this option is enabled, at least the last signal to join the mixing bus will permanently remain in it, even when it no longer meets the input criteria, being composed only by weak signals or background noise. In this mode, the mixing bus will never remain fully silenced, thus avoiding the uncomfortable effect of audio "disconnection" of the system during the intervals in which there are no valid signals for the automatic mixing process.
- **PRIORITY INPUT**: if desired, define a device input that will have the highest "chairman" priority. When this input exceeds the noise gate threshold, it will become part of the mixing bus, inhibiting the other signals. The priority signal is the one that usually comes from the microphone of a moderator or chairman during conferences, debates, etc.
- **THRESHOLD**: input level of the signals in the automix bus, based on the internal threshold that the internal mixing algorithm automatically and dynamically calculates. The higher the setting, the greater the difficulty for the input signals to be incorporated into the mixing bus (a higher level will be required).
- **DEPTH**: attenuation level applied to the signals that are outside of the bus at a given moment.

T.O.C. INTRODUCTION & & RELEASE NOTES



- HOLD: holding time of the signals within the mix bus, once they have entered into it, and after leaving to meet again with the criteria of admission
- NOM ATTN.: attenuation applied to the total gain of the automatic mix bus whenever the number of signals contained therein is doubled.

6.2.5.5 FEEDBACK KILLER SECTION

FEEDBACK KILLER is a function available only in MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO12SG and MIMO4040CDN / MIMO4040DN CONFERENCE versions. This section includes "notch" type filters with automatic adjustment, whose mission is to reduce the risk of audio feedbacks (or Larsen effect).

Device	AEC	Inputs	Matrix	Outputs	Duckers	AutoMixer	F.B.Killer	GPIs/GPOs	Remotes
FBKILLER 1 FBKILLER 2			PARAMETERS		NONE DEFAULT 0	* * *	Filter Width Recycle Timer	1/5 OCTAVE OFF	v
			FILTERS	 Filter 1: 1.000 Filter 2: 1.000 Filter 3: 1.000 Filter 4: 1.000 Filter 5: 1.000 Filter 6: 1.000 Filter 7: 1.000 Filter 8: 1.000 	Hz, 0,0 dB Hz, 0,0 dB Hz, 0,0 dB Hz, 0,0 dB Hz, 0,0 dB Hz, 0,0 dB				Lock Bypass Reset

The FEEDBACK KILLER section consists of 2 banks, with 8 automatic filters in each one of them. The 2 banks are independent in terms of settings, operating mode and assigned output.

According to the settings, the FEEDBACK KILLER algorithm continuously analyses the input-output loop assigned to each bank, detecting in real-time frequencies prone to feedback then automatically assigning notch filters to these frequencies. Each notch filter is set (centre frequency and attenuation) to reduce the level of a band of frequencies in order to avoid a feedback effect.



The image shows the bank 1 with 6 of its 8 filters assigned to frequencies that the algorithm has detected as prone to feedback:

Device AEC	Inputs	Matrix	Outputs	Duckers	AutoMixer	F.B.Killer	GPIs/GPOs	Remotes
FBKILLER 1 FBKILLER 2		PARAMETERS		NONE DEFAULT O	* * *	Filter Width Recycle Timer	1/5 OCTAVE	•
		FILTERS	 Filter 1: 1.061 Filter 2: 473 Filter 3: 345 1 Filter 4: 355 1 Filter 5: 1.043 Filter 6: 1.023 Filter 7: 1.000 Filter 8: 1.000 	Hz, -S,0 dB Hz, -S,0 dB Hz, -S,0 dB 3 Hz, -S,0 dB 3 Hz, -S,0 dB 3 Hz, -S,0 dB 0 Hz, 0,0 dB	N	otch Filters		Lock Bypass Reset

To the left of the window is the selection list for one of the two banks (FBKILLER 1 and FBKILLER 2). Clicking on one of them allows you to adjust their settings:

- **OUTPUT**: the system output the filter bank is applied to in order to cancel or minimize its potential feedbacks.
- TARGET: allows you to select among 4 preset application profiles, each one of them with the algorithm optimized for the application. Each of these profiles adjusts algorithm internal parameters such as the feedback detection sensitivity and the maximum attenuation applied by the filters. It is important to correctly set this parameter considering the application

OUTPUT	OUT 1: OUTPUT 1	÷
TARGET	NONE	
FIXED FILTERS	V OUT 1: OUTPUT 1	
Theo mercho	OUT 2: OUTPUT 2	
	OUT 3 : OUTPUT 3	
Filter 1: 1.000	OUT 4 : OUTPUT 4	
Filter 2: 1.000	OUT 9 : OUTPUT 9	
Filter 3: 1.000	OUT 10 : OUTPUT 10	
Filter 4: 1.000	OUT 11 : OUTPUT 11	
Filter 5: 1.000	OUT 12 : OUTPUT 12	
	TARGET FIXED FILTERS FILTERS Filter 1: 1.000 Filter 2: 1.000 Filter 3: 1.000 Filter 4: 1.000	TARGET NONE FIXED FILTERS OUT 1: OUTPUT 1 OUT 2: OUTPUT 2 OUT 3: OUTPUT 3 OUT 4: OUTPUT 4 OUT 4: OUTPUT 4 Filter 1: 1.000 OUT 1: OUTPUT 9 Filter 3: 1.000 OUT 1: OUTPUT 1 Filter 4: 1.000 OUT 1: OUTPUT 1 Filter 5: 1.000 OUT 11: OUTPUT 11

OUTPUT	0011:001P011	Ŧ
TARGET	SPEECH BIG ROOM	¢
FIXED FILTERS	DEFAULT SPEECH SMALL ROOM	
H FILTERS	✓ SPEECH BIG ROOM	
ter 1: 1.000	MUSIC SMALL ROOM	
ter 2: 1.000	MUSIC BIG ROOM	
ter 3: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB	

characteristics (music or speech) and the room type where to work (large or small), given that its own reflections and modes differently affect the risk of feedback in all the cases considered as profiles for the TARGET parameter. A conference application using a MUSIC profile will surely give worst results than if you employ a SPEECH profile, and vice versa.



• FIXED FILTERS (from 0 to 8, per bank): determines the number of filters that, once set, remain fixed over time (static) until you change the MIMO88CONF setting that affects them (recalling a preset with other settings, loading a new project,

OUTPUT	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	÷			
TARGET	SPEECH BIG ROOM	÷	FILTER WIDTH	1/5 OCTAV	E 🗘
FIXED FILTERS	3	¢	RECYCLE TIMER	5 min.	¢
Filter 1: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 2: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				LOCK
Filter 3: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 4: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				BYPAS
Filter 5: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				
Filter 6: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				-
Filter 7: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				RESET
Filter 8: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				

rebooting the computer, etc.). A horizontal line visually separates fixed filters (the first three in this picture) from dynamic filters (the following five in this picture). Dynamic filters can be reset over time if the algorithm detects that it is necessary (microphones moved in the room, changes in the acoustic conditions, etc.).

- FILTER WIDTH (1/5 or 1/10 Octave): determines the bandwidth of each one of the notch filters of the bank, or the frequency range that will be affected (attenuated) by each filter, using its centre frequency, automatically detected, as the centre of this range.
- RECYCLE TIMER: determines the minimum necessary time between the setting of
 - each dynamic filter and its releasing for a new setting on another frequency of potential feedback, when the algorithm detected this need.

	OUTPUT	OUT 2: OUTPUT 2	÷			
)	TARGET	MUSIC SMALL ROOM	¢	FILTER WIDTH	1/5 OCTAVE	÷
1	FIXED FILTERS	3	¢	RECYCLE TIMER	OFF	÷
L	NOTCH FILTERS				✓ OFF 1 min.	
	Filter 1: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB			5 min.	
)	Filter 2: 1.000				30 min. 60 min.	
	Filter 4: 1.000	Hz, 0,0 dB				UBARE

- LOCK: locks the status of already set filters, not allowing more static filters setting (if any) nor dynamic filters setting or resetting.
- **BYPASS**: when activated, temporarily disables the FEEDBACK KILLER function, while keeping the adjustments and filters set in memory. When deactivated, reenables the function, recovering the previous settings
- **RESET**: totally resets the 2 banks of filters, now available again for setting.

260



6.3 AUDIO PLAYERS

6.3.1 **DUO-NET PLAYER**

6.3.1.1 INTRODUCTION TO DUO-NET PLAYER, DUAL STREAMING RECEIVER & MEDIA AUDIO PLAYER

ECLER DUO-NET PLAYER is a double stereo audio sound source that features full EclerNet compatibility (EclerNet Manager software, UCP control system, WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH remote management, TP-NET third party integration protocol, etc.). It includes 2 independent stereo media players, each one being able to play Internet audio streams and local (SD, USB) or networked audio media.

DUO-NET PLAYER can be used as a stand-alone media player or integrated as a piece of a full EclerNet system, as well as coexisting with third-party devices.

These are DUO-NET PLAYER main features:

- 2 independent media players, PLAYER A and PLAYER B, each one linked to a dedicated stereo output (Euroblock connectors, balanced signal)
- Compatible with mp3, ogg, AAC, WAV and FLAC audio formats
- SD and USB slots for local storage media contents (up to 32GB, FAT16/32 format supported)
- Ethernet interface (RJ45 connector) for EclerNet and TP-NET control, Internet streaming reception and networked (LAN) media playback
- Fully programmable and controllable via EclerNet Windows© software
- UCP (User Control Panels) remote control system, compatible with WPmSCREEN /WPNETTOUCH and third-party client devices (iOS©, Windows© and Android©)
- Integrated RTC (Real-Time Clock) and NTP (Network Time Protocol) synchronization, for scheduled events triggering
- 4 GPI ports (General Purpose Inputs) to trigger events by means of external dry contacts closure
- IR remote control for basic end-user control
- Priority media playback (emergency, advertising, etc.) over program audio.

RELEASE NOTES



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

6.3.1.2 DUO-NET PLAYER DETAILED VIEW, GENERAL SECTION OF THE DEVICE

This is an example of how a DUO-NET player looks like when seen by EclerNet Manager:



As it happens with the rest of EclerNet devices, the top side of the detailed view shows some general parameters and options of the device:

E Device : Device 03			
DUO-NET 🗆	PRESET 01 - PRESET 01	•	FIRMWARE

	Status monitoring and alarms window. <u>See</u> <u>Table of status monitoring and alarm icons</u>				
PRESET 03 - PRESET 03 🗘	Active <i>Preset</i> window: indicates the <i>Preset</i> currently active in the device.				
	Presets management icons:				
See (1)	 Save Device Preset: saves the current Preset in memory (click on the mouse left button) or in a folder on your PC (click on the mouse right button) Copy Device Preset: copies the current Preset 				
	• <i>Paste Device Preset</i> : pastes the previously copied <i>Preset</i> , within the same unit or to a different DUO-NET unit				
FIRMWARE v1.05r19	Unit's firmware version				

(1) Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset).





Left-clicking this icon opens a window with the following options:

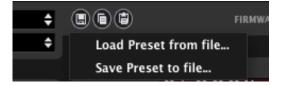
- Name of the Preset to be saved at the selected position (preset number can't be changed)
- **Data saved in the Preset**: PLAYER A settings, PLAYER B settings, PRIORITY modules settings and EVENTs enable/disable status (for the 20 presets in the unit)

Presets are configuration memories of the device, including several working parameters' values. A *Preset* stores just the data selected in the previous window, so that recalling the *Preset* in the future will just change (overwrite) the data stored in this particular *Preset*, not affecting other parameters of the DUO-NET.

This ability to save "partial" Presets offers a great freedom of management.

Example: one *Preset* including just the configuration of PLAYER A and a second one including just the configuration of PLAYER B. By loading either of these two *Presets* during system operation, only PLAYER A or B will be affected, allowing the other player to keep on working without interruption or changes.

Right-clicking this icon opens a window with the following options:

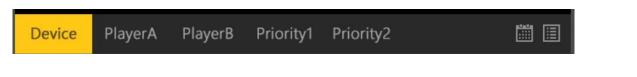


- Load Preset from file: lets you load a Preset stored in a hard drive, external USB memory, etc.
- Save Preset to file: lets you save a Preset in a hard drive, external USB memory, etc.

These two functions are very useful for copying in a DUO-NET unit a *Preset* coming from another unit currently offline, or from another Project or facility. *Preset* files are saved on disk with a ".DUONET_preset" suffix.



Under the top section, we find these tabs. Clicking on each of them will show a dedicated window for the configuration of the device general parameters, the players A and B, the Priority 1 and 2 modules, the Events and the Playlists:



6.3.1.3 DUO-NET DEVICE SECTION

This section includes the following parameters:

DUO-N	IET	E PRES	ET		\$		FIRMWARE v1.05r19
Device P	layerA	Player	3 Priori	ity1 Prior	rity2		
GPIs		GPI 1 🔳	GPI 2 📕	GPI 3 🔳	GPI 4 🔳		GPI CODE 0000
CONFIG				🕑 NETWOR	KING		
Preset 1	Start-Up	OFF		Ethe	ernet MAC	68-C9-0B-B	9-D5-A9
Local Playb	oack Keys	ON			P Address		
	1-F5 Keys				UDP Port		
Local M	Menu Key	ON		Sub	bnet Mask	255.0.0.0	
IR Remo	te Enable	ON			Gateway	10.0.0.2	
IR Remote F	1-F5 Keys	ON					
IR Remote Varisp	eed Keys	ON					
c	GPI Mode	SINGLE					
L	CD Mode	ON					
LCD	Backlight	100					
LCD	Contrast	50					
Le	ocal Time	01/01/2000 - 05:	37:28				

The GPI LEDs show the activity of the active / inactive GPI contacts at the back side of the unit. In the following image GPI #1 and #3 are ON (ON = connected to the "+" terminal by means of an external contact closure, or to an external voltage source, +10VDC).



GPIs can trigger events, working in Direct or in Binary mode. In the above example the equivalent binary code of the active GPIs is 0101, where GPI1 is the LSB (Least Significant Bit). See DUO-NET EVENTS section for further details.

PANELS (UCP)



DUO-NET Device	Configuration 😣
Device "D	UO-NET"
Preset 1 Start-Up	
Discard Invalid Media	R
Local Playback Keys	2
Local F1-F5 Keys	⊻
Local Menu Key	
IR Remote Enable	⊻
IR Remote F1-F5 Keys	✓
IR Remote Varispeed Keys	✓
GPI Mode	SINGLE
LCD Mode	ON 🗢
LCD Backlight	
LCD Contrast	50 50
Local Date	22/06/2018
Local Time	11:31:10
NTP Synchronization	₫
NTP Server	pool.ntp.org
Time Zone	Spain/Madrid 🗢
ОК	Cancel

Clicking on the CONFIG icon will open the following window:

- Preset 1 Start-Up: when this box is checked, the DUO-NET unit loads Preset #1 whenever initialized, that is, every time you turn it off then on again. Otherwise, the DUO-NET will start with the last configuration, remembering controls and parameters values before shutdown
- Discard Invalid Media: in case a media reports errors when trying to play it, it is possible to decide whether it will be discarded for future play attempts (function = ON) or not (function = OFF). For the media which is not discarded, and included in a playlist in loop mode, DUO-NET PLAYER will try again to play it in future reading attempts. It is a very helpful function to avoid discarding, for instance, Internet streams that once failed for any reason, but don't want to be discarded for future reading attempts (new feature, from ENM v4.05r1)
- Local Playback Keys: enables / disables the four front panel transport keys function in the DUO-NET unit (PLAY/PAUSE, STOP, PREV and NEXT)

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- Local F1-F5 Keys: enables / disables the front panel programmable keys function (see EVENTS section for further details about the functions that can be assigned to these keys)
- Local Menu Key: enables / disables the front panel MENU key function (protection against unwanted configuration changes, like the IP address, etc.)
- IR Remote Enable: infrared remote control full enable / disable option
- IR Remote F1-F5 Keys: enables / disables the infrared remote control F1-F5 keys function (see EVENTS section for further details about the functions that can be assigned to these keys). The remote control includes a total of 10 keys of this kind: F1-F5 for PLAYER A and F1-F5 for PLAYER B
- **IR Remote Varispeed Keys:** Enables / disables the infrared remote control Varispeed keys function (track's tempo modification)
- **GPI Mode**: GPI ports working mode
 - **SINGLE**: each GPI will trigger an individual event, offering a maximum of 4 different events in total
 - BINARY: each GPI is a bit in a 4 bit binary code, being GPI1 the LSB (Least Significant Bit), offering a maximum of 15 different events in total (from code 0001 to code 1111)
- LCD Mode: backlight intensity in idle mode (after several seconds with no local controls activity):
 - **ON**: always ON
 - **OFF**: backlight totally OFF
 - **DIMMED**: backlight attenuated
- LCD Backlight: LCD backlight intensity, in a scale from 10 to 100
- LCD Contrast: LCD contrast, in a scale from 0 to 100
- Local Date and Time: internal clock settings, with a button (round dotted icon) to synchronize it with Windows clock.
- NTP Synchronization: DUO-NET can automatically synchronize its clock with an NTP service (Network Time Protocol). To allow this happens, a valid NTP server must be entered in the NTP Server field (example: pool.ntp.org) and the desired Time Zone must be as well selected, according to the location where the DUO-NET is going to be used.



Network	NETWORKING Configuration
Device "DU	O-NET MKT"
Ethernet MAC	68-C9-0B-B9-D5-A9
IP Address	10.11.11.147
UDP Port	2210
IP Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
IP Gateway	10.0.0.2
ОК	Cancel

Clicking on the NETWORKING icon will open the following window:

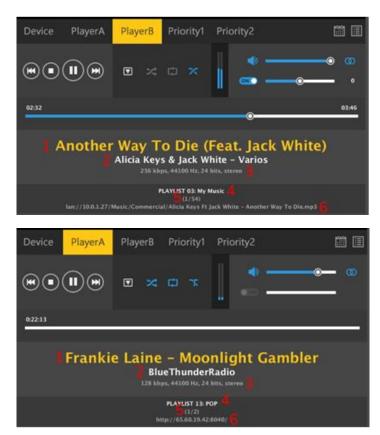
As every EclerNet device and computer belonging to an EclerNet project, the DUO-NET needs to get a **manually configured static IP address and subnet mask**.

Additionally, as DUO-NET is a device that can receive and play audio streams directly from the Internet, **the IP Gateway is a fundamental parameter to set up**, according to the Internet Gateway (usually the Internet router) existing in the installation's LAN. Otherwise, no access to Internet online radios and streams will be available for playback in Player A and/or Player B.



6.3.1.4 DUO-NET PLAYER A AND PLAYER B SECTIONS

These sections are identical regarding their controls and parameters, but totally independent, one linked to the PLAYER A stereo output and the other one to the PLAYER B stereo output:



The text information on the bottom side of the window shows:

- **1.** Track information tags
- **2.** Internet streaming station information tag (station name) or artist / album tags information
- **3.** Track encoding information: bit rate, sampling frequency and bits, stereo / mono format
- **4.** Playlist bank position in use, from the 99 available (see PLAYLISTS BANK section for further details)
- **5.** Item currently played back / number of valid items in the play queue (n/m): each time a playlist is loaded in Player A or B, the DUO-NET checks the compatible and valid items (individual tracks or media, internet streams, etc) and adds them to the play queue, discarding the non-valid ones (not compatible, not found, etc.). n shows the item currently in playback and m shows the total number of items in the play queue.
- **6.** In case the playlist content under current playback has an ALIAS name, it is as well shown to the right of the (n/m) information.
- 7. Path / url of the audio media currently playing back

T.O.C. & MENUS RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR



A time bar shows the current media playback time, in the case of Internet streams looking like this one:



And like this one in the case of local media (USB / SD) or media stored in LAN folders, including elapsed and total media times (it's as well possible to set a direct position assignment by clicking or scrolling the playback bar (**new feature, from ENM v4.05r1**):



The top side of the window includes these controls:



- 1. Transport keys:
 - PREV / REW: Previous track or item in the play queue and Rewind controls (when pushed and held, new feature, from ENM v4.05r1)
 - o **STOP**
 - PLAY / PAUSE: PLAY or PAUSE toggled functions in the same key
 - NEXT / FF: Next track or item in the play queue and Fast Forward control (when pushed and held, new feature, from ENM v4.05r1)
- **2.** Load Playlist: allows to load a given playlist in PLAYER A or B, from the 99 available in the bank



After loading one of them in PLAYER A or B, the DUO-NET will check its contents and include in the play queue just the available (found) and valid (compatible) media. See PLAYLISTS BANK section for further details.

3. Play Mode: SEQUENTIAL (greyed) or RANDOM (blue symbol)



4. Repeat Mode:

- **PLAY ALL**: plays back all the items in the play queue, just once (no repetition)
- **PLAY ONE**: plays back the selected item (current media), just once (no repetition)
- **REPEAT ALL**: repeats the full play queue in loop mode (endless)
- **REPEAT ONE**: repeats the selected item (current media) in loop mode (endless)
- **5.** Fade mode: playback transition mode between two consecutive media in the play queue
 - **NO FADE**: right after a media under playback finishes, the next one in the play queue starts its playback, none of them with fading in or out
 - CROSSFADE: the track finishing fades out meanwhile the next one fades in, both being mixed during this fade short interval
 - **FADE**: the track finishing fades out, and after its end, the next one fades in, without being mixed
 - HALF-FADE: the track finishing fades out, and before its end, the next one starts to be played back at full level (no fade in), begin mixed during this interval
- **6.** Volume meters: bar type audio volume meters for the Left and Right outputs of the player
- **7. MUTE ON/OFF**: loudspeaker symbol in blue colour means MUTE is OFF (audio not muted)
- 8. VOLUME: audio volume control for PLAYERS A / B, independent of the priority modules' own volume (new feature, from ENM v4.05r1)
- **9.** MONO / STEREO mode: sets the audio output of the player in stereo (two circles symbol) or mono (one circle symbol) modes. In mono mode, both left and right outputs deliver the same L+R mono signal, doing a stereo to mono conversion in case the original media was a stereo one
- **10. VARISPEED ENABLE / DISABLE and VARISPEED control**: these controls allow to speed up or down the track's tempo (bpms), a useful feature in fitness and similar applications. The bpm increment / decrement is shown in percentage (in the next picture it shows a +12% value)





6.3.1.5 **DUO-NET PRIORITY 1 AND PRIORITY 2 MODULES SECTIONS**

These sections are identical regarding their controls and parameters, but totally independent in terms of functionality.

A Priority module is a function able to playback an audio media with priority on top of the program audio (playlist, tracks or streaming media) being played in one or both players (A, B) of the DUO-NET. When played, the priority media can attenuate (override) or even totally mute the program audio in the destination player(s). The program audio gets back to its previous status after the effect of the priority is over.



Priority modules are a tool to playback pre-recorded audio messages (evacuation messages, event announcements, marketing ads, commercials, etc.) triggered by a given schedule (using scheduled events) or triggered by different other stimulus, like external dry contacts, switches, buttons or detectors (connected to GPI ports), front panel F1-F5 keys, IR remote F1-F5 keys or virtual buttons available in UCPs (User Control Panels).

Both modules can be configured independently and their configuration can be stored in DUO-NET presets, so that recalling different presets can recall different Priority modules configurations. See PRESETS section for further information.



APP



Priority modules are always triggered by EVENTS, which define how are they triggered, which is the priority media to be played and which is the destination of the priority media (PLAYER A, B or both). See EVENTS section for further information.



These are the parameters that define the configuration of a Priority module:

- 1. PRIORITY MEDIA PARAMETERS (parameters affecting the priority media that the module will manage and play in the destination players: A, B or both):
 - STATUS LED: when lit (green), means the module is currently active \circ (playing a priority media), after being triggered by an event
 - **PRIORITY (LOW/HIGH)**: priority level of a module when compared to the other module. This priority level defines how both modules will behave when trying to trigger them at the same time with the same destination player (A, B or both).

Examples:

- One Priority Module (e.g., P1) has HIGH priority level and the other module (e.g. P2) has LOW priority level, and both are triggered by events to the same PLAYER destination (A, B or both):
 - If P1 is triggered, P1 will start to play its priority for the time defined in its triggering event. During that time, if then P2 is triggered, P2 will be gueued until P1 event is over. Then, P2 will really activate its event and play its priority media
 - If P2 is triggered and playing its priority media, and then P1 is triggered, it will stop and discard P2 playback and P1 will start its own priority media playback
- P1 and P2 have both the same priority level: after one of them is already triggered and playing, the second one that is triggered will be queued and will wait until the first one finishes its event, to start then to play its own priority media

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

APP



- PRIO VOL: volume at which the priority media will be played at the destination players (A, B or both, defined by the triggering event). This volume is independent from the PLAYERS A / B own volume control (new feature, from ENM v4.05r1)
- 2. PRIORITY MEDIA INFO: when a module is active (STATUS LED ON), playing a priority media, this section will show its information (file name, tags, encoding information, etc.)
- **3. PLAYER MEDIA PARAMETERS** (parameters affecting the program media that is currently being played in the destination player, when the priority media overrides it):
 - ATT DEPTH: attenuation applied to the program media, to mix it with the incoming priority media. -60 dB (minimum value) is equivalent to a MUTE of the program media
 - FADE-OUT TIME: time interval that the attenuation attack ramp will take to gradually set the program media to the audio level defined by ATT DEPTH, starting at the triggering moment
 - **FADE-IN TIME:** time interval that the attenuation release ramp will take to gradually set back the program media to its previous audio level, after the module's priority event is over

6.3.1.6 DUO-NET PLAYLIST BANK SECTION

PLAYERs A and B can load and play audio media from different locations:

- USB local memory device: connected to the DUO-NET USB slot
- **SD/SDHC card local memory device**: connected to the DUO-NET SD/SDHC slot
- Local Area Network media: stored in a folder of a computer belonging to the same LAN as the DUO-NET device
- Internet streaming media: directly from the Internet, accessing to it via the Internet network gateway (gateway IP must be configured in the DUO-NET's network parameters window)

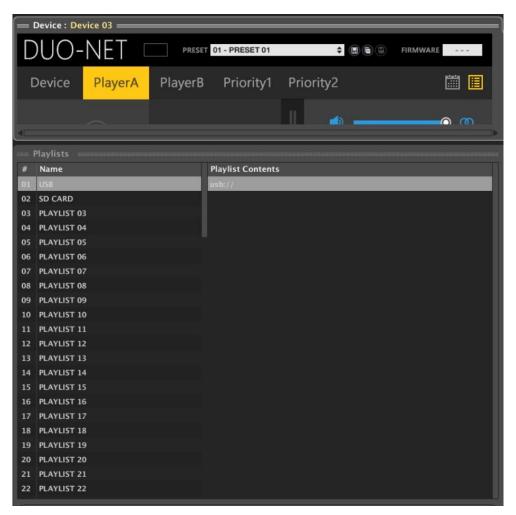
The audio media must be compatible with any of these formats: mp3, ogg, AAC, WAV o FLAC.

The way PLAYER A and B are configured to load and play audio media is by means of the PLAYLIST BANK, which is shown clicking on this icon:





By default, the playlist bank will show this information, with the first two playlist positions, out of the 99 available, already pre-configured (but editable by the user):



Each position in the playlist bank has an index number, a playlist name and a list of items (Playlist Contents) which must point to valid audio media. By default:

POSITION NUMBER	PLAYLIST NAME	PLAYLIST CONTENTS (items)
01	USB	usb://
02	SD CARD	mmc://
03	PLAYLIST 03	empty
99	PLAYLIST 99	empty

T.O.C. & MENUS APP RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS



Playlists 01 and 02 are pointing, by default, to the media stored in USB and SD storage devices that may be connected to the DUO-NET front panel slots. That is an easy way to directly access the audio media in those kind of devices without the need to reprogram the unit.

Every playlist in the bank can be renamed (Right-click + Edit) and repositioned (Rightclick + Move Up / Move Down) in the list index:

* Nar	ne		Playlist Contents
1 USB			mmc://
2 SD		_	
3 PL/	Load in Player A Load in Player B		
4 PL/	Edit		
5 PL/	Сору	ctrl + C	
6 PL/	Cut	ctrl + X	
7 PL/	Paste		
8 PL/	Clear		
9 PL/	Remove	delete	
0 PL/	Move Up	ctrl + up	
1 PL	Move Down	ctrl + down	

And every playlist in the bank can include a list of items, each one pointing to locations of valid audio media. For instance, these are 9 items that have been manually included in playlist #37:

# Name	Playlist Contents	
29 PLAYLIST 31	lan://10.0.1.27/Music/	
30 Musica Angel	usb://	
31 Phono Media Radio	http://173.244.215.162:8220	
32 Radios Espana	http://69.4.234.186:9110	
33 UK Rock	http://media-ice.musicradio.com/ArrowMP3	
34 SoundCloud	http://icy-e-05-gos.sharp-stream.com/teamrock.aac	
35 Alternative/Indie	http://stream.radiocorp.nl/r10_90s_mp3.m3u	
36 Event 3	usb://evacuation_message.mp3	
37 My Music	http://www.ecler.com/images/Duonet/Songs_in_a_different_way/play.m3u	
38 PLAYLIST 40		
39 PLAYLIST 41		

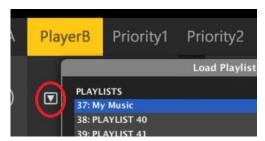
When one playlist is loaded in player A or B, DUO-NET will check the list of items included in it and will create a play queue just including the ones which have been found and are valid (compatible).



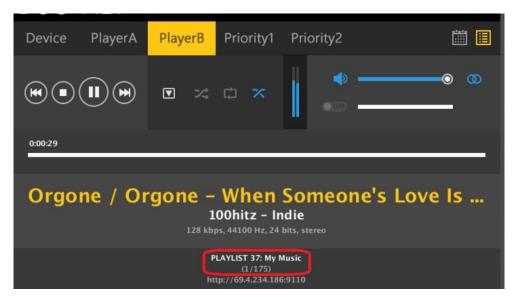
Playlists Name **Playlist Contents** SoundCloud 34 Alternative/Indie 35 lan://10.0.1.27/Music/ 36 Event 3 usb:// My Music http://173.244.215.162:82 Load in Player A PLAYLIS 38 ttp://media-ice.musicrad Load in Player B PLAYLIS ttp://icy-e-05-gos.shar Edit... 40 EVENTS ttp://stream.radiocorp.n Copy PLAYLIS 41 sb://evacuation_messa

In the next example, we load playlist #37 in player B:





Then, player B will check it and create the play queue, which in this case will include every valid streaming source and individual audio track that has found and checked among the 9 locations (or URLs) defined by the nine items in the playlist. In this case, a total of 175 items:



Activating the PLAY function will start to play the media at the first position in the play queue (or a random position media when in RANDOM PLAY mode), and NEXT / PREV keys will allow to skip it and move to the next or previous media in the queue.



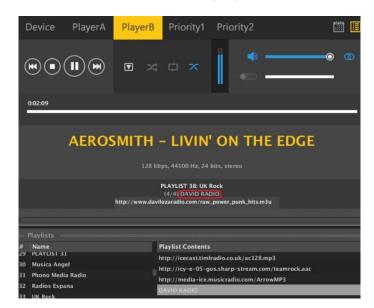
Adding and editing items in a position in the Playlist Contents list is done by mouse double click or mouse right-click + Add New, Edit or Insert New options:

# Name		Playlist Contents		
		http://icecast.timIradio.co.uk/ac128.mp3		
24 NACIONALS		http://icy-e-05-gos.sl	harp-stream.com/teamrock.aac	
25 AUSTRALIA		http://media-ice.musi	icradio.com/ArrowMP3	
26 INTERNACIONALS RO	СК			
27 PROVES AMC	Add New			
28 Musica Adria	Insert New	insert		
29 PLAYLIST 31	Edit			
30 Musica Angel	Сору	ctrl + C		
31 Phono Media Radio	Cut	ctrl + X		
32 Radios Espana	Paste			
33 UK Rock	Remove	delete		
34 SoundCloud	Move Up	ctrl + up		
35 Alternative/Indie	Move Down	ctrl + down		

And this is the edit window that will open up

ск	DAVID R	ADIO
		Edit Playlist Content
		Playlist "33 : UK Rock"
	Alias	DAVID RADIO
	Media Path	http://www.davilozaradio.com/raw_power_punk_hits.m3u
_		
		OK Cancel

The Media Path is a mandatory field, but the Alias field is optional. If you enter a text in the Alias field, this is the name that will be shown in the Playlist Contents list, as well as in the player A or B info when this item is under playback:



If no text is entered in the Alias field, then just the Media Path will be shown in the Playlist Contents list.



Each playlist in the bank of 99 playlists of the DUO-NET, has a dedicated Playlist Contents list, which can include more than 2.000 items. The Media Path field of each individual item in this list could be any of these possible options (some examples):

Media Path	Media Location	<i>Items included in the play queue (just valid audio media)</i>	T.O.C.
usb://	USB storage device, root folder	Media stored in the USB root folder and up to the third level of sub-folders in it	INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES
mmc://	SD card storage device, root folder	Media stored in the SD card root folder and up to the third level of sub-folders in it	NOTES
usb://musicfolder/jazz	USB storage device, \musicfolder\jazz folder	to the third level of sub-folders in it.	MENUS & TOOLBAR
mmc://musicfolder/jazz	SD card storage device, \musicfolder\jazz folder		APP WINDOWS
mmc://evacuation_message.mp3	SD storage device, root folder	mp3 single file named evacuation_message.mp3	CONTE
usb://evacuation_message.mp3	USB storage device, root folder	mp3 single file named evacuation_message.mp3	CONTEXT MENU
lan://10.0.1.27/Music/	Folder in a computer within the DUO-NET LAN	Media stored in the computer with IP 10.0.1.27 , \ Music folder and up to the third level of sub- folders in it	EclerNet PROJECT
lan://10.0.1.27/Music/love_me_tender.m		mp3 single file named	
рЗ	within the DUO-NET LAN	love_me_tender.mp3 stored in the computer with IP 10.0.1.27, \Music folder	COMPATIBLE DEVICES
usb://path/my_collection.m3u mmc://path/my_collection.m3u lan://path/my_collection.m3u	Defined by the m3u playlist file	Media pointed by my_collection.m3u playlist	LE USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)
usb://path/my_songs.m3u8 mmc://path/my_songs.m3u8 lan://path/my_songs.m3u8	Defined by the m3u8 playlist file	path is the folder path where the m3u file is located	JCP)



	r		-
usb://path/best_of_rock.pls mmc://path/best_of_rock.pls lan://path/best_of_rock.pls	Defined by the pls playlist file	Mediapointedbymy_songs.m3u8playlistpath is the folder path wherethe m3u8file is located	
http://www.ecler.com/music/party_song s/party.m3u	Defined by the m3u playlist file	Media pointed by party.m3u playlist, and located in a Internet url (corporate web, etc.)	
http://www.ecler.com/music/party_song s/party.pls	Defined by the pls playlist file	Media pointed by party.pls playlist, and located in a Internet url (corporate web, etc.)	RELEASE NOTES
http://65.60.19.42:8040/	Real-time Internet streaming	Media served by an Internet audio streaming service with url http://nnn.nnn.nnn:port (in the example http://65.60.19.42:8040/)	TOOLBAR
http://stream1.megarockradio.net:8240	Real-time Internet streaming	Media served by an Internet audio streaming service with url http://url:port	WINDOWS
http://195.55.74.211/cope/rockfm.mp3	Real-time Internet streaming	Media served by an Internet audio streaming service with url http://url/nnnn.mp3	
http://208.92.53.90:443/LOS40_SC	Real-time Internet streaming	Media served by an Internet audio streaming service with url http://url/folder	
http://media_ musicradio.com/channel01.m3u	Real-time Internet streaming	Media served by an Internet audio streaming service, a playlist with url http://url/playlist.m3u	PROJECT
etc			

T.O.C.

INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES

MENUS & TOOLBAR

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CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

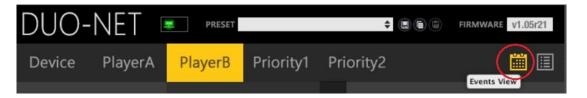
279



6.3.1.7 DUO-NET EVENTS SECTION

A DUO-NET event is a software routine converting a control input signal (GPI port, front panel or infrared remote keys, UCP control panels buttons, time scheduler, etc.) in an action which could affect the value of a parameter in the DUO-NET: PLAY, STOP, PAUSE, etc. function in a player, load a *Preset*, load a playlist in player, etc.

Clicking on the EVENTS icon displays the **Events list** in the bottom of the screen:



The list can include a maximum of 64 events. By default, a DUO-NET has 20 of them already created, driving the selection of the first 5 playlists in the bank, for both players (A and B) and using F1 to F5 keys in the DUO-NET front panel and the IR remote control. Of course, these events can be edited or deleted if desired.

			Device : Device 03
_	Events		
	Name	Source	Target
01	EVENT 01	Front Panel F1, Direct, Player A	Playlist 01 – USB, Player A
02	EVENT 02	Front Panel F2, Direct, Player A	Playlist 02 - SD CARD, Player A
03	EVENT 03	Front Panel F3, Direct, Player A	Playlist 03 - PLAYLIST 03, Player A
04	EVENT 04	Front Panel F4, Direct, Player A	Playlist 04 - PLAYLIST 04, Player A
05	EVENT 05	Front Panel F5, Direct, Player A	Playlist 05 - PLAYLIST 05, Player A
06	EVENT 06	Front Panel F1, Direct, Player B	Playlist 01 - USB, Player B
07	EVENT 07	Front Panel F2, Direct, Player B	Playlist 02 – SD CARD, Player B
08	EVENT 08	Front Panel F3, Direct, Player B	Playlist 03 - PLAYLIST 03, Player B
09	EVENT 09	Front Panel F4, Direct, Player B	Playlist 04 - PLAYLIST 04, Player B
10	EVENT 10	Front Panel F5, Direct, Player B	Playlist 05 - PLAYLIST 05, Player B
11	EVENT 11	IR Remote F1, Direct, Player A	Playlist 01 - USB, Player A
12	EVENT 12	IR Remote F2, Direct, Player A	Playlist 02 - SD CARD, Player A
13	EVENT 13	IR Remote F3, Direct, Player A	Playlist 03 - PLAYLIST 03, Player A
14	EVENT 14	IR Remote F4, Direct, Player A	Playlist 04 - PLAYLIST 04, Player A
15	EVENT 15	IR Remote F5, Direct, Player A	Playlist 05 - PLAYLIST 05, Player A
16	EVENT 16	IR Remote F1, Direct, Player B	Playlist 01 - USB, Player B
17	EVENT 17	IR Remote F2, Direct, Player B	Playlist 02 - SD CARD, Player B
18	EVENT 18	IR Remote F3, Direct, Player B	Playlist 03 - PLAYLIST 03, Player B
19	EVENT 19	IR Remote F4, Direct, Player B	Playlist 04 - PLAYLIST 04, Player B
20	EVENT 20	IR Remote F5, Direct, Player B	Playlist 05 - PLAYLIST 05, Player B



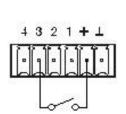
Editing existing events or creating new ones can be accessed by opening the context menu in the list (mouse right-click):

#	Name		Source		
01	EVENT 01		Front Danel El	Direct P	layer /
02	EVENT 02	Add New.		22 14	ayer /
03	EVENT 03	Insert Ne	w	insert	layer /
04	EVENT 04	Rename Edit		F2	layer /
05	EVENT 05	Еант Сору		rtri + C	layer /
06	EVENT 06	Cut		ctrl + X	layer l
07	EVENT 07	Paste		ctrl + V	layer l
08	EVENT 08	Remove		delete	layer I
09	EVENT 09	Move Up			layer l
10	EVENT 10	Move Do	wn	ctrl + down	layer l
11	EVENT 11	Clear All	Events		yer A

An event can have any of these possible control trigger signals (Event Source):

	Add New	Reserve of the second se
Event Enable	M	0
Event Name	DAVID EVENT	
SOURCE	Frankerson	
Input	NONE	
TARGET Output	✓ NONE GPI VIRTUAL FRONT PANEL KEY IR REMOTE KEY PRESET RECALL TIME SCHEDULER	

• **GPI**: a GPI can be activated by closing a contact between terminals +10VDC and n, where n can be GPI 1, 2, 3 or 4 (example activating GPI 3)



GPI

If GPI is selected as the event source, you need to specify the GPI port number and the DIRECT/REVERSE polarity:

- DIRECT: for rising edge-triggering, from 0VDC to 10VDC (active status is 10VDC)
- REVERSE: for falling edge-triggering, from 10VDC to 0VDC (active status is 0VDC)

T.O.C. & MENUS RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR



Event Enable	₹						
Event Name	DAVID EVENT						
SOURCE	-						
Input		≑ igure Event Input: GPI	*	Input	GPI	÷	
	Conr	igure Event input: Gri	*		Conf	igure Event Input: GPI	*
	GPI	GPI 1	÷				
TARGET Output	Polarity	🗸 GPI 1			GPI	GPI 1	÷ –
output	roianty	GPI 2		Dutput	Polarity	DIRECT	¢
	_	GPI 3				✓ DIRECT	
		GPI 4			-	REVERSE	
		OK Cancel				Cancer	

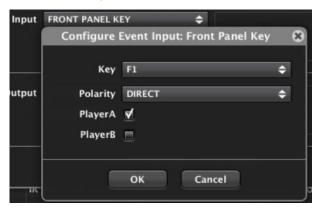
GPIs BINARY MODE (4-bit combinations): UNDER CONSTRUCTION

• VIRTUAL: a virtual control can be the trigger linked to a key (button) in a UCP panel.

If a UCP virtual control is selected as stimulus, we must specify which one among the 64 available in the DUO-NET is selected, and how the stimulus is interpreted, DIRECT / REVERSE (when you press or release the UCP button), as in the previous case:



• **FRONT PANEL KEY:** F1 to F5 keys in the front panel key, in combination with PLAYER A and/or B selected by means of the PLAYER A / B front panel keys:



T.O.C. INTRODUCTION & & RELEASE NOTES

MENUS & TOOLBAR

282



• IR REMOTE KEY: F1 to F5 for player A or F1 to F5 for player B keys in the infrared remote:

	Configure	Event Input: IR Remote	Key 🛞		Configure	Event Input: Front	Panel Key 🛛 🛞
utput	Key Polarity		¢ \$	T Output	Key Polarity	F1 ✓ F1	¢
	PlayerA PlayerB	₫		Curpur	Polarity PlayerA PlayerB	F2 F3 F4	
	-	OK Cancel				FS OK Cance	el

• **PRESET RECALL**: the event will be triggered right after a given preset is recalled:

nable	× (Configure	Event Input: Preset Recall	8
Name	EVENT 021			
		Preset	01 - PC-Radio	¢
Input	PRESET RECALL		🗸 01 - PC-Radio	
mpar		-	02 - PRESET 02	
	CONFIG		03 - PRESET 03	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		04 - PRESET 04	
	Rental and the second		05 - PRESET 05	
utput	INTERNAL	÷	06 - PRESET 06	
	CONFIG		07 - PRESET 07	
			08 - PRESET 08	
			09 - PRESET 09	
		ок	10 - PRESET 10	
			11 - PRESET 11	

• **TIME SCHEDULER**: this type of event receives its input stimulus according to a calendar with date and time of onset, duration, days of the week it must be activated or not, repetition by time interval or number of repetitions and end date. The DUO-NET has an internal clock that allows the management of such events, which can be as well synchronized with NTP service (Network / Internet clocks):

	(Configure Event Input: Time Scheduler	8
Event Enable Event Name		Start Date 26/05/2016 Active o Time 12:27 ✓ Mono	
SOURCE Input	TIME SCHEDULER	Polarity DIRECT	esdays
TARGET Output	INTERNAL	✓ Repeat Interval 15 MINUTES ◆ ✓ Times 7 ✓ End Date 28/05/2016 Time 14:31	days
	rtual2, Direct	OK Cancel	

RELEASE NOTES

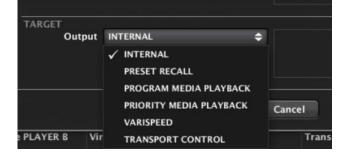


• TIME SCHEDULER (BASIC): it's a simplified version of a scheduler, with a much easier way to configure events with daily repetition (new feature, from ENM v4.05r1)

JKey ON		Gateway 192
Conf	igure Event	t Input: Time Scheduler (Basic)
Date and	Time inter	
Date and	i inte inter	
	Start Date	12/06/2018
	Start Time	08:00
	Duration	FOREVER 🗢
	End Date	
	End Time	
Weekly re	petition	
Active	e these days:	
🗹 Mo	🗹 Ти 🗹	We 🗹 Th 🗹 Fr 🔲 Sa 🔲 Su
Daily repe	tition	
	Repeat	₫
	Interval	01:00:00
	Times	8
The event y		
The event v	Times will finish at	
The event v		
The event v		

Combining Time Scheduler with Time Scheduler Basic opens up a new range of possibilities. For example, some calendar exceptions can be created (festive days, nonworkable days, etc.) in a simple way. Program an annual calendar in a simple way, using Time Scheduler Basic, and also create events with Time Scheduler, recalling presets for festive days or holidays period where the previous basic schedule event is disabled.

Once defined the Source or trigger for the event, we must define the Target or action as well to execute when the event is triggered. These are the possible Targets for an event:





• **PRESET RECALL**: a given preset out of the 20 available can be recalled:



• **PROGRAM MEDIA PLAYBACK**: selects a playlist from the DUO-NET bank, loads it in PLAYER A and/or B and sets a playback mode for it (CONTINUE with the current PLAY / PAUSE status, force PLAY mode or force STOP mode):

put	GPI	Configure Event Output: Program Media Playback 🛞		Output: Program M
	CONFIG	Playlist None 🗢	Playlist	√ None
tput	PROGRAM MEDIA PLAYBACK	Play Mode CONTINUE 🗢 PlayerA 🗹 PlayerB 🗹	Play Mode PlayerA	01 - USB 02 - SD CARD 03 - My Music
	ок	OK Cancel	PlayerB	04 - Radios Espana 05 - Events
	_)utput: Program Media Playback 🛛 🔞		06 – Ecler 07 – Blues 08 – Hard rock
		08 - Hard rock 🗢 1 CONTINUE 🗢	irect irect	09 - Rock variado
	PlayerA PlayerB	CONTINUE PLAY	irect	10 - OUTWORLDZ 11 - oz
	Players	STOP	Direct	12 - fff 13 - POP
		OK Cancel	irect irect	14 – VARIOS 15 – COUNTRY
			irect	2.5 COONTIN

• **PRIORITY MEDIA PLAYBACK**: selects a playlist from the DUO-NET bank, loads it in PRIORITY module 1 or 2, decides the PLAYER to be affected by the priority audio (A and/or B) and sets the Triggering Mode for the priority audio:

5	Configure Even	01 - USB	Configure Ever	nt Output: Priority Med	ia Playback 🛛 🛞
Enab	Configure Even	02 – SD CARD 03 – My Music	Priority Select	PRIORITY 1	¢
Nan	Priority Select	04 - Radios Espana	Playlist	✓ PRIORITY 1	
	Playlist	✓ 05 - Evacuation Message		PRIORITY 2	
Inp	PlayerA	06 - Ecler	PlayerA	<u>×</u>	
	PlayerB	07 - Blues	PlayerB		
	гаусть	08 - Hard rock	Trigger Mode	HOLD	<u> </u>
	Trigger Mode	09 - Rock variado	Trigger Mode	HOLD	÷ .
	Hold Time	10 - OUTWORLDZ	Hold Time		<u> </u>
Dutp		11 - oz		-	
	Retrigger	12 - fff	Retrigger		
		13 - POP			
		14 - VARIOS		OK Cancel	n i
		15 - COUNTRY		Cancer	
_		16 - REGGAE)



Trigger modes are:

• **HOLD**: the priority audio will be played in the destination players (A / B) as long as the trigger stimulus is active (e.g.: meanwhile an external contact that triggers a GPI is closed).

Hold Time FOLSE V HOLD Retrigger
inclingger 📃

• **PULSE**: the priority audio will start playing in the destination players (A / B) when the trigger stimulus appears and will keep playing for the time defined by the Hold Time parameter. When Retrigger option is enabled, a new trigger pulse happening during the Hold Time period will start the event again from zero, resetting the time counter as well.

Trigger Mode	PULSE	¢
Hold Time		17.0 s
Retrigger	⊻	
	OK Cancel	

• VARISPEED: each time the trigger appears (e.g.: a push button is pressed, connected to a GPI, or a button in a UCP control panel is pressed), the event will speed up or down the track's tempo (bpms), a useful feature in fitness and similar applications. The bpm increment / decrement each time the event is triggered is defined by the Amount parameter:

Input GPI CONFIG	≎ Configure Event Outp	GPI: GPI1 T 021	Configur	e Event Output: Va	rispeed 😵
	Amount +1%	•	Amount	+1%	¢
CONFIG	PlayerA ♥ PlayerB ♥	NFIG	PlayerA PlayerB	-10% -5% -3%	
	ОК	Cancel		-1% 0	
		NFIG		✓ +1% +3% +5%	



• **TRANSPORT CONTROL**: each time the trigger appears (e.g.: a push button is pressed, connected to a GPI, or a button in a UCP control panel is pressed), the event will activate a transport control function (PLAY / PAUSE / STOP, etc.) in PLAYER A and/or B:

Input	GPI	Configure Ev	ent Output: Transpo		Configure Eve	ent Output: Trans
	CONFIG	Control		÷	Control	to share the colors
utput TRANSPORT CONTROL	PlayerA PlayerB			PlayerA PlayerB	✓ STOP PLAY PREV/RW	
			OK Cancel			NEXT/FF PLAY/PAUSE

Events enable / disable status is preset-dependant, if desired. This means that, when saving a preset, this status for all the existing events can be stored as part of the data stored in it, so that recalling a preset also restores the existing combination of enabled and disabled events at the time of saving.

	Save Preset 01
	Device "DUO-NET DAVID"
Edit Event	Preset Name PC-Radio
Event Enable 🗹	Save Data 📃 Player A
Event Name EVENT 021	📃 Player B
	Priority
SOURCE	🗹 Event Enables
Input GPI 🗢	
CONFIG	OK Cancel



6.3.1.8 DUO-NET UCP CONTROLS

These are some of most remarkable UCP control functions that the DUO-NET supports, some of them used in this example panel (see **User Control Panels chapter** for further details regarding custom-made graphical screens for the remote control of EclerNet installations):

DUO-NET DUAL MEDIA P	PLAYER		Mecre
• • 11	PLAYER A	PLAYER A PLAYER B	PLAYER B
書	Ø USB		USB
-	🗖 SD		💼 🗖 SD
	🛃 LAN		LAN 🔜
	📫 RADIO		RADIO
-	MESSAGE		- MESSAGE
Vol.	H4 >>>	MUTE A MUTE B	Vol. 🔫 😕

6.3.1.8.1 DYNAMIC TEXTS

Will show numeric or text information in real-time:

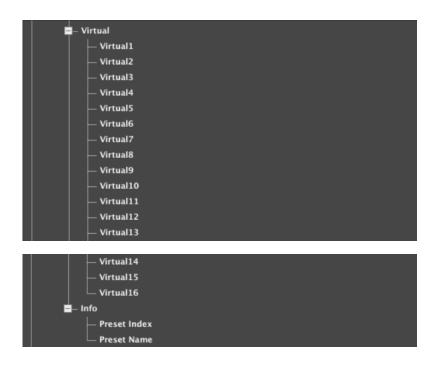
- Devices
- Preset
- Ready
- Player
📙 📥 Player A
VumeterPre
- VumeterPost
- Volume
Mute
Playlist
- TransportControl
Stop
- Play_Pause
Prev
Next



	– PlayMode
	- RepeatMode
	- FadeMode
	- Varispeed
	- Info
-	Playlist Index
	- Playlist Name
	- Queue Index
	Queue Count
	Queue count
	— Item BitRate
	— Item SampleRate
	— Item SampleBits
	- Item Channels
	— Item URI
	— Item Alias
	— Item Title
	— Item Artist
	— Item Album
	Item Name
	— Item Time Elapsed
	- Item Time Remaining
	Item Time Total
	- Item Summary Field1
	— Item Summary Field2
	L Item Summary Field3
PL Play	var B
■— Play ■— Priority ■— Pric	ority 1 - Status
- Priority	ority 1 Status Info
Priority	ority 1 Status Info — Playlist Index
- Priority	ority 1 Status Info — Playlist Index — Playlist Name
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info Playlist Index Playlist Name Queue Index
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate
- Priority	ority 1 Status Info Playlist Index Playlist Name Queue Index Queue Count Item BitRate Item SampleRate Item SampleBits
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels
■— Priority ■— Pric	ority 1 Status Info Playlist Index Playlist Name Queue Index Queue Count Item BitRate Item SampleRate Item SampleBits
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI
Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleBate - Item SampleBats - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias
Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title
Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Atist
Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Hias - Item Title - Item Atist - Item Atist - Item Album
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Artist - Item Album - Item Name
Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Alias
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Artist - Item Album - Item Name
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Alias
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Title - Item Time Elapsed - Item Time Remaining
- Priority	ority 1 - Status Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Titl
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Alias - Item Alias - Item Title - Item Title - Item Title - Item Title - Item Title Elapsed - Item Time Remaining - Item Time Total - Item Summary Field1
- Priority	ority 1 - Status - Info - Playlist Index - Playlist Name - Queue Index - Queue Count - Item BitRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleRate - Item SampleBits - Item Channels - Item URI - Item URI - Item Atist - Item Atist - Item Atist - Item Atist - Item Annee - Item Atist - Item Atist - Item Time Elapsed - Item Time Remaining - Item Summary Field1 - Item Summary Field2 - Item Summary Field3

RELEASE NOTES INTRODUCTION œ MENUS & TOOLBAR APP WINDOWS CONTEXT MENU PROJECT EclerNet COMPATIBLE DEVICES USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



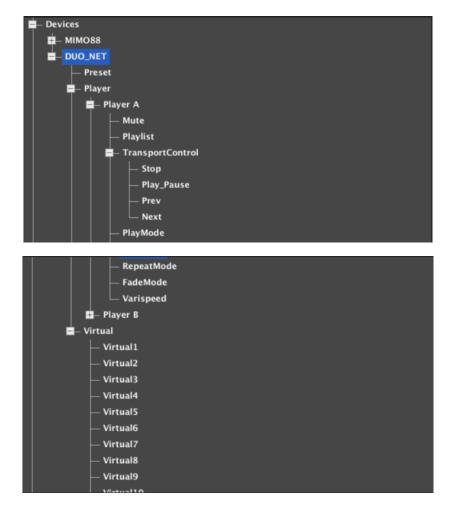


Remarks:

- **"Info/Playlist Index":** playlist in use, number (position) from 1 to 99 in the playlist bank
- "Info/Playlist Name": playlist in use, name
- "Info/Queue Index": item under reproduction, position in the current play queue
- "Info/Queue Count": total number of items included in the current play queue
- "Info/Item BitRate": item under reproduction, bitrate
- "Info/Item SampleRate": item under reproduction, sample rate
- "Info/Item SampleBits": item under reproduction, sample bits
- "Info/Item Channels": item under reproduction, channels
- "Info/Item Source": item under reproduction, source
- "Info/Item URI": item under reproduction, URL
- "Info/Item Alias": item under reproduction, Alias name
- "Info/Item Title": item under reproduction, title tag
- "Info/Item Artist": item under reproduction, artist tag
- "Info/Item Album": item under reproduction, album tag
- "Info/Item Name": item under reproduction, name tag
- "Info/Item Time Elapsed": item under reproduction, elapsed time
- "Info/Item Time Remaining": item under reproduction, remaining time
- "Info/Item Time Total": item under reproduction, total time
- "Info/Item Summary Field1": item under reproduction. Shows the first available information, within this list: Title, Alias, URL
- "Info/Item Summary Field2": item under reproduction. Shows the first available information, within this list: Artist-Album, Artist, Album, Name
- "Info/Item Summary Field3": item under reproduction. Shows, if available, Bitrate, SampleRate, SampleBits and Channels in a single text chain



6.3.1.8.2 BUTTONS



Remarks:

- "PlayMode" parameter: 0 = Sequential, 1 = Random. Admits BUTTON, BUTTON MULTI and BUTTON INC/DEC type controls. INC/DEC buttons will swap in circle fashion (0-1-0-1, etc, or seq - random - seq - random - etc.) after sequential button presses. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.
- "RepeatMode" parameter: 0 = Play all, 1 = Play one, 2 = Repeat all, 3 = Repeat one. Admits BUTTON, BUTTON MULTI and BUTTON INC/DEC type controls. INC/DEC buttons will swap in circle fashion (0-1-2-3-0-1-2-3-0, etc, or play all play one repeat all -repeat one play all play one repeat all repeat one play all play one repeat all repeat one play all, etc.) after sequential button presses. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.
- "FadeMode" parameter: 0 = None, 1 = Cross Fade, 2 = Fade, 3 = Half Fade. Admits BUTTON, BUTTON MULTI and BUTTON INC/DEC type controls. INC/DEC buttons will swap in circle fashion (0-1-2-3-0-1-2-3-0, etc, or none - cross fade - fade half fade - none - cross fade - fade - half fade - none, etc.) after sequential button presses. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.

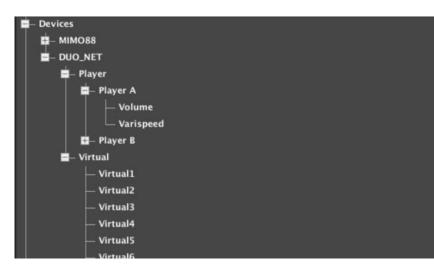
T.O.C.

PROJECT



"Varispeed" parameter: Admits numerical values in the range from 0 to 100 (0 = -50%, 50 = 0%, 100 = +50%). Admits FADER, ROTARY, BUTTON, BUTTON MULTI and BUTTON INC/DEC type controls. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.

6.3.1.8.3 FADERS AND ROTARIES



T.O.C.	
& RELEASE NOTES	INTRODUCTION
& TOOLBAR	MENUS
WINDOWS	APP
PROJECT	EclerNet
DEVICES	COMPATIBLE
PANELS (UCP)	



6.3.1.8.4 LED INDICATORS

🖨 – Devices
- Preset
- Ready
- Player
🚔 – Player A
Mute
— Playlist
- TransportStatus
Stop
Play Play
Pause
— PlayMode
- RepeatMode
- FadeMode
±− Player B
Priority
Priority 1
Status
₽ Priority 2
- Virtual 1
— Virtual2
- Virtual3
- Virtual4
- Virtual5
— Virtual6

Remarks:

- "PlayMode" parameter: 0 = Sequential, 1 = Random. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.
- **"RepeatMode" parameter**: 0 = Play all, 1 = Play one, 2 = Repeat all, 3 = Repeat one. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.
- **"FadeMode" parameter**: 0 = None, 1 = Cross Fade, 2 = Fade, 3 = Half Fade. LED controls can be linked to these numerical values to get on-screen feedback of the active mode.

MENUS & TOOLBAR



6.4 DANTE™ PROTOCOL COMPATIBLE DEVICES

6.4.1 DN44BOB

6.4.1.1 DN44BOB INTRODUCTION

The DN44BOB is a 4 x inputs and 4 x outputs Dante[™] (Audio Over IP) Break Out Box (interface). It allows to convert 4 analogue audio signals into 4 Dante[™] channels and send them into an Ethernet LAN, as well as to take 4 Dante[™] channels from the Ethernet network and convert them to analogue audio signals. It includes 4 GPI control ports (0-10VDC) and 4 GPO control ports (NO/NC relays). DN44BOB can be used together with other EclerNet Dante ready products or as a stand-alone Dante interface, together with any audio device including analogue audio inputs and/or outputs.

DN44BOB programming and control is managed using EclerNet Manager, from a remote point of the Ethernet network it is connected to. Using EclerNet Manager it is possible to manage every parameter in the device, except for the Dante routing, which is done using Audinate© Dante Controller software.

The back panel of the hardware device includes these terminals and controls:

- **RJ45 ETHERNET/DANTE**: Ethernet, EclerNet and Dante interface port
- **IN1 to IN4**: analogue audio inputs, receiving 4 audio sources which will be converted to 4 Dante channels and sent to the network through the RJ45 connector
- **OUT1 to OUT4**: analogue audio outputs, which come from 4 Dante channels received in the unit from the network, through the RJ45 connector
- GPO1 to GPO4: 4 General Purpose Outputs, NC/NO relays
- GPI1 to GPI4: 4 General Purpose Inputs, 0 10 VDC, connectable to external devices such as contact closures, potentiometers, ECLER WPm / WPa series panels, 0 - 10 VDC power supply, etc
- FD push button: Factory Defaults restoration button

GPI inputs and GPO outputs can be programmed to trigger some functions of the unit, such as:

- recall a Preset with an external WPm / WPa selector (GPI)
- activate/deactivate a MUTE control with an external physical switch (GPI)
- set a volume from an external physical control such as a WPm / WPa series panel or a potentiometer (GPI)
- activate a GPO (close / open a relay) connected to external devices (lights, GPI inputs, motors, etc.).

T.O.C.

PROJECT



RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

The front panel of the hardware device includes several indicators:

- **INPUTS**: 4 LEDs showing audio activity in the 4 audio analogue inputs, which will be converted to 4 Dante channels and sent to the network through the RJ45 connector
- **OUTPUTS**: 4 LEDs showing audio activity in the 4 audio analogue outputs, which come from 4 Dante channels received in the unit from the network, through the RJ45 connector
- DATA LED: shows a valid connection and data transfer with EclerNet Manager or other compatible control devices
- **DANTE LED**: shows no Dante connectivity (red), Dante activity as a MASTER device (green) or Dante activity as a SLAVE device (orange)
- POWER LED

In a Dante Network one device must be the MASTER, delivering the MASTER clock for the digital audio transmission, and the rest of devices must be SLAVEs, synchronised with the MASTER clock.

6.4.1.2 DN44BOB DEVICE DETAILED VIEW, GENERAL SECTION

The detailed view of a DN44BOB device has the following appearance:

DN4	480	DB 🔳	- 1980	ant i	01	EMI	PTY PR	ES01				retenante	v1.016
÷		CONFIC								IETWO	RKING		
		AT I STAAT OF OFF	55 min.						ETINET MAG IP ADDRESS UDP POET DRET MALOR GATTREE	192.168 2210	61.44 10	#	
		GPIS								GPO	05		
GPI1	0	OUTPUT VOL											4
GP12	0	OUTPUT VOL.						1.50	100				
GPIS	0	OUTPUT VOL											
GP14	0	OUTPUT VOL											

The top section of the detailed window provides the following items:

DN44BOB		PRESET 01 - EMPTY PRES	501 \$ 🖽		FIRMWARE v1.01r6
8	CONFIG		6 N	ETWORKIN	G
			ETHERNET MAC	00-1D-C1-0A-4	42-FF
PRESET 1 ST	ART UP OFF		IP ADDRESS	192.168.1.44	
OPERATIN	G TIME 989 h. 55 r	nin.	UDP PORT	2210	
			SUBNET MASK	255.0.0.0	
			GATEWAY	10.0.0.2	

decler

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION &

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DN44BOB	Device model and name
	Status monitoring and alarms window. <u>See</u> <u>Table of status monitoring and alarm icons</u>
PRESET 03 - EQ Dynamics ON	Active <i>Preset</i> window: indicates the <i>Preset</i> currently active in the device
	 Presets management icons (See (1)): Save Device Preset: saves the current Preset in memory (click on the mouse left button) or in a folder on your PC (click on the mouse right button) Copy Device Preset: copies the current Preset Paste Device Preset: pastes the previously copied Preset
FIRMWARE v1.01r6	Unit's firmware version
CONFIG PRESET 1 START UP OFF OPERATING TIME 989 h. 55 min.	Device configuration. See <i>(2)</i>
ETHERNET MAC 00-1D-C1-0A-42-FF IP ADDRESS 192.168.1.44 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0.0.0 GATEWAY 10.0.0.2	Network parameters configuration. See <i>(3)</i>

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

COMPATIBLE DEVICES



(1) Save Device Preset (saves the current Preset).

Left-clicking this icon opens a window with the following options:

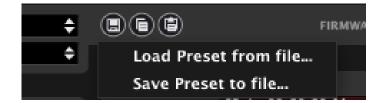


- Name of the *Preset* to save at the selected location, 1 to 5 (location number can't be changed)
- Data saved in the Preset. Inputs section, Outputs section, and GPOs status

The *Preset* stores just the data selected in the previous window, so that recalling the *Preset* only changes (rewrites) the data stored in this *Preset*, not affecting other parameters of the unit.

This ability to save "partial" *Presets* allows a great freedom of management. Example: two *Presets* including different INPUTs levels. By loading either of these two *Presets* during system operation, only such input levels will change, respecting the current outputs settings and the GPOs open or closed current status.

Right-clicking this icon opens a window with the following options:



- Load Preset from file: lets you load a Preset stored on a hard drive, external USB memory, etc.
- Save Preset from file: lets you save a Preset on a hard drive, external USB memory, etc.

These two functions are very useful for copying in a DN44BOB unit a *Preset* coming from another unit currently offline, or from another Project or facility. *Preset* files are saved on disk with a ".DN44_preset" suffix.

INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES

T.O.C.

MENUS & TOOLBAR

PROJECT



(2) Device configuration.

Clicking on the configuration edit icon opens the following window:



• Preset 1 Start Up: ON/OFF

Allows to automatically retrieve the preset number 1 stored in the unit memory each time the equipment is initialized (the power supply is switched off and on again). This ensures the same starting conditions for your setup each time the device is turned on (at the beginning of the day, etc..)

The CONFIG window shows the status of the adjustments made, as well as the number of accumulated operating hours of the device (*OPERATING TIME*).

(3) Network parameters configuration.

Exactly the same window and same parameters than those available with *Network Configuration* in a device context menu:

🖌 NETW	VORKING
Network (Configuration 🛞
Device "D	Device 01"
Ethernet MAC	00-1D-C1-0A-42-FF
IP Address	192.168.1.44
UDP Port	2210
IP Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
IP Gateway	10.0.0.2
ОК	Cancel

Next, section **GPIs** and **GPOs** allows to configure the function to be performed by the rear panel GPI ports and the GPO relays:

		GPIS							GP	os	
				1	2	3	4				
GPI1	GPI1	OUTPUT VOL.	÷ I						2		
GPI2	GPI2	OUTPUT VOL.	÷						É	<u> </u>	- in the second se
GPI3	GPI3	OUTPUT VOL.	÷								
GPI3	GPI4	OUTPUT VOL.	÷								



The unit's **GPI** ports (0-10 VDC control ports) on the rear panel are displayed as GPI 1 to 4. To the right of each of them is displayed the value of the signal (voltage) received on the central pin of each GPI port, read in real time (0 to 100 scale). A WPm / WPa VOL or WPmVOL-SR / WPm / WPaVOL-SR wall panel, or similar, connected to a GPI will deliver this full range, 0 to 100 values, when gestured.

For each of them, the drop-down menu allows to select the control function among the following options:

			GPIS					
		GPI1			1	2	3	4
GPI1	0	GPI12	TPUT VOL.	÷				
GPI2	0	GP12	INPUT VOL.	-				
GP13	0	GP13	OUTPUT VOL. PRESETS					
GPI3	0	00	JIPUT VOL.	Ŧ				

• **INPUT VOL**.: volume control of one or more audio inputs of the unit. The boxes of the targeted inputs must be checked: clicking with the mouse activates (green) or deactivates them. In the following example GPI #1 controls the volume of inputs 1 and 2:

			GPIS					
		CDI1			1	2	3	4
GPI1	0	GPI1 GPI2	UT VOL.	÷				
GPI2	0		TPUT VOL.	¢				
GPI3	0	GP14	TPUT VOL.	÷				
GPI3	0	ou	TPUT VOL.	÷				

• **OUTPUT VOL.**: volume control of one or more audio outputs of the unit. The boxes of the targeted outputs must be checked: clicking with the mouse activates (green) or deactivates them. In the following example GPI #4 controls the volume of the outputs 1, 3 and 4:

			GPIS					
		GPI1			1	2	3	4
GPI1	0	GPI2	UT VOL.	¢				
GPI2	0	GP13	TPUT VOL.	¢				
GPI3	0	GP14	TPUT VOL.	÷				
GPI3	0	OU	TPUT VOL.	¢				

When a LEVEL control (software fader) and a GPI are associated to control the volume of the same input or output, both are concatenated ("in series"), so that the highest level of one of them at a given time will determine the maximum volume control that can reach the other when set to its maximum position.



Examples, with a FADER (2) and GPI 1 controlling the channel 2 volume:

- GPI 1 at 100%: moving the FADER, it can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 100%
- FADER al 100%: acting on GPI 1 can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 100%
- GPI 1 at 75%: moving the FADER, it can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 75%
- FADER at 75%: acting on GPI 1 can control the channel 2 volume from 0 to 75%
- o etc.
- **PRESETS** (just available in GPI1): recall of one of the five presets in the DN44BOB memory, using the 5-position selector knob of a WPmVOL-SR / WPaVOL-SR or similar wall panel.
 - Selector position 0: preset 1 recall
 - Selector position 1: preset 2 recall
 - Selector position 2: preset 3 recall
 - Selector position 3: preset 4 recall
 - Selector position 4: preset 5 recall

A **GPO** port (General Purpose Output) is a relay with a common contact and two contacts: NO (Normally Open, with the relay at rest) and NC (normally closed, with the relay at rest). From the GPOs section it is possible to activate / deactivate the GPO ports of a DN44BOB unit by clicking on them. When you activate a GPO (clicking on it), contacts are reversed: contact closes for NO and opens for NC. Inactive contacts are filled in grey and active contacts light up in green:



In the picture the GPO 1, 3, and 4 are active and GPO2 is inactive

GPO status (active or inactive) can be stored in the *Presets*, so that recalling one of them also recalls the existing combination of active/inactive GPOs at the time of storage.

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



6.4.1.3 DN44BOB ANALOGUE AUDIO INPUTS SECTION

The INPUTS section of a DN44BOB device has the following appearance:



The window shows the controls and indicators for the 4 analogue inputs that the unit can receive using its rear panel balanced terminals, and that will be converted to 4 Dante Channels:

- IN n label: can be clicked and edited (text field)
- **PHANTOM**: toggles the remote DC power supply for the condenser microphones connected to this physical input
- Sensitivity:
 - o 0 dB: LINE level signals
 - -20 dB: LOW LINE level signals, as delivered by MP3 players, iPod®, smartphones, laptops, etc.
 - o -40 dB: MIC level signals
- GAIN: ±10 dB adjustment of the incoming signal gain
- VOLUME (fader): input volume, adjustable between –infinite and 0 dB. There are two Vu meter-type level indicators to the right of the channel fader: the left bar displays the input signal level (after the sensitivity and gain controls) and the right one the signal level after the VOLUME control. Above the bar, the saturation indicator (CLIP) lights up when the input signal exceeds the saturation level
- MUTE: mutes audio for this channel.
- POLARITY: allows the input signal phase to be inverted (180 degrees shift).

The above adjustments will define the audio level of each input, before being converted to a Dante channel and sent to the network through the RJ45 connector. T.O.C.

PROJECT



RELEASE NOTES

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

INTRODUCTION

6.4.1.4 DN44BOB ANALOGUE AUDIO OUTPUTS SECTION

The OUTPUTS section of a DN44BOB device has the following appearance:



It shows the controls and parameters for the 4 analogue audio outputs that the unit delivers at its 4 rear panel balanced audio output terminals, which take their contents from the 4 Dante channels received in the unit from the network, through the RJ45 connector:

- **OUT n** label: can be clicked and edited (text field)
- GAIN: 0 to +6 dB additional gain for the channel
- **VOLUME** (fader): output volume, adjustable between –infinite and 0 dB. There are two Vu meter-type level indicators to the right of the channel fader: the left bar displays the output signal level (after the gain control) and the right one the channel output signal level after the VOLUME control. Above the bar, the saturation indicator (CLIP) lights up when the input signal exceeds the saturation level
- *MUTE*: MUTE: mutes audio for this channel.
- **POLARITY**: allows the input signal phase to be inverted (180 degrees shift).



RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROI PANELS (UCP)

6.4.1.5 DN44BOB DANTE ROUTING

EclerNet Manager can handle the DN44BOB controls and parameters for its analogue audio inputs and for its analogue audio outputs, but not where the input DANTE channels do come from (which Dante device and channel in the network) and where do the DANTE output channels are sent to (which Dante device and channel in the network), in other words, the DANTE routing. This task is done in DANTE compatible devices using Audinate's Dante Controller proprietary software, available from here:

https://www.audinate.com/products/software/dante-controller

In the above link it can be found as well instructional information and tutorials to understand how to manage Dante Transmitter and receiver devices and channels.

The next image is a screenshot of Dante Controller app, where 2 DN44BOB units, called BOB4 and BOB5 are managing the next Dante routing:

9													
Routing	Device Info	Clock Status	Network	Stat	us	Ev	ent	s					
			;	+ Dante Iransmitters	B084 -	OUT 1	001.2	OUT 4	B0B5	OUT 1-	OUT 2	OUT 3-	OUT 4
	Dante Rec	eivers	[Ð									
BOB4 IN 1				0	-				-				-
IN 2				~									-
IN 3				0							0		
IN 4				2							-		
BOB5					-				E				
IN 1									1.0				
IN 2				0		4	0						
IN 3							0						
IN 4				-									

- BOB4 is sending its audio analogue signals to the Dante network:
 - \circ $\:$ IN1 is received by BOB5 and delivered at its OUT4 analogue output $\:$
 - IN3 is received by BOB5 and delivered at its OUT2 analogue output
- BOB5 is sending its audio analogue signals to the Dante network:
 - \circ $\:$ IN2 is received by BOB4 and delivered at its OUT2 analogue output
 - \circ $\:$ IN3 is received by BOB4 and delivered at its OUT3 analogue output



These are more screenshots from Dante Controller app, showing how Ecler DN44BOB units are seen there:

		_										7	
Dante Controlle File Device View		liew								- 🗆	\times		
(-)(-)(-)(-]				Master Clock: B	DB5				0		
		Network Status	Events										-
Device Name	Produ		Product Version		Primary	Primary Link Spe		Secondary		condary			T.O.C
BOB4	Type DN44E	BOB	Beta		Address 10.12.12.4	100Mbps		Address N/A	N/	nk Speed ⁄A	^		ņ
BOB5	DN44E	3OB	Beta		10.12.12.5	100Mbps		N/A	N/	/A			
Dente Controll											×	1	INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES
Dante Controll File Device View		lew									^		SE & D
9 🖬 🗙 🛛	R 🖂 🗄]				Master Clock: B	DB5				0		
Routing Device Info	Clock Status	Network Status	Events									1	ON FES
Device Name	Sync	Mute	•	Clock Source	Primary Status	Secon		AES67 Status	Preferred Master	Enable Sync To External			
BOB4				Dante	Slave	N/A		N/A		N/A	^		
BOB5				Dante	Master	N/A		N/A		N/A			-
Dante Controll File Device View	Help					Master Clock: B0	DB5			- 0	×		MENUS & TOOLBAR
		Network Status	Events								e	·	<
Device 5	ubscription	Primary	Secondary		Secondary	Primary	Secondar	y Latency	Latency	Packet			APP WINDOWS
	tatus 2	Status 100Mbps	Status N/A	Tx B/W 5 Mbps	Tx B/W	Rx B/W 9 Mbps	Rx B/W	Setting 1 msec	Status	Errors	~		
	2	100Mbps	N/A	8 Mbps		6 Mbps		1 msec					S S
Dante Co File Device Solution			w (BOB4)			BO \	/		_		×		CONTEXT MENU
Receive Tran	nsmit Stat	tus Latency	y Device	Config Net	work Config								
		Re	ceive Cha	annels				Avai	lable Char	nels			— —
Channel		Sign	al Co	onnected to)	Status	⊕ …B0						EclerNet PROJECT
IN 1		(0)	OL	JT 4@BOB5		• -> 🥑	÷⊪B	085					
IN 2													CI et
IN 3		0(0)	OL	JT 2@BOB5		• 🔿 🥑							
IN 4													
✓ Dante CFile Device✓ S		lp	w (BOB4)			B0 、	·				×		COMPATIBLE DEVICES
Receive Tra	nsmit s+=	atus Latenc	v Device	Config Net	work Config								
Receive	50	Transmit			work coring	1		Transmit	Flows				₽₩
Channel				- Thannel Lat		Unicast:	1						AN
TxChan 1			·	DUT 1	701	Multicast	: 0						USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)
TxChan 2				DUT 2		Total:	1 of 2						(Ç Ž
TxChan 3		00		DUT 3									CP)
TxChan 4		0.0		DUT 4									F

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Dante Controller - Device View (BOB4)	_		\times
Device View Help			
			0
ceive Transmit Status Latency Device Config Network Config			
Cevice Information————————————————————————————————————			
Manufacturer: Eder			
Product Type: DN44BOB Product Version: Beta			
Software Version: 1.0.0			
Firmware Version: 1.0.0			
Dante Information —			
Model: Ultimo4			
Software Version: 2.2.3.5			
Firmware Version: 1.0.0.2			
Clock Synchronisation			
Mute Status: Unmuted			
Sync Status: Locked External Word Clock: No			
Preferred: No			
Frequency Offset: -6 ppm			
Interfaces			
IP Address: 10.12.12.4			
P 100 MAC Address: 00:1D:C1:0A:43:04 Tx Utilisation: 5 Mbps Errors: 0 Clear Counter	rs		
Rx Utilisation: 9 Mbps Errors: 0			

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION &

d ecler

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

6.5 VIDEO OVER IP EXTENDERS AND MATRIXES

6.5.1 VEO-XTI2L AND VEO-XRI2L

6.5.1.1 INTRODUCTION

VEO-XTI2L and VEO-XRI2L are the first video devices controllable by the EclerNet environment. They allow to distribute 4K video signals on standard Ethernet Networks.



The main features are:

- 4K UHD HDMI over Ethernet distribution
- USB 2.0 over Ethernet distribution for KVM applications
- Supports optical fiber extension up to 60Km (Single Mode)
- Supports up to 3840X2160@60hz YUV 4:2:0 input and 3840X2160@30hz outputs
- HDCP 2.2 / HDCP1.4 compliant
- Supports bi-directional Wide Band IR (38KHZ-56KHZ) pass-through
- Supports RS-232 pass-through and Telnet control
- Includes IR remote/front panel control of Group ID channel, with LED display to show the Group ID in use
- SPDIF 5.1 and L/R analogue stereo embedding and de-embedding
- Video wall composition (Max 8x8)
- Supports PoE (Power over Ethernet) or external 5V-18V power supply
- UCP panels compatible



6.5.1.2 DEVICE DISCOVERY

From firmware version 2.00r0 onwards, the VEO-XTI2L and VEO-XRI2L devices are compatible with EclerNet. This means that, if connected to the same network, they can be discovered by the software.

The devices, by factory default, will come in <u>auto-ip</u> mode, in order to facilitate the change of address in the desired range. In this way it will be possible to connect all the devices to the network and subsequently change all the IPs, without having to do it one at a time.

	Online and Unused Device List	•
Î	VEO-XR2L_52ttt 169.254.9.152 : 2210	VEO-XRI2L
Ū		
C		
U		

Once discovered, it will be possible to change the IP address of the devices, using the Network Configuration menus:

111								
	Network Co	8						
	Device "VEO-XR2L_52ttt"							
	Ethernet MAC 8	32-16-8A-D0-CF-8D						
	IP Address	10.0.1.65						
	UDP Port	2210						
	IP Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0						
	IP Gateway	10.0.1.1						
	ОК	Cancel						

This operation will automatically reboot the devices, assigning the new IP address; the devices can be added to an EclerNet Project. INTRODUCTION MENUS APP & & APP RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS



6.5.1.3 VEO-XTI2L SETTINGS

Once that a VEO-XTI2L transmitter is included in a EclerNet Project, using right button of the mouse it is possible to rename it with a friendly name, for example the same of the source where it is connected.

💢 EclerNet Manager – New Project®		
File Edit UCP Server View Help		
Explorer Ebesign R Deploy		
Project Explorer (10.0.1.64 - Local)	Groups from Device Container	
Devices (1 grou		
	(2) AII	OFF OFF ON O
Blue Ray VEO-XTI21		
VEO-XRI2L VEO-XRI2L		
Channels (1 grou	ps)	
User Control Panels (0 Panel	els)	
	Groups from Device Container	
	Members from Device Group : All	
	VEO-XTI2L POWER PRESET	
	Blue Ray	
	VEO-XRI2L POWER PRESET	
	VEO-XRI2L	

The device will appear in the Member from Device Group window and, double clicking on it, it will be possible to enter to the configuration menu.

VEO-XTI2L		FIRMWARE
		KING
Casting Mode UNICAST	Ethernet MA	кс
	IP Addre	ss 0.0.0.0
	UDP Po	rt 2210
	Subnet Ma	5k
	Gatewa	ау
SETTINGS		
Channel Selection 0	\$	

T.O.C. **RELEASE NOTES** INTRODUCTION MENUS & TOOLBAR WINDOWS APP CONTEXT MENU EclerNet PROJECT COMPATIBLE DEVICES USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



6.5.1.3.1 CONFIG MENU

Using the configuration menu, it is possible to select the unicast or multicast mode:

- **Unicast:** used for point-to-point extensions. The video stream encoded by the transmitter is sent like unicast network stream and it can be received only by one receiver at time.
- **Multicast:** used for point-to-multipoint and matrix extensions. The video stream encoded by the transmitter is sent like multicast traffic using a predefined multicast address. In this way all the receivers "tuned" on that address, are able to receive the video signal.

VEO-XTI2L Device Configuration	8
Device "Blue Ray"	
Casting Mode MULTICAST 🗢	
OK Cancel	

6.5.1.3.2 SETTINGS MENU

Using this menu, it will be possible to set the transmission channel for each VEO-XTI2L transmitter.

— Device : Blue Ray ————	
VEO-XTI2L	FIRMWARE
Casting Mode UNICAST	Ethernet MAC IP Address 0.0.0 UDP Port 2210 Subnet Mask Gateway
SETTINGS	
Channel Selection ✓ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	

! Each VEO-XTI2L transmitter must be settled with a unique channel number in the same network. If two transmitters are transmitting on the same channel, they will create network conflicts.

The channel number will appear on the hardware unit front display and will identify each device.

INTRODUCTION MENUS & & RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR



RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

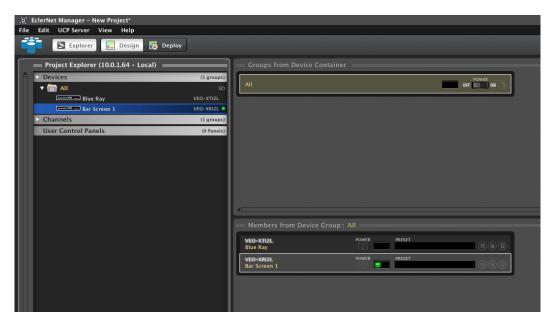
COMPATIBLE DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

6.5.1.4 VEO-XRI2L SETTINGS

Once that a VEO-XRI2L transmitter is included in a EclerNet Project, using right button of the mouse it is possible to rename it with a friendly name, for example the same of the zone where it is placed.



Through the Device Finder functionality, it will be possible to identify each receiver on the installation.

X EclerNet Manager - New Pro File Edit UCP Server View	-			
Project Explorer (10.0. Project Explorer (10.0. All Control Blue Ray Control Panels User Control Panels	1.64 - Local) (1 groups) (2) VEO-XTI2L VEO-XTI2L Rename Edit Comments Delete delete Remove from Group Move Up ctrl + up Move Down ctrl + down Activate Device Finder Network Configuration	Groups from Device (Container	OFF ON 3
	Disconnect Detach Firmware Upgrade Reboot	Members from Device VEO-XTI2L Blue Ray VEO-XRI2L Bar Screen 1	e Group : All	000

Once that the functionality is enabled, the name of the device and the related IP address will appear on the display monitor or screen connected to each VEO-XRI2L receiver.

! The Device Finder doesn't work properly in Videowall mode due to the image scaling.



💢 EclerNet Manager – New Project®				
File Edit UCP Server View Help				
Explorer Explorer Design	loy			
🛛 — Project Explorer (10.0.1.64 - Local) 🛁		Groups from Device	Container	
Devices	(1 groups)			
🔻 📅 All	(2)	All		OFF ON (1)
Blue Ray	VEO-XTI2L			
Bar Screen 1	VEO-XRI2L			
Channels	(1 groups)			
User Control Panels	(O Panels)			
		Members from Devic	e Group : All	
		VEO-XTI2L Blue Ray	POWER PRESET	
		VEO-XRI2L Bar Screen 1	POWER PRESET	888

After the EclerNet Project inclusion, the device will appear in the Member from Device Group window and, double clicking on it, it will be possible to enter to the configuration menu.

VEO-XRI2I	_ [FIRMWARE v2.0	0r2
CONFIG				IG	
Casting Mode	MULTICAST		Ethernet MAC	82-16-8A-D0-CF-8D	
Video Wall in Use	1x1		IP Address	10.0.1.65	
Video Wall Position	1x1		UDP Port	2210	
Rotation	0		Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0	
			Gateway	10.0.1.1	
SETTINGS					
Channel Selection	1 4	•			
Video Out Mute	M				



6.5.1.4.1 CONFIG MENU

Using the configuration menu, it is possible to set many different parameters.

The first one is the unicast or multicast mode:

- **Unicast:** used for point-to-point extensions. The video stream encoded by the transmitter is sent like unicast network stream and it can be received only by one receiver at time.
- **Multicast:** used for point-to-multipoint and matrix extensions. The video stream encoded by the transmitter is sent like multicast traffic using a predefined multicast address. It this way all the receivers "tuned" on that address, are able to receive the video signal.

	VEO-XRI2L Device Configuration						
	Device "Bar Screen 1"						
Casting Mode	MULTICAST 🗢						
VIDEO WALL ROWS NUMBER	1 🗘						
VIDEO WALL COLUMNS NUMBER	1 🗘						
VIDEO WALL ROW POSITION	1 \$						
VIDEO WALL COLUMN POSITION	1 🔶						
ROTATION ANGLE (DEG)							
OUTSIDE WIDTH (OW)	Unit: 0.1 mm						
OUTSIDE HEIGHT (OH)							
WIDTH OF VISIBLE AREA (VW)	1 ОН						
HEIGHT OF VISIBLE AREA (VH)							
	Unit: 0.1mm						
	OK Cancel						

Using the same menu, it will be possible to easily create a video wall.

Video wall rows and columns number define the size of the video wall and must be common to all the receivers forming the screen.

Video wall row and column position will define the position of each receiver in the screen. These parameters will be different for each device.



A dynamic image will appear o	n the right	of the	window	parameters	in order	to	help
identifying the selected position.							

	VEO-XRI2L Device Cor	figuration	*
	Device "Bar Scre	en 1"	
Casting Mode M	IULTICAST 🗢		
VIDEO WALL ROWS NUMBER 3	\$		
VIDEO WALL COLUMNS NUMBER 3	\$		
VIDEO WALL ROW POSITION 2	\$		
VIDEO WALL COLUMN POSITION 1	\$		
ROTATION ANGLE (DEG)	¢ Unit: 0.1 mm		
OUTSIDE WIDTH (OW)	1	MOW	H
OUTSIDE HEIGHT (OH)	1		T I
WIDTH OF VISIBLE AREA (VW)	1		vн он
HEIGHT OF VISIBLE AREA (VH)	1	₩VW	¥
		Unit: 0.1mm] T
OK Cancel			

The configuration menu allows also rotating the image by 90, 180 or 270 degrees.

The bottom parameters allow setting the bezel compensation when required. Defining total screen dimensions and size of visible area, the engine will automatically crop the image calculating the lost area of the imag.

6.5.1.4.2 SETTINGS MENU

Using this menu, it will be possible to set the channel to display on each VEO-XRI2L device and enable/disable the HDMI output through the mute function.

VEO-XRI2I	_	-	FIRMWARE v2.00r2
			NG
Casting Mode	MULTICAST	Ethernet MAC	82-16-8A-D0-CF-8D
Video Wall in Use	1x1	IP Address	10.0.1.65
Video Wall Position	1x1	UDP Port	2210
Rotation	0	Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
		Gateway	10.0.1.1
SETTINGS			
Channel Selection	1 \$	1	
Video Out Mute			

If the selected channel doesn't correspond to an active VEO-XTI2L streaming channel, the refresh time will take up to 10-15 seconds.

PROJECT

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

DEVICES



6.5.1.5 UCP CONTROL FEATURES

EclerNet manager allows easily creating graphic user interfaces through UCP panels.

In this case it will be possible to easily create source selection and matrixes for the control of the VEO-XRI2L receivers. VEO-XTI2L transmitters don't require this kind of control because the transmitting channel is unique and fixed, and it must be set during the installation commissioning.

Once a new panel and a new page are created, buttons, multi-buttons, or rotary controls can be used to create customized graphic interfaces.

Panel Page: Page 02		
TV Blu Ray DS player	Select Parameter Parameter Path //Devices/Ear Screen 1/Channel Data 2 Data 2 Channel Channel Channel Channel Channel Device 08 ChannelGroups DeviceGroups	
	OK Cancel	

The next example shows how to create a simple 3x3 matrix:

Each column represents a VEO-XRI2L receiver and each row represents a source identified by its related VEO-XTI2L transmission channel.

Each button allows selecting a defined channel through the Select Parameter window. In this way it is possible to create matrixes with a flexible number of inputs and outputs.

The button will be lit if the corresponding channel is selected: **in this way, a quick** feedback of the status of the matrix is available.



6.6 WPNETTOUCH DEVICE

6.6.1 INTRODUCTION

From May 2019 onwards: WPNETTOUCH is the substitute device for the former WPmSCREEN, a touchscreen control device, including the same UCP (User Control Panels) control philosophy, as well as many enhancements compared to it, being the main ones:

- IPS, 10.1" display
- Capacitive & multitouch touch panel
- PoE DC supply compatible + external DC Power supply compatible (included).



WPNETTOUCH is a device of the EclerNet family that can be programmed to control one or more networked EclerNet devices; you can even control a full audio / video facility combining a multitude of different **EclerNet and video** devices: MIMO4040CDN / MIMO7272DN, MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, NXA-series digital audio managers, NXA-series multi-channel amplifiers (Digital Audio Managers), DUO-NET players, NPAseries stereo amplifiers, **Ecler VEO series** video devices, etc.

Additionally, it can store and execute a project previously created using EclerNet Manager, to perform as a web server for the UCPs (panels) included in this project.

It features a 10.1" IPS screen with multi-touch capacitive panel, able to display the graphic User Control Panels (UCPs) that have been programmed in the EclerNet Manager application software; this screen is the interface between the end user and the associated network of EclerNet and VEO series video devices in an audio / video installation.



A WPNETTOUCH can be used as:

- A UCP web client of another device acting as a UCP web server (another WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN, PAGENETDN, a MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN or a computer running EclerNet Manager)
- A UCP web server for the installation: a project including the hardware devices (MIMO4040CDN, MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, NXAs, VEO series video devices, etc.) and the UCPs is transferred from EclerNet Manager to the WPNETTOUCH unit; then the WPNETTOUCH operates as a UCP server for other potential UCP clients, such as computers, Android devices (tablets, smartphones) or Apple devices (iPad, iPhone, etc.)
- Its own web client: a project including the hardware devices (MIMO4040DN, MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, NXAs, VEO series video devices, etc.) and the UCPs is transferred from EclerNet Manager to the WPNETTOUCH unit; then the WPNETTOUCH unit operates as a UCP server for any UCP clients as well as being its own UCP client.

The IPS screen of the WPNETTOUCH has a native resolution of 1280 x 800 pixels. The panels that it will show can be managed in two different ways:

1. With no auto-zoom: any image larger than 1280x800 pixels contained in a UCP (as a panel background image, for example) may not be displayed in its entirety, being partly outside of the visible surface of the screen. It is therefore recommended to take this into account during the design process (from the EclerNet Manager application) of the UCPs that will be subsequently used as UCP clients on the WPNETTOUCH units.

However, the WPNETTOUCH supports the inclusion of images in the UCPs with a maximum size of 2048 x 2048 pixels, but as mentioned above, a maximum portion of 1280 x 800 pixels of such images is displayed. Any image with a size greater than 2048 x 2048 pixels will be ignored but the UCP will operate correctly, except it will display the default wallpaper (dark gray).

2. With auto-zoom: this option, when enabled from EclerNet Manager, or from the local configuration menus in the hardware unit, for a given WPNETTOUCH unit, will automatically zoom the panels to adapt them to the 1280x800 resolution, thus shown in their entirety.



PROJECT



6.6.2 LOCAL CONFIGURATION OF THE UNIT

WPNETTOUCH settings and configuration menus can be accessed locally from the touch screen of the device itself. The same settings are remotely accessible when the screen is under the control of a remote computer running the EclerNet Manager application.

Local access to the configuration menus can be done by clicking on the SETUP icon, from the home page of the unit:

User Control Panels Connected to SCREEN (192.168.0.100)	3
UDP/TCP Control	M4040DN Paging
2 Pages	1 Page
1280 x 800	1280 x 800
Paging consoles	CONF_ROOM
3 Pages	7 Pages
1204 x 600	1280 x 800
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The available configuration menus are the following:

etup Information/Tools		
Screen Configuration	>	
Device Configuration	>	
Network Configuration	>	
Information/Tools	>	

T.O.C. & & RELEASE NOTES



6.6.2.1 SCREEN CONFIGURATION MENU

Setup Screen C	onfigurat	ion		\bigcirc
Display Mode	ON	DIMMED	OFF	
Backlight Intensity	+	100	•	
Auto-Zoom Panels	YES			
Show Panel OSD Buttons	YES			
Scroll by OSD Buttons				
Scroll by Swipe	YES			

This menu allows setting different parameters affecting the displayed items and controls on the screen of the unit:

- **Display mode**: behaviour of the screen dimming in sleep state, after 10 seconds of user inactivity on the touch screen. The available modes are: ON (always lit), DIMMED and OFF (unlit)
- **Backlight Intensity**: brightness intensity of the screen when it is not in sleep mode
- Auto-Zoom Panels: when activated, the graphic control panels (UCPs) are automatically resized to match the maximum visible area, no matter the original resolution they were created in the EclerNet Manager project file.
- Secure Mode (from ENM v6 onward): when activated, it disables the OSD buttons and Scroll by Swipe function. The only way to have access to the main toolbar and Home menu, is pressing the bottom corners of the screen for more than 5 seconds.

318



RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

• Show Panel OSD Buttons: enables/disables the superimposed display of the navigation buttons in the corners of the displayed UCPs. The top corner buttons can scroll the panel pages (left and right) and the bottom corner buttons access the icon bar:



Even when the buttons are not displayed, they can still be active, so that pressing the top corners activates the horizontal scrolling between the panel pages and pressing the bottom corners displays the icon bar. This is an aspect that must be considered for the layout of the controls (buttons, sliders, knobs, etc.) on each UCP page during its design; the corners must be as free as possible if these OSD buttons will be used for scrolling between pages (top ones) and always free in the case of the bottom ones (icon bar display).

- Scroll by OSD Buttons: enables/disables the scroll action between pages pressing the top corners, even the OSD buttons are hidden
- Scroll by Swipe: enables/disables the scroll action between pages with a left or right swipe (press & drag) action on the screen
- Page Link Scroll (from ENM v6 onward): when a Page Link button is in use, this option allows enabling/disabling the visible scroll effect in order to reach the selected UCP panel page only via Page Link button, which is usually not desired (=disabled).

The icon bar displays new accesses to the horizontal scrolling between the pages of a panel (to the left and right), access to the home page of the unit ("HOME" icon) and exit of the icon bar ("X" icon):



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6.6.2.2 DEVICE CONFIGURATION MENU



This menu allows adjusting the following parameters of the unit:

- **Device Name**: name of the device, as seen from other WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN devices, as well as from the EclerNet Manager application
- Device Password: password for the protection of the device against the editing of its critical configuration parameters, requested for this purpose if enabled (enabled = other than blank password)
- Enable UCP Server: enables/disables the embedded UCP server service of the unit
 - Enabled: the EclerNet project stored in the unit ("Local Project") will be fully functional, taking control of the hardware devices that are included in it (MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN, MIMO88, NXA units, etc.) and serving the UCP panels it contains to potential UCP clients on the network
 - Disabled: the EclerNet Local Project is deactivated, releasing the control over all included hardware (MIMO4040DN, MIMO88, NXA units, etc.) and, consequently, also ceasing to serve UCPs for clients.

In the disabled status, another device or computer running a project containing all or some of the hardware devices existing in the WPNETTOUCH's Local Project could take control of them. **Just one device and project can take control of the same hardware device at the same time**, so that units controlled by a device must first be released before trying to control them from another device

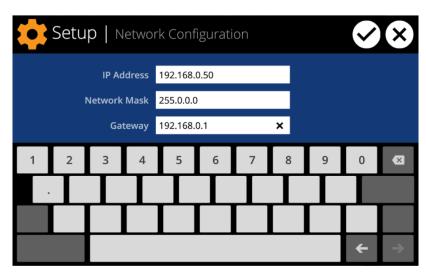
- From EclerNet Manager, you can release the devices controlled by the computer through the creation of a new project (File -> New Project), or by disconnecting them from the network one by one (right mouse button -> Disconnect)
- From a WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN, you can release the devices controlled by the unit by setting the Enable UCP Server option on NO.

T.O.C.

PROJECT



6.6.2.3 NETWORK CONFIGURATION MENU



This menu allows modifying the network connection parameters of the WPNETTOUCH unit: IP address, network mask and gateway.

Neither the WPNETTOUCH nor any other EclerNet device supports the protocol of dynamic allocation of IP addresses (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, or DHCP), so it's always necessary to manually assign them static addresses.

6.6.2.4 INFORMATION / TOOLS MENU

Setup Information/Tools	
Server IP Address 192.168.0.100 Server Project Test_WPNETTOUCH	Project Defaults
Local IP Address 192.168.0.50 Local Project Default Project Available Storage 5.2GB	Factory Defaults
Ethernet Address 00-0E-C6-A3-0D-A0 Display Resolution 1280 x 800 (160 dpi)	Reboot
Decler	WPNETTOUCH vo.o. © 2019 Ecler/NEEC Au

This menu displays the following information:

- Server IP Address: IP address of the UCP server device that the unit is connected to, as a UCP client. When the unit is connected to itself as a client, it will show its own IP address (= Local IP Address)
- Server Project: name of the project running in the server the unit is connected to as a UCP client (project running on the UCP server of the client)
- Local IP Address: IP Address configured for the WPNETTOUCH unit



RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

> APP WINDOWS

> > CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

- Local Project: name of the project stored in the internal storage space of the WPNETTOUCH unit. This project can be uploaded to the WPNETTOUCH unit using EclerNet Manager software app
- Available Storage: internal storage space available to upload a project file, which would include User Control Panels data and graphics
- Ethernet Address: MAC address of the NIC (network interface card) mounted in the WPNETTOUCH unit
- **Display resolution**: native screen resolution of the IPS panel of the unit (1280 x 800)
- Firmware version: shown at the lower right hand side corner (in the above example v0.04r11).

And the following restore / reboot options:

• **Project Defaults**: clears the project in memory, replacing it with a blank project, after warning that the process is irreversible:



Project Defaults

Warning: this action will replace the current project with a default (blank) one, losing all the configuration and user data in the current project. Are you sure?

Ok

Cancel

Cancel

• **Factory Defaults:** clears the entire configuration and all data in the unit, restoring the factory default settings, after warning that the process is irreversible:



Factory Defaults

Warning: this action will bring back this device to its factory defaults. This involves losing your current network configuration, general setup and current project data. Are you sure?

• Reboot: reboots the unit:



Reboot

This action will reboot this device, losing network connection for a while and recovering normal performance after the reboot. Are you sure?





6.6.3 CONNECTION TO A UCP SERVER ("CONNECT TO..." MENU)

From the home screen of the unit, the connection icon on the upper side of the screen will give access to the Connection page:

User Control Panels Connected to SCREEN (192.168.0.100)		└>ⓒ ☆
UDP/TCP Control 2 Pages 1280 x 800		040DN Paging ge x 800
Paging consoles 3 Pages 1204 × 600	7 Pa	NF_ROOM ges × 800
(e) d e	CLEC	(\mathbf{P})
Connect to		\bigcirc
Enter the address of the	e UCP server to conr	ect to:
Server Address 192.168.0.100		
	× Connect	
	X Connect	
1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8	9 0 ∝
1 2 3 4 5		
1 2 3 4 5		

This page allows deciding the UCP server the unit will connect to as a client. The UCP server may be a computer, a MIMO4040DN matrix (yes, it has an embedded UCP server in its engine!) another WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN / PAGENETDN unit or even the same WPNETTOUCH unit. In any case, the UCP server shall host and run an EclerNet Manager project that includes a series of UCPs which can be remotely managed by any UCP client.



It is possible to directly enter the IP address of the server device, using the touch keyboard displayed on the screen, or to select a device from a list of automatically detected UCP server devices, which is accessed by clicking on the grey button with the list icon to the right of the "Connect" button:

Conne	ect to Server list	\bigcirc
	Select the UCP server to connect to:	
	SCREEN 192.168.0.100	
	DLOZA HP 192.168.0.50	
	ISE4040DN 192.168.0.60	
		(1)

In the list of detected server devices, **the name of the WPNETTOUCH unit under control will appear in green** (the one matching with the Local IP Address)

After selecting a server unit or an IP address, using either of these two methods, pressing the "Connect" button will confirm the selection and start the process of connecting to the server. If this process is successful, the UCPs that the server makes available for the WPNETTOUCH client will appear on the screen:

User Control Panels Connected to DLOZA-HP (192.168.0.50)	3
UDP/TCP Control	M4040DN Paging
2 Pages	1 Page
1280 x 800	1280 x 800
Paging consoles	CONF_ROOM
3 Pages	7 Pages
1204 x 600	1280 x 800

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6.6.4 UNIT CONFIGURATION FROM ECLERNET MANAGER

WPNETTOUCH can be included in an EclerNet project like any other EclerNet device, and can be configured from this application.

💢 EclerNet Manager - Test_WPNETTOUCH®		
File Edit UCP Server View Help		
📫 🗈 Explorer 📃 Design 🙀 De	ploy 🚨 Users 🔅 Settings	lock 🛛 Panic 🚺 🤤
— Project Explorer (192.168.0.50 —	Device : SCREEN	
Devices (1 groups) The All (9)	WPNETTOUCH	FIRMWARE V1.00r1
► ■ ISE4040DN MIMO40400N	CONFIG	NETWORKING
S ZONE1VOLSRC WPNET4KV	ENABLE UCP SERVER YES	
PRESET SEL WPNET8K	DISPLAY MODE DIMMED BACKLIGHT INTENSITY 63	ETHERNET MAC 20-18-0E-EB-C9-19
Z1 EXTEND WPNETEX	AUTO-ZOOM PANELS YES	IP ADDRESS 192.168.0.100
► ■ LOZADN44_1_EMI DN44808	SHOW PANEL OSD BUTTONS YES	SUBNET MASK 255.255.255.0
► ► LOZADN44_2_REC DN44BOB	SCROLL BY OSD BUTTONS	GATEWAY 192.168.0.1
WPNETTOUCH WPNETTOUCH	SCROLL BY SWIPE NO	
MIMO4040P2 MIMO4040DN	UCP PANELS	
SCREEN WPNETTOUCH	START-UP PANEL None	÷
Channels (1 groups)	ENABLED PANELS LIST	•
User Control Panels (7 Panels)		
🧰 Online and Unused Device 🚥 🕂		
Ų.		
0		
C		
0		
P		

The available parameters are mostly the same than those accessible from the local configuration of the unit, the main difference being UCP PANELS section, which allows you to decide which panels the WPNETTOUCH unit will display, among all those included in the running project, as well as the panel that will be displayed when starting the unit.

When the WPNETTOUCH unit has been assigned as a client of a UCP server, it can by default access all of the panels included in the project on the server. If you want to restrict access from the WPNETTOUCH to a set of few panels, you'll need to configure the enabled panels list by pressing the "+" icon (*Add UCP Panel*) at the top right of the section:

	and the second	
► 📅 RETAIL STORE	(2 pages)	UCP PANELS
Mixing the Mikes	(2 pages)	START-UP PANEL None
	II	-
	II	ENABLED PANELS LIST
		Add UCP Panel
		PANEL LIST
	II	CANTINE
	II	RETAIL STORE
	II	Mixing the Mikes
	II	
T		
Online and Unused Device		
	II	
		ОК Cancel

RELEASE NOTES



In the following example, among the three UCP panels existing in the project, only "CANTINE" and "Mixing the Mikes" have been enabled to be shown and managed from the WPNETTOUCH:

START-UP PANEL NORE	¢
ENABLED PANELS LIST	•
CANTINE	
Mixing the Mikes	

The result is that only these two UCP panels are displayed on the screen of the WPNETTOUCH, available for management:



Additionally, it is also possible to choose in the list of selected panels the one that will be displayed at the unit start-up, instead of displaying the full list of panels, as it is the case by default:

TART-UP PANEL	None	\$
	✓ None	
NABLED PAR	CANTINE	
CANTINE Mixing the Mikes		

The WPNETTOUCH and its configuration must be included in the project uploaded and running in the UCP server (whether a computer, WPNETTOUCH, PAGENETDN unit or MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN unit) for the options to be effective in the UCP PANELS section.



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6.6.5 WPNETTOUCH AS A UCP SERVER

The WPNETTOUCH can store and execute a project previously created using EclerNet Manager, to perform as a web server for the UCPs included in this project.

The procedure for transferring an EclerNet project to a WPNETTOUCH and enable it as a UCP server is the following:

First, you need to create or retrieve from the EclerNet Manager application (File -> Open) a project that includes hardware and configuration used in the installation (MIMO4040DN, MIMO88 / 88SG and 1212SG, NXA units, etc.), as well as the desired UCP panels and pages in them, using the standard method described in the previous chapters of this manual.

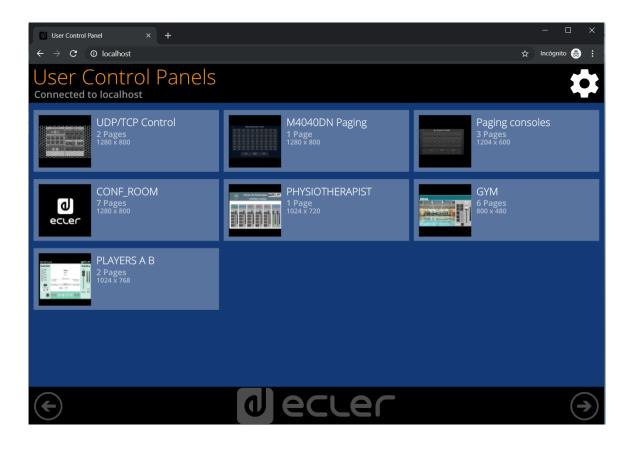
The following image shows an example project that includes a MIMO4040DN and other EclerNet hardware, as well as 7 UCP panels. The green connection icons indicate that the hardware units are "online" and under the control of the computer running the project from the EclerNet Manager application, a proof that the network configuration of the computer and the hardware devices is suitable for a correct communication between them:



In the above image the Project Explorer window indicates that the project is running in **Local** mode, i.e., in the computer whose IP address is displayed, and not (yet) in a WPNETTOUCH unit. In this state, the computer is acting as a UCP server.



It is recommended at this point to check that all the configuration for audio, events, GPIs, GPOs, etc. works properly with the associated hardware. In the image, the real audio activity can also be monitored on the level meters of the MIMO and other audio hardware in the project. Another important checking is offered by the UCPs, using for them the project in Deploy mode and any networked UCP client. All of this guarantees that in the future, when the project runs on a WPNETTOUCH, everything will work as expected. Example using a web browser in the same PC as the UCP client, pointing to *localhost* address:



7. USER CONTROL PANELS (U.C.P.)

7.1 INTRODUCTION

From EclerNet Manager application itself, you can create remote control panels for the system (hereinafter UCPs) to manage one or more MIMO88, MIMO88SG, MIMO1212SG, MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN, NXA, NPA, DUO-NET or other EclerNet units in a facility. Each panel can consist of one or more pages that include graphics, text, volume controls, buttons, VU meters, LED indicators, etc. In this way each remote user may have his own control panel(s), custom tailored to his needs and privileges, and in one system, users with a very simple control panel can coexist with others, more complex and having higher levels of authorization.

A panel can be public (anyone can use it) or associated with one or more user accounts created in the project. In this last case, it requires a username and a password to remotely access and operates it.

UCPs are created within an EclerNet project and stored as part of it, within the User Control Panels folder in the Project Explorer window:



Once UCPs are created, a UCP web server device is required, running the EclerNet Manager application and the project containing the UCPs, and UCPs can be called and operated remotely by devices that act as UCP web clients.

UCP servers can be Ecler WPNETTOUCH, PAGENETDN, WPmSCREEN or MIMO4040DN units, or even computers running an EclerNet project in Deploy mode.

UCP clients can be computers or tablets running an Internet browser application (Internet Explorer, Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, etc..), Android OS devices (tablets, smartphones), Apple devices (iPhone, iPhone, etc..) or WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH units. Any of them can recover and operate UCPs pointing to the web server IP address. A WPNETTOUCH / WPmSCREEN / PAGENETDN device can even be itself a server and a client at the same time (see WPNETTOUCH section for more details).

T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

PROJECT



If a single computer acts as both a web server and a web client, it's still possible to use the 127.0.0.1 IP address, or the standard loopback address (or even typing directly **localhost**) to operate UCPs stored in the project EclerNet Manager it is running. You can even run EclerNet Manager in minimized and protected mode so that the system user sees and manages UCPs, but can't access EclerNet Manager, when a single computer acts as web server and web client.

The WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH units can also be a UCP panel server device, both for other UCP clients (more WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH units, tablets, smartphones, etc.) and for itself, acting simultaneously as server and client (<u>see the WPNETTOUCH chapter</u> for details)



Different web clients can simultaneously load different UCPs and operate the project at the same time, each one controlling a part of the system.

7.2 CREATING UCPS

Before initiating any UCP creation or editing operation on existing UCPs, please ensure that EclerNet Manager is in Design mode, not in Deploy mode. Deploy mode should be used later with UCPs that are already created when you want to enable the EclerNet Manager web server mode and its management from web clients.

To create a new UCP, you must open the context menu (right mouse button) on the **User Control Panels** folder in the Project Explorer window and select **Add Panel**.





User Control Panels (4 Panels) 🔻 💼 iPhone Mixer (2 pages) Rename... FZ Output Volumes (5 controls) Edit Comments... Inputs Volumes & L controls) Delete delete iPad Mixer (1 pages) Add Page... iPad Consoles (3 pages) Empty iPhone Selector (3 pages)

Each UCP must have at least one page including the desired user controls:

In the example, two pages ("Output Volumes" and "Inputs Volumes") are included in the UCP called "iPhone Mixer"

If a panel has more than one page, you can scroll the pages from a remote device (web client) using the cursor arrows that appear when you double click on an empty space of the screen or by clicking and dragging horizontally on the screen ("drag & drop") with the mouse, or with your finger on a touch screen if the device has one (iPhone, iPad, tablet, etc..).

	MUTE		
	×	Go to Next Pa	

Double-clicking on a empty space of the screen shows the left and right arrow keys and the X symbol which is used to return to the root display of the available project panels (same function as the ESC key)



This sequence shows a shift from "Output channels" page to "Input channels" page"



Clicking on the Properties icon in the Project Explorer helper window, you can see and manage the general properties of the panels and pages inside panels, like its size (in pixels), the users that will be allowed to access them, the optional default page in a panel (the one that will be shown on screen after more than one minute with no user interaction) colour of the pages background, etc.:

Project Explorer (1	0.0.1.1 =	Panel : Panel 05	— Project Explorer (10.0.1.1 —
AUDEO	(6 controls)		AUDEO (6 controls)
🕨 🧾 MAIN	(4 controls)		MAIN (4 controls)
🔻 前 iPad Air	(1 pages)		
🕨 🇾 Player A	(12 controls)		▼
iPhone 5	(1 pages)		Player A (12 controls)
🕨 前 seminar	(1 pages)	Page 06	▶ iPhone 5 (1 pages)
🔻 🖬 Panel 05	(1 pages)		seminar (1 pages)
Page 06	(0 controls)		Panel 05 (1 pages)
Properties			Page 06 (0 controls)
Type Panel			Properties
Name Panel 05			Type Panel Page
Users All	8		
Default Page	9		Name Page 06
Visible 🗹			Visible 💆
Width 800			Locked
Height 480			Color 0

To add a control in a page, click with the right mouse button and select the type of control to add from the drop-down list:

dd Layer		
Add Control		
Add	•	Rectangle
Move Up		Image
Move Down	ctri + down	Static Text
Empty		Dynamic Text
Export Page		LED
export ruge		Meter
		Fader
		Rotary
		Button
		Button Multi
		Button Inc/Dec
		Button Page Link
		Button UDP String

RELEASE NOTES



This is a summary of the available types of controls:

- **Rectangle**: rectangular graphic that can be tailored (colours, transparency, border width, etc.), useful to create separated control areas in a screen, etc.
- Image: allows to insert a jpg, png or bmp image in the UCP screen
- **Static Text:** a text which will be always fixed, with no update coming from parameters or values in the current UCP project
- **Dynamic Text**: a text field that will show in real time the text or numeric value of its associated parameter (media tags in DUO-NET player, volumes, MUTE status, vumeters reading, virtual controls values, active preset number or name, etc.) as the system is in use
- LED: LED indicator, that can be linked to parameters with a digital profile (as MUTE controls, for instance), showing its ON / OFF status
- **Meter**: mainly intended to be used as a vumeter, linked with volume meters at inputs, outputs, matrix cross points, etc.
- Fader: sliding type volume control
- Rotary: rotary type volume control
- **Button**: a key that can be pressed to trigger actions (preset recall, MUTE function, PLAY / STOP in a DUO-NET PLAYER, etc.)
- Button MULTI: a key that triggers a batch of actions with a single press
- Button INC/DEC: allows to link it to parameters that can be adjusted in positive (INC) or negative (DEC) quantums (Amount parameter can be positive or negative), each time it's pressed. Example: a button to increment a given VOLUME and another one to decrement it, with a configurable increment / decrement amount for those buttons' single press
- **Button PAGE LINK**: when pressed, it directly opens up a pre-defined panel page within the UCP panel
- Button NET STRING: (new feature, from ENM v4.05r1) when pressed, it sends a defined UDP or TCP text string, or a list (batch) of text strings to the defined IP:port. This is a very powerful tool to control external (even third-party) devices from a UCP panel, being able to build an integrated and single control system in an installation, including the management of audio, lighting, video, etc.

''y The EclerNet Manager Control possibilities through the UCP (User Control Panels) are now infinite:

- Total management of any device(s) in the same network at the same time by using UDP/TCP commands.
- Create small control routine for different type of devices: combine audio, lights, video, facilities automation, relays activation, etc. Just with one button!



The format in which the "NET String" has to be written is: [protocol]address[port]text]

Where:

- -Protocol: could be "UDP" or "TCP" (no sensitive between capital or lower-case letters)
- -Address: destination IP address
- -Port: destination port
- -Text: command message to be sent, including parameters (like \d, \n, etc.)

Edit NET String
tcp 11.11.1.106 2003 {"jsonrpc":"2.0","method":"Player.Play"}\n udp 11.11.1.111 5800 SYSTEM CONNECT ONCE\n udp 11.11.1.111 5800 SET OMUTE 1 YES\n udp 11.11.1.111 5800 SYSTEM DISCONNECT\n
OK Cancel

Example:

It is possible to send more than just one text string to different destinations. To do so, repeat the above specified format text the times needed. Now it's possible to add carriage return (multiline text field) to visually differentiate the different messages to be sent.

If you want to add the carriage return character to the text field which is going to be sent, you must introduce the character sequence "r, or "n" to generate a line feed.

T.O.C. **RELEASE NOTES** INTRODUCTION MENUS & TOOLBAR WINDOWS APP CONTEXT MENU PROJECT EclerNet COMPATIBLE DEVICES



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

APP WINDOWS

CONTEXT MENU

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)

PROJECT

Examples:

ePLAYER1 PLAY/PAUSE Control |tcp|11.11.1.106|2003|{"jsonrpc":"2.0","method":"Player.Play"}\n|

Script Execution using ePLAYER1 (previously configuring the script, ON PRESET- check out the ePLAYER1 manual-)

 $|tcp|11.11.1.106|2003|{"jsonrpc":"2.0","method":"Player.Open","Preset":6}\n|$

Activate eMIMO1616 MUTE function: |udp|11.11.1.111|5800|SYSTEM CONNECT ONCE\n|

|udp|11.11.1.111|5800|SET OMUTE 1 YES\n|

|udp|11.11.1.111|5800|SYSTEM DISCONNECT\n|

Also valid: |udp|11.11.1.111|5800|

SYSTEM CONNECT\n

SET OMUTE 1 YES\n

SYSTEM DISCONNECT\n|

Hexadecimal:

|tcp|192.168.12.13|5000|\xA5\x5B\x02\x03\x01\x00\x01\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\xF9\r\n\|

The list of the available additional parameters / commands for the text field is:

- \dN o \DN delay time added
- \d1 = \D1 100ms delay
- \d9 = \D9 900ms delay
- \d9\d6 1500ms delay
- **xHH** = **XHH** for sending commands in hex (HH means 2 hex characters in capital letters supported, after each \x parameter)
- \x20 space
- \\ \
- \r = 0x0D = cr carriage return
- $n = 0 \times 0 A = lf line feed$
- **0** = 0x00



Example to control third-party devices that request for user and password for the connection, using NET STRING keys in a UCP panel, and making use of delay parameters:

- |tcp|192.168.1.20|24|\d2**user**\n
- \d1password\n
- \d1e e_vw_refresh_pos_idx_0_0\n
- \d1e e_reconnect::0001\n
- \d1e e_vw_enable_2_2_0_0\n\d2|

Next example shows a connection to Ecler VEO series video device VEO-XRI2L model, selecting channel 1 for reception. It requires *root* as the login word, and no password after that:

- |tcp|192.168.1.20|24|\d2root\n
- \d1e e_reconnect::0001\n

From version v6 onward, a new feature has been introduced regarding the NET String buttons.

A new category of devices called EXTERNAL has been added in the ENM devices list like follows:

A	dd New Device	8
Device Type Device Name	EXTERNAL \$])
	OK Cancel	

The Device Name can be customized and it can be used in the NET STRING button command strings: instead of specifying a fixed destination IP address, an alias name like, for example, "GENERIC_DEVICE" can be introduced in the command line,

L Nombre de dispositivo de un dispositivo externo NO PUEDE comenzar con un número.

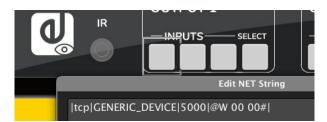
T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION



An example follows:



The IP address can then be changed later using the EXTERNAL device network settings.



In this way it is possible to create generic UCP panels and easily assign an IP address to all the NET String buttons at once, without modifying all the command strings in the panel, one by one. Customers can then use generic UCP panels including NET String buttons to control this kind of External devices, and just edit their IP addresses, pointing to the real hardware in use in their projects.

The UCP graphical control will be inserted in the page with a "standard" look, as in this example of volume slider or standard fader:



You can use Layers as a tool to easily create a portion of a control screen and quickly "copy & paste" it as a new layer, then editing the parameters of the pasted layers individually. For instance, you can include in a layer a fader, a vumeter, a scale graphic and a MUTE buttons: copying, pasting and editing each individual copy, you can create a mixing control type control screen. INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES



In the next picture, we can see that controls under CH1 page have been copied and pasted as a new layer within the same page, that then is shifted horizontally, and its controls are edited to point to the desired parameters. Repeating several times this process can make the panel become a mixing console type screen.

User Control		(1 Panels)				
V 🖬 Panel 0		(2 pages)				
🕨 🎫 Page	01	(9 controls)				
🔻 🔳 СН	Rename	(A controls)		V User Control	Panels	(1 Pa
	Edit Comments	ADER		V 🗊 Panel 01	l l	(2 pa
	Сору	ctrl + C				
	Cut	ant + X		🕨 🗾 Page	01	(9 cont
	Paste	ctrl + V		🗸 🚺 CH.		**
	Delete	delete	5		Rename	F2
	Add Layer				Edit Comments	N.
	Add Control				Сору	ctrl + C
	Add	•	and the second sec	-		h
	Move Up	ctri + up	and the second se		Cut	ctrl + X
		ctrl + down			Paste	ctrl + V
	Empty				Paste as Layer	
	Export Page				raste as Layer	
Name					Delete	delete



User Control Panels (1 Panels) Panel 01 (2 pages) Page 01 💶 СН1 -Control 20 IMAGE Ε Control 18 FADER -Control 19 Control 21 METER (4 controls) Control 20 IMAGE FADER Control 19 Control 21 Properties Type Panel Control: FADER Name Control 18 Parameter /Devices/Device 01/OutputChannel/OUT2/Volume Min. 0 ... Max. 100 -



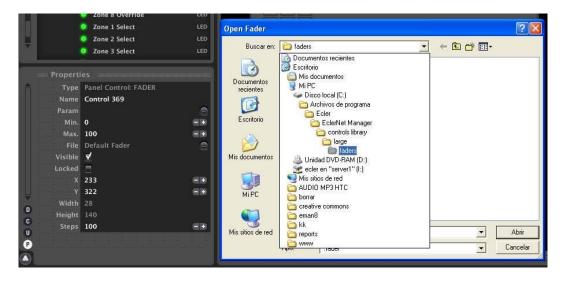
It's possible as well to use cut, copy and paste commands with panels, pages, layer and individual controls to make UCPs edition more straightforward, and even export pages or full panels to a file that can be later imported into a project, and edited according the project's specific needs:

E MAIN		(4 conti	rols)
🖬 iPad	Air	(1 pa	ges)
•	Rename	F2	ols)
• 💼 iPh	Edit Comments		
ser 💼	Сору	ctrl + C	es)
<u>></u>	Cut	ctrl + X	ols)
Par	Paste	ctrl + V	
	Paste as Layer)ls)
iPh	Delete	delete	es) ols)
-	Add Layer		15)
Propert	Add Control		
Ту	Add	•	
Nai	Move Up		
Visil	Move Down		
Lock	Empty		
Co -	Export Page		

Once a control is added, you can modify any of its functional and graphic properties, as the minimum and maximum values its performance range can reach (minimum and maximum volume values for a fader or rotary knob), make it visible or hidden, give him a fixed position on screen ("locked"), select the course of its steps (the available course when the fader is raised or lowered, etc.).

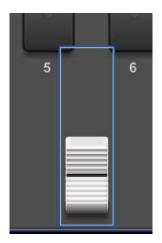
Click on the P round icon in the Project Explorer Helper (the window located under the Project Explorer) to display a control's properties.

One of these properties is the visual aspect that you choose for each control. You can replace its "standard" look with one of those available in the library that is installed by default with EclerNet Manager (by clicking *File* and selecting the *controls library* folder):





In this example, the standard look of a fader is replaced with a white larger one:



From v6 onwards, an interesting new feature has been added to the UCP panels to further expand the EclerNet control options.

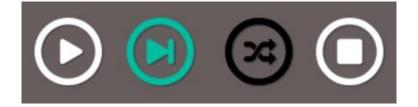
From this version in fact, it is possible to graphically overlap several buttons of the same or different types (button, Inc / Dec, multi, page link and net string) so that they can be activated with a single press on the screen: many actions, even with different profiles (e.g.: MUTE, PAGE LINK, PRESET RECALL, etc.) can be triggered with a single button click.

The sensitive area will be that of the most superficial button (the one visible on top of the rest, stacked ones) but it will allow you to activate all buttons in the lower levels, simultaneously.

A new Opacity parameter has been added in the button visual aspect proprieties in order to make a button invisible if required.

In this way it is possible to combine different actions such as a button and a page link button, to create dynamic control surfaces.

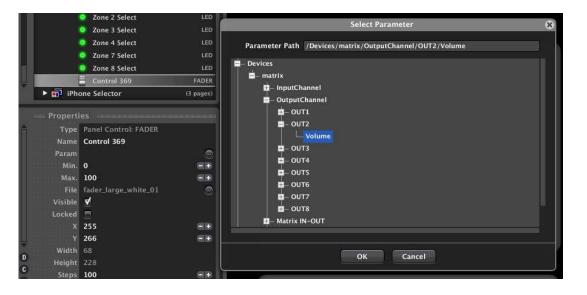
There's even a dedicated subfolder in the library one (C:\Program Files (x86)\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\controls library\large\transport_control), which includes transport control icons for the buttons that may control the transport functions of a DUO-NET player in a UCP panel. Examples:



lecler

7.3 FUNCTIONS ASSIGNMENT IN THE UCP

When controls are placed on the surface of the page, you need to assign them a parameter and a hardware unit to remotely control. To do this, select one of the controls and in the properties, window click on the **Param** property:



Then a browser window (Select Parameter) opens to select a hardware unit of the project and, within it, a parameter to control. Continuing the example above, the fader that is now displayed with its new appearance (large, white) will control OUT2 volume in a device called "matrix" (in this case a MIMO88).

Selectable hardware devices are all MIMO88s, NXAs, NPAs, DUO-NET or other EclerNet hardware devices that were previously included in the project. Thus, a single UCP can have a global control over all hardware devices of the installation (inputs volume and mute, outputs and/or groups of inputs or outputs, presets recall, sending messages to destination areas, etc..), so that the user manages the installation as a single global entity from a single control panel, without taking care of the number, the location and the connection of hardware units that are really working behind it.

T.O.C.

APP



In the following example we see a project that includes 5 MIMO88 units, called **matrix**, **Lecture th. #1**, **Lecture th. #2**, **EVAC SYSTEM** and **OUTDOOR areas**, that might have some of their parameters linked to virtual controls in our UCPs:



In this case, for example, we could create an UCP with a page that contains multiple faders arranged side by side, as in a live mixer, and assign these faders to control inputs/outputs volumes in the MIMO88 units. The remote user can consider and use the system as a single large mixer or audio matrix, when 5 MIMO88 units are in fact working, not a single large matrix hardware.

When you select a control and click on **Param** property to set its function in the project, the window displays only the parameters that are compatible with this control. For example, the options for a button will be mute, presets recall, paging function, etc., but there's no volume option as a standard button can only have ON or OFF values (100 or 0), not all the range of values between 0 and 100 that a volume control needs.

1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Page 1-2-3-4 5 6 7-8	TEXT LED TEXT TEXT TEXT TEXT TEXT	Select Parameter Parameter Path /Devices/matrix/Preset
Type Name Param Data Reverse File Visible Locked X	/Devices/matrix/Pager/PAGER □ button_large_black_square_led √ 196 195 88	- 0	matrix Preset Preset
			OK Cancel

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



Once a parameter is assigned to a control, you can even directly edit the text that defines it, just typing in the modifications. In this example, we modify a parameter that points to the volume of OUT3 in a MIMO88 unit to point to the VOLUME of OUT7:

	_			
	Control 20	IMAGE		
	Control 18	FADER		
	Control 19	BUTTON		
	Control 21	METER		
Propertie				
	Panel Control: FADER			0
	Control 18			
	/Devices/Device 01/OutputChannel/OUT2/Volume			
Min		i 📲 II		
	Control 18	FADER		
	Control 19	BUTTON		
	Control 21	METER		
Properties				
Type	Panel Control: FADER		0	0
	Control 18	II		
	/Devices/Device 01/OutputChannel/OUT2/Volume			
	/Devices/Device 01/Outputchannel/0012/volum	- <u>-</u>		
Min	0			
		_	_	
	Control 18	FADER		
	Control 19	UTTON		
	Control 21	METER		
			1 mar 1	
Properties				
Туре	Panel Control: FADER		_ _ •	
	Control 18			
Parameter	/Devices/Device 01/OutputChannel/OUT3/Volume			

A parameter text in white colour means it's assigned to a valid option, meanwhile a red one means a non-existing or not compatible parameter assignment for the control under edition:

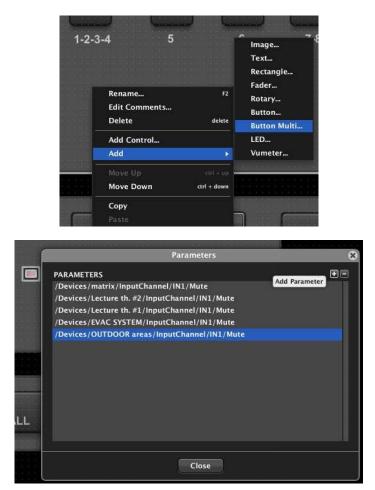


RELEASE NOTES



There is a special type of button called *Button Multi* that can operate simultaneously several controls of one or more hardware devices with a single keystroke in a UCP. The following example shows a button of this type that has been programmed to function as a MUTE for input channel #1 in the 5 MIMO88 units of the project. Pressing this button in our UCP is equivalent to press the channel #1 mute control on the 5 MIMO88 of the system.

Each time you press the "+" symbol (Add Parameter) in the upper right corner of the **Param** selection window, you can add a parameter to the list of simultaneous functions managed by the control in the UCP.

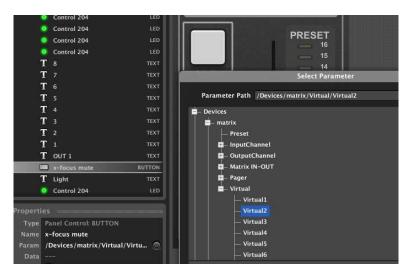


When such a button activates MUTEs, as each of these MUTEs features a Direct/Reverse setting, this type of UCP button can simultaneously activate a MUTE control and deactivate another one:

	Select Parameter	
Parameter Path	/Devices/matrix/InputChannel/IN1/Mute	
Reverse	⊻	
- Devices		
🗖 – matrix		
- Preset	annal	
	Mute	



Another option for a button-type control is to be linked to a "Virtual" control rather than to an existing real control of a hardware unit like a MUTE. A "Virtual" control is not associated with any specific function of a project hardware unit:



This virtual control can then be used as input for a project event:

Device : matrix				
MIMO88	PRESE	r s OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	¢	
	20	ONFIG		NETWORKING ETHERNET MAC 00-1 IP ADDRESS 10.11
600, ^{2k} , 5k	PRESI	T 1 START UP NO		UDP PORT 2210
		Add New Event		8
Event Enable 🗸				
Event Name E	VENT 21			
Event Type	DIGITAL (SIMPLE)	¢		
SOURCE Input	/IRTUAL	¢		
	Configu	re Event Input: Virtua	*	
TARGET Output	Virtual	VIRTUAL1	¢	sh
Output	Polarity	VIRTUAL1		
		VIRTUAL2 VIRTUAL3		
		VIRTUAL3		
		VIRTUALS		
# Event Name	Туре	VIRTUAL6		Target
15 Remote 7 (But)		VIRTUAL7		
16 ATTENTION	Digital (Sim	VIRTUAL8		GPO8, F
17 PAGE2_Z2_24V	Digital (Sim	VIRTUAL9	ite C	ONSOLE 2, DI GPO2, F
10 Remote 8 (Sell	Anatoo .	VIRTUAL10		Cualis
19 Remote 8 (Vol)		VIRTUAL11		
20 Remote 8 (But)	Digital (Sim)	VIRTUAL12		X-Focu

Thus, a UCP button could be used for example to activate a MIMO88's GPO or as a compound digital event input, a type of event that uses Boolean logic operators (AND, OR, NOR, XOR, etc..) to trigger an action depending on the status of various inputs. For example, an event of this type could be "if the GPI #1 of the MIMO88 named OUTDOOR AREAS is closed (AND) a specific UCP button is activated, the *Emergency* Preset should be recalled in this MIMO88 unit".



Another possible use of a virtual control (a rotary knob in this case) is to operate as a selector in a carousel list of inputs or Presets. Thus, an UCP will have the same functions as the selector of a WPTOUCH hardware control:

MIMO88	PRESET		÷		FIRMWA
GENERATOR	PHONES	OUT 1 : OUTPUT 1	¢	NETWORKING	`
SIGNAL PINK NOISE ◆ 600 2k 5k 150 * 10k 20 * 20k FREQUENCY	PRESET	MODE 8x8 MODE 8x8 I START UP NO RATING TIME 19 h. 11 n LOCAL TIME 10:45:37	nin.	ETHERNET MAC 00-1a IP ADDRESS 10.11 UDP PORT 2210 SUBNET MASK 255.0 GATEWAY 192.10	.11.25 .0.0
INPUTS MATRI	X OUTPUTS	PAGERS/DUCH	(ERS GPIs/GI	REMOTES	1
REMOTE LIST					
CONSOLE 1	MPAGE16	VIRTU	Δ1	HID	FIRMWARE
CONSOLE 2	MPAGE16		~L		
WPT PGM	WPTOUCH	🕭 🖲 CONFIG –			
VIRTUAL PGM	VIRTUAL		Edit Remote: V		×
VIRTUAL PRESET	VIRTUAL		Eult Remote: V	IKTUAL	*
WPT PRESET	WPTOUCH	SELECTOR			
ANALOG PGM	ANALOG		Virtual10		
VIRTUAL PGM STEREO	UNTERS	CONTROL	virtuario		÷
		Туре	CAROUSEL		÷
		Polarity	DIRECT		¢
		Carousel	03 - STERO (INP	UTS)	¢
		Output	OUT 1 : OUTPUT	1	¢
		VOLUME			
		CONTROL	Minture 11.1		

The virtual selector from the previous image, created in the REMOTES section of a MIMO88, can now be remotely controlled from a UCP:

Project Explore			Panel Page : PGM selector stereo
V User Control Pai	iels	(4 Panels)	E = F 👧 💠 🖻 🗉
🕨 🖬 iPhone Mixe	ŕ	(2 pages)	
🕨 💼 iPad Mixer		(1 pages)	
🕨 🍺 iPad Consol	es	(3 pages)	ST SELECTOR
🔻 前 iPhone Sele	tor	(3 pages)	
🕨 🗾 PGM seid	ctor	(39 controls)	
🔻 🌉 PGM sele	ctor stereo	(39 controls)	<u> </u>
🔛 Cont	rol 200	IMAGE	
Cont	rol 224	RECTANGLE	PGM
Cont	rol 224	RECTANGLE	
Cont	rol 224	RECTANGLE	Volume 7
Cont	rol 224	RECTANGLE	
🕥 selec	tor	ROTARY	0.5
🕥 x-fo	us volume	ROTARY	3 4 5 0 4
📟 x-fo	us mute	BUTTON	
and the second second second			
Type Panel C	ontrol: ROTARY		Selector
Name selecto	r i		
Param /Device	s/matrix/Virtual/Virtual1	0 💮	
Min. 0		EB	
Max. 100		=+	
File knob_l	trge_white_noScale_01	۲	Mute
Visible 🗹			witte
Locked 🗹			
X 90			

APP



It is also possible to create a UCP virtual selector that is not a rotary control but a series of buttons, each being assigned to a carousel list. In the following example, we see a carousel list of 4 items (Presets in this case). The right column has a number of discrete values which are those that each selection button must communicate when it is pressed to point to the corresponding item in the carousel list:

Lists
INPUTS
PRESETS
INPUTS
NONE
NONE
PRESETS
Selection Count: 4
(12)
(37)
(62)
(62) (87)

We will have therefore to include 4 buttons in our UCP, with the following control information:

- Key 1: select Preset 1, value 12
- Key 2: select Preset 3, value 37
- Key 3: select Preset 6, value 62
- Key 4: select Preset 7, value 87

Preset 1	
Preset 3	
Preset 6	
Preset 7	

In our example, each one of these buttons has to operate the virtual control #16, which is the one we selected as control for our virtual selector in the REMOTES section:

CONSOLE 1	MPAGE16	VIRTU	Δ1 ΗΙΟ	FIRMWARE
CONSOLE 2	MPAGE16 📕	VIII I U		Service and the
WPT PGM	WPTOUCH 📕	🗶 🖲 CONFIG		
WPT PRESET	WPTOUCH 		Edit Remote: VIRTUAL	×
ANALOG PGM	ANALOG			
VIRTUAL PGM	VIRTUAL	SELECTOR		
VIRTUAL PGM STEREO	VIRTUAL	CONTROL	Virtual16	¢
REMOTE 08	VIRTUAL	CONTROL	Virtuality	
test nom	WPTOUCH	Туре	CAROUSEL	¢
REMOTE 10	MPAGE16	Delesier	DIRECT	
REMOTE 11	ANALOG	Polarity	DIRECT	¢
Select Pre	VIETLIAL	Carousel	06 - BUTTON CARR (PRESETS)	¢
		VOLUME		
		CONTROL	Virtual2	¢
		Туре	NONE	¢
		BUTTON		
		CONTROL	Virtual3	¢
		Туре	NONE	¢
			OK Cancel	

T.O.C.

COMPATIBLE DEVICES

PANELS (UCP)



T.O.C.

RELEASE NOTES

INTRODUCTION

MENUS & TOOLBAR

WINDOWS

APP

CONTEXT MENU

PROJECT

EclerNet

COMPATIBLE

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

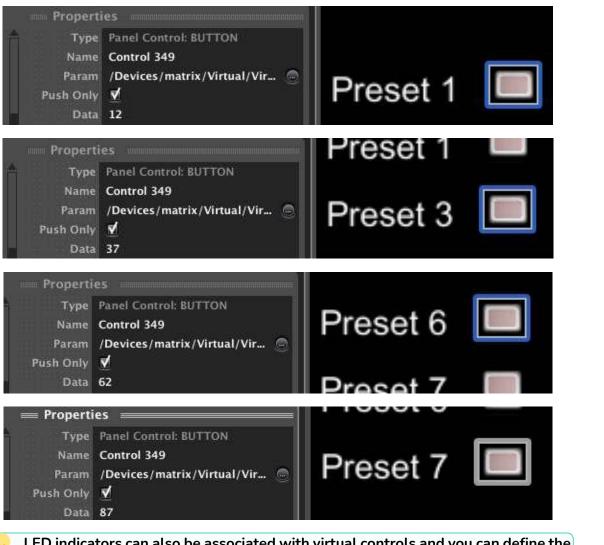
DEVICES

When you press one of these buttons, the virtual control #16 should take the corresponding value among the 4 ones in the table above, value 12 for the first button, value 37 for the second button, and so on. To enable this function for each button, you must follow the following steps (for the previous example):

- Select the virtual control #16 for Param in the Properties
- Check the **Push Only** (*) checkbox
- Enter the corresponding value (12, 37, 62 or 87) in the Data field

(*) A standard button always sends a value of 100 when pressed and 0 when released, an ideal behaviour to recall a specific preset or activate a MUTE. When it's necessary to send a single specific value when pressing the button and nothing when releasing it, as it is the case with this Presets selector, the Only Push checkbox should be checked.

The settings for each button could therefore be:



LED indicators can also be associated with virtual controls and you can define the *Data* value such controls should have for the LED to light up.



In the following example the virtual control #16 is associated with two LED indicators, lighting the first one when the control takes the value 62 and the second when the virtual control #16 is equal to 87. In both cases, the value 62 or 87 of the Data field has been manually entered:



Please note that when a LED is linked to a parameter that can only take two values, 0 or 100, off or on, the Data field is unavailable because it's not possible to freely assign a specific value to light the LED. In the following example this happens when you link a LED to a MUTE function, which can only have two possible values:

Properti	es		
Туре	Panel Control: LED		
Name	Control 02	- 11	
Param	/Devices/Device 01/InputChannel/IN1/Mute		
Data		Щ.	
Reverse		_ []	
File	led_large_rectangular_blue_bright		



7.4 MANAGEMENT OF UCP FROM REMOTE DEVICES

Fundamentally, any remote device working as a web client (WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH, PAGENETDN, computer, tablet, smartphone, etc..) and pointing with a web browser to the IP address of the web server device (WPmSCREEN / WPNETTOUCH, PAGENETDN or MIMO4040CDN, MIMO7272DN unit running the project or computer which runs the EclerNet Manager application with the project loaded) will display the list of available UCPs in the project. The following example shows an EclerNet Manager project containing 4 UCPs (left image) and how they are displayed by default as a list in the remote browser window, here with Google Chrome (right image).



Clicking on one of them will open the first page of the panel. The next pages can be scrolled with the arrow keys or by clicking and dragging horizontally:



INTRODUCTION MENUS APP CO & & CO RELEASE NOTES TOOLBAR WINDOWS



By default, UCPs are freely accessible from any remote client (**Users** parameter setting is "All" for these panels). You can also define a specific list of system users who can access each panel, by clicking on the **Users** parameter and selecting the user accounts (existing in the project) you want to include:



In this case, to recall a UCP, you must enter the user ID and the password of the account:

CelerNet Manager - demo_user_panel_2 proves dav ●	🚫 User Control Panel 🗙 😒	- • ×
	← → C ③ 127.0.0.1	4
Project Explorer mathin ma	Panels	

The user name and his password should have been previously defined when creating the user accounts of the project:



RELEASE NOTES	
TOOLBAR	MENUS
WINDOWS	APP
	CONTEXT MENU
PROJECT	EclerNet
DEVICES	COMPATIBLE
PANELS (UCP)	USER CONTROL



Personal computers that use a Web browser for remote access to the UCPs should always use the latest available version for the browser and its Adobe Flash® graphics technology support (HTML5 support included from ENM v6.0 onwards, SEPT 2020).

Apple® devices like iPhone and iPad need to install a free application to be compatible with EclerNet Manager UCPs, since these ones use Adobe Flash® graphics technology (HTML5 support included from ENM v6.0 onwards, SEPT 2020).

From EclerNet Manager v4 onwards, new Ecler UCP v2 applications are available:

https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/ecler-ucp-v2/id1163815045?mt=8

Devices based on Android® operating system can also use a free application that streamlines the remote operation of the UCPs compared to its implementation through a conventional web browser. New v2 version available:

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=air.com.ecler.ucp2

Ecler UCP v2 version includes these main features:

- Auto-zoom option, to automatically adapt the UCP panels to the client device screen resolution
- **Auto-load first panel option**: it automatically shows the first panel in the project after the client-server connection starts
- Multi-touch support for client devices screens
- **Compatibility with UCP v1 system** (panels created and running with older EclerNet Manager versions)

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



7.5 ECLERNET MANAGER "HIDDEN" MODE AND DIRECT ACCESS TO PROJECTS AND UCPS

EclerNet Manager can directly load a project at startup, and even run in "hidden" or minimized mode, employing some command line parameters. These parameters can be included in the properties of a shortcut to the application or in a batch file execution, and can even run from the Windows startup, so that for example the following sequence automatically runs without user intervention when the computer starts:

- EclerNet Manager starts
- EclerNet Manager loads a particular project specified in the command line
- EclerNet Manager synchronizes the project with the installation hardware devices without prompting the user (always chooses the "Send Status to Physical Device" option)
- EclerNet Manager is permanently minimized, displaying a blue round icon in the Windows notification area (bottom right corner of the screen)

The previous example is an ideal working mode for a daily and automatic use of the system. Hardware remote users through UCPs do not know what lies behind the control application they have on their respective screens, and don't have to worry about running any additional software. It is also a very good practice for security reasons (to avoid unwanted changes of the project) and especially in those cases where a single computer operates as a webserver, running EclerNet Manager, and as a web client, running UCPs from a web browser.

The **project name** and the **–HIDDEN** parameter must be used in the command line to work with EclerNet Manager in this mode. In the following example a direct access to EclerNet Manager has been edited, adding the **demo_user_panel_1.enp** project and the **–HIDDEN** parameter to your command line:

General Acceso dir	recto Compatibilidad Seguridad
Acces	so directo a eclernet_manager.exe
Tipo de destino:	Aplicación
Ubicación de destin	no: EclerNet Manager
Destino:	_manager.exe" demo_user_panel_1.enp
Iniciar en:	"C:\Archivos de programa\Ecler\EclerNet Manag
Tecla de método abreviado:	Ninguno
Ejecutar:	Ventana normal
Comentario:	
Buscar destino	Cambiar icono Propiedades avanzadas
<u> </u>	
2	
Ma -	Aceptar Cancelar Aplic

T.O.C.

PROJECT



Running this shortcut will start EclerNet Manager in minimized mode, showing the blue round icon in the Windows notification area:



If the project has password protection, a password will be required to maximize the application by pressing the right mouse button on the icon and selecting "Show EclerNet Manager":



A batch file is a simple text file containing a series of lines with Windows commands and saved with the **.BAT** extension.

A batch file for EclerNet Manager has a very simple syntax if both project and batch file are located in the same folder as the EclerNet Manager executable file or **eclernet_manager.exe** (usually C: \ Program Files \ Ecler ...). If you want to run the batch file from another location (for example, from the Windows desktop), the easiest way to do this is to create a shortcut pointing to this batch.

If the file name of the project file or UCP panel to recall contains blanks, you'll need to insert it within quotes in the command line. To avoid potential problems in these names, it is recommended to replace blanks with underscore character. Example: example_project instead of example project

Here are some examples of possible commands to be included in batch files:

 Loading a project named my project.enp in normal operation mode (EclerNet Manager application will be visible, not minimized):

@start eclernet_manager.exe "my project.enp"

• Loading a project named **my project.enp in minimized operation mode** (EclerNet Manager is not visible, and appears as a blue round icon in the Windows notification area, in the lower right corner of the screen):

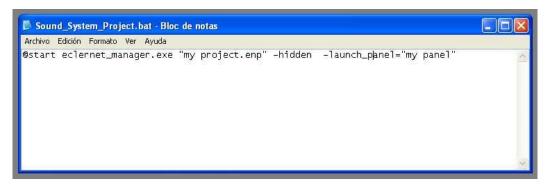
@start eclernet_manager.exe "my project.enp" -hidden

• Loading a project named **my project.enp in minimized operation mode and automatically displaying a Control Panel (UCP)** called **my panel** with the default Internet browser for your computer. This example is valid when both EclerNet Manager and the internet browser with UCP are running on the same computer:

@start eclernet_manager.exe "my project.enp" -hidden -launch_panel="my
panel"



And this is what a batch file looks like as in the previous example (created with Windows Notepad):



If the project file, the batch file and the EclerNet Manager executable are located in different folders, the syntax becomes more complex.

The following examples assume that the EclerNet Manager application has been installed in the default folder (C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\eclernet_manager.exe) and the project file in a folder called C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\projects.

Po not forget to put names containing blanks in quotes. By using quotation marks, the Windows **START** command can interpret the quoted text as the title of the window, add any title (or any character between the quotes, as in the examples) to prevent this effect. See any batch file creation manual if you need more assistance in this regard.

These are examples for batch files that run a project named *my project.enp* using the full pathname of the files involved:

• Loading a project named **my project.enp in normal operation mode** (EclerNet Manager application will be visible, not minimized):

@start "" "C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\eclernet_manager.exe"
"C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\projects\my project.enp"

• Loading a project named my project.enp **in minimized operation mode** (EclerNet Manager is not visible, and appears as a blue round icon in the Windows notification area, in the lower right corner of the screen):

@start "" "C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\eclernet_manager.exe"
"C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\projects\my project.enp" -hidden

• Loading a project called **my project.enp in minimized operation mode and automatically displaying a Control Panel (UCP)** named **my panel** with the default Internet browser for your computer. This example is valid when both EclerNet Manager and the internet browser with UCP are running on the same computer:

@start "" "C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\eclernet_manager.exe"
"C:\program files\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\projects\my project.enp" -hidden launch_panel="my panel"



If you need to directly recall a control panel or UCP (that does not appear by default in the initial list of available UCPs) from a client PC (a different PC from the one running EclerNet Manager), you can use a batch file or access the address stored in the browser Favourites or Bookmarks. Here are both methods:

• Example using a batch file on a client PC to directly call a UCP panel named my panel with the default Internet browser used on the PC. The example assumes that the IP address of the PC running EclerNet Manager (the web server) is **10.11.0.23**:

@start <u>http://10.11.0.23/go.html?panel=my%%20panel</u>

I The syntax must be very accurate: instead of using quotation marks, if the UCP name contains blanks, replace those blanks with the %%20 characters (twice % followed by 20).

• You can get the same result by typing the address below directly into the browser address bar. You can also include it in your browser Favourites or Bookmarks to easily retrieve the UPC in the future:

http://10.11.0.23/go.html?panel=my%%20panel

I The syntax must be very accurate: instead of using quotation marks, if the UCP name contains blanks, replace those blanks with the %%20 characters (twice % followed by 20).

PROJECT

COMPATIBLE

IS BLE

USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)



7.6 ERROR MESSAGE FROM THE WEB SERVER SERVICE

When running the EclerNet Manager application, it automatically tries to start the web server service in the background, thus allowing client devices to retrieve and manage UCPs that have been included in a project. Sometimes EclerNet Manager can't launch the web server service, basically when another web server type service (Skype, Apache, etc.) Is running and/or the **TCP 80** port is occupied.

In such cases, the following warning message is displayed:



If you click on **OK** EclerNet Manager will run normally, but the web server service is not enabled, making it impossible to connect from client devices and use the project UCPs. Clients will display error messages like this one if you try to connect to the web server:

Oops! This link appears to be × ★ ★ → C O 127.0.0.1	☆ ~
Oops! This link appears to be broken. Suggestions: • Search on Google:	Google
Google Chrome Help - Why am I seeing this p ©2011 Google - Google Home	oogle Search a <u>qe?</u>

By definition, a single computer cannot run two web server services occupying simultaneously the same TCP port.

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7.7 CREATING A CUSTOMIZED BUTTON FOR USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)

1. Export a button with name test.button:

Go to the "controls library" and select your button. Copy & paste it in other location, then, rename it (F2).

In this example it is used a rectangular button: test.button.

C:\Program Files (x86)\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\controls library

Example.

\Program Files (x86)\Ecler\EclerNet Manager\controls library\large\buttons

- button_large_black_rectangular_01.button
- button_large_black_rectangular_02.button
- button_large_black_rectangular_led_green_01.button
- button_large_black_square_01.button
- button_large_black_square_led_green_01.button
- button_large_black_square_led_red_01.button
- button_large_black_square_led_yellow_01.button
- button_large_grey_rectangular_led_green_01.button
- button_large_yellow_square_backlight_01.button

2. Change the file extension to ".zip":

Rename (F2) the file: test.zip.

3. Unzip the folder.

This folder contains 2 files: ".png" and an ".xml".

4. Edit the ".png" file.

Use your favourite graphics editor and save the file.

Original ".png" file



Edited ".png" file

- 5. Create again a zip folder with the ".xml" and the new ".png" file: test.zip.
- 6. Change file extension again: test.button
- 7. Import your new button to your project.



INTRODUCTION & RELEASE NOTES



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All product characteristics are subject to variation due to production tolerances. **NEEC AUDIO BARCELONA S.L.** reserves the right to make changes or improvements in the design or manufacturing that may affect these product specifications.

For technical queries contact your supplier, distributor or complete the contact form on our website, in <u>Support / Technical requests.</u>

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USER CONTROL PANELS (UCP)